MANUAL

Digital Battery Servo Amplifier BAMOCAR-D3-700-100/160

for EC servo motors for AC asynchronous servo motors





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2019 - V05

Basic information



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2 Basic information

2.1 History

Version	Modifications	Date
04/2019 - V1	Revised version	31.March 2019
2019 / V02	Additional cooler / base plate 9.5 mm / power loss	18. June 2019
2019 / V03	Chapter 7 / Measurements / Graphs and Tables	03. July 2019
2019 / V04	Chapter 2.14 / continuous power / peak power	16. July 2019
2019 / V05	All 12 V auxiliary voltage references removed	09. Sep 2019

2.2 Further UNITEK products

For synchronous and asynchronous motors			
Digital AC servo amplifiers (mains up to 480V~)	UNITEK	DS205, DS403,	
		DPCxx	
Digital AC servo amplifiers for battery operation	UNITEK	Series BAMOBIL-D3	
Analog three-phase servo amplifier (mains	UNITEK	Series TVD	
400V~)			
For dc motors			
Analog DC servo amplifier for battery operation		Series BAMOBIL-A	
Analog DC servo amplifier (operation via the	UNITEK	Series TV	
mains)			
Thyristor current converter 1Q, 4Q, servo	UNITEK	Classic series	
		200 W to 800 kW	

2.3 Engineering instructions (MANUAL)

MANUAL BAMOCAR Hardware
 MANUAL NDrive x Software

3. MANUAL Commissioning Commissioning - error detect.

Use all three MANUALS for the engineering, the installation and the commissioning!

CD (UNITEK-DOKU-SOFT) supplied with the delivery of the units.

Download: www.unitek.eu

The hardware MANUAL comprises warning and safety advices, explanations of standards, mechanical and electrical installation advices.

The MANUAL must be available for all persons who are concerned with the unit.



2.4 Validity

Hardware state:	TMS 2-3d, mBAMOCAR1-1
Firmware state:	as from FW 476

2.5 Designations and symbols

Unit:	BAMOCAR-D3-700-100/160		
User:	Vehicles, boats, manufacturers or operators of machines or installations in the industrial sector (B2B, secondary environment).		
Manufacturer:	UNITEK Industrie Elektronik GmbH		
Dealer:			
A	Caution – Danger to life! High voltage!		
<u>^</u>	Warning! Important!		
((4))	Dangerous electric fields!		

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Scope of delivery/included in the packaging:

- BAMOCAR-D3-700-100/160
- documentation
- CD UNITEK DOKU-SOFT

Not included/Cannot be ordered from UNITEK:

Accessory connectors and cable glands.

35-pin connector type: Typo 776164-1 14-pin connector type: Typo 776273-1 Cable gland: M25x1.5



2.6 General product information

The digital 3-phase current servo amplifiers **BAMOCAR-D3-700-100/160** in combination with the motor provide a 4-quadrant drive which can be used in both rotation directions for drive operations and brake operations with energy feed-back. According to the installed parameter components the amplifiers are suitable for EC synchronous motors, ac asynchronous motors, or dc motors.

The individual drive versions have different advantages and disadvantages.

The **EC drive** (synchronous motors) has the highest efficiency and performance per weight and volume and provides a drive solution free of maintenance and with a wide dynamic control range. However, the high braking torque in case of motor short-circuits is a disadvantage and it is also difficult to control the field weakening range.

From the electrical view, the EC synchronous motor (brushless dc motor) is a synchronous motor with a permanent magnet rotor and a three-phase current stator.

The physical characteristics correspond to those of dc motors, i.e., the current is proportional to the torque and the voltage is proportional to the speed. The speed is steadily controlled up to the current limit (max. torque). In case of an overload the speed drops and the current remains constant.

The speed/torque characteristic is rectangular.

Current, speed, and position are precisely measured. The field frequency is not controllable, it is automatically adjusted.

The motor voltages and the motor currents are sinusoidal.

The **ac drive** (asynchronous motors) has the widest speed range due to the single field weakening and there is no braking torque in case of a motor circuit. However, the unit size and the worse efficiency is a disadvantage. The rotating field frequency can be controlled in due consideration of the motor specific parameters (field-based control). The motor voltages and motor currents are sinusoidal. With both 3-phase current systems there will be no motor movement neither when the rotating field is switched off nor in case of an output stage damage. Most of the heat losses are generated in the motor stator.

The **dc drive** (dc motor) has the most uniform running and a wide control range. It is possible to provide an emergency operation by directly connecting the battery voltage. The carbon brushes and the heat development in the armature are disadvantages. The drive may run at high speed in case of an output stage damage.

The current is proportional to the torque and the voltage is proportional to the speed. Current, speed, and position are precisely measured. The speed is steadily controlled up to the current limit (max. torque). In case of an overload the speed drops and the current remains constant. The speed/torque characteristic is rectangular. Field weakening might occur with separately excited motors.

The **BAMOCAR-D3-700-100/160** can be used as position amplifier or torque or speed amplifier. The speed actual value is generated in the encoder unit (resolver or others) or internally generated (without sensors). It is necessary to provide an encoder system for wide control ranges and high control dynamics.

Warning/Attention:

5

For dc, ac, or bl-servo amplifiers which are supplied via the dc mains, it must be checked that the energy is fed back into the bus during brake operation. (External ballast circuit)





2.7 Applications/build/features

Application in all kinds of vehicles, boats, machines, and installations with a drive power of 100kW under hard application conditions, especially as 4Q-servo-drive for

- highly dynamic acceleration and braking cycles
- a wide control range
- a high efficiency
- small motor dimensions
- a uniform, accurate and smooth running
- for the speed or torque control or combined speed/torque control incorporated within or independent of position control loops. For drives with constant speed as in conveyors, spindle drives, pumps, transversal or longitudinal pitch drives, synchronous multiple motor drives.

Particularly suitable for:

Battery-driven vehicles such as electric vehicles and boats, forklifts, transportation systems as well as battery-supplied machines and installations such as assembly machines, metal working machines, food processing machines, robots and handling systems, conveyors, stone working machines, and for many other battery-supplied applications.

Build:

- -Robust unit for switch cabinet mounting according to the VDE, DIN and EC regulations, protection rating **IP65**
- -for rough ambient conditions and high dynamic overloads
- -maintenance-free
- -power connections protected against accidental contact with exposed parts
- -power electronics for (S1 operation) 50 A, 80 A
- -power input range nom. 12..700 V=
- -liquid cooling (special version air cooling)
- -standard digital control electronics
- -Independent 24V chopper power supply unit for the auxiliary voltages

Galvanic isolation between:

- power connection, motor connection, and all other control connections
- auxiliary connection and all other voltages
- housing and heat sink
- the distances of air gaps and leakage paths adhere to the EU standards
- no internal isolation watchdog, Y2 capacitors to the housing

Components:

- Completely isolated IGBT power semi-conductors, comfortably over-dimensioned

- Only components customary in trade and industrially standardised are used
- SMD equipment



Characteristics:

Battery connection 12 V=.. 700 V= (dc mains, take restrictions into account)

- ✓ Independent auxiliary voltage connection 24 V= / (12 V variant available on request)
- ✓ Digital interfaces RS232, CAN BUS (further option)
- ✓ analogue inputs, programmable differential inputs
- ✓ Digital inputs/outputs, programmable, optically de-coupled
- ✓ Linear command value ramp
- ✓ Logic for enable and the output stage switch, emergency stop function, safety
- ✓ BTB ready for operation, solid state relay contact
- ✓ Position, speed and torque control
- ✓ Feedback encoder systems: resolver, incremental encoder, SINCOS 1 Vss, rotor position + bl tacho
- ✓ Static and dynamic current limiting
- ✓ Uniform, completely digital control unit
- ✓ Processor-independent hardware switch-off in case of over-voltage, under-voltage, short-circuits, circuits to earth, and over-temperature at the amplifier or motor
- ✓ Intrinsically safe and short-circuit proof power section (EN50178)

Attention: Braking energy

The braking energy is fed to the battery.

The battery must absorb the braking energy.

If the battery is disconnected from the device during the braking process, high bus circuit voltages might occur.



Pay particular attention when used with laboratory power supplies.

For dc mains the braking energy must be absorbed in the mains without the voltage exceeding the permissible value. If this cannot be guaranteed, a ballast circuitry must be used.

For non-earthed systems (vehicles, boats, machines)

the isolation between parts accessible to touching and high voltages must be guaranteed and monitored by using independent isolation monitors.



2.8 Safety regulations

In principle electronic equipment is not fault proof!

Caution - High voltage DC 800 V=

Shock hazard! / Danger to life! Discharge time of the bus circuit > 4 min.



Before installation or commissioning begins, this manual must be thoroughly read and understood by the skilled technical staff involved. It must be ensured that the documentation (manuals) and thus, the knowledge of the unit and especially the safety advices must be available for all persons who are concerned with the unit

If any uncertainty arises or if any function is not or not sufficiently described in the documentation, the manufacturer or dealer should be contacted.

Any incorrect installation/connection may damage the device!

Any incorrect programming may cause dangerous movements!

Intended applications:

The devices of the BAMOCAR-D3-700-100/160 are power electric parts used for regulating energy flow

They are designed as components to control EC synchronous motors, ac asynchronous motors in vehicles, machines, or installations.

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For applications in residential areas additional EMC measures are necessary.

