



# Quenching of spectroscopic factors in <sup>10,12</sup>Be(d, <sup>3</sup>He) reactions

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Zakopane 2024 Conference

















#### A recap on spectroscopic factors

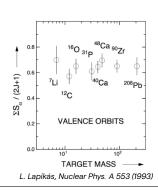
**Spectroscopic factors** shed light on the occupancy of single-particle states:

$$\left.\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega}\right|_{exp} = C^2S \cdot \left.\frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega}\right|_{s.p}, \quad C^2S = \begin{cases} (2j+1) \text{ removing} \\ 1 & \text{adding} \end{cases} \quad \text{in IPSM}$$

#### **Experimentally:**

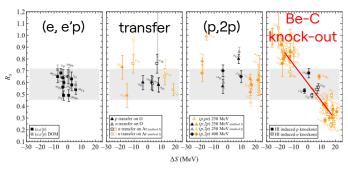
Reduction of  $\sim 65 \%$ !

- Short-range correlations: tensor forces,...
- Long-range: vibrations, giant resonances,...



#### A long-standing puzzle

A trend with asymmetry energy  $\Delta S \equiv S_n - S_p$  is found depending on the experimental **probe!** 

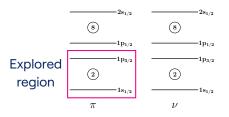


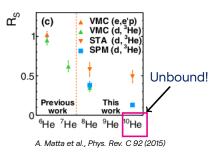
T. Aumann et al. Prog. Part. Nucl. Phys. 118 (2021)

 $\Rightarrow$  measure towards more exotic nuclei:  $|\Delta S| \uparrow$ 

### Status with light isotopes

Several experiments allowed for the extraction of  $C^2S$  with Li-induced (d,  $^3$ He) reactions:





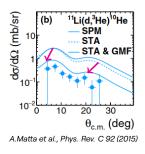
Several challenges in this region:

Dealing with **unbound** nuclei (<sup>10</sup>He)

2 Many-body dynamics and/or core excitations

### Importance of GMF

Towards exotic nuclei (loosely bound or halo), a **geometrical mismatch factor** emerges from the very different w.f. in the overlap:



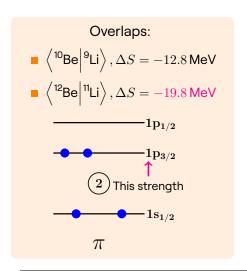


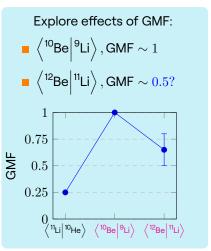
N. K. Timofeyuk, private communication (in E748 proposal)

 $\Rightarrow$  Need to establish more systematics for this parameter

#### Physics case of E748

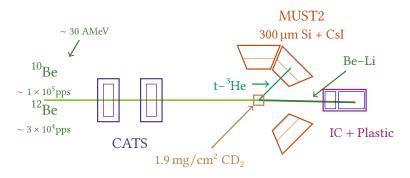
E748 @ GANIL back in 2017. Using <sup>10,12</sup>Be(d, <sup>3</sup>He) reactions to:



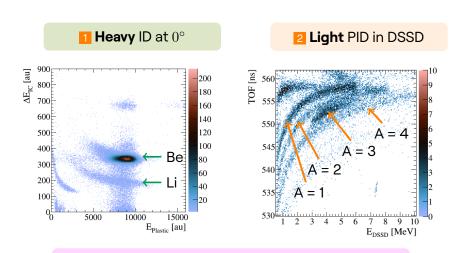


#### Experimental setup

#### Tradional solid target experiment @ LISE

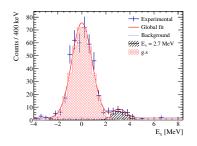


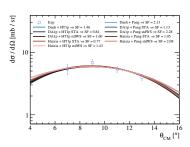
## A glance at the analysis



3  $E_x$  from missing mass technique  $E_{\text{beam}} + (E, \theta)_{\text{lab}} \rightarrow E_x$ 

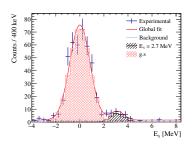
## Results: 10Be(d, 3He)9Li

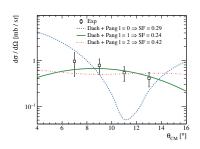




## Results: 10Be(d, 3He)9Li

The **first** excited state  $1/2^-$  is also accessible.

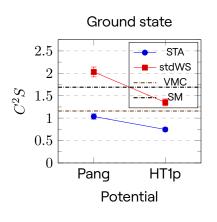


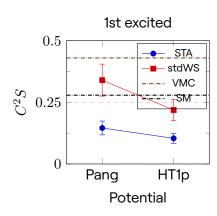


First direct measurement:  $C^2S = 0.237(46)$ 

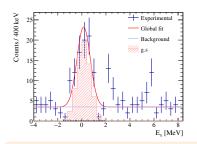
SM calculation by Acculina: 
$$C^2S=0.207$$

## Results: <sup>10</sup>Be(d, <sup>3</sup>He)<sup>9</sup>Li

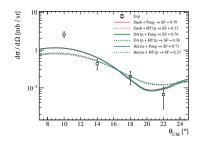




## Results: <sup>12</sup>Be(d, <sup>3</sup>He) <sup>11</sup>Li

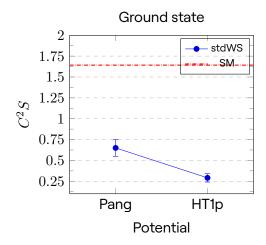


- $C^2S = 0.33$  with Haixia + HT1p
- Need to solve puzzle with different OMPs



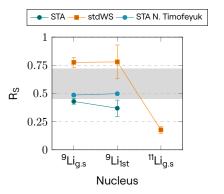
Fulfils expectation of:  $0.65 (\text{quenching}) \cdot 0.5 (\text{GMF})$  This is true with Pang but not with HT1p...

## Results: <sup>12</sup>Be(d, <sup>3</sup>He)<sup>11</sup>Li



#### Conclusions

The reduction factor  $R_{\rm S}$  is computed using SM  $C^2S$  from the SFO-tls interaction.



And now what?

#### Acknowledgments

## The E748 collaboration:

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C. Stodel

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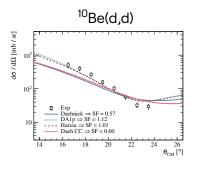


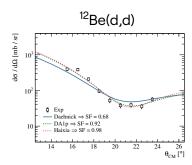




#### Elastic cross sections

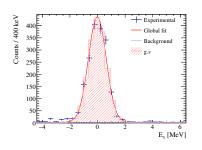
Normalization of all cross-sections was obtained from fits to the elastic data using the Haixa potential.

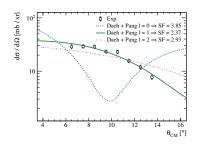




Best OMP: new ones DA1p and Haixia!

## Crosscheck: 10Be(d,t)9Be

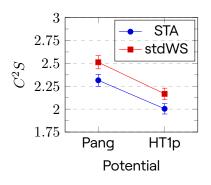


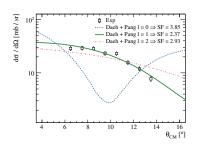


**Best fit** is a  $\ell = 1$   $C^2S = 2.370(69)$ 

In accordance with  $\sim 60\,\%$  quenching of SFs

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#### Kinematical lines

