

Let Us C

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## Chapter 3

# The Loop Control Structure

### *while* loop

[A] What would be the output of the following programs:

a      j is not initialized with any value so it will use the garbageValue already present in it. Making the output uncertain.

b

```
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
10
```

c      same as part a of this section.

d

```
0
```

e

```
0
```

f	syntax error in while statement.
g	2 3 3
h	3 3 1
i	malyalam is a palindrome malyalam is a palindrome (... infinite loop)
j	A computer buff! A computer buff! (... infinite loop)
k	10 10 (... infinite loop)
l	1.100000
m	In while loop In while loop (... infinite loop)
n	Ascii value 0 Character Ascii value 1 Character ... ... Ascii value 127 Character Ascii value -128 Character Ascii value -127 Character ... ...

```

    Ascii value -1 Character
    Ascii value 0 Character
    Ascii value 1 Character
    ...
    (... infinite loop)

```

```

o
    3 1
    1 3
    0 4
    -1 5

```

```

p
    4 0
    3 1

```

[B] Attempt the following:

```

a    int main() {
        int hWorked = 0, overtime = 0;
        printf("enter number of hours worked by employees: ");
        scanf("%d", &hWorked);
        overtime = (hWorked > 40)? 12*(hWorked-40): 0;

        printf("overtime pay = %d\n", overtime);
        return 0;
    }

b    int main() {
        int num = 0, fact = 1;
        printf("enter number: ");
        scanf("%d", &num);
        while(num > 0) {
            fact = fact*num;
            num--;
        }
        printf("factorial = %d\n", fact);
        return 0;
    }

c    int main() {
        int num1 = 0, num2 = 0, res = 1;
        printf("enter 2 numbers: ");

```

```

scanf("%d%d", &num1, &num2);
while(num2 > 0) {
    res *= num1;
    num2--;
}
printf("num1 raised to the num2 = %d\n", res);
return 0;
}

d    int main() {
    int x = 0;
    while(x <= 255) {
        printf("Ascii value %d = %c\n", x, x);
        x++;
    }
    return 0;
}

e    int main() {
    int num = 1, d1, d2, d3;
    while(num <= 500) {
        //the three digits of number 544 = d1d2d3
        d1 = num/100;
        d2 = num/10 % 10;
        d3 = num%10;
        if (d1*d1*d1 + d2*d2*d2 + d3*d3*d3 == num) {
            printf("%d ", num);
        }
        num++;
    }
    return 0;
}

f    int main() {
    int matchsticks = 21, user;
    int r = 1;
    while(matchsticks > 0) {
        printf("\nRound %d\n", r++);
        printf("your move: \t\t");
        scanf("%d", &user);
        matchsticks -= user;
        if(matchsticks <= 0) {
            printf("\n\nremaining matchsticks = 0\nYOU LOSE!!!\n\n");
            break;
        }
    }
}

```

```

    }
    printf("my move: \t\t%d", 5-user);
    matchsticks -= 5-user;
    printf("\nremaining matchsticks = %d\n", matchsticks);
}
return 0;
}

```

```

g    int main() {
        int num, pve, nve, zs, choice;
        pve = nve = zs = 0;
        choice = 1;
        while(choice == 1) {
            printf("\nyour number: ");
            scanf("%d", &num);
            if(num > 0) {
                pve++;
            } else if(num < 0) {
                nve++;
            } else {
                zs++;
            }
            printf("continue?(1/0)\t");
            scanf("%d", &choice);
        }
        printf("numbers entered: \n+ve = %d\n-ve = %d\n0 = %d\n", pve, nve, zs);
        return 0;
    }

```

```

h    int main() {
        int num, oct = 0, digits = 1;
        printf("\nyour number: ");
        scanf("%d", &num);
        printf("octal equivalent of %d = ", num);
        while(num > 0) {
            oct = ((num%8) * digits) + oct;
            num /= 8;
            digits *= 10;
        }
        printf("%d\n", oct);
        return 0;
    }

