Umeå University

Institution för Datavetenskap

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OU4 Analysis of Complexity

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1 Introduction

The aim with this laboration was to apply experimental and asymptotic complexity analysis of algorithms.

What is complexity analysis. Experimental, asymptotic. What is big O notation, what does it mean.

```
[?, pp. 117 – 132].
```

2 Material and Methods

2.1 Experimental Complexity Analysis

Describe experiment, describe the rules.

2.2 Asymptotic Complexity Analysis

Describe what was given and the rules to analyse.

Program 1 This is the shit

```
Algorithm bubbleSort(numElements, list[])
input: numElements, the number of elements in the list
        list, a list of numbers to be sorted
output: the sorted list
1: done <- false
2: n < -0
3: while (n < numElements) and (done = false)
4:
        done <- true
5:
        for m \leftarrow (numElements -1) downto n
            if list[m] < list[m - 1] then
6:
7:
                 tmp <- list[m]</pre>
8:
                 list[m] \leftarrow list[m - 1]
                 list[m - 1] <- tmp
9:
10:
                 done <- false
11:
       n < - n + 1
12: return list
```

3 Results

3.1 Experimental Complexity Analysis

Show formulas, C, n0

3.2 Asymptotic Complexity Analysis

Worst Case

```
1: 1 * [done <- false] +
```

```
2: 1 * [n <- 0] +
3: (numElements + 1) * ([n < numElements] + [done = false]) +
4: numElements * [done <- true] +
5: ((numElements(numElements+1)) / 2) * (1 * [m <-] + 1 * [numElements - 1]
6: 1 * [> n] + $\\
7: 1 * [list[m]] + 1* [m-1] + 1 * [list[]] + 1 * [<] +
8: 1 * [m-1] + 1 * [list[]] + 1 * [<-] +
9: 1 * [tmp] + 1 * [m-1] + 1 * [list[] <-] +
10: 1 * [done <- false] ) +
11: 1 * [n + 1] + 1 * [n <-] +
12: 1 * return
set numElements = x
1 + 1 + (x + 1) * 2 + x + (x(x+1) / 2) * (1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 1
+1+1+1+1+1+1+1+1+1+1+1
2 + 2x + 2 + x + (1 / 2x^2) + (1 / 2x) * 14 + 3
3x + 6 + 7x^2 + 7x
7x^2 + 10x + 7
Best case
1: 1 * [done <- false] +
2: 1 * [n <- 0] +
3: 2 * ([n < numElements] + [done = false]) +
4: 1 * [done <- true] +
5: (numElements - 1) * (1 * [m <-] + 1 * [numElements - 1] + 1 * [> n])
11: 1 * [n+1] + 1 * [<-]
12: 1 * [return]
set numElements = x
1 + 1 + 2 * 2 + 1 + (x-1) * (1 + 1 + 1) + 1 + 1 + 1
```

show plot

10 + 3x - 33x + 7

4 Discussion

- 4.1 Experimental Complexity Analysis
- 4.2 Asymptotic Complexity Analysis