Childhood exposure to non-persistent endocrine disruptors, glucocorticosteroids, and neurodevelopment: A study based on the parametric g-formula

# Abstract

Results of epidemiological studies seem to indicate that exposure to certain environmental chemicals, including endocrine disruptors (EDCs), is linked to perturbation of the hypothalamic-pituitary-adrenocortical (HPA) axis, which has a major role in brain development. We evaluated the effects of childhood exposure to organophosphate pesticides, phenols, and phthalate metabolites, on urinary glucocorticosteroids and the Attention Network Test (ANT) in childhood, using data from the Human Early Life Exposome (HELIX) Study. We used the parametric g-formula and marginal contrasts to estimate effects between EDCs, glucocorticosteroids, and a measure of efficiency from the ANT, the hit reaction time standard error (HRT-SE), in roughly 1,000 children aged 6-11. We further tested for possible effect modification by sex. We found positive marginal contrasts for exposure to the phenol MEPA and the phthalate metabolites oxo-MiNP, oh-MiNP, and MEHP, on HRT-SE. Multiple EDCs were also associated with positive marginal contrasts of cortisone, cortisol, and corticosterone production. Increased levels of the glucocorticosteroids had no effect on HRT-SE, although we found possible effect modification by sex for cortisone and corticosterone production. Our results suggest that multiple EDCs might interfere with the homeostasis of the HPA axis. Further research is necessary to determine whether this can have a clinically significant impact on childhood neurodevelopment.

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The prevalence of several neurodevelopmental disorders has increased in the pediatric population[1](#ref-GrandjeanLandrigan:2014), and multiple environmental pollutants play a role in the increased rates of these disorders[2](#Xd81cf38a3b251ec377f8aa13b097ea9d0c190e3). endocrine disruptors (EDCs), chemicals that are capable of interfering with the endocrine system, have been shown to have a role in childhood neurodevelopment and behavior[3](#ref-BouchardBellingerWright:2010)–[17](#ref-VilmandBeckBilenberg:2023). Although both pregnancy and early childhood are crucial stages of (neuro)development, most of the available literature is focused on the effects of prenatal exposure to EDCs on child neurodevelopment[2](#Xd81cf38a3b251ec377f8aa13b097ea9d0c190e3). Moreover, little is known about the biological mechanisms of action[2](#Xd81cf38a3b251ec377f8aa13b097ea9d0c190e3).

organophosphate pesticides (OP pesticides) might have a deleterious effect on neurodevelopment, although the few studies conducted on children and using a biological matrix for exposure assessment suffered from a series of limitations, including a small sample size and few organophosphate pesticide (OP pesticide) metabolites measured[2](#Xd81cf38a3b251ec377f8aa13b097ea9d0c190e3). Phthalates and their metabolites have been associated to several adverse effects on neurodevelopment[2](#Xd81cf38a3b251ec377f8aa13b097ea9d0c190e3). Similarly, these studies focused on few phthalates metabolites and were conducted in small populations. On the other hand, the effects of exposure to bisphenol A (BPA) on cognitive functions are still unclear[2](#Xd81cf38a3b251ec377f8aa13b097ea9d0c190e3).

There is also evidence that exposure to certain EDCs, specifically phthalates, might interfere with the hypothalamic-pituitary-adrenocortical (HPA) axis and might interact with the glucocorticoid receptor[18](#ref-KimLeeMoon:2018)–[20](#ref-SearsLiuLanphear:2023).

The HPA axis, which can be activated by stress, is responsible for the production of glucocorticosteroids. The brain, and its proper functioning, is a potential target, due to the presence of receptors for these hormones[19](#ref-SunLiJin:2018),[21](#ref-LupienMcEwenGunnar:2009). Glucocorticosteroids are necessary for brain maturation, although their under- or over-production might interfere with its normal development and ultimately lead to long-term impaired functioning[20](#ref-SearsLiuLanphear:2023),[21](#ref-LupienMcEwenGunnar:2009).

Taken together, these results suggest that the negative influence of exposure to certain EDCs on neurodevelopmental outcomes, might be mediated, at least partially, by disruption of the HPA axis’ homeostasis. In the present study, we thus estimated associations between 1) non-persistent EDCs and attention, 2) non-persistent EDCs and glucocorticosteroids, and 3) glucocorticosteroids and attention, using the parametric g-formula and marginal contrasts, in children of a large prospective birth cohort in Europe.

# Methods

## Study population and design

The Human Early-Life Exposome (HELIX) is an ongoing project which aims to characterize early-life exposures and their potential association with endogenous biomarkers and health outcomes[22](#ref-VrijheidSlamaRobinson:2014). It consists of six existing population-based birth cohort studies across Europe: BiB (Born in Bradford, UK)[23](#ref-WrightSmallRaynor:2013), EDEN (Study of determinants of pre- and postnatal developmental, France)[24](#ref-HeudeForhanSlama:2016), INMA (Environment and Childhood, Spain)[25](#ref-GuxensBallesterEspada:2012), KANC (Kaunas Cohort, Lithuania)[26](#Xd30c40380c9e99bac70b7fa3b0ada5ae8dec3e4), MoBa (The Norwegian Mother and Child Cohort Study, Norway)[27](#ref-MagnusIrgensHaug:2006), and Rhea (Mother–Child Cohort in Crete, Greece)[28](#ref-ChatziPlanaDaraki:2009), for a total of 32,000 mother-child pairs. A HELIX subcohort of 1,200 mother-child pairs was fully characterized for the external and internal exposome, including exposure and omics biomarkers during childhood. Eligibility criteria for inclusion in the HELIX subcohort included: a) age 6-11 years, with a preference for 7-9 years; b) availability of sufficient stored pregnancy blood and urine samples; c) availability of complete address history from first to last follow-up; d) no serious health problems, which might affect the results of the clinical testing. Further information can be found in[29](#ref-MaitreBontCasas:2018).

