客户端发布启示

需求:用户在客户端填写启示字段后,读取对应的信息,然后发送请求到后台,后台添加启示信息后,前端刷新跳转至 index 首页面。

问题:用户在填写启示信息时,首先需要从数据库渲染出分类,这样用户才能选择一个类别进行填写.

因此接下来的首要任务就是向后台请求分类

1后台的查类型的接口

```
@RequestMapping("/quryTypeList")
public List<Type> queryTypeList(){
    PageInfo<Type> typePageInfo = typeService.findAll(1,15,null);
    return typePageInfo.getList();
}
```

2 后台的添加启示接口

```
* 客户端发布一条启示的接口
*上传的图片单独处理
* MultipartFile 这个类一般是用来接受前台传过来的文件(处理图片)
@RequestMapping("/addPost")
public R addPost(@RequestPart("post") Post post,
               @RequestParam("upload") MultipartFile upload) throws
IOException {
   //设置路径信息
   String path = "d://images/";
   //判断是否存在这个目录,如果不存在则创建
   File file = new File(path);
   if (!file.exists()){
       file.mkdir();
   }
   String fileName = upload.getOriginalFilename();
   //防止上传的图片文件名重复,前面加个随机生成的 uuid
   fileName = UUID.randomUUID().toString().replace("-","")+" "+fileName;
   upload.transferTo(new File(path,fileName));
   post.setPicture("/images/"+fileName);
   post.setCtime(new Date());
   post.setViewCount(1);
   post.setStatus(1);//默认进行中
```

```
//后期添加用户名
```

```
int num = postService.insert(post);
    if (num!=0){
          return R.ok();
     return R.fail("发布启示失败了! 请重新发布");
}
注意下面几个地方
   @RequestMapping(<u>"/addPost")</u>
   public R addPost(@RequestPart("post") Post post,
                  @RequestParam("upload") MultipartFile upload) throws IOException {
      //设置路径信息
       String path = "d://images/";
       //判断是否存在这个目录,如果不存在则创建
       File file = new File(path);
       if (!file.exists()){
          file.mkdir();
       String fileName = upload.getOriginalFilename();
      //防止上传的图片文件名重复,前面加个随机生成的uuid
      fileName = UUID.randomUUID().toString().replace( target: "-", replacement: "")+"_"+fileName;
      upload.transferTo(new File(path,<u>fileName</u>));
       post.setPicture("/images/"+fileName);
       post.setCtime(new Date());
       post.setViewCount(1);
       post.setStatus(1);//默认进行中
       //后期添加用户名
       int num = postService.insert(post);
       if (num!=0){
      return R.ok();
       return R.fail("发布启示失败了! 请重新发布");
```

