

Task (4)

"Hospital Patient Management System"

Description:

Develop a hospital patient management system to automate tasks such as patient admission, treatment scheduling, discharge processing, and the generation of operational reports. Utilize PL/SQL procedures, functions, triggers, cursors, and transaction management to ensure data consistency and enforce hospital policies.

Tables & Relationships

Patients: (id, name, date_of_birth, status, total_bill) - Tracks patient details and their current status (admitted, discharged, etc.).
Doctors: (id, name, specialty, available_hours) - Records doctor information and their availability.
Appointments: (id, patient_id, doctor_id, appointment_date, status) - Logs scheduled appointments and their statuses (scheduled, completed, canceled).
Treatments: (id, patient_id, doctor_id, treatment_description, cost) - Records treatments provided to patients and their costs.
Rooms: (id, type, capacity, availability) - Tracks room inventory and availability.
AuditTrail: (id, table_name, operation, old_data, new_data, timestamp) - Logs changes to critical tables for audit purposes.
Warnings: (id, patient_id, warning_reason, warning_date) - Stores warnings for patients, such as failure to follow medical advice or payment delays.

Features to Be Covered:

1. User Management and Privileges

- Create a Manager User and grant them a role of privileges to create two users. Let User 1 create the **Patients** and **Rooms** tables. Let User 2 insert 5 rows into each table for patients and rooms.
- Implement a trigger that automatically logs the creation of any new user or the granting of a new role into the AuditTrail table.

2. Patient Admission Validation

- Write a trigger to validate patient admission by checking room availability. The trigger should raise an error if no room of the requested type is available.
- Enhance the trigger to update the Rooms table to reflect the room assignment upon successful admission and log this in the AuditTrail table.

3. Appointment Scheduling

Write a PL/SQL procedure to schedule appointments. The procedure should:

- Check if the doctor is available during the requested time slot.
- Insert the appointment into the Appointments table with a "Scheduled" status.
- Update the doctor's available hours.

4. Treatment Cost Calculation

Write a PL/SQL function to calculate the total cost of treatments for a patient. The function should:

- Aggregate the costs from the Treatments table for the given patient ID.
- Automatically update the total_bill column in the Patients table when the function is executed.

5. Room Assignment Tracking

Write a BEFORE INSERT trigger on the Patients table to:

- Automatically assign an available room based on room type and capacity.
- Update the Rooms table to reflect the change in room availability.
- Insert an entry in the AuditTrail table with details of the operation.

6. Discharge Processing

Write a PL/SQL procedure to process patient discharge. The procedure should:

- Mark the patient's status as "Discharged" in the Patients table.
- Update the assigned room's availability in the Rooms table. - Log the discharge details in the AuditTrail table.

7. Hospital Performance Report

Write a PL/SQL cursor to generate a hospital performance report that includes:

- Total admissions and discharges.
- Average patient stay duration (in days).
- The top three doctors based on the number of treatments handled.

8. Multi-Appointment Cancellation

Write a PL/SQL block to cancel multiple appointments in a single transaction. The block should:

- Check the status of each appointment before cancellation.
- Roll back all changes if any cancellation fails, ensuring data consistency.

9. Patient Warnings and Status Update

Write a PL/SQL procedure to issue warnings to patients. The procedure should:

- Automatically create a warning if a patient misses an appointment or delays bill payment.
- Update the patient's status to "Flagged" in the Patients table if they receive three warnings.
- Insert the warning details and status change in the AuditTrail table.

10. Advanced Data Manipulation and Reporting

- Create a stored function, `get_doctor_patient_count(doctor_id)`, that returns the total number of unique patients treated by a specific doctor.

- Develop a stored procedure, `update_patient_status_by_bill()`, that iterates through all patients with a total_bill greater than a specified threshold and updates their status to 'High-Value'.

Bonus

11. Blocker-Waiting Situation

- Demonstrate generating a blocker-waiting situation using two transactions by User 1 and User 2. The transaction involves updating the availability field of the Rooms table for a specific room type.

12. Identifying Blocker and Waiting Sessions

- Identify the sessions in the blocker-waiting situation using SID and SERIAL# for both the blocker and waiting sessions.

Instructions

- All team members should be aware of every task, as each member may be asked randomly about any task. Additionally, you must have a clear understanding of all the concepts studied in Oracle.
- All scripts should be placed in a single Oracle file with clear comments and documentation explaining the logic behind each point.
- **Prohibition of AI Tools: The use of AI tools such as ChatGPT or similar platforms is strictly prohibited. Submissions will be evaluated with AI detection tools. Teams found using AI tools will receive a zero for this task. Ensure the work reflects your own understanding and effort.**