Ethical permission was obtained from the relevant authorities in the corresponding country.

## Variables

### Confounders

For each research question, defined by a specific type of exposure and outcome, the minimal set of covariates for inclusion in the analyses was selected on the basis of a directed acyclic graph (DAG) built with DAGitty[30](#ref-TextorvanderZanderGilthorpe:2016) and ggdag[31](#ref-Barrett:2023). The sets of covariates were selected to estimate the total effect of the exposure on the outcome. Further, each minimal adjustment set was *augmented* with precision covariates, defined as the set of parents variable of the outcome that are not parents of the exposure. The adjustment sets are provided in the Supplementary Material as text files compatible with DAGitty.

* For RQ1 I used creatinine values from HELIX. For RQ3 the ones from the steroids dataset. For RQ2, I included in the model both variables.

### Endocrine disrupting chemicals

Children were assessed between December 2013 and February 2016, and included neurological testing and urine collection. Urine samples of the night before and the first morning void on the day of the visit were combined to provide a more reliable exposure assessment. Non-persistent EDCs assessed in urine samples from children included phthalate metabolites, phenols, and organophosphate (OP) pesticide metabolites. A list of the environmental chemicals determined in urine samples and used for the present study is given in [Table S4](#supptbl-info-chems). Briefly, we analyzed a total of 7 phenols (bisphenol A (bpa), ethyl-paraben (etpa), methyl-paraben (mepa), n‑butyl‑paraben (bupa), oxybenzone (oxbe), propyl-paraben (prpa), triclosan (trcs)), 6 non-specific organophosphate pesticide metabolites (diethyl dithiophosphate (dedtp), diethyl phosphate (dep), diethyl thiophosphate (detp), dimethyl dithiophosphate (dmdtp), dimethyl phosphate (dmp), dimethyl thiophosphate (dmtp)), and 10 phthalate metabolites (mono benzyl phthalate (mbzp), monoethyl phthalate (mep), mono‑2‑ethyl 5‑carboxypentyl phthalate (mecpp), mono‑2‑ethylhexyl phthalate (mehp), mono‑2‑ethyl‑5‑hydroxyhexyl phthalate (mehhp), mono‑2‑ethyl‑5‑oxohexyl phthalate (meohp), mono‑4‑methyl‑7‑hydroxyoctyl phthalate (ohminp), mono‑4‑methyl‑7‑oxooctyl phthalate (oxominp), mono‑iso‑butyl phthalate (mibp), mono‑n‑butyl phthalate (mnbp)) originating from 6 distinct phthalate parent compounds. The laboratory protocols for the analysis are described elsewhere[32](#ref-HaugSakhiCequier:2018).

### Glucocorticosteroids

Urine samples of the night before the day of the visit were used to measure levels of the glucocorticosteroids. These included glucocorticosteroids, glucocorticosteroid metabolites, glucocorticosteroid precursors, glucocorticosteroid precursor metabolites, androgens, and androgen metabolites. A list of the glucocorticosteroids determined in urine samples and used for the present study is given in [Table S5](#supptbl-info-mets).

To assess the levels of glucocorticosteroids and their metabolites, LC-MS/MS analysis was applied at the Applied Metabolomics Research Group, IMIM (Hospital del Mar Medical Research Institute). The laboratory protocols for the analysis are described elsewhere[33](#ref-MarcosRenauCasals:2014),[34](#ref-Gomez-GomezPozo:2020). Of the 1,004 urine samples, 980 children were matched to the HELIX subcohort.

Three additional markers, total cortisol production, total cortisone production, and total corticosterone production, were computed based on the following: cortisol production as the sum of cortisol and its metabolites (20α-dihydrocortisol (20aDHF), 20β-dihydrocortisol (20bDHF), 5α,20α-cortol (5a20acortol), 5α,20β-cortol (5a20bcortol), 5α-tetrahydrocortisol (5aTHF), 5β,20α-cortol (5b20acortol), 5β,20β-cortol (5b20bcortol), 5β-dihydrocortisol (5bDHF), 5β-tetrahydrocortisol (5bTHF), 6β-hydroxycortisol (6OHF)), cortisone production as the sum of cortisone and its metabolites (20α-dihydrocortisone (20aDHE), 20β-dihydrocortisone (20bDHE), 5α-tetrahydrocortisone (5aTHE), 5β,20α-cortolone (5b20acortolone), 5β,20β-cortolone (5b20bcortolone), 5β-tetrahydrocortisone (5bTHE), 6β-hydroxycortisone (6OHE)), and corticosterone production as the sum of 11-dehydrocorticosterone (A), 17-deoxycortolone (17-DO-cortolone), 5α-tetrahydrocorticosterone (5aTHB), 5β-tetrahydrocorticosterone (5bTHB).