Any other type of application must be approved by the manufacturer.

The user must draw up a hazard analysis for his end product.

Protection rating IP65

Connection only to batteries!

Operation only allowed when the device is closed! Control and power connections can carry dangerous voltages even if the drive is inoperative!

The minimum discharge time of the bus circuits is superior to 4 minutes!

Measure the voltage before any disassembly!





The user must draw up a hazard analysis for his machine, vehicle, or installation.

The user must ensure that in the event of:

- device failure
- incorrect operation,
- loss of regulation or control

the axis will be safely de-activated.



It must also be ensured that the vehicles, machines, equipment, or vehicles are fitted with device independent monitoring and safety features.

The user must take appropriate measures so that man as well as property are not exposed to danger due to incorrect or improper movements at any time!

During operation, the device must be closed.

All plugged connectors must be snapped properly or secured by screws.

The safety systems must be enabled.

When the device is open and/or the safety systems are deactivated, it must be ensured by the operator that only skilled and suitably trained personnel has access to the units.



Assembly

- should only be carried out when all voltages have been removed and the units are secured
- should only be carried out by suitably trained personnel

Installation

- should only be carried out when all voltages have been removed and the units are secured
- should only be carried out by suitably trained personnel for electrics
- should only be carried out in accordance with health and safety guidelines

Adjustments and programming

- should only be carried out by suitably trained personnel with knowledge in electronic drives and their software
- should only be carried out in accordance with the programming advice
- should only be carried out in accordance with health and safety guidelines



2.9 Commissioning

The battery servo amplifiers **BAMOCAR-D3-700-100/160** are components of the electronic drive technology. They are functional only in connection with an electrical consumer (e.g. a motor). Their use is limited for commercial applications.

When mounting the units into vehicles, boats, machines, and installations the proper operation of the units may not be started until it is ensured that the machine, the installation, or the vehicle comply with the regulations of the EC machinery directive 2006/42/EG and the EMC guideline 2004/108/EG.

On the installation and test conditions described in the chapter 'EMV advices' it is adhered to the EC guideline 2004/108/EG including the EMC standards EN61000-2 and EN61000-4.

For applications in residential areas additional EMC measures are necessary.

A manufacturer's declaration can be requested.

The manufacturer of the machine or installation is responsible for observing the threshold values demanded by the EMC laws.



2.10 Safety advices

Machinery directive

The manufacturer of the machine or installation must draw up a hazard analysis for his product. He must make sure that any unpredictable movements do not cause damage neither to persons nor to property.

Skilled personnel

Hardware

The skilled qualified personnel must feature a training and instruction for an assignment in the field of electronic drive engineering. They must have knowledge of the standards and accident prevention regulations for drive engineering applications and they must be familiar with this field of activity. Eventually occurring dangerous situations are realized.

The local regulations (IEC, VDE, VGB) are known to the qualified personnel and they are observed during the works.

Software

The skilled qualified personnel for handling the software must be trained to safely program the units in the machines and installations. Incorrect parameter settings may cause improper and impermissible movements. Any parameter settings have to be checked for faulty operation. Acceptance tests must be thoroughly carried out according the four-eyes principle

Working environment

Incorrect handling of the units may cause damage to persons or property.

The units must be closed during operation.

Any unit covers must not be removed!

Disconnect the power supply prior to any works on electric connections. It must be ensured the battery voltage is safely switched off.

Any voltages and residual voltages (buffer circuit) must be measured prior to any works on the unit. Max. permissible voltage < 42 V.

High temperatures (> 70 °C) may arise.

The working environment may be dangerous for persons having electronic medical aids or appliances (e.g. cardiac pacemakers). Sufficient distance to these electrical parts must be observed.

Exposure

During transport and storage the prescribed and specified climatic conditions must be adhered to. The units must not be mechanically damaged. Warped and bent housing parts may influence or damage the isolation distances. Damaged units must never be installed!

The units comprise parts which may be damaged by electrostatic discharge. The general recommendations for handling electrostatic devices must be observed. Special attention should be paid to strongly isolating plastic films and synthetic fiber.

For the operation it must be ensured that the environmental conditions in the switch cabinet are adhered to. This applies in particular to the impermissible condensation on the units.



2.11 Intended applications

The devices are designed as components to control EC synchronous motors and ac asynchronous motors in vehicles, boats, machines, or installations.

Any other type of application must be approved by the manufacturer.

Protection rating IP65.

The devices must only be mounted in vehicles, boats, machines, or installations. For applications in residential areas additional EMC measures are necessary.

The user must draw up a hazard analysis for his end product.

Power connection only to batteries with charging current limiting on the battery side. Isolation watchdogs must be installed for voltages > 60 V.

The user must ensure that the complete control wiring complies with the standards.

It must be paid attention to the equipotential bonding for components which are connected to the unit and which do not have isolated inputs and outputs (equalizing connection GND). The equalizing currents may destroy components and parts.

When measuring the isolation the units must be disconnected or the power connections must be bridged together and the control connections must be bridged together.

Non-observance will cause damage to the semi-conductors in the unit.

Repeating circuits to earth and short circuits the values of which are all below the response threshold for short circuits may cause damage to the output stages (restrictedly short-circuit proof acc. to standard EN 50178, EN61800-5-1).

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Impermissible applications

- in life-sustaining medical devices or machines
- connection to power supply units or dc power supplies without protection circuits
- in explosive environments
- in environments with acrid fumes



2.12 Regulations and guidelines

The device and its associated components can only be installed and switched on where the local regulations and technical standards have been strictly adhered to:

EG Guidelines	2004/108/EG, 2006/95/EG, 2006/42/EG, 2002/96/EG
EG Standards	EN60204-1, EN292, EN 50178, EN60439-1, EN61800-3,
	ECE-R100
International standards	ISO 6469, ISO 26262, ISO 16750, ISO 20653, ISO 12100
IEC/UL	IEC 61508, IEC364, IEC 664, UL508C, UL840
VDE Regulations and	VDE 100, VDE 110, VDE 160
TÜV Regulations	
Regulations of the statutory accident	VGB4
insurance and prevention institution	

EU standards and regulations observed for the components of the unit

Standard	Description	Version
EN 60146-1,-2	Semiconductor converters	2010
EN 61800-1,-2,-3	Speed-variable electrical drives	2010
EN 61800-5-1	Electric power drive systems	2010
EN 60664-1	Isolation coordinates - low voltage	2012
EN 61010	Safety regulations - control units	2011
EN 61508-5	Functional safety of electric, electronic systems	2011
EN 60068-1,-2	Environmental influences	2011
ISO 20653	Type of protection of the electrical equipment of vehicles	
ISO 26262	Functional safety of electric vehicles	2011
ECE-R100	Conditions for battery-driven electric vehicles	
UL 508 C	UL 508 C UL Regulations - converter	
UL 840	UL Regulation - clearance and creepage distances	2005

EU standards and regulations which must be observed by the user

Standard	Description	Version
EN 60204	Safety and electrical equipment of machines	2011
EN 50178	Equipment of power plants	1998
EN 61800-3	Speed-variable electric drives - EMC	2010
EN 60439	Low voltage switching device combinations	2011
EN 1175-1	Safety of electric industrial trucks	2011
ISO 6469	Electric road vehicles	2009
ISO 26262	Functional safety of electric road vehicles	2011
ISO 16750	Electrical components - vehicles	2010
ISO 12100	Safety of machines	2011
ISO 13849	Safety of machines and controls	2011
IEC 364 Protection against electric shocks		2010
IEC 664	Isolation coordinates - low voltage	2011



2.13 Risks

The manufacturer aims to keep the remaining risks emanating from the unit as low as possible by means of constructive, electrical, and software measures.

In the field of drive engineering the following known remaining risks must be considered regarding the risks arising from machines, vehicles, and installations.

Impermissible movements

caused by:

- failure of safety watchdogs or switched-off safety watchdogs during commissioning or repair works
- software errors in upstream controls, errors in bus systems
- non-monitored hardware and software errors in actuating elements and connecting cables
- inverted sense of control
- faults during the parameter setting and wiring
- limited response time of the control features. Ramps, limits
- operations not permitted in the specifications
- electromagnetic interferences
- electrostatic interferences, lightning strikes
- failure of components
- failure in the brakes



Dangerous temperatures

caused by:

- faults during the installation
- faulty connections, bad contacts, aging
- faults in the electric safety system, incorrect types of fuses
- operations not permitted in the specifications
- negative climatic conditions, lightning strikes
- failure of components

Dangerous voltages

caused by:

- faulty earthing of the unit or motor
- faulty connections, bad contacts, aging
- faulty potential isolation, failure of components
- conductive contamination, condensation



Dangerous fields

The units, the inductive and capacitive accessories as well as the power wiring can generate strong electric and electromagnetic fields. These fields may be dangerous for persons having electronic medical aids or appliances (e.g. cardiac pacemakers). Sufficient distance to these electrical parts must be observed.

Any designated assembly area must be indicated and labelled accordingly.





