# Umeå University

Department of Computing Science

# Parallel Programming 7.5 p 5DV152

# **Exercises, Chapter/Topic 1**

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#### 1 Query 1

Find the code of each airport which is located either in Greece or else in Germany

#### Relational Algebra

```
X_1 \leftarrow \sigma_{(Country=`Germany`) \land (Country=`Greece`)}(Airport)
X_2 \leftarrow \pi_{(Code)}(X_1)
```

#### **Relational Tuple Calculus**

```
\begin{aligned} & \{a.Code | Airport(a) \\ & \land ((a.Country = `Germany') \lor (a.Country = `Greece')) \} \end{aligned}
```

#### 2 Query 2

Find the name and abbreviation of each airline which has a flight with destination the airport with the code 'TXL' but no flight with destination the airport with code 'SXF'

#### **Relational Algebra**

```
\begin{array}{l} X_1 \leftarrow \pi_{Airline}(\sigma_{Destination=`TXL}, (Flight)) \\ X_2 \leftarrow \pi_{Airline}(\sigma_{Destination=`SXF}, (Flight)) \\ X_5 \leftarrow X_1 \backslash X_2 \\ X_6 \leftarrow X_5 \bowtie_{Airline=Abbreviation} Airline \\ X_7 \leftarrow \pi_{Name,Abbreviation}(X_6) \end{array}
```

#### **Relational Tuple Calculus**

```
\{a.Name, a.Abbreviation | Airline(a) \land (\exists f_1)(\forall f_2)(Flights(f_1) \land Flights(f_2) \land (f_1.Airline = a.Abbreviation) \land (f_2.Airline = a.Abbreviation) \land (f_1.Destination = `TXL') \land (f_2.Destination \neq `SXF'))\}
```

## 3 Query 3

Find the name and abbreviation of those airlines which do not have any flights to an airport in Germany or France

#### 4 Relational Algebra

```
X_1 \leftarrow Flight \bowtie_{(Destination = Code)} Airport

X_2 \leftarrow \sigma_{(Country = France) \lor (Country = Germany}(X_1)

X_3 \leftarrow \pi_{Airline}(X_2)
```

```
X_4 \leftarrow \pi_{Abbreviation}(Airline)

X_5 \leftarrow X_4 \backslash X_3

X_6 \leftarrow \sigma_{X_5.Abbreviation=Airline.Abbreviation}(Airline)

X_7 \leftarrow \pi_{Abbreviation.Name}(X_6)
```

## 5 Relational Tuple Calculus

```
 \{a.Name, a.Abbreviation | Airline(a) \\ \land (\forall f)((flight(f) \\ \land (a.Abbreviation = f.Airline)) \\ \Rightarrow (\forall ap)(Airport(ap) \land (ap.Code = f.Destination) \\ \land ((ap.Country \neq `Germany') \\ \lor (ap.Country \neq `France')))) \}
```

## 6 Query 4

Find the codes of those airports which have flights to every airport in France. (Note that no French airport will normally qualify because, for example, there is no flight from 'CDG' to 'CDG'.)

- 7 Relational Algebra
- **8 Relational Tuple Calculus**
- 9 Query 5

Find the codes of those airports which have departures (i.e. fligths with origin at that airport) for exactly two distinct airines.

- 10 Relational Algebra
- 11 Relational Tuple Calculus