### Neurodevelopment

Neurodevelopmental outcomes were assessed with standardized, non-linguistic, and culturally blind computer tests, including the Attention Network Test (ANT)[35](#ref-RuedaFanMcCandliss:2004). Further information can be found in[29](#ref-MaitreBontCasas:2018). Briefly, it is a computerized test that provides a measure of efficiency in three different functions of attention: alerting, orienting, and executive attention. The outcome of interest for the present study is the hit reaction time standard error (HRT-SE)[36](#ref-SunyerEsnaolaAlvarez-Pedrerol:2015), a measure of response speed consistency throughout the test. A high HRT-SE indicates highly variable reactions, and is considered a measure of inattentiveness.

## Statistical methods

### Data pre-processing

Concentrations of the glucocorticosteroids were classified as quantifiable, below the limit of quantification (LOQ), possible interference or out of range, and not detected. For each metabolite, we computed the fraction of values below the LOQ and not detected, both within each cohort and overall. We proceeded to impute these values using half the value of the corresponding lower limit of quantification (LLOQ), for those metabolites that had less than 30% of missings within each cohort and 20% of missings overall. Information about the LLOQ for the glucocorticosteroids is provided in [Table S6](#supptbl-lloq-mets). The remaining missing values were imputed using kNN from the VIM R package[37](#ref-KowarikTempl:2016), for those metabolites that had less than 40% of remaining missings within each cohort and 30% of remaining missings overall. We used 5 nearest neighbors. We natural log-transformed them to improve model fit, assessed with posterior predictive checks. To do so, replicated data were simulated with the fitted models and compared to the observed data. We used the check\_predictions function from the performance R package using the default arguments[38](#ref-LudeckeBen-ShacharPatil:2021). Values of cortisol production and cortisone production were expressed in nanograms per millilitre, whereas values of cortisol metabolism and 11bHSD activity were unitless.

Concentrations of the non-persistent EDCs were classified as quantifiable, below the limit of detection (LOD), possible interference or out of range, and not analysed. Concentrations below the LOD were singly imputed using a quantile regression approach for the imputation of left-censored missing data, as implemented in the impute.QRILC function from the imputeLCMD R package[39](#ref-lazar2015imputelcmd). Information about the lower limits of detection can be found in[32](#ref-HaugSakhiCequier:2018). Chemicals with more than 70% of observations below the LOD were not considered in the present study. Remaining missing values were imputed similarly using kNN. Values of the chemicals were expressed in grams per litre.

Missing values in the clinical outcome were imputed similarly using kNN. Similarly, we natural log-transformed them to improve model fit, assessed with posterior predictive checks. Values of the clinical outcome were expressed in milliseconds (ms).

Missing values in the covariates were imputed similarly using kNN. Categorical covariates were imputed using the maxCat function, which chooses the level with the most occurrences. Creatinine values were expressed in grams per litre.

### Estimation of balancing weights

Stabilized balancing weights were estimated using the energy method available in the WeightIt R package[40](#ref-Greifer:2023). This methods estimates weights by minimizing an energy statistic related to covariate balance[41](#ref-HulingGreiferChen:2023), thus avoiding the need to specify a parametric model. Weights below the 0.1 and above the 0.9 quantiles were trimmed. Trimming might lead to decreased covariate balance and potentially change the estimand, but can also decrease the variability of the weights. Covariate balance was assessed using functionalities provided by the cobalt R package[42](#ref-Greifer:2023a). Specifically, we used *Love* plots to visualize covariate balance before and after adjusting.

### G-computation

We estimated marginal contrasts with the parametric g-formula, a method of standardization. The parametric g-formula involves the following steps: 1) fit a outcome model including both covariates and balancing weights; 2) create two new datasets identical to the original one but with the exposure shifted according to a user-specified intervention set by a deterministic function of the observed exposure levels; 3) use the outcome model to compute adjusted predictions in the two counterfactual datasets; 4) compute the difference between the means of the adjusted predictions in the counterfactual datasets. The causal parameter of interest was thus specified as the difference in the expected counterfactual outcomes under the shifted exposure levels . In order for this parameter to be identified, the usual causal identifiability conditions (no unmeasured confounding, positivity, and consistency) are required. Since these conditions are likely not satisfied, we focused on the estimation of a statistical estimand that is as close as possible to the causal parameter of interest.

We fit the outcome model using the glm function and a Gaussian family with identity link from base R. The exposure variable was modeled using natural cubic splines with 3 degrees of freedom, to more flexibly capture the average dose-response function (ADRF). When the outcome was a ratio, as was the case for cortisol metabolism and 11bHSD activity, we included the logarithm of its denominator, cortisol and cortisol production, respectively, as a control variable[43](#ref-BartlettPartnoy:2020).

To estimate the marginal contrasts, we used the avg\_comparisons function from the marginaleffects R package[44](#ref-Arel-Bundock:2023). The two counterfactual datasets were obtained by setting the exposures levels to 90th percentile () and the 10th percentile (), for each cohort separately. The marginal contrasts were computed using the estimated balancing weights above. Robust standard errors were computed with the sandwich R package, using cohort as variable indicating clustering of observations[45](#ref-Zeileis:2004),[46](#ref-ZeileisKollGraham:2020). For each outcome, we report the results as differences between marginal contrasts.

