Umeå University

Department of Computing Science

System Level Programming 7.5 p 5DV088

Minimal Shell - MISH

Submitted 2016-10-07

Author: Lorenz Gerber (dv15lgr@cs.umu.selozger03@student.umu.se)
Instructor: Mikael Ränner / Filip Åberg / Jonathan Westin / Mattias Åsander

Contents

1	Problem Description	1
2	Compilation and Invocation	1
3	Detailed Usage Description	1
4	Algorithm Description	1
5	System Description	2
6	Known Limits	2
7	Results	2
8	Discussion	2
9	Testing	2
	9.1 Testing for closing of file descriptors	2
	9.2 Testing for correct finishing of child processes	2
References		2

1 Problem Description

The aim of this laboration was to develop a minimal unix shell. The shell had to implement input and output stream redirection, stream piping between commands, and two internal commands, 'cd' and 'echo'. The main techniques to be used for implementing the shell were 'pipes', 'forking' and execution of programs by the 'exec' function family. Further, the interrupt signal (SIGINT) had to be reassigned to a function that allows to stop all child processes and then returns control back to the shell prompt.

2 Compilation and Invocation

The present code uses safe signaling by 'sigaction' which requires on linux to compile with std=gnu11 instead of ANSI C standard. On OSX, the code built also when using std=c11, hence the gcc included in linux seems to have a more stringent interpretation of 'c11' standard ('sigaction' is POSIX, not ANSI C). A makefile is provided that takes care of building and linking the source by invoking 'make all'. A 'make clean' script is also included.

3 Detailed Usage Description

'mish' does not take any command line argument. The shell can be quit by sending EOF to the prompt (Ctrl-D). SIGINT (Ctrl-C) is ignored in the prompt main loop and assigned to a custom function during execution of external commands. The custom implementation stops all started child processes and returns back to the command prompt.

4 Algorithm Description

```
loop over all but the last commands
    create a pipe
    spawn a child process
    Child process code:
        if requested
            setup redirect
        else
            close pipe read_end
        if 'in' != 0
            dup2 'in' to STDIN
            close 'in'
        dup2 pipe write_end to STDOUT
        close pipe write_end
        run command
    Parent process code:
        if 'in' != 0, close 'in'
        set 'in' to pipe read_end
```

```
close pipe write_end

spawn a child process for last command

Child process code:

   if there is only one command and this command has to redirect input from a file then redirect in_file file descriptor to STDIN

if redirect of output to a file is requested redirect out_file file descriptor to STDOUT

redirect pipe read_end to STDIN

clean up

run command

Parent process code:
   wait for child processes to report finished cleaning up
```

5 System Description

Figure 1 shows the sequence of commands for the piping setup, here with three commands, hence two pipes.

6 Known Limits

The program does not compile with the std=c11 or ansi flag set on Linux (tested on the standard gcc version shipped with ubuntu 16.04). However it does compile on OSX (clang-800.0.38).

- 7 Results
- 8 Discussion
- 9 Testing
- 9.1 Testing for closing of file descriptors
- 9.2 Testing for correct finishing of child processes

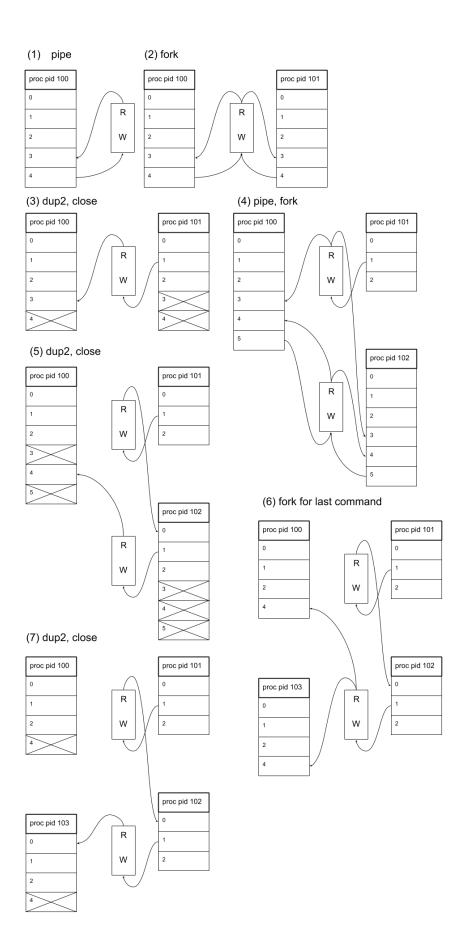


Figure 1: This figure shows the sequence of commands for the piping setup, here with three commands, hence two pipes.