MultipartFile 类: https://blog.csdn.net/Peter_S/article/details/84951978

3 后前端页面的处理

首先是 form 表单.

```
<div class="inline fields">
                  <div class="field">
                  <div class="ui radio checkbox">
                     <input type="radio" name="flag" value="0" >
                     <label>寻物</label>
                  </div>
                  </div>
                  <div class="field">
                  <div class="ui radio checkbox">
                     <input type="radio" name="flag" value="1" >
                     <label>失物</label>
                  </div>
                  </div>
               </div>
              </div>
              <div class="field" id="typeDiv">
               <script type="text/tmplate" id="typeTmp">
                  <label><span class="ui header">分类:</span></label>
                  <select class="ui search dropdown" name="typeName">
                     <option value="">-请选择一个类别-</option>
                     {{#data}}
                     <option value="{{typeName}}">{{typeName}}</option>
                     {{/data}}
                  </select>
              </script>
              </div>
            <div class="field"></div>
          </div>
         <div class="ui form" style="width: 100%; height: 100%;min-</pre>
height:100px">
            <div class="required field">
               <label><span class="ui header">标题:</span></label>
               <input name="title" type="text"</pre>
                                                maxlength="20">
                <div class="ui pointing label">
                   标题最多 20 字符
              </div>
             </div>
             <div class="field ">
               <label><span class="ui header">详情:</span></label>
               <div id="md-content" style="z-index: 1 !important;">
               <!-- mardown 区域 -->
               <textarea name="content" placeholder="启示详情" style="display:
none"></textarea>
               <div class="ui pointing label">
               对物品进行简要描述
             </div>
             </div>
            <div class="field">
                <label><span class="ui header">图片:</span></label>
                <div id="imgPreview">
```

```
<div id="prompt3">
                <span id="imgSpan" class="ui center">
                 点击上传
<i class="large upload icon"></i></i></or>
                </span>
                <input name="upload" type="file" id="file" class="filepath"</pre>
onchange="changepic(this)" accept="image/jpg,image/jpeg,image/png,image/PNG">
                <!-- 当 vaule 值改变时执行 changepic 函数,规定上传的文件只能是图片-
->
                </div>
                <img style="width: 150px;height: 150px" src="" id="img3" />
               </div>
              <div class="ui pointing label">
                 图片是必须的哟
             </div>
           </div>
           <div class="field">
               <label><span class="ui header">地点:</span></label>
               <input name="address" type="text" maxlength="25"</pre>
placeholder="选填">
              <div class="ui pointing label">
                 地点越准, 找回的成功率就越大哟
             </div>
           </div>
           <div class="actions">
               <input type="button" onclick="addInfo()" class="ui primary</pre>
right floated m-margin-tb-large button" value="确认">
               <input type="button" class="ui right floated m-margin-tb-large</pre>
button" value="取消">
           </div>
        </div>
  </div>
</div>
             </form>
is 代码:
//添加启示信息
function addInfo() {
  //获取值信息
  //并发送信息到后台
  //后台新增数据后跳转到主页
  var flag = uploadForm.flag.value;
  var title = uploadForm.title.value;
  var typeName = uploadForm.typeName.value;
  var content = uploadForm.content.value;
  var upload = document.getElementById("file").files[0];
  var address = uploadForm.address.value;
```

```
var values = {};
  values.flag=flag;
  values.title=title;
  values.typeName=typeName;
  values.content=content;
  values.upload=upload;
  values.address=address;
  //借助formData 上传
  // 将 form 表单元素的 name 与 value 进行组合,实现表单数据的序列化,从而减少表单元素
的拼接,提高工作效率,异步上传文件
  //使用方法参考博客 https://www.jianshu.com/p/e984c3619019
  var formdata = new FormData();
  formdata.append("upload",upload);//拼接图片
  formdata.append("post", new
Blob([JSON.stringify(values)],{type:"application/json"}));//拼接普通值
  console.log(formdata);
  //添加的请求头部信息 enctype="multipart/form-data" multipart/form-data 上面表
单 上传图片的信息 这样才能添加
  let config={headers:{'Content-Type':'multipart/form-data'}}
axios.post("http://127.0.0.1:8888/post/addPost",formdata,config).then(function
(response) {
        window.location.href="http://localhost:63342/swzlweb/index.html";
  }).catch(function (error) {
  })
//发送请求
axios.post("http://127.0.0.1:8888/type/quryTypeList",{}).then(function
(response) {
  console.log(response)
  // 创建 type 模板
  var tem = document.getElementById("typeTmp").innerHTML;
  var s = Mustache.render(tem,response);
  document.getElementById("typeDiv").innerHTML = s;
}).catch(function (error) {
})
/*表单验证*/
$('.ui.form').form({
        fields : {
           title : {
              identifier: 'title',
              rules: [{
                 type:'empty',
                 prompt:'标题:请输入标题'
```

```
}]
            }
        }
     });
//初始化 markdown 编辑器
var contentEditor;
$(function() {
   contentEditor = editormd("md-content", {
     width : "100%",
     height: 350,
     syncScrolling : "single",
      path: "static/lib/editormd/lib/" //路径一定要写对,这个插件要自动寻找static
文件夹的
  });
  /*
          // or
          testEditor = editormd({
             id : "test-editormd",
width : "90%",
height : 640,
              path : "../lib/"
          });
*/
});
function changepic() {
       $("#prompt3").css("display", "none");
       var reads = new FileReader();
       f = document.getElementById('file').files[0];
       reads.readAsDataURL(f);
       reads.onload = function(e) {
       document.getElementById('img3').src = this.result;
       $("#img3").css("display", "block");
     ∳\
};
}
```