We further estimated the ADRF using the avg\_predictions function from the marginaleffects R package, examining 50 exposure values from the 10th to the 90th percentiles of the exposure. As done for the marginal contrasts, we included the estimated balancing weights and used cohort as a clustering variable when computing robust standard errors.

### Effect-modification analysis

We tested for possible effect-modification by sex. To do so, balancing weights were estimated separately for each level of the sex variable, and an interaction term between the exposure and sex was included in the outcome model. Similarly, the marginal contrasts were aggregated separately for each level of sex. We further tested for significance of the difference between the marginal contrasts of males and females.

# Results

## Participants

In total, 1,297 children were included in the dataset. Of these, 976 had information also about the glucocorticosteroids. The sample consisted of 55% girls. The median HRT-SE was 300 ms (interquartile range (IQR), 231-368), with lower median values for EDEN, MOBA, and SAB, corresponding to the cohorts with older children. At the time of visit, the median age of the children was 8.06 years. The children were mostly Caucasian (90%) or Pakistani (6.2%). [Table 1](#tbl-pop-desc) provides descriptive statistics for the outcome and covariates, by cohort and overall. Codebooks for the used covariates, by research question, are provided in [Table S1](#supptbl-codebook-1), [Table S2](#supptbl-codebook-2), and [Table S3](#supptbl-codebook-3).

## Descriptive data

Levels of unprocessed non-persistent EDCs and glucocorticosteroids, by cohort and overall, are presented in [Table 2](#tbl-edc-desc), [Table 3](#tbl-met-desc), and [Table 4](#tbl-met-new-desc).

## Main results

The effective sample sizes before and after balancing weights estimation are presented in Tables [7](#supptbl-balance-1), [8](#supptbl-balance-2), [9](#supptbl-balance-3), while basic summary statistics of the estimated balancing weights are presented in Tables [10](#supptbl-weights-1), [11](#supptbl-weights-2), [12](#supptbl-weights-3). As expected, the median value of the weights for each exposure was close to .

[Figure 1](#fig-marginal-1) presents the forest plot for the marginal contrasts of the non-persistent EDCs on HRT-SE. Overall, a cohort-specific increase in the levels of the exposures from the 10th to the 90th percentiles was associated with a positive marginal contrast, indicating an increase in the values of HRT-SE. Most of the confidence interval (CI)s included the null effect, though. Statistically significant effects were observed for the phenol MEPA (marginal contrast (MC) and CI: 0.042 (0.013, 0.071)), and the phthalate metabolites oxo-MiNP (MC and CI: 0.023 (0.003, 0.044)), oh-MiNP (MC and CI: 0.039 (0.001, 0.076)), and MEHP (MC and CI: 0.036 (0.008, 0.063)). The OP pesticide DETP was strongly negatively associated with HRT-SE (MC and CI: -0.026 (-0.054, 0.001)).

[Figure 2](#fig-marginal-2) presents the forest plot for the marginal contrasts of the non-persistent EDCs on cortisone production, cortisol production, and corticosterone production. Overall, a cohort-specific increase in the levels of the exposures from the 10th to the 90th percentiles was associated with a positive marginal contrast, indicating an increase in the total production of these metabolites, with the exception of BUPA, which was associated with negative marginal contrasts for all three outcomes, and MiBP, which was associated with a negative marginal contrast for total cortisone production only. The majority of the effects for the phenols and phthalate metabolites included the null. The phenol BPA showed the largest marginal contrasts across all three outcomes (cortisone production, MC and CI: 0.264 (0.131, 0.397); cortisol production, ; corticosterone production, ).

[Figure 3](#fig-marginal-3) presents the forest plot for the marginal contrasts of the glucocorticosteroids on HRT-SE. All marginal contrasts included the null, with no clear indication of directionality of the effect.

## Other analyses

### Effect modification by sex

Basic summary statistics of the estimated balancing weights for effect modification are presented in Tables [13](#supptbl-weights-1sa), [14](#supptbl-weights-2sa), [15](#supptbl-weights-3sa). As expected, the median value of the weights for each exposure was close to .

[Table 5](#tbl-hypothesis-1) presents the results of a hypothesis test for the difference between estimates of the marginal contrasts for females and males, for each exposure. Significant differences were present for the phenol OXBE (MC and CI: -0.032 (-0.059, -0.004)) and the phthalate metabolites MEP (MC and CI: 0.092 (0.017, 0.167)) and MbZP (MC and CI: 0.063 (0.002, 0.124)). The forest plot of the individual marginal contrasts is presented in [Figure S3](#suppfig-marginal-1sa).

[Table 6](#tbl-hypothesis-2) presents the results of a hypothesis test for the difference between estimates of the marginal contrasts for females and males, for each exposure and outcome. Significant differences were present across all three classes of EDCs and for all outcomes. The largest differences were attributable to the OP pesticides DMTP (cortisol production, MC and CI: 0.211 (0.088, 0.333)) and DETP (corticosterone production, (MC and CI: 0.233 (0.033, 0.433)); cortisone production, (MC and CI: 0.214 (0.048, 0.381))). The forest plots of the individual marginal contrasts are presented in [Figure S4](#suppfig-marginal-2sa).