2.14 Technical data

For three-phase current motors

Data BAMOCAR-D3	Dim.	700-100	700-160	
Auxiliary voltage	V=	$24 \text{ V} = \pm 10 \% / 2 \text{ A}$ Residual ripple < 10 % (self-healing fuse). (12 V / 4 A variant only on request)		
Supply voltage	V=	12 to 700		
Max. output voltage	V~eff	3 x 7	to 3 x 480	
Continuous current	A~ _{eff}	50	80	
Continuous power	kW	35	50	
max. peak current	A _{lo}	100	160	
max. peak current	A~ _{eff}	71	113	
max. peak power	kW	52	75	
max. power loss	W	400	850	
Pulse frequency	kHz	Programmable 8 - 16		
Over-voltage switching threshold	V=	Programmable up to 740 V		
Input fuse	Α	160	250	
Bus circuit capacity	μF	75		
Weight	kg		eight 3,5 kg sing weight 1,6 kg)	
Dimensions h x w x d	mm	280)	x 200 x 90	

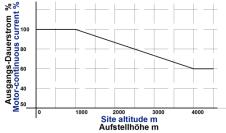
Control signals	V	Α	Function	Connector	
Analogue inputs		±10	0.005	Differential input	X1
Digital inputs	ON	10-30	0.010	Logic IO	X1
Digital inputs	OFF	< 6	0	2081010	
Digital outputs		+24	1	Transistor output	X1
				open emitter	
Analog output		±10		Operational amplifier	X1
Resolver / TTL / SINCOS				Differential input	Х7
CAN interface				Logic IO	X1
RS232 interface				Logic IO	X1



Ambient conditions	
Protection rating	IP 65
Standards	EN60204, ISO 16750 , EN61800, IEC60146
Protection class	
Over-voltage	10 %
Operating temperature range	-30°C to +85°C
Storage and transport	-30°C to +85°C EN60721
Installation altitude	≤ 1000m above sea level 100 %,
	>1000m performance reduced by 2 %/100 m
Cooling	Liquid cooling unit -30°C to max. 65°C, 12 l/min,
	pressure max. 1.3 bar,
	> 65°C performance reduced by 2 %/°C
Mounting position	independent
Contamination	Contamination degree 2 acc. to EN 61800-5-1
Vibration	10Hz to 58Hz ampl. 0.075 mm
	acc. to IEC 60068-2-3
	58 Hz to 200 Hz 1 g
Shock	15 g for 11ms
Environmental conditions	Not permissible:
	oil mist, salt spray, steam
Humidity	class F, humidity < 85 %
	condensation not allowed!



Current reduction (torque reduction)





Only with air cooling

Only with air cooling

installation altitude

2-1 ED-Ired-Höhe-5

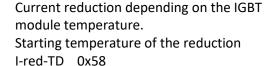
Permissible current limit depending on the ambient temperature

Permissible current limit depending on the

With liquid cooling

Permissible current limit depending on the temperature of the cooling agent





Final temperature of the reduction I-red-TE 0x4c

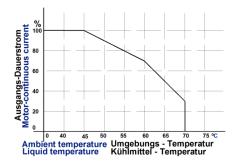
2-3 ED-Ired-IGBT-Temp-5

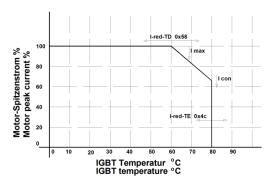
Automatic current reduction depending on the rotation frequency (motor speed)

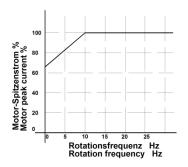
2-4 ED-Ired-rot-5

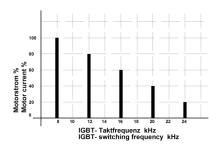
Automatic current reduction depending on the pulse frequency

2-5 ED-Ired-IGBT-takt-5











3 Mechanical installation

3.1 Important notes

Check the device for mechanical damage.

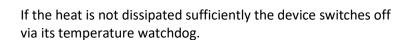
Only devices in perfect working order can be mounted.

Disconnect the power supply prior to any assembly.

Disconnect the positive and the negative battery pole and the dc mains.

The device must only be mounted by suitably trained personnel.

The mounting position of the devices with a liquid cooling unit is arbitrary.





Any bore hole dimensions for the fixation of the device must be taken from the dimension diagrams or from the drilling plan, not from the device.

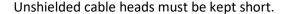
The line shields and the mounting plate must have surface-to-surface contact.

The power supply lines (battery line and motor line) must be routed separately from each other.

Observe the min. line cross-section.

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A safe earth connection must be provided between the housing and the mass level (vehicle chassis earth, earth of the switch cabinet)



Only use specified connectors.

Use vibration-proof screw connections.

Note:

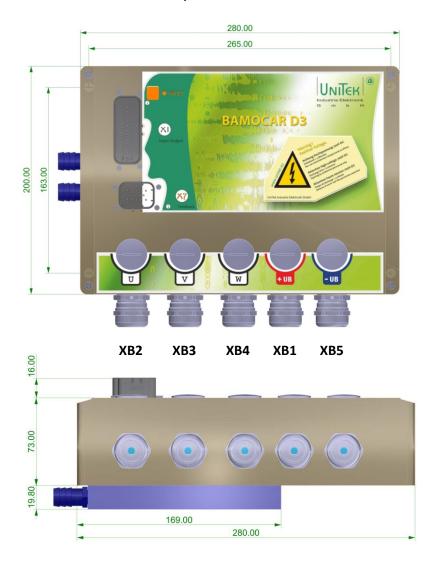
Power supply cables between the BAMOCAR and the battery must be as short as possible.

Long cables cause dynamic voltage drops due to the line impedance and as a consequence the service life of the installed capacitors would be reduced.





Dimensions - BAMOCAR-D3-700-100/160



Power connection

with shield spring

Lapp- SKINTOP- MS-x

Pflitsch blueglobe TRI

PG-cable glands metal M25x1.5

Recommended cable gland:

Depth incl. connector and cable: 150 mm

Liquid cooling

Hose connection: Metal 1/4-13

< 65°C Input temperature:

max. 12 l/min Flow rate: Pressure: max. 6 bar Pressure loss: max. 0.3 bar 0.032 k/W Thermal resistance:

Weight: 0.3 kg

Fixing screws: M4x40 Spacing rollers: 10 x 20, inside 5

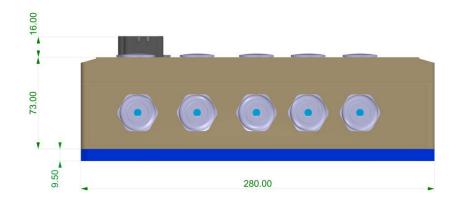
Screws for power connections: Allen M6x10 / max. tightening torque 7 Nm

The cable glands M25 x 1.5 and the Tyco connectors are not included in the delivery scope.



3.3 Dimensions -Optional cooling contact plate

Fixing screws: M4 x 40 Weight cooling plate:

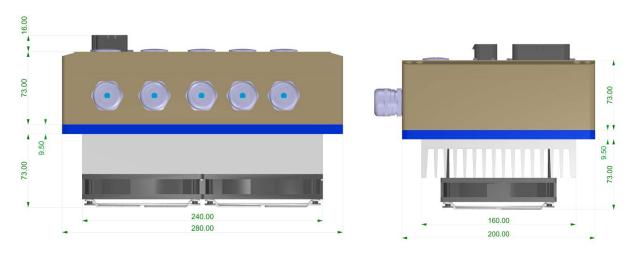


Weight 4.2 kg

Mounting screws: M4 x 40

Attention: maximum power loss 850 W

3.4 Dimensions - optional air cooling unit



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Weight: 5.8 kg

Mounting screws: M4 x 120, spacer tube 100 mm, bore 4.5 mm

Voltage for fan: 24 V DC Cooling capacity 0.04 ° K / W



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4 Electrical installation

4.1 Important advices

The order of the connections to the connector or terminal numbers is obligatory!

All further advice is non-obligatory. The input and output conductors may be altered or supplemented in accordance with the electrical standards and guidelines.

Adhere to:

- connection and operating instructions
- local regulations
- EU guideline 2996/42/EC
- guidelines for vehicles ECE-R100, ISO 6469, ISO 26262
- VDE and TÜV regulations and Trade body guidelines

Electrical installation should only be carried out when all voltages have been removed!

Ensure that the device is safely disconnected from the power supply

- place the short-circuit bracket
- affix warning signs

The installation should only be carried out by suitably trained personnel for electrical engineering.

Compare the connection data with those indicated on the type plate.
Ensure that the correct fuses have been provided for the power supply and the auxiliary voltage.
Power supply conductors and control lines must be routed separately from each other.
Connection shields and grounding must be carried out in compliance with the EMC guidelines.
Use the correct line cross-sections.

Version: 2019 / V05

Note:

Insert external isolation monitors!