```

```

i    int main() {

```

```

int num, min, max, choice;
printf("\nyour number: ");
scanf("%d", &num);
min = max = num;
printf("\ncontinue? (1/0) ");
scanf("%d", &choice);
while(choice == 1) {
    printf("\nyour number: ");
    scanf("%d", &num);
    if(min > num) {
        min = num;
    } else if(max < num) {
        max = num;
    }
    printf("\ncontinue? (1/0) ");
    scanf("%d", &choice);
}
printf("range of entered numbers = %d\n", max-min);
return 0;
}

```

### *for, break, continue, do-while*

[C] What would be the output of the following programs:

a      no output

b

```

2
3
4
5
6

```

c

```

2
5

```

d

```

A
A
A
A
A

```

**[D] Answer the following:**

- a      initialize loop counter  
         test  
         incrementing/decrementing counter
- b      arithmetic, relational, assignment
- c      a for loop
- d      at least once
- e      initialization, execution of body, testing
- f      3 is not an infinite loop
- g      continue

**[E] Attempt the following:**

```
a      #include <stdio.h>
       #include <math.h>

int main() {
    int num, i, sr, isPrime;
    for(num = 1; num <= 300; num++) {
        isPrime = 1;
        i = 2;
        sr = sqrt(num);
        for(i = 2; i <= sr; i++) {
            if(num%i == 0) {
                isPrime = 0;
                break;
            }
        }
        if(isPrime) {
            printf("%d ", num);
        }
    }
    return 0;
}
```



```

b    int main() {
        int i;
        for(i = 1; i <= 30000; i++) {
            printf("%c", 1);
            \\ printf("%s", "\u263a");
        }
        return 0;
    }

c    int main() {
        int i, num;
        float sum = 0, fact;
        for(i = 1; i <= 7; i++) {
            num = i;
            fact = 1;
            while(num > 0) {
                fact = fact*num;
                num--;
            }
            sum += i/fact;
        }
        printf("sum of first 7 terms = %f\n", sum);
        return 0;
    }

d    int main() {
        int i, j, k;
        for(i = 1; i <= 3; i++) {
            for(j = 1; j <= 3; j++) {
                for(k = 1; k <= 3; k++) {
                    printf("%d%d%d\n", i, j, k);
                }
            }
        }
        return 0;
    }

e    int main() {
        float i, x;
        int y;
        printf("\t\t\t\t\t1\t\t\t2\t\t\t3\t\t\t4\t\t\t5\t\t\t6");
        for(x = 5.5; x <= 12.5; x += 0.5) {
            printf("\n%4.1f\t", x);
            for(y = 1; y <= 6; y++) {

```

```

        i = 2 + (y + (0.5 * x));
        printf("%.2f\t", i);
    }
}
return 0;
}

f    int main() {
    int i, j;
    for(i = 0; i < 7; i++) {
        for(j = 0; j < 13; j++) {
            if((7-i <= j && j < 7) || (i-1 > j%7 && j/7)) {
                printf(" ");
                continue;
            }
            if(j < 7) {
                printf("%c ", 'A' + j);
            } else {
                printf("%c ", 'F' - j%7);
            }
        }
        printf("\n");
    }
    return 0;
}

g    int main() {
    int i;
    for(i = 0; i < 30000; i++) {
        //printf("%c%c", 3, 4);
        printf("%s%s", "\u2661", "\u2662");
    }
    return 0;
}

h    int main() {
    int i, num;
    scanf("%d", &num);
    for(i = 1; i <= 10; i++) {
        printf("%d * %2d = %3d\n", num, i, num*i);
    }
    return 0;
}

```

```

i    int main() {
        int i, j, num = 0;
        for(i = 0; i < 4; i++) {
            for(j = 0; j < 4; j++) {
                if(i+j < 3) {
                    printf(" ");
                } else {
                    printf("%d ", ++num);
                }
            }
            printf("\n");
        }
        return 0;
    }

j    int main() {
        int i, j, n, nmr, r, nfact, nmrfact, rfact;
        for(i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
            for(j = 5-i; j > 0; j--) {
                printf(" ");
            }
            for(j = 0; j <= i; j++) {
                n = i; r = j; nmr = n-r;
                nfact = nmrfact = rfact = 1;
                while(n > 0) {
                    nfact *= n;
                    n--;
                }
                while(nmr > 0) {
                    nmrfact *= nmr;
                    nmr--;
                }
                while(r > 0) {
                    rfact *= r;
                    r--;
                }
                printf("%d ", nfact / (nmrfact*rfact));
            }
            printf("\n");
        }
        return 0;
    }

k    int main() {
        int mCost = 6000, mEarning = 1000, mSalvage = 2000;