[Table 7](#tbl-hypothesis-3) presents the results of a hypothesis test for the difference between estimates of the marginal contrasts for females and males, for each exposure. Significant differences were present for cortisone production (MC and CI: -0.135 (-0.241, -0.028)) and corticosterone production (MC and CI: -0.13 (-0.253, -0.006)). Furthermore, for all exposures, the marginal contrasts had opposite sign (positive for males and negative for females). The forest plot of the individual marginal contrasts is presented in [Figure S5](#suppfig-marginal-3sa).

### Sensitivity to exposure assessment

# Discussion

The impact of exposure to (non-persistent) EDCs on human health has attracted considerable research interest. While research in this area has mainly investigated the effects of prenatal exposure on child neurodevelopment[2](#Xd81cf38a3b251ec377f8aa13b097ea9d0c190e3), little is still known about later-in-life exposure and childhood neurodevelopment. In this study, consisting of almost 1,000 children from 6 European birth cohorts, we observed that short-term childhood exposure to non-persistent EDCs had negative effects on HRT-SE and total production of cortisol, cortisone, and corticosterone, with the majority of the CIs including the null effect. Increased production of these glucocorticosteroids did not seem to affect HRT-SE. Some of these effects differed for females and males, including significant differences for the effects of increased production of cortisone and corticosterone on HRT-SE. Specifically, an increased production of these glucocorticosteroids was associated with lower values of HRT-SE for females, and higher values for males. Taken together, these results suggest that these non-persistent EDCs might be responsible for perturbations of the HPA axis’ homeostasis, and that higher levels of these glucocorticosteroids might interfere with different functions of attention in a sex-specific manner.

We are not aware of prior studies specifically investigating the effects of exposure to EDCs in relation to HRT-SE. The literature on EDCs and neurodevelopment in children has mostly focused on OP pesticides [[3](#ref-BouchardBellingerWright:2010);[4](#X2a5c5c17453fffe785b7f0bcffd564283892c6c);[6](#Xa0cc0fdd8206e54b0a9b4bdcd9d2102efd24cb7); YuDuChiou:2016], phthalate metabolites[5](#ref-HuangChenSu:2015),[9](#ref-HuangTsaiChen:2017),[10](#ref-KimHongShin:2017),[17](#ref-VilmandBeckBilenberg:2023), and BPA[7](#ref-TewarAuingerBraun:2016),[13](#ref-LiZhangKuang:2018),[14](#X71fca68020aad3c79232160399444b9923ab76e), in relation to Attention-Deficit / Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD)[3](#ref-BouchardBellingerWright:2010),[7](#ref-TewarAuingerBraun:2016),[8](#ref-YuDuChiou:2016),[13](#ref-LiZhangKuang:2018), and intelligence scales[4](#X2a5c5c17453fffe785b7f0bcffd564283892c6c)–[6](#Xa0cc0fdd8206e54b0a9b4bdcd9d2102efd24cb7),[9](#ref-HuangTsaiChen:2017),[10](#ref-KimHongShin:2017),[17](#ref-VilmandBeckBilenberg:2023). Few studies have looked into different classes of EDCs[15](#ref-ShoaffCoullWeuve:2020) in relation with the Conners Attention Deficit Scale and the Behavior Assessment System for Children,[16](#ref-OhKimKannan:2023) in relation with ADHD symptoms. Overall, and consistent with our results, these studies seem to provide further evidence of the negative effects of several EDCs on neurodevelopment in children. While not all these studies have investigated effect modification by sex, it seems that these negative effects are stronger in males. A major limitation of these studies is the reliance on spot urine samples, that might not be representative of long-term exposures.

Our results are consistent with prior research that associated exposure to certain EDCs with higher levels of cortisol[18](#ref-KimLeeMoon:2018)–[20](#ref-SearsLiuLanphear:2023). There are some differences, though. First, these studies only focus on phthalates, either as individual metabolites or as mixture. Second, exposure assessment in[19](#ref-SunLiJin:2018) and[18](#ref-KimLeeMoon:2018) was performed during gestation or the first 15 months of life, respectively. Finally, the glucocorticosteroids were measured in cord blood[19](#ref-SunLiJin:2018) and hair[20](#ref-SearsLiuLanphear:2023). Contrary to these studies, we did find effect modification by sex. We are not aware of other epidemiological studies investigating phthalates metabolites, phenols, and OP pesticides, in relation to urinary glucocorticosteroids in childhood.

We are also not aware of prior studies specifically investigating the effects of elevated levels of glucocorticosteroids in relation to HRT-SE, although there is evidence that under- or over-production of glucocorticosteroids interfere with the normal development of the brain[21](#ref-LupienMcEwenGunnar:2009). While we did find sex-specific evidence of an effect, their clinical relevance is questionable.

These findings should be interpreted in light of the following limitations and strengths.

Limitations include the cross-sectional design of the present study. Importantly, the non-persistent EDCs were measured in a pool of night and morning urine samples before the clinical visit, whereas the glucocorticosteroids were measured in the night urine sample only. Although we included a wide range of confounders there is the possibility, as with other observational studies, of residual confounding, which might lead to a bias away from the null. Some of the confounders indicated in the adjustment sets had to be remove due to large fractions of missing values. There is further the possibility of misspecification of the outcome model, although we included a spline of the exposure to relax some of the linearity assumptions. The use of more data-adaptive learners was excluded due to the relatively small sample size. We finally acknowledge the possibility that some of chemicals might not act independently (mixture effect). Further research is thus warranted.