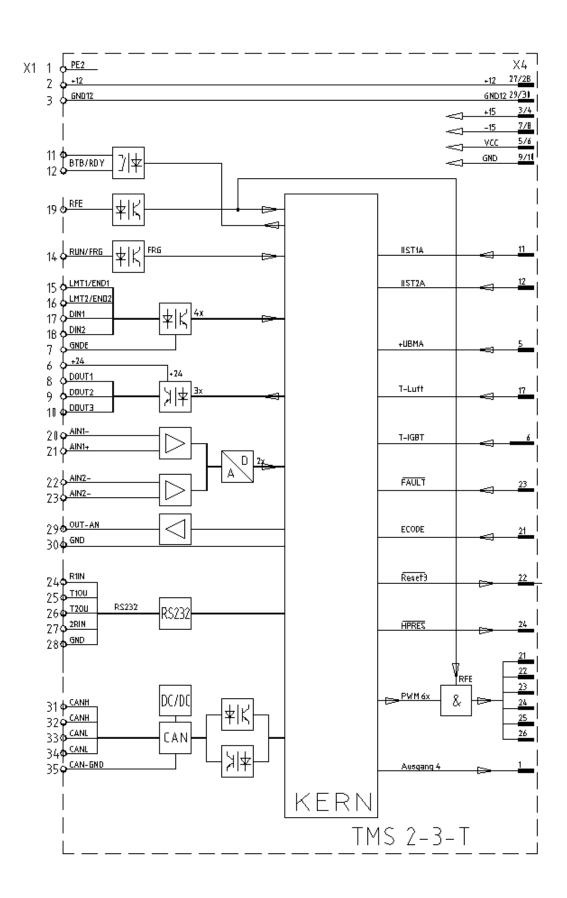
- Bad or insufficiently rated cable connections between the battery and the device may cause damage to the device! (Brake energy)
- Power supply cables between the BAMOCAR-D3 and the battery must be as short as possible. Long cables cause dynamic voltage drops due to the line impedance and as a consequence the service life of the installed capacitors would be reduced.





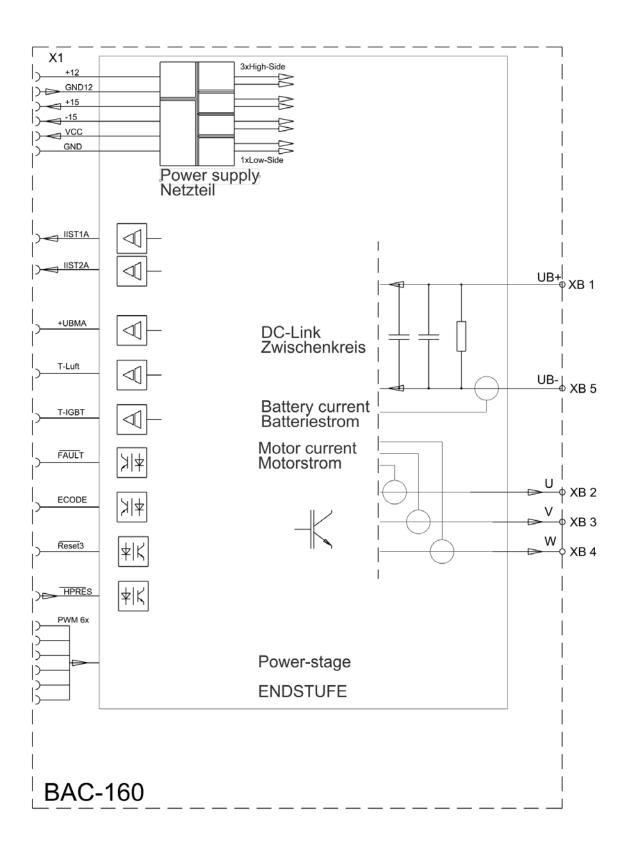


4.2 Circuit diagram



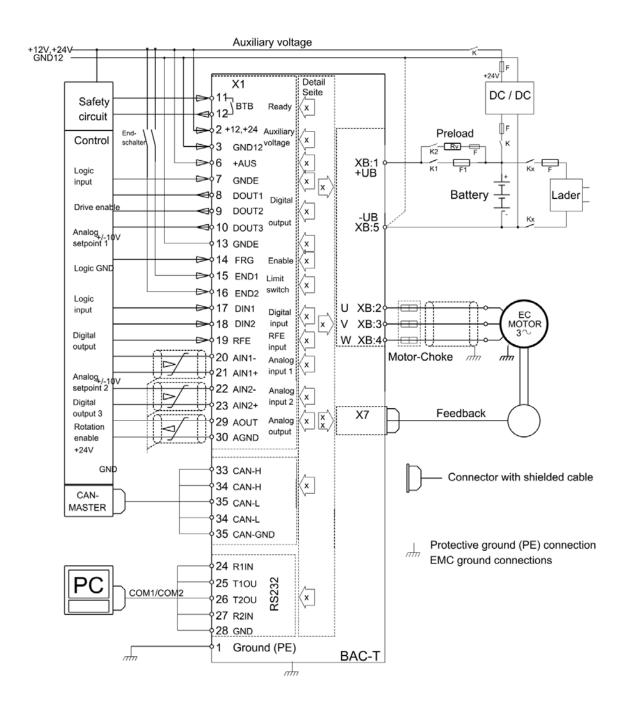


Circuit diagram





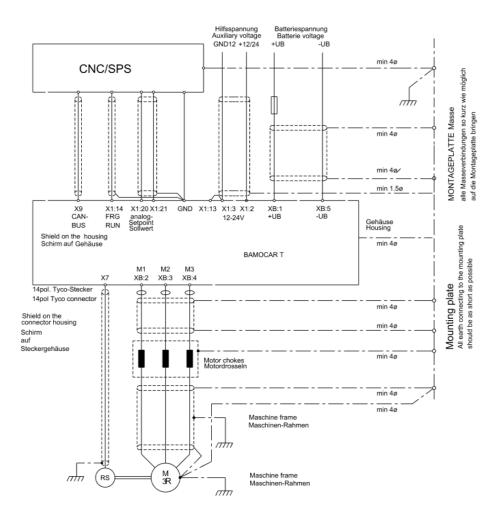
4.3 Connection diagram



Note: 12 V variant only on request



4.4 EMC advice



Note: 12 V variant only on request

The devices adhere to the EU guidelines 2004/108/EC and the technical standard EN 61800-3 provided that the following conditions are observed:

Mounting:

The device is conductively mounted on a 500 x 500 x 5 mm bright aluminium mounting plate.

The mounting plate must be connected to earth using a 10 mm² wire.

The motor housing must be connected to earth using a 10 mm² wire.

The device ground X-AGND must be connected to the mounting plate using a 1.5 mm² wire.

Device PE screw X3:6 connected to the mounting plate using a 4 mm² wire.

Connection of the control conductors:

All control conductors must be shielded. Analogue signal lines must be twisted and shielded. The shield must have surface-to-surface contact with the mounting plate (earth).

Version: 2019 / V05

Battery connection:

120V dc voltage



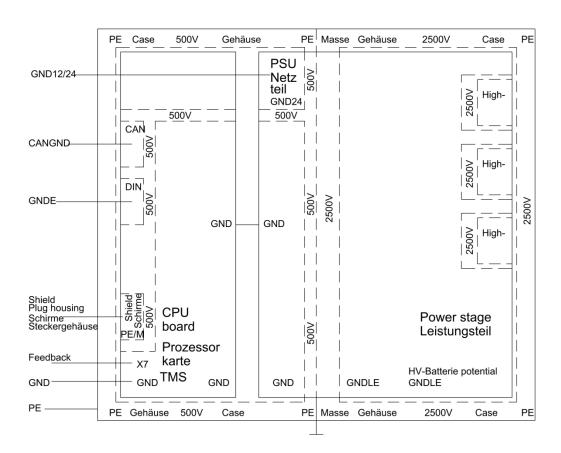
Motor connection:

Motor lines must be shielded, and must have surface-to-surface contact

After having been mounted in machines and installations, the operation of the device must not be started until the machine or the installation has been approved of the regulations of the EC machine guideline 2006/42/EC and the EMC guideline 2004/108/EC, for vehicles ECE-R83 and ECE-R100. A manufacturer's declaration can be asked for.



Potential isolation

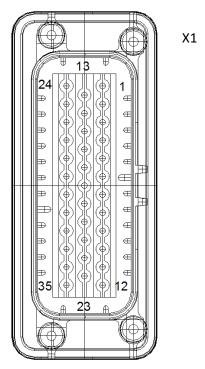


Note: 12 V variant only on request



4.5 Connectors

The connectors are not included in the delivery scope.



35-pin connector: Tyco 776164-1 (X1) 14-pin vonnector: Tyco 776273-1 (X7)

1	PE2	
2	+24 V	Auxiliary voltage +
3	GND24	Auxiliarx voltage 0
4	nc	
5	nc	
6	+ AUS	Supply outputs
7	GNDE	GNDE Outputs
8	DOUT1	Digital output 1
9	DOUT2	Digital output 2
10	DOUT3	Digital output 3
11	BTB	Ready for operation
12	ВТВ	Ready for operation
13	GNDE	GNDE Inputs
14	FRG	Enable
15	END1	Limit switch 1
16	END2	Limit swich 2
17	DIN1	Digital input 1
18	DIN2	Digital input 2
19	RFE	Rotor Enable
20	AR1	Analog Input 1-
21	AIN1	Analog Input 1+
22	AR2	Analog Input 2-
23	AIN2	Analog Input 2+
RS232		
24	R1IN	RS232
25	T10U	RS232
26	T2OU	RS232
27	R2IN	RS232
28	GND	Analog GND
	.	
Analog (Analan Onton
29	DAC1	Analog Output
30	GND	Analog GND
CAN-BU	ς	
31, 32	CAN H	
33, 34	-	
35, 34	CAN CAD	

Connector X1 Control inputs/outputs

Connector X7					
	r plug - resolver				
1					
2	SIN1				
3	COS2				
4	REF1				
5					
6	Temp GND				
7					
8					
9					
10					
11	Temp. signal				
12	REF2				
13	COS1				
14	SIN2				

Conne	Connector X7				
Encode	Encoder plug - INC-TTL				
1	channel A				
2	channel B				
3	channel N				
4	channel /A				
5	GND				
6	GND Temp				
7					
8	channel /N				
9	+5 VCC				
10	channel /B				
11	Temp -Signal				
12	Rotor position 1				
13	Rotor position 2				
14	Rotor position 3				

X7

35

Version: 2019 / V05

CAN-GND

Connector X7					
Encode	Encoder plug - SINCOS				
1	ka+				
2	kb+				
3	kr+				
4	ka-				
5	GND				
6	GND Temp				
7	kd+				
8	kr				
9	+5 VCC				
10	kb-				
11	Temp. signal				
12	kd-				
13	kc+				
14	kc-				



4.6 Auxiliary voltage connection

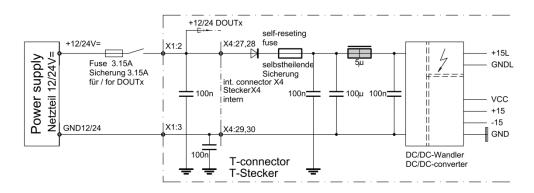
Mains potential-free auxiliary dc voltage +24 V= (2 A) $\pm 10 \%$

Note type plate!