```

```

    int year = 0;
    float altEarn = 0, mEarn = 0, iRate = 12;
    while(altEarn >= mEarn) {
        altEarn += (altEarn + 4000) * iRate / 100;
        mEarn += 1000;
        year++;
    }
    printf("minimum life = %d\n", year);

    return 0;
}

```

```

l   int main() {
    float p, r, n, q, nq;
    double amount = 0, exp, expNq;
    int i = 0, j;
    while(i < 10) {
        scanf("%f%f%f%f", &p, &r, &n, &q);
        j = 0;
        exp = 1 + r/q;
        expNq = 1;
        nq = n*q;
        while(j < nq) {
            expNq *= exp;
            j++;
        }
        amount = p * expNq;
        printf("amount = %lf\n", amount);
        i++;
    }

    return 0;
}

```

```

m   int main() {
    float x;
    scanf("%f", &x);
    float exp, expn, nlog = (x-1)/x;
    expn = exp = nlog;

    int i = 2;
    while(i < 8) {
        expn *= exp;
        nlog += expn/2;
        i++;
    }
}

```

```
    }  
    printf("natural log of first terms = %f\n", nlog);  
  
    return 0;  
}
```

## Chapter 4

# The Case Control Structure

[A] What would be the output of the following programs:

a  
Heart  
I thought one wears a suite

b     I am in case 3

c  
Pure Simple Egghead!

d  
Customers are dicey  
Markets are pricey  
Inverstors are moody  
At least employees are good

e  
Trapped

f  
You entered a and b

g  
Feeding fish  
Weeking grass  
mending roof

Just to survive

[B] Point out the errors, if any, in the following programs:

- a      syntax error in case 0 & 1;  
        Also case statements are not allowed outside switch statement.
- b      error: expression in case is not integer constant. (operand is not a constant)
- c      error: quantity in switch is not an integer.
- d      error: 2nd case statement is not an integer constant,  
        variables a and b are not considered constans.

[C] Write a menu driven program which has following options:

1. Factorial of a number.
2. Prime or not
3. Odd or even
4. Exit

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>

int main() {
    int choice, i, sr, num, fact;
    while(1) {
        printf("\n1. Factorial");
        printf("\n2. Prime");
        printf("\n3. Odd/Even");
        printf("\n4. Exit");
        printf("\nYour choice?");
        scanf("%d", &choice);

        switch (choice) {
            case 1:
                printf("\nEnter number: ");
                scanf("%d", &num);
                fact = 1;
                while(num > 0) {
                    fact = fact*num;
                }
            
```

```

        num--;
    }
    printf("factorial = %d\n", fact);
    break;
case 2:
    printf("\nenter number: ");
    scanf("%d", &num);
    i = 2;
    sr = sqrt(num);
    for(i = 2; i <= sr; i++) {
        if(num%i == 0) {
            printf("%d is a prime number.\n", num);
            break;
        }
    }
    break;
case 3:
    printf("\nenter number: ");
    scanf("%d", &num);
    if(num%2 == 0) {
        printf("%d is an even number.\n", num);
    } else {
        printf("%d is an odd number.\n", num);
    }
    break;
case 4:
    return 0;
}

return 0;
}

```

[D] Write a program to find the grace marks for a student using switch. The user should enter the class obtained by the student and the number of subjects he has failed in.:

```

#include <stdio.h>

int main() {
    int class, noOfSubs, grace = 0;
    printf("enter class obtained by student: ");
    scanf("%d", &class);
    printf("number of subjects failed in: ");
    scanf("%d", &noOfSubs);
}

```



```

switch (class) {
    case 1:
        if(noOfSubs <= 3) {
            grace += noOfSubs * 5;
        }
        break;
    case 2:
        if(noOfSubs <= 2) {
            grace += noOfSubs * 4;
        }
        break;
    case 3:
        if(noOfSubs <= 1) {
            grace += noOfSubs * 5;
        }
        break;
}

printf("grace marks for student = %d\n", grace);

return 0;
}

```