Strengths of the present study include the use of pooled urine samples for chemical assessment, since it is known that these specific EDCs have very short half-lives[47](#ref-CasasBasaganaSakhi:2018). We decided to model both the *treatment* mechanisms, for the estimation of balancing weights, and the outcomes, with traditional covariates adjustment, to try to obtain *doubly robust* effect estimates. Finally, we decided not to interpret our results by focusing on the estimated coefficients of the regression models, but by making use of the g-computation procedure and estimate marginal contrasts.

In conclusion, in a study of almost 1,000 children from 6 European birth cohorts, we observed that (i) exposure to non-persistent EDCs in childhood might have short-term effects on HRT-SE in childhood, (ii) exposure to non-persistent EDCs in childhood might disrupt the HPA axis in childhood, and (iii) disruption of the HPA axis in childhood might have short-term, sex-specific effects on HRT-SE. Future studies should investigate how glucocorticosteroids might mediate the adverse effects of exposure to EDCs on childhood neurodevelopment in larger populations.

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# Tables for descriptive data

## Study populations

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| Table 1: **Participant characteristics, by cohort and overall (HELIX Study; 2013-2016).**   | **Characteristic** | **Overall**, N = 1,297*a* | **BIB**, N = 204*a* | **EDEN**, N = 198*a* | **KANC**, N = 203*a* | **MOBA**, N = 272*a* | **RHEA**, N = 199*a* | **SAB**, N = 221*a* | | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | | Hit reaction time standard error (ms) | 300 (231, 368) | 355 (292, 398) | 238 (185, 307) | 368 (324, 407) | 249 (193, 301) | 341 (281, 399) | 256 (197, 314) | | Unknown | 18 | 3 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 3 | | Age of the child at clinical assessment (years) | 8.06 (6.50, 8.93) | 6.61 (6.45, 6.80) | 10.86 (10.41, 11.23) | 6.40 (6.13, 6.85) | 8.46 (8.17, 8.76) | 6.47 (6.36, 6.62) | 8.82 (8.43, 9.25) | | Child breastfeeding | 1,093 (85%) | 147 (72%) | 128 (65%) | 187 (93%) | 260 (96%) | 176 (88%) | 195 (89%) | | Unknown | 6 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 0 | 1 | | Height of the child (m) | 1.28 (1.21, 1.36) | 1.19 (1.17, 1.23) | 1.44 (1.39, 1.49) | 1.21 (1.18, 1.26) | 1.34 (1.30, 1.38) | 1.20 (1.17, 1.24) | 1.34 (1.30, 1.37) | | Weight of the child (kg) | 27 (23, 33) | 22 (20, 25) | 36 (32, 41) | 24 (21, 27) | 29 (26, 32) | 23 (21, 27) | 31 (27, 37) | | Head circumference of the child (cm) | 51.75 (50.56, 52.90) | 51.40 (50.34, 52.32) | 50.50 (49.50, 52.00) | 52.00 (51.00, 53.00) | 52.45 (51.55, 53.56) | 51.18 (50.19, 52.01) | 52.30 (51.30, 53.25) | | Unknown | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | | Visits a fast food restaurant/take away (times / week) | 0.13 (0.13, 0.50) | 0.50 (0.13, 1.00) | 0.13 (0.13, 0.50) | 0.13 (0.00, 0.13) | 0.13 (0.13, 0.50) | 0.50 (0.13, 0.50) | 0.13 (0.13, 0.50) | | Unknown | 7 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 5 | | Eats organic food (times / week) | 0.50 (0.00, 3.00) | 0.00 (0.00, 0.50) | 0.50 (0.13, 3.00) | 1.00 (0.13, 3.00) | 1.00 (0.50, 3.00) | 0.00 (0.00, 1.00) | 0.00 (0.00, 0.50) | | Unknown | 7 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 5 | | Food group: fish and seafood (times / week) | 2.00 (1.13, 3.53) | 2.00 (1.00, 3.13) | 2.13 (1.39, 3.00) | 1.00 (0.39, 1.63) | 2.63 (1.63, 5.00) | 1.50 (1.00, 2.00) | 3.50 (2.13, 5.00) | | Unknown | 5 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 2 | | Food group: fruits (times / week) | 9 (6, 18) | 16 (10, 21) | 7 (3, 14) | 7 (4, 10) | 14 (9, 21) | 9 (6, 14) | 8 (4, 13) | | Unknown | 7 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 2 | | Food group: vegetables (times / week) | 7 (4, 10) | 6 (4, 10) | 8 (4, 11) | 6 (4, 9) | 9 (6, 14) | 7 (4, 10) | 6 (3, 9) | | Unknown | 6 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 1 | 0 | 2 | | Which of the following best describes your consumption of tobacco? |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | | Non-smoker and has never smoked | 681 (53%) | 148 (73%) | 87 (44%) | 104 (52%) | 138 (51%) | 101 (51%) | 103 (47%) | | Non-smoker but previously smoked although not daily | 163 (13%) | 12 (5.9%) | 19 (9.6%) | 32 (16%) | 63 (23%) | 14 (7.0%) | 23 (10%) | | Non-smoker but previously smoked daily | 186 (14%) | 11 (5.4%) | 37 (19%) | 21 (10%) | 53 (19%) | 22 (11%) | 42 (19%) | | Smoker but not daily | 64 (4.9%) | 6 (2.9%) | 10 (5.1%) | 20 (10.0%) | 12 (4.4%) | 9 (4.5%) | 7 (3.2%) | | Daily smoker | 200 (15%) | 27 (13%) | 45 (23%) | 24 (12%) | 6 (2.2%) | 53 (27%) | 45 (20%) | | Unknown | 3 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | | Creatinine in child in pooled sample (g / l) | 1.02 (0.79, 1.24) | 1.02 (0.79, 1.24) | 1.22 (1.00, 1.50) | 0.90 (0.68, 1.13) | 0.90 (0.72, 1.13) | 0.90 (0.70, 1.13) | 1.02 (0.79, 1.26) | | Mood of the child in the last few days before assessment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | | Usual | 1,232 (95%) | 198 (97%) | 176 (89%) | 187 (92%) | 262 (96%) | 195 (98%) | 214 (97%) | | Not usual | 64 (4.9%) | 