

## Lab Experiment 2

### Theoretical

$V_{out}$  will be the voltage applied across the resistor( $R_{out}$ ) and the three capacitors, ( $C, C_m, C_{out}$ )

Finding the impedance  $Z_{out}$ :

$$\begin{aligned}
 Z_{out} &= \frac{1}{\frac{1}{\omega C} + \frac{1}{\omega C_m} + \frac{1}{\omega C_{out}} + \frac{1}{R_{out}}} \\
 &= \frac{1}{\frac{1}{R_{out}} - \omega \frac{C+C_m+C_{out}}{j}} \\
 &= \frac{j R_{out}}{j - R_{out} \omega (C + C_m + C_{out})} \\
 &= \frac{R_{out} - j R_{out}^2 \omega (C + C_m + C_{out})}{1 + R_{out}^2 \omega^2 (C + C_m + C_{out})^2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$Z_{out}$  is in series with the resistor  $R$  and the voltage drop across this combo, and the two capacitors( $C_{in}, C_s$ ) is  $V_{split}$ .

Finding the impedance  $Z_{split}$ :

$$\begin{aligned}
 Z_{split} &= \frac{1}{\frac{1}{\omega C_{in}} + \frac{1}{\omega C_s} + \frac{1}{R+Z_{out}}} \\
 &= \frac{1}{\frac{1}{R+Z_{out}} - \omega \frac{C_{in}+C_s}{j}} \\
 &= \frac{j(R+Z_{out})}{j - \omega(R+Z_{out})(C_{in}+C_s)}
 \end{aligned}$$

Before taking the complex conjugate of this step, substituting  $Z_{out}$  back into the expression, because it itself is complex and needs to be accounted for.

Substituting  $Z_{out}$  back in:

$$Z_{split} = \frac{j \left( R + \frac{R_{out} - j R_{out}^2 \omega (C + C_m + C_{out})}{1 + R_{out}^2 \omega^2 (C + C_m + C_{out})^2} \right)}{j - \omega \left( R + \frac{R_{out} - j R_{out}^2 \omega (C + C_m + C_{out})}{1 + R_{out}^2 \omega^2 (C + C_m + C_{out})^2} \right) (C_{in} + C_s)}$$

stuff and things about calculating the V out:

### Experiment