The auxiliary voltage

- -is galvanically connected with the logic voltage
- -is galvanically isolated from all internal supply voltages of the device and from the housing
- -internal regenerating fuse
- -EMC filter

External fuse only for the line protection



Note: 12 V variant only on request

Input voltage	24 V dc Note type plate	X1:2
	GND24	X1:3
Residual ripple	10 %	
Switch-on current	maximum 4 A	
Nominal current	at 24 V	0.9 A
	(at 12 V)	(1.4 A)

Neg. connection of the power supply to earth

Attention:

- In addition to the internal supply current (1.4 A) (0.9) the sum of the output currents (DOUT) must be provided by the mains module 24 V.
- If the auxiliary voltage is inferior to 10.5 V (16 V) there will be the error message "hardware error 1" (power fault).
- If the auxiliary voltage is inferior to 10 V (16 V) even in case of short-time voltage drop-outs the internal mains module is switched off.
 - Temporary data of the RAM are deleted.
 - The digital speed and the command troque values are set to zero.
 - The LED signal for state "OK" is dark.
- Firmware download only when the power supply is switched off!
- The auxiliary voltage and/or power supply voltage must only be switched when the BAMOCAR is disabled.
 - No disable.
 - Enable input X1:14 = zero



PG cable gland metal M25 x 1.5 with shield contact

Power connections

Connection - Motor U

4.7

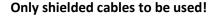
Connection - Motor V

Connection - Motor W

Connection - Battery pos. pole Connection- Battery neg. pole

Connecting cables max. 25 mm²





Connection example:

Adapt the dimensions to the cables and cable glands used! Strip outer insulation to 34-38 mm, shorten shield to 10 mm,

strip inner insulation, copper strand to 7-12 mm, cut 22 mm cable lug insulation from braided sleeve or heat-shrink tubing,

have a correct cable lug for M6 screw.



Slip complete PG gland including shield spring onto cable, slip the cable lug insulation onto cable crimp cable strands into the cable lugs (15 mm)



Screw the PG gland into the unit.

Connect the cable lug to the internal conductor rail and tighten the cap of the PG gland. Tighten the gland of the cable lug.



Connection screw: M6 x 8 (self-locking or corrugated washer, no toothed washer)

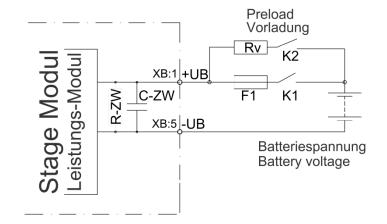
Version: 2019 / V05

max. tightening torque 7 Nm

Note: The cable gland is not included in the delivery scope.



4.8 Battery connection



Bus circuit capacitor C-ZW: $75 \mu F$ at 700 V

Discharge resistance R-ZW: $50 \text{ k}\Omega$ Series resistor: RV approx. 40Ω , 50 W

Charging current via K2: < 20 A

Note:

Enable (RUN) only after the main contactor K1 is activated.

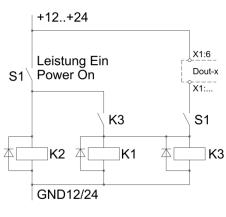
The max. supply voltage (battery voltage) 740V= must not be exceeded at any time (not even for short intervals)! Danger of damage! Error message: OVERVOLTAGE

F1 = safety fuse

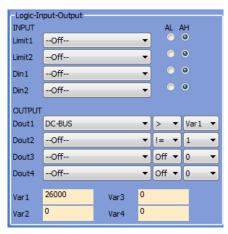


Programming of an output for the pre-charging:

The output Dout1 switches the relay K3 when the bus circuit voltage (DC-BUS) is greater than the variable 1.



ED-Vorlade-T-2



Note: 12 V variant only on request

Warning:

The power supply connection has no protection against reverse polarity. If the polarity of the connection is wrong, the device will be destroyed!



Type	Battery connection	Connector		Fuse AT	Drive contactor
		cross-section			size
	Pin	mm²	AWG		
100		6		160	
160		16		250	

Battery connecting line <2 m. For conductor lengths from 2 to 10m more powerful.

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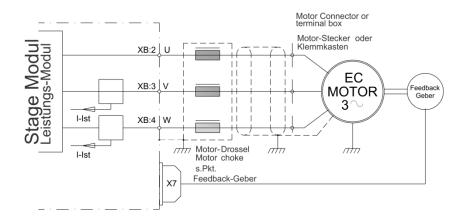
Use an additional capacity for conductor lengths superior to 10m!

Max. connector cross-section 50mm², cable lug for M10



4.9 Motor power connection

Only electronically commutating synchronous motors (brushless dc motors, EC motors) with feedback (e.g. resolver, or incremental encoder) must be used. These motors must be approved of by the manufacturer prior to any use.



Sequence of connection

<u> </u>				
Cable	M1	M2	M3	Motor cable
Motor phase	U	V	W	3 cores + protective conductor
Connecting bolt	XB:2 XB:3 XB:4 single-shielded, for 1000 V		single-shielded, for 1000 V=	
				shield capacity 150 pF/m
				min. cross-section see table

Min. cable cross-section

Type BAMOCAR-D3-	100	160	Motor choke,	
Cross-section mm ²	16	25	only necessary for shield capacities	
AWG			superior to > 5 nF.	
			motor cable approx. 25 m	

Motor choke

Only necessary for a shield capacity of > 5 nF. Approx. 25m motor cable.

Magnetic rings:

against HF failures of the sensor systems. Slide the rings onto the motor lines.

Connection of the shield

Surface-to-surface connection to the switch cabinet inlet.

Surface-to-surface connection as short as possible to the motor side.

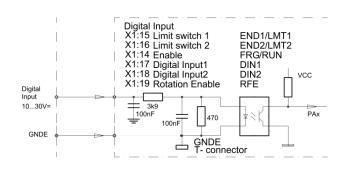
For long motor cables the motor cable shields must have multiple contacts to ground (e.g. ground terminals each 5 meter).



5 Control connections

5.1 Digital inputs

Input voltage					
Level ON		+10+30 V			
Level OFF		<+6 V			
Input current	Max.	7.5 mA			
Nominal		+24 V/6 mA			
voltage/current					
Ground reference	GNDE	(X1:K)			



E-DIN-T-2

The enable input (FRG/RUN) and the input for the rotating field enable (RFE) are fixed, they cannot be programmed.

Without the enable FRG/RUN the servo-drive is electronically disabled (no PWM pulses).

Without the rotating field enable RFE the rotating field of the output stage is additionally disabled (2nd disable channel).

The drive is free of torque (no holding torque).

The remaining four digital inputs can be programmed.

The inputs LMT1 (X1:15) and LMT2 (X1:16) are preferably to be used as inputs of the output stage switch.

Input	Connector	Function	State
RFE	X1:19	Rotor enable	fixed
FRG/RUN	X1:14	Enable	fixed
END1/LMT1	X1:15	Output stage switch 1	programmable
END2/LMT2	X1:16	Output stage switch 2	programmable
DIN1	X1:17	Digital input 1	programmable
DIN2	X1:18	Digital input 2	programmable

The enable (FRG X1:14) must not be initiated before the auxiliary voltage (24 V) and the power voltage have been switched on.

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External power supply for the inputs and outputs



Logic-		T-Ste T-con	скег nector
voltage Logik-	+12/24V	X1:6	+12/24
Spannung	Fuse max 3.15AF		
Logic- ground Logik- Masse	Sicherung	X1:13	GNDE
wasse			

24 V for the logic voltage

GNDE logic ground

Note: 12 V variant only on request



5.2 Safety input RFE (Rotating field enable) Stop class 0

Warning:

If the inputs of the enable or of the rotating field enable switched off, the drive is free of torque. The drive could move if there is no mechanical brake or block provided.

The motor conductors are not dead. Only the rotating field is disabled. Prior to any work or maintenance on the motor or the BAMOCAR, the battery motor controller must be completely disconnected from the mains power supply of the battery.





Operation with an RFE input

Two-channel disable of the enable via a safety switching device. Enable input FRG/RUN. Rotating field enable input RFE.