6 (2.9%) | 21 (11%) | 16 (7.9%) | 10 (3.7%) | 4 (2.0%) | 7 (3.2%) | | Unknown | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | Child rested the night before assessment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | | Yes | 1,209 (93%) | 192 (94%) | 170 (86%) | 200 (99%) | 259 (95%) | 182 (91%) | 206 (93%) | | Not as well as usual | 87 (6.7%) | 12 (5.9%) | 27 (14%) | 3 (1.5%) | 13 (4.8%) | 17 (8.5%) | 15 (6.8%) | | Unknown | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | Which is the ethnicity of the child? |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | | African | 7 (0.5%) | 7 (3.4%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | | Asian | 21 (1.6%) | 13 (6.4%) | 1 (0.5%) | 0 (0%) | 7 (2.6%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | | Caucasian | 1,157 (90%) | 87 (43%) | 196 (99%) | 200 (100%) | 254 (96%) | 199 (100%) | 221 (100%) | | Native American | 2 (0.2%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 2 (0.8%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | | Other | 19 (1.5%) | 17 (8.3%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 2 (0.8%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | | Pakistani | 80 (6.2%) | 80 (39%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | | White non European | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | | Unknown | 11 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 7 | 0 | 0 | | Family affluence scale continuous |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | | 0 | 6 (0.5%) | 2 (1.0%) | 0 (0%) | 1 (0.5%) | 0 (0%) | 2 (1.0%) | 1 (0.5%) | | 1 | 12 (0.9%) | 4 (2.0%) | 0 (0%) | 4 (2.0%) | 1 (0.4%) | 1 (0.5%) | 2 (0.9%) | | 2 | 28 (2.2%) | 16 (7.8%) | 0 (0%) | 4 (2.0%) | 0 (0%) | 7 (3.5%) | 1 (0.5%) | | 3 | 92 (7.1%) | 34 (17%) | 2 (1.0%) | 22 (11%) | 3 (1.1%) | 20 (10%) | 11 (5.0%) | | 4 | 174 (13%) | 40 (20%) | 13 (6.6%) | 38 (19%) | 16 (5.9%) | 45 (23%) | 22 (10%) | | 5 | 325 (25%) | 48 (24%) | 29 (15%) | 69 (34%) | 57 (21%) | 57 (29%) | 65 (30%) | | 6 | 410 (32%) | 34 (17%) | 64 (32%) | 50 (25%) | 142 (52%) | 45 (23%) | 75 (34%) | | 7 | 248 (19%) | 26 (13%) | 90 (45%) | 14 (6.9%) | 53 (19%) | 22 (11%) | 43 (20%) | | Unknown | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | | How well would you say your family is managing financially these days? |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | | Living comfortably | 412 (32%) | 59 (29%) | 49 (25%) | 48 (24%) | 202 (74%) | 25 (13%) | 29 (13%) | | Doing alright | 414 (32%) | 73 (36%) | 94 (47%) | 61 (31%) | 64 (24%) | 58 (29%) | 64 (29%) | | Getting by | 331 (26%) | 59 (29%) | 36 (18%) | 70 (35%) | 4 (1.5%) | 80 (40%) | 82 (37%) | | Finding it quite difficult | 86 (6.7%) | 8 (3.9%) | 9 (4.5%) | 12 (6.0%) | 1 (0.4%) | 27 (14%) | 29 (13%) | | Finding it very difficult | 40 (3.1%) | 5 (2.5%) | 10 (5.1%) | 2 (1.0%) | 0 (0%) | 8 (4.0%) | 15 (6.8%) | | Does not wish to answer | 8 (0.6%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | 7 (3.5%) | 1 (0.4%) | 0 (0%) | 0 (0%) | | Unknown | 6 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 1 | 2 | | Marital status |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | | Living with the father | 39 (3.0%) | 0 (0%) | 2 (1.0%) | 31 (16%) | 3 (1.1%) | 3 (1.5%) | 0 (0%) | | Living alone | 1,212 (95%) | 178 (87%) | 193 (98%) | 168 (84%) | 260 (98%) | 194 (98%) | 219 (99%) | | Other situation | 31 (2.4%) | 26 (13%) | 2 (1.0%) | 0 (0%) | 1 (0.4%) | 0 (0%) | 2 (0.9%) | | Unknown | 15 | 0 | 1 | 4 | 8 | 2 | 0 | | Maternal active smoking during pregnancy | 190 (15%) | 25 (14%) | 47 (24%) | 12 (6.0%) | 9 (3.4%) | 42 (21%) | 55 (25%) | | Unknown | 40 | 22 | 0 | 4 | 11 | 1 | 2 | | Maternal passive smoking during pregnancy | 514 (40%) | 55 (28%) | 43 (22%) | 97 (49%) | 14 (5.3%) | 179 (90%) | 126 (58%) | | Unknown | 21 | 4 | 1 | 4 | 8 | 1 | 3 | | Any previous child neuropsychological diagnosis? | 95 (7.3%) | 3 (1.5%) | 58 (29%) | 1 (0.5%) | 1 (0.4%) | 8 (4.0%) | 24 (11%) | | Date of test (season) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | | autumn | 300 (23%) | 49 (24%) | 1 (0.5%) | 77 (38%) | 105 (39%) | 38 (19%) | 30 (14%) | | spring | 358 (28%) | 48 (24%) | 64 (32%) | 61 (30%) | 37 (14%) | 77 (39%) | 71 (32%) | | summer | 297 (23%) | 67 (33%) | 72 (36%) | 27 (13%) | 57 (21%) | 53 (27%) | 21 (9.6%) | | winter | 339 (26%) | 40 (20%) | 61 (31%) | 38 (19%) | 73 (27%) | 30 (15%) | 97 (44%) | | Unknown | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | | Child’s sex |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | | Male | 587 (45%) | 92 (45%) | 85 (43%) | 92 (45%) | 129 (47%) | 88 (44%) | 101 (46%) | | Female | 710 (55%) | 112 (55%) | 113 (57%) | 111 (55%) | 143 (53%) | 111 (56%) | 120 (54%) | | Imputed difference between blood time extraction and last meal time | 3.33 (2.80, 4.00) | 3.33 (2.75, 4.10) | 3.17 (2.80, 3.67) | 3.33 (2.83, 3.83) | 3.38 (2.83, 3.84) | 4.00 (3.29, 4.75) | 3.00 (2.58, 3.75) | | Creatinine in child in night sample (g / l) | 1.69 (0.88, 2.96) | 0.81 (0.57, 1.11) | 3.33 (1.98, 4.32) | 1.68 (0.95, 2.69) | 2.01 (1.19, 3.05) | 0.76 (0.40, 1.31) | 2.47 (1.52, 3.81) | | Unknown | 321 | 72 | 64 | 23 | 72 | 71 | 19 | | *a*Median (IQR); n (%) | | | | | | | | |

