

第一次作业

夏熙 3017218170

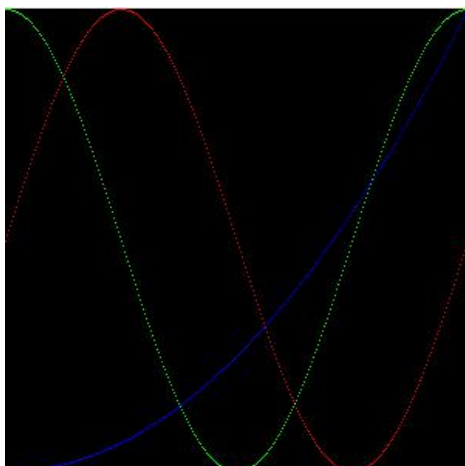
本次作业 1 要求如下:

1. 使用 matlab 写一个函数, `img = generateFigure(imgW,imgH)`, 其作用为产生一幅的彩色图像, 图像中用红色显示 $[0,2\pi]$ 的正弦波, 用绿色显示 $[0,2\pi]$ 的余弦波, 蓝色显示 $[0,2\pi]$ 的 $y=x^2$ 图像。

函数如下:

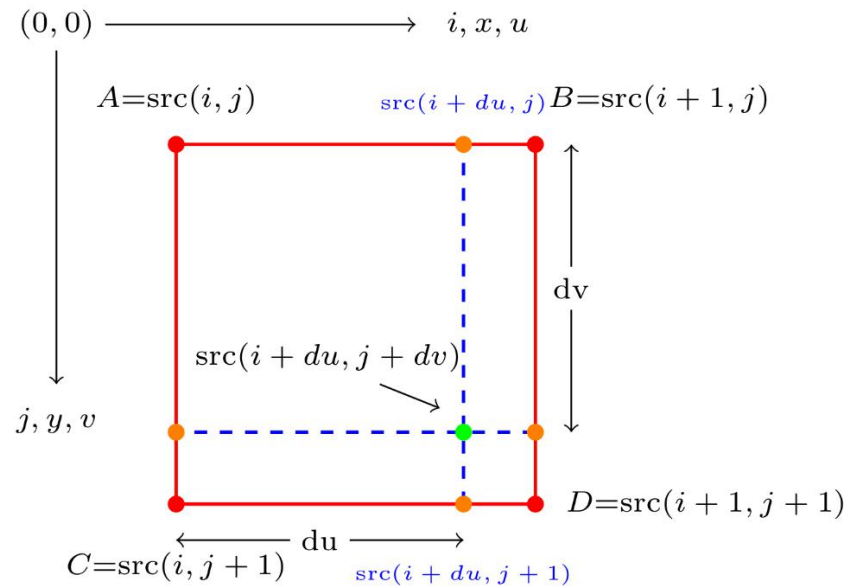
```
function img = generateFigure(imgW,imgH)
    rsin = zeros(imgH, imgW);
    gcos = zeros(imgH, imgW);
    bfunc = zeros(imgH, imgW);
    x = 1:imgW;
    x = (x-1)/(imgW-1)*2*pi;
    y1 = sin(x);
    y2 = cos(x);
    y3 = x.*x;
    y1 = (-y1+1)/2*(imgH-1)+1;
    y2 = (-y2+1)/2*(imgH-1)+1;
    minV = min(-y3);maxV=max(-y3);
    y3 = (-y3-minV)/(maxV-minV)*(imgH-1)+1;
    x = 1:imgW;
    y1 = round(y1); ind1 = y1+(x-1)*imgH;
    y2 = round(y2); ind2 = y2+(x-1)*imgH;
    y3 = round(y3); ind3 = y3+(x-1)*imgH;
    rsin(ind1) = 1;
    bfunc(ind2) = 1;
    gcos(ind3) = 1;
    img = cat(3, rsin, gcos, bfunc);
end
```

运行结果:



作业 2 要求如下:

2. 不使用 for 循环, 实现 bilinear interpolation



线插:

$$\text{src}(i + du, j) = (B - A) \times du + A$$

$$\text{src}(i + du, j + 1) = (D - C) \times du + C$$

双线插:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{src}(i + du, j + dv) &= \text{src}(i + du, j) + [\text{src}(i + du, j + 1) - \text{src}(i + du, j)] \times dv \\ &= (1 - du) \cdot (1 - dv) \cdot A + (1 - dv) \cdot du \cdot B \\ &\quad + (1 - du) \cdot dv \cdot C + du \cdot dv \cdot D \end{aligned}$$

```
function outPicture = bilinearTrans(img, factor)
    [imgH, imgW] = size(img);
    height = round(imgH*factor);
    width = round(imgW*factor);
    [X, Y] = meshgrid(1:width, 1:height);
    X_f = (X-1)/(height-1)*(imgH-1)+1;
    Y_f = (Y-1)/(width-1)*(imgW-1)+1;
    du = X_f - floor(X_f);
    dv = Y_f - floor(Y_f);
    A_X = floor(X_f);
    A_Y = floor(Y_f);
    A = A_Y + (A_X-1)*imgH;
    D_X = floor(X_f)+(du>0);
    D_Y = floor(Y_f)+(dv>0);
    D = D_Y + (D_X-1)*imgH;
    B = A_Y + (D_X-1)*imgH;
    C = D_Y + (A_X-1)*imgH;
    outPicture =
    (1-du).*(1-dv).*img(A)+(1-dv).*du.*img(B)+(1-du).*dv.
    *img(C)+du.*dv.*img(D);
```

end