GV217 - Conflict Analysis

University of Essex - Department of Government

Lorenzo Crippa Week 23 – 6 March, 2020

2020 Department of Government Student Conference



Ethnic conflicts

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The answer we give to this debate has relevant implications for the solution to ethnic conflicts

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- "Ethnic conflict encompasses all forms of small- and large-scale acts of violence between and among different ethnic groups."
- "An ethnic group is a group of people that belong to a certain ascriptive category, such as race, ethnicity, language, tribe, religion, and so forth."

(Brancati 2006: 654)

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Knowing the causes of ethnic conflict is the first step to devise solutions. We can identify some causes of ethnic conflicts (Lake and Rothchild 1996):

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 - New, weak democracy
 - Opportunities for ethnic divisions to emerge

Drawn from game theoretic Prisoner's Dilemma Game (PDG):

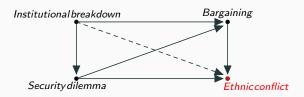
• Two rational players can Arm or Disarm

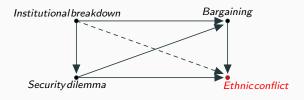
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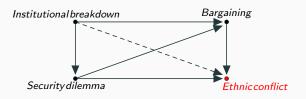
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		Group 1	
		Disarm	Arm
Group 2	Disarm	6,6	-1,7
	Arm	7,-1	1,1

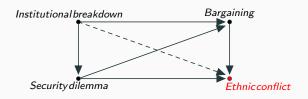




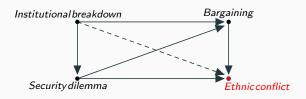


Example: Iraq after 2003

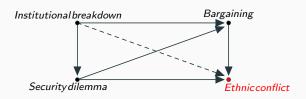
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- This created a security dilemma among ethnic groups
- The two causes combined contributed to the ethnic conflict

Security dilemma and marginalization, Baghdad 2003

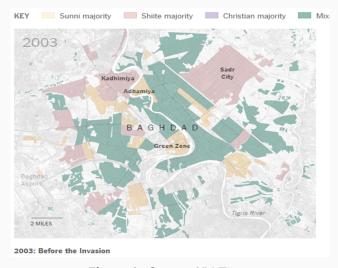


Figure 1: Source: NY Times

Security dilemma and marginalization, Baghdad 2009

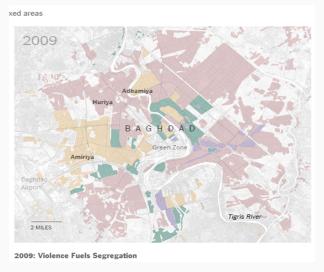


Figure 2: Source: NY Times

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 - H2.b New democracies in contexts of ethnic divisions increases the probability of ethnic conflicts

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- 4. Does the explanations we have proposed apply?

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- Power-sharing; granting group rights (Gleditsch et al. 2017)

Conclusion

All clear? More questions? See you next week!