Switching-on

Contacts of the safety device closed, enable FRG/RUN 0.5s after RFE.

Safety switch-off

Contacts of the safety device open:

- there is no FRG/RUN signal in the 1st disable channel to disable the PWM pulses in the processor
- there is no RFE signal in the 2nd disable channel to disable the PWM pulses at the output of the processor

Restart

Release the safety switching device. Contacts of the safety device closed. The motor can only move after a second disable FRG/RUN (after the rotating field enable).

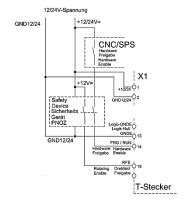
Operation without RFE input

The input RFE must be bridged with the logic voltage.

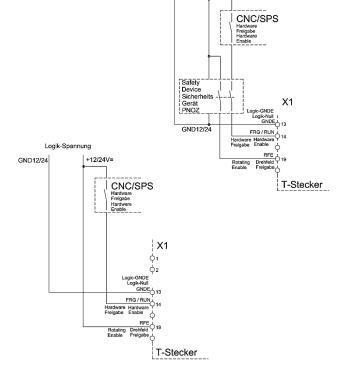
If the logic voltage corresponds to the supply voltage, the RFE input is bridged with +24 V.

Enable FRG/RUN at least 0.5 s after the RFE signal.

Note: 12 V variant only on request



Version: 2019 / V05



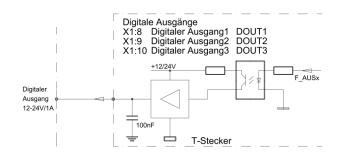
Logik-Spannung

GND12/24

+12/24V=



5.3 Digital outputs (open emitter)

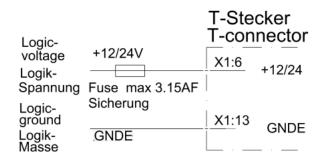


Output voltage		
Level ON	+24 V=	
Level OFF		< 1 V=
Output current	nom	1 A
Output current	max.	2 A,1s
Voltage reference	+24	(X1:2)
Ground reference	GNDE	(X1:7)

Note: 12 V variant only on request

Output	Connector	Function	State	Parameter
BTB/RDY	X1:11	ready for operation	fixed /relay	
	X1:12			
DOUT1	X1:8	Digital output 1	programmable	
DOUT2	X1:9	Digital output 2	programmable	
DOUT3	X1:10	Digital output 3	programmable	

Supply voltage for the logic outputs.



Version: 2019 / V05

+12..+24V for the logic voltage

Always pay attention to the total current of all outputs

GNDE logic ground

Note: 12 V variant only on request



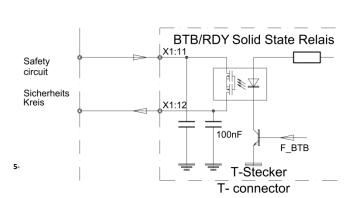
5.4 Signal contact "Ready BTB/RDY" (Solid state relay)

Hardware: Safety circuit with solid state relay contact

Software: State signal parameter state RDY (0x40 Bit14)

ready BTB = logic 1

In case of errors this safety circuit is separated by the relay and the state RDY is set to 0. Further control units (e.g. BMS, VCU, etc.) may respond.



Contact for	max. 48 V/0.5 A
(no	t short-circuit proof)
Capacitive load	max. 1 mF
Contact resistor	max. 2 Ohm

Ready BTB

The BTB relay contact is closed.

Not ready

BTB relay contact is open. Red LED and error message via 7-segment state LED.

Always install the BTB/RDY contact in the safety circuit! Protect the BTB/RDY signal path by a fuse 0.5 AF!



BTB function with under-voltage monitoring

BTB signal even with the power voltage missing.

Programming in NDrive: parameter BTB power = without (0x5a Bit 5 = 1)

No BTB signal if the power voltage is missing.

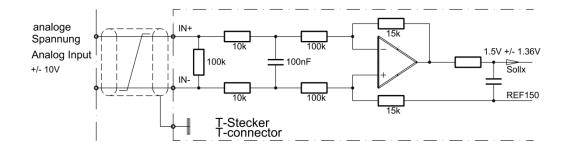
Programming in NDrive: parameter BTB power = with (0x5a Bit 5 = 0)

Version: 2019 / V05

(see Manual NDrive-x)



5.5 Analog inputs ± 10 V



Input	Connector	Basic function	Voltage	State	Parameter
AIN1+, AIN1-	X1:21, X1:20	Speed command value	±10 V	prog.	
AIN2+, AIN2-	X1:23, X1:22	Current limit	±10 V	prog.	

Features

Differential input	AIN1+ / AIN1-	AIN2+ / AIN2-	
Input resistance	70 kΩ		
Threshold voltage	±12 V		
Resolution	11 Bit	+ sign	

The direction of rotation of the motor can either be changed by swapping the +/- connections at the differential input, or by means of a logic input or by programming (see NDrive-x).

The analog inputs can be assigned to different functions (see NDrive-x).

With a digital command value (RS232, x-bus)

- the analog input AIN1 can be programmed as external analog speed limit

the analog input AIN2 can

-be programmed as external analog current limit (see NDrive-x).

5.6 Analog outputs ±10 V

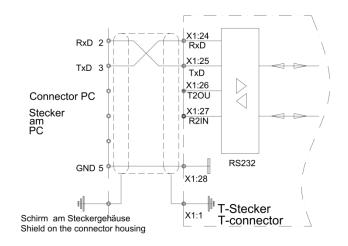
Output	Connector	Function	Voltage	State	Parameter
DAC1	X1:29	Measured value	±10 V	prog.	
GND	X1:30	Signal zero	0 V	fixed	

The analog output can be assigned to different functions.



5.7 Serial interface RS 232

The device is programmed and operated during commissioning via the serial pc interface RS232. There is a software description in the Manual NDrive.



Note:

The serial interface is galvanically connected with the device zero (GND/AGND).

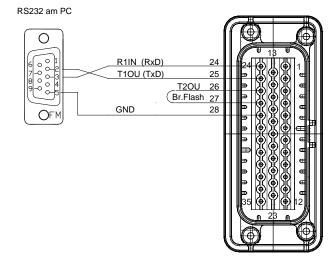
The BAMOCAR-D3-700-100/160 and the serial interface (COMx) of the pc must only be connected using a shielded cable.

Version: 2019 / V05

Install the cable only after disconnecting the device from the mains. The interface is adjusted to 115200 Baud. It can also be adjusted to 9600 Baud by means of the NDrive.

Connecting cable LiYCY 5x0.25 + shield

View to the soldered side, Shield on the housing, max. cable length 10m.



In case of strong interferences across the interface a line filter should be installed.

Notebooks with a USB RS232 converter are usually more susceptible to interferences.

For firmware updates:

plug-in a short-circuit bridge between X1:26 and X1:27, then switch-on the auxiliary voltage. Start the flash program (see NDrive).



5.8 CAN-BUS

The CAN-BUS is a digital connection to the CNC control.

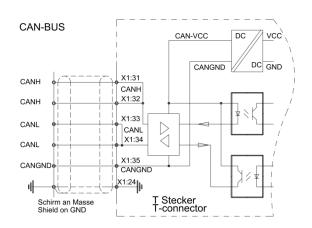
Optimum conditions are achieved with CNC controls and CAN components of LABOD electronic or CAN Open.

Programming and operation by means of the control panel via the CAN-BUS.

Interface complies with the standard ISO 11898.

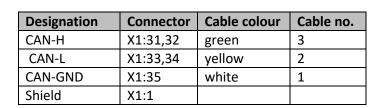
Adjustment and programming see Manual NDrive and CAN Manual.

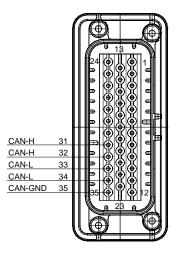
CAN BUS CABLE



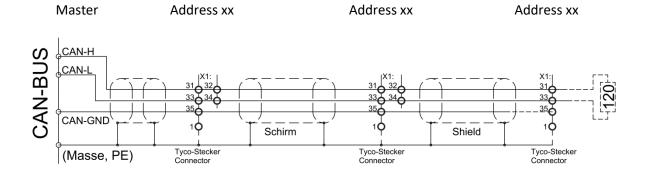
Use a shielded bus conductor with a low shielding capacity.

LiYCY 3 x 0.25 + shield





CAN BUS Connection with multipleBAMOCAR-D3-700-160

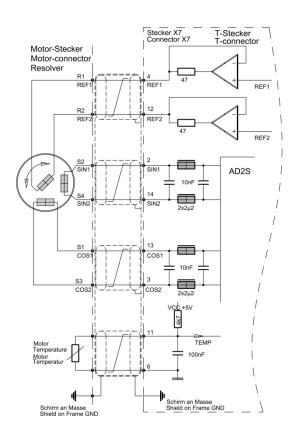


Terminating resistor at the end of the bus line > 120 Ohm between CAN-H and CAN-L.



5.9 Resolver connection

Only with BAMOCAR-D3-RS



The resolver is an absolute measuring system for a motor revolution.

It is robust and not impaired by high motor temperatures.

Its build corresponds to a revolving transformer.

The rotor is supplied by the reference (10 kHz).

