Internet Technology

(Report)

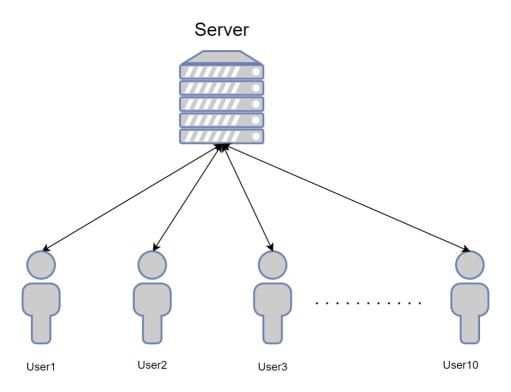
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Chat Server Assignment

This application is a chat server, with functionality allowing for multiple users to be connected at once. The application was built using a server/client architecture, where all the clients would connect to a central server that would be responsible for exchanging information between the clients and managing the connections and users.

A protocol specification was also developed for the communication between the server and the clients.



The application is built on sockets, with the server also making use of serverSockets which will listen for requests from client sockets. Communications happens on port 1337 on the localhost IP address (127.0.0.1).

The server uses server sockets to listen to connections from the clients. It starts two threads for every client that connects to the server, one to listen to the client and respond or send messages to them, and another to send ping/pong messages to make sure the client is still connected (health check). Every client also has two threads, one to listen(reader) to the server's responses/messages and one to send (writer) messages from the user to the server.

Both the server and the client use the java PrintWriter and BufferedReader classes to send and receive messages.

Functionality:

- Allow users to properly establish a connection
- List of connected users
- Broadcast messages to other users
- Privately message other users with encryption
- Share files between users
- Get a list of the connected users from the server
- Allow users to properly disconnect from the server
- Health check function that sends ping messages to make sure clients are connected
- Allows sending surveys to the users
- Encryption of all communication between two clients

Level 1:

Level 1 focuses on the basic functionality of the chat client, including the ability to join the server, broadcast messages to the other users, and quitting/disconnecting properly from the chat server. This functionality will be outlined in this section. Initially a node js server was used to test the clients connection which was developed in this project before moving to creating the server in java too. The server thread that is responsible for handling client requests waits for requests, once a request is received from the client it processes the request based on the protocol specification, by retrieving the protocol from the request message.

Then a switch statement was used to handle the protocol messages rather than an if statement for efficiency and cleanliness of the code. The functionality for each protocol was also written in separate functions for reusability and readability when necessary.

Level 2:

Level 2 focuses on implementing private messaging functionality and allowing the users to retrieve a list of connected clients.

The users must be able to send a command to the server which returns the full list of connected clients. A user will then be able to use a command that allows them to privately message another connected user through the server, without the messages appearing to other users.

These functionalities were implemented in the server and client switch statements.

Level 3:

This level adds one main feature which is the ability for users to send/transfer files to other users privately. The file would be transferred over a separate socket to allow the client to still be able to chat while it is being uploaded, a checksum (such as MD5) is also implemented to ensure the file is not corrupted, damaged, or modified in any way during the transfer. The file is also only transferred to the recipient after they confirm/acknowledge the transfer, this is important in the case of malicious files being shared to a user without them accepting the file.

Level 4:

Level 4 adds encryption functionality to the chat server. When a user sends a private message to another user it must be encrypted to maintain the confidentiality of the message, without encryption anyone will be able to read the contents of the message. The implementation uses both symmetric(AES) and asymmetric encryption(RSA).

The client upon joining the server will generate a public and private key (asymmetric) and share the private key with the other clients. Then using a public key a session key can be randomly generated, encrypted, and shared with the recipient. This session key is then decrypted with the private key; now both clients have a session key (symmetric) and can use it to encrypt and decrypt messages instead of relying on the asymmetric encryption. This is advantageous because relying on symmetric encryption alone presents the issue of exchanging the encryption key securely, while relying on asymmetric encryption alone presents the issue of performance since encrypting a message with this method takes a lot of CPU time. Therefore combining both encryption methods is the best method.

After implementation the encryption was tested using wireshark to sniff and inspect the packets being sent over the network.

Wireshark screenshots:

Public key exchange:

- \rightarrow Frame 121: 278 bytes on wire (2224 bits), 278 bytes captured (2224 bits) on interface \Device\NPF_Loopback, id 0
- > Null/Loopback
- > Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 127.0.0.1, Dst: 127.0.0.1
- Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 1337, Dst Port: 63284, Seq: 286, Ack: 248, Len: 234
- Data (234 bytes)

Encrypted session key exchange:

- > Frame 23: 238 bytes on wire (1904 bits), 238 bytes captured (1904 bits) on interface \Device\NPF_Loopback, id 0
- > Null/Loopback
- Internet Destroy Vencies 4 Feet 137 0 0 1 Det: 137 0 0 1
- > Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 1337, Dst Port: 63277, Seq: 13, Ack: 13, Len: 194
-) Data (194 bytes)



Encrypted private message exchange: (decrypted message content was "hello")

- > Frame 25: 82 bytes on wire (656 bits), 82 bytes captured (656 bits) on interface \Device\NPF_Loopback, id 0
- > Null/Loopback
- > Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 127.0.0.1, Dst: 127.0.0.1
- > Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 1337, Dst Port: 63274, Seq: 7, Ack: 236, Len: 38
- > Data (38 bytes)
- > Frame 27: 80 bytes on wire (640 bits), 80 bytes captured (640 bits) on interface \Device\NPF_Loopback, id 0
- > Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 127.0.0.1, Dst: 127.0.0.1
- > Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 1337, Dst Port: 63277, Seq: 207, Ack: 13, Len: 36
- > Data (36 bytes)

....E..L ..@.....

g; P >x OK P
M user2 rMUyvKia
Wu8FG9ph 8g9T7w==

000 02 00 00 00 45 00 00 4c 1a of 40 00 80 06 00 00E.l.
010 7f 00 00 01 7f 00 00 01 05 39 f7 2d b2 34 37 8c
020 09 43 89 03 50 18 20 f7 b 2 60 00 40 45 04 20
030 75 73 65 72 31 20 72 4d 55 79 76 4b 69 61 57 75 user1 M
040 38 46 47 39 70 68 38 67 39 54 37 77 3d 3d 0d 0a 8F69ph8g

........9--47 .C..P.....NPM user1 rM UyvKiaWu 8FG9ph8g 9T7w==-