The stator supplies the sine and cosine signals modulated by the rotational frequency. The amplitudes of these signals are analyzed and digitalized in the servo-drive. The resolution is automatically set to an optimum of 10, 12, or 14 bit.

The max. possible speed is 50 000 rpm (10 bit).

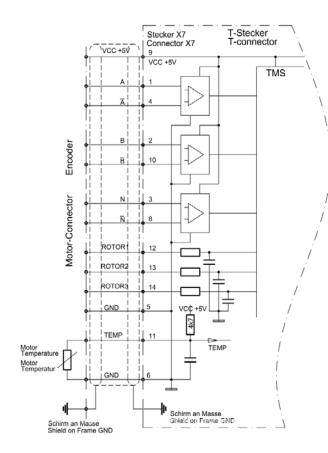
The digitalized signals are used for the polar wheel angle, the position and speed control, and the incremental output.

Only use motors with a manufacturer.	2-, 4-, 6-, or 8-pole resolver which h	ave been approved by the		
Connector	X7	14-pin Tyco type connector		
Connecting cable		4 x 2 cores, twisted in pairs and shielded, additional overall shield. For link chains use appropriate cables!		
	Min. cross-section 0.25 mm			
Cable length	for >25 m only use high-quality shielding properties.	for >25 m only use high-quality resolver cables with adequate shielding properties.		
Shield connection	across connector X7	combine all shields and connect them to the housing		
	across the motor connector	connect the overall shield to the connector housing		
Setting parameters	see software Manual NDrive			



5.10 Encoder connection TTL

Only with BAMOCAR-D3-IN



TTL incremental encoder (encoder) with 2 counter tracks and 1 zero track plus 3 rotor position tracks.

Counter tracks with or without push-pull output.

(For single connection A, B, N do not connect the negative inputs.)

The counter input corresponds to RS485. Max. counting frequency 500 kHz.

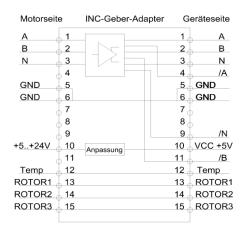
The incremental encoder is galvanically connected with the device zero (GND).

The voltage of 5 V is supplied by the servo-drive.

Only use motors with TTL incremental encoders and rotor position tracks which have been approved by the manufacturer.			
Connector	X7	14-pin Tyco type connector	
Connecting cable	10 shielded signal conductors	min. cross-section 0.14mm	
	2 supply lines,	min. cross-section 0.5mm	
	2 temperature core		
	For link chains use appropriate cab	les!	
Cable length	for >25 m the cross-section of the o	cable used must be increased	
Shield connection	across connector X7	connect the shield to the	
		connector housing	
	across the motor connector connect the shield to the		
		connector housing	
Setting parameters	see software Manual NDrive		



Adapter for INC encoder with A, B, N channel without push-pull signals



The device input for the incremental counter signals requires the push-pull counter pulses for a reliable detection.

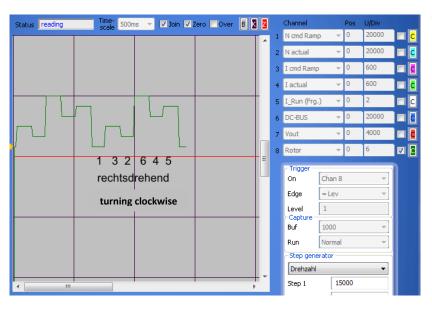
Encoders without push-pull signals (e.g. position encoders) with different supply voltages are used for many simple applications. For these applications the INC adapter must be installed.

The adapter converts the counter signals A, B, N to the push-pull signals A, /A, B, /B, N, /N.

For supply voltages which differ from 5V the voltage must be specified on order and externally be connected.

Checking the correct connection

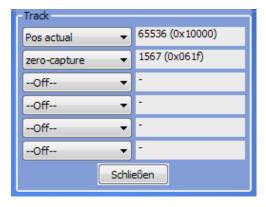
Rotor sequence



The correct sequence of the rotor signals with a motor turning clockwise is 1, 3, 2, 6, 4, 5.

If the sequence of numbers is different the encoder connection of the rotor position signals Rotor1, Rotor2, Rotor3 (U,V,W) is not correct.

Use the connection diagram!



Numerical value

Turn motor clockwise for one revolution without enable.

One motor revolution corresponds to a position value of Num 65536. In case of different results the input of Feedback Inc-Mot (0xa6) is incorrect.

Zero angle

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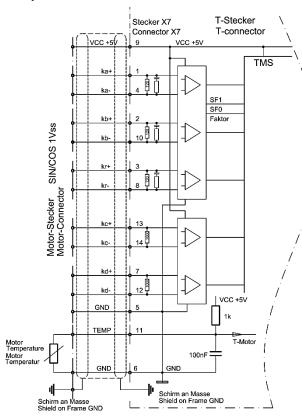
Motor turning clockwise and anti-clockwise at 10 %.. 100 % speed.

The value of zero-capture must remain constant.



5.11 SIN COS 1Vss connection

Only with BAMOCAR-D3-SC



Incremental encoder (encoder) with 2 analog, sinusoidal counter tracks and 1 zero track plus 2 commutating tracks. Differential signals 1 Vss

Max. counting frequency 500 kHz.

The incremental encoder is galvanically connected with the device zero (GND). The voltage of 5 V is supplied by the servodrive.

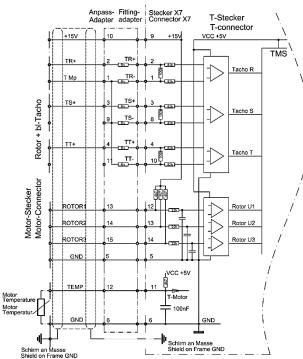
The resolution is automatically set to an optimum.

Only use motors with	Only use motors with SIN/COS encoders (SC) which have been approved by the manufacturer.		
Connector	X7	14-pin Tyco type connector	
Connecting cable	4 x 2 signal conductors, twisted and shielded	min. cross-section 0.14 mm	
	2 x 2 signal conductors, twisted and shielded	min. cross-section 0.14 mm	
	4 x supply lines, 2 x temperature cores	min. cross-section 0.5 mm	
Cable type	(4 x (2 x 0.14) +(4 x 0.14) C + 4 x 0.5) C	•	
	For link chains use appropriate cables!		
Cable length	for >25 m the cross-section of the cabl	e used must be increased by one	
	grade		
Shield connection	across connector X7	connect the shield to the	
		connector housing	
	across the motor connector	connect the shield to the	
		connector housing	
Setting parameters	see software Manual NDrive		



5.12 Rotor position encoder - connection via a bl-tacho

Only with BAMOCAR-D3-bl



3 rotor position encoder signals (Hall sensors) for the commutation; with or without a brushless tacho.

The rotor position encoder is galvanically connected with the device zero (GND). The voltage of 15 V is supplied by the servo-drive.

Provide an adapter in case the tacho voltage at rated speed is superior to 10 V~.

For lower tacho voltages connect X7: pin 1, 9, and 11. Connect the tacho center point to X7:1.

Only use motors with rotor position encoders (bl) which have been approved by the manufacturer.			
Connector	X7	14-pin Tyco type connector	
Connecting cable	12 x signal conductors, supply lines, 2 x temperature cores	min. cross-section 0.25 mm	
	For link chains use appropriate cables		
Cable length	for >25 m the cross-section of the cable used must be increased by one grade		
Shield connection	across connector X7	connect the shield to the connector housing	
	across the motor connector	connect the shield to the connector housing	
Setting parameters	see software Manual NDrive		



6 State display

6.1 State display

The state "normal" is signaled by a bright green seven-segment display + decimal point (display of the state).

The state "fault" is signaled by a bright red fault LED and the seven-segment display indicates the error no.

The state "warning" is signaled by the flashing red fault LED and the seven-segment display indicates alternately the state and the warning no.

Display of the BAMOCAR states

Display	Point/segment	State	State of NDrive
	flashing	Processor active	
•	dark	Auxiliary voltage missing or inherent hardware failure	
	flashing	Starting state after reset (auxil. voltage 24V off-on). The first enable stops the flashing display.	OK = 0
	bright	Drive enable	OK = 1, ENA = 1
	dark	Drive disabled (not enabled)	OK = 1, ENA = 0
	bright	Speed zero (standstill signal)	N0 = 1
	bright	Drive revolves clockwise, N currently positive	N0 = 0
	bright	Drive revolves anti-clockwise, N currently negative	N0 = 0
	flashing	Motor current reduced to continuous current Icns	Icns = 1
	bright	Motor current at max. current limit I _{max}	Icns = 0
	dark	Normal operation; Motor current within the current limits	Icns = 0
	bright for 0.1 s	A new command (value) was received from the BUS or RS232.	

Example: Motor revolving clockwise



Point flashes = active processor Bottom segment = drive enabled

Right segment = motor revolves clockwise



6.2 State information - error

The red LED "fault" is bright and the fault no. is indicated by the green seven-segment display.

Display	Error	Description:	Address:
Servo:	NDrive:		RegID 0x8f
	NOREPLY-No RS	RS232 interface not plugged or disturbed	
0	BADPARAS	Damaged parameter	Bit 0
1	POWERFAULT	Hardware error	Bit 1
2	RFE	Safety circuit faulty (only active with RUN)	Bit 2
3	BUS TIMEOUT	CAN TimeOut time exceeded	Bit 3
4	FEEDBACK	Encoder signal faulty or missing	Bit 4
5	POWERVOLTAGE	Power voltage missing	Bit 5
6	MOTORTEMP	Motor temperature too high	Bit 6
7	DEVICETEMP	Device temperature too high	Bit 7
8	OVERVOLTAGE	Overvoltage > 1.8 x U _N reached	Bit 8
9	I_PEAK	Overcurrent or strongly oscillating current detected	Bit 9
Α	RACEAWAY	Drive races (without command value, wrong direction)	Bit 10
В	USER	User - choice of error	Bit 11
С			Bit 12
D			Bit 13
E	HW_ERR	Current - measurement error	Bit 14
F	BALLAST	Ballast circuit overloaded	Bit 15

Note:

- Error F is a device-dependent error (for BAMOBIL and BAMOCAR without function)
- If the auxiliary voltage is applied when the enable is closed (FRG/RUN X1:7 active), the red LED indicates an error. The error is not signaled via the 7-segment display.
- Error 1 (POWEWRFAULT) is an overall error message of the hardware monitoring: ("I_FAULT" permanently set)
 - Overvoltage across the bus circuit
 - Driver card voltage monitoring (15 V, 5 V)
 - Undervoltage monitoring of the auxiliary voltage (< 10 V)</p>
 - > Overtemperature in at least one IGBT module

("I FAULT" not permanently set)

Dangerous overcurrent (causes may be currents which are too high or oscillating currents, bad controller adjustments, or hardware defects (e.g. IGBT module))

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Note: Fault 5



Fault

Light display:

- FAULT LED rot lighting
- Error No. 5 is displayed

POWERVOLTAGE (missing power voltage)



6.3 State information - warning signals

The state "warning" is signaled by the flashing red fault LED and the green seven-segment display indicates alternately the state and the warning no.

Display	Error	Description:	Address:
Servo:	NDrive:		RegID 0x8f
0	WARNING_0	No device identification	Bit 16
1	ILLEGAL STATUS	RUN signal disturbed, EMI	Bit 17
2	SAFE_IN	RFE input inactive (active without RUN input)	Bit 18
3			Bit 19
4			Bit 20
5			Bit 21
6	MOTORTEMP	Motor temperature > (I-red-TM or 93 % from M-Temp)	Bit 22
7	DEVICETEMP	Device temperature > 87 % of limit	Bit 23
8	Vout_Sat	Limit of the existing voltage output is reached	Bit 24
9	I_PEAK	Overcurrent 200 %	Bit 25
Α	RACEWAY	Resolution range of the speed measurement exceeded	Bit 26
В			Bit 27
С			Bit 28
D			Bit 29
E			Bit 30
F	BALLAST	Ballast circuit > 87 % overloaded	Bit 31

Note:

• Warning F is a device-dependent warning (for BAMOBIL and BAMOCAR without function)

Example: Warning no. 5



Light display: • FAULT • The display:

- FAULT LED red flashing
- The display swaps between the state and the warning no. 5

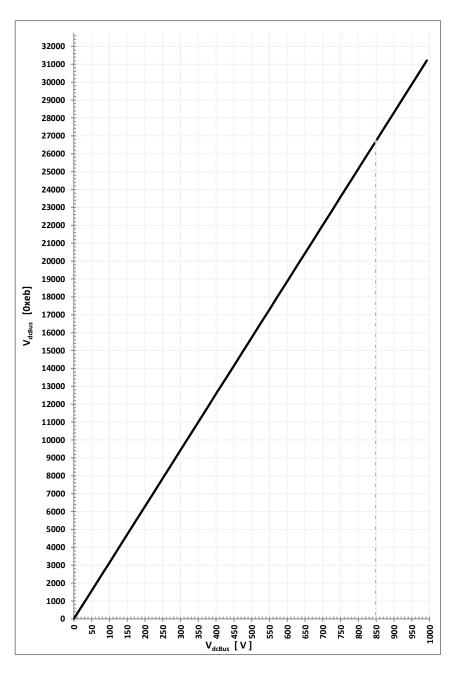
POWERVOLTAGE (missing power voltage)



7 Measured data

7.1 DC bus circuit voltages, battery voltage

V_{dc-B}	$V_{dc ext{-Bus}}$	
V	[0xeb]	[0xa5 _{H/L}]
950	29880	182,4%
925	29096	177,6%
900	28312	172,8%
875	27520	168,0%
850	26736	163,2%
825	25952	158,4%
800	25160	153,6%
775	24376	148,8%
750	23592	144,0%
725	22800	139,2%
700	22016	134,4%
675	21232	129,6%
650	20448	124,8%
625	19656	120,0%
600	18872	115,2%
575	18088	110,4%
550	17296	105,6%
525	16512	100,8%
500	15728	96,0%
475	14944	91,2%
450	14152	86,4%
425	13368	81,6%
400	12584	76,8%
375	11792	72,0%
350	11008	67,2%
325	10224	62,4%
300	9440	57,6%
275	8648	52,8%
250	7864	48,0%
225	7080	43,2%
200	6288	38,4%
175	5504	33,6%
150	4720	28,8%
125	3928	24,0%
100	3144	19,2%
75	2360	14,4%
50	1576	9,6%
25	784	4,8%
0	0	0,0%
Toleranz	± 2	% FS
Scale	31,454	per V
V _{error (HW)}	848,5	V



BAMOCAR-PG-D3-700	BUS circuit voltage	Num 0xeb	%	Comment					
Maximum battery voltage	700 V	22016		Charging voltage < 750 V					
Maximum voltage limit	800 V	23160		Transient overvoltage					
Overvoltage SW	750 V	23592	144 %	Grange 0 to 160 %					
Overvoltage HW	850 V	26736	163 %	fixed in Hardware					

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The software voltage limits are programmed using

DC-BUS-max (0x5aH) and DC-BUS-min (0xa5L), see manual NDrive.



7.2 Power-stage temperature

°C	<u>ві</u> [0x4a]					E I																				
125	28744			32	2000 -																					
120	28440			3:	1000 -																					
115				30	0000																					
	28104			29	9000 -																					
110 105	27720			28	8000 -																					_
	27296			2	7000 -																					
100	26824			26	6000 -																					
95	26288			2	5000		 	_			-		L	-	٠		_									
90	25704			24	4000 -													/								
85	25040			23	3000 -												/									
80	24312				2000 -																i					
75	23504				1000 -										/											
70	22616				0000																					
65	21640				9000 -								L								i					
60	20584				8000 -								/						ì							
55	19448				7000 -																1					
50	18224		Т _{ібвт} [0x4a]																							
45	16944		ě		6000 -						/															
40	15600		늅		5000 -														Ì		I					
35	14216		–		4000 -					/																
30	12816				3000 -																					
25	11424				2000 -																1					
20	10048			1:	1000 -			/													1					
15	8736			10	0000	E .		_											+							
10	7488				9000 -														-							
5	6328			- 1	8000 -																1					
0	5280			-	7000 -																					
-5	4344			- (6000 -	/																				
-10	3520				5000														1							
-15	2816				4000 -														4							
-20	2216				3000 -														_							
-25	1728				2000 -																					
-30	1320				1000 -																i					
						Ēļ.	 						Щ					щ.	لأس	щ	ا ىبىش					
ror (hw)	91,6	°C	8			. ה	15	5 .	ŝ	32	40	45	20	22	9	9 6	K	8	85	9	95	100	105			,
ror (sw)	84,7	°C		 ' '								звт										7	7	1	7	,

Warning over-temperature ca. 85°C (Num 25000) Error over-temperature ca. 91°C (Num 26000)

Current reduction proportional to temperature is programmed via parameters I-red-TD (0x58) und I-red-TE (0x4c), see manual NDrive

7.3 Current - value

BAMOCAR-PG-D3	Calibration I-device	rated currer	Peak cu DC bloo		
Max. value ±11 Bit	Num	A~eff	A=pk	Num	A=pk
700/100	721	50	70,7	1081	106,1
700/160	576	80	113,1	865	169,7

The basic set-up data are protected in the set of parameters.



8 Warranty

8.1 Warranty

UNITEK warranties that the device is free from material and production defects. Test results are recorded and archived with the serial number.

The warranty time begins from the time the device is shipped, and lasts two years.

UNITEK makes no warranty as to the suitability of the device for a special application.

During the warranty period, **UNITEK** will, at its option, either repair or replace products that prove to be defective, this includes guaranteed functional attributes. **UNITEK** specifically disclaims the implied warranties or merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose. For warranty service or repair, this product must be returned to a service facility designated by **UNITEK**.

For products returned to UNITEK for warranty service, the buyer shall prepay shipping charges to **UNITEK** and **UNITEK** shall pay shipping charges to return the product to the buyer.

However, the buyer shall pay all shipping charges, duties and taxes for products returned to **UNITEK** from another country.

The foregoing warranty shall not apply to defects resulting from:

- improper or inadequate repairs effected by the buyer or a third party,
- non-observance of the manual which is included in all consignments,
- non-observance of the electrical standards and regulations,
- improper maintenance
- acts of nature.

All further claims on transformation, diminution and replacement of any kind of damage, especially damage, which does not affect the UNITEK device, cannot be considered. Follow-on damage within the machine or system, which may arise due to malfunction or defect in the device cannot be claimed. This limitation does not affect the product liability laws as applied in the place of manufacture (i.e. Germany).

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