## Endocrine disruptors

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Table 2: **Participants endocrine disruptors concentrations, by cohort and overall (HELIX Study; 2013-2016).**   | **Characteristic** | **Overall**, N = 976*a* | **BIB**, N = 132*a* | **EDEN**, N = 134*a* | **KANC**, N = 180*a* | **MOBA**, N = 200*a* | **RHEA**, N = 128*a* | **SAB**, N = 202*a* | | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | | **OP pesticide metabolites** | | | | | | | | | dmp | 0.4 (0.3, 4.4) | 0.3 (0.3, 3.3) | 0.4 (0.3, 6.2) | 0.3 (0.3, 2.3) | 1.4 (0.3, 4.4) | 2.1 (0.3, 5.7) | 0.4 (0.3, 5.8) | | Unknown | 4 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | dmtp | 2.8 (1.2, 6.2) | 2.1 (0.9, 5.2) | 4.0 (1.4, 8.9) | 2.5 (0.9, 4.6) | 2.3 (0.9, 5.0) | 3.2 (1.6, 6.4) | 3.4 (1.6, 7.9) | | Unknown | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | dep | 1.5 (0.3, 4.1) | 3.2 (0.9, 8.9) | 1.7 (0.1, 3.4) | 0.7 (0.1, 2.1) | 1.6 (0.4, 4.8) | 1.5 (0.4, 5.5) | 1.6 (0.6, 3.6) | | Unknown | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | | detp | 0.12 (0.10, 1.52) | 0.12 (0.10, 1.27) | 0.13 (0.10, 1.74) | 0.12 (0.09, 0.35) | 0.12 (0.10, 1.26) | 0.63 (0.11, 3.05) | 0.13 (0.10, 1.96) | | Unknown | 14 | 4 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 0 | | **Phenols** | | | | | | | | | mepa | 6 (3, 25) | 10 (4, 59) | 6 (3, 22) | 7 (3, 31) | 3 (2, 7) | 5 (2, 9) | 14 (5, 63) | | Unknown | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | | etpa | 0.66 (0.40, 1.23) | 0.72 (0.39, 1.30) | 0.71 (0.49, 1.03) | 0.65 (0.34, 1.46) | 0.60 (0.39, 1.07) | 0.54 (0.30, 1.03) | 0.78 (0.45, 1.54) | | Unknown | 2 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | | prpa | 0 (0, 2) | 1 (0, 6) | 0 (0, 0) | 0 (0, 1) | 0 (0, 0) | 0 (0, 1) | 1 (0, 8) | | Unknown | 11 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 1 | 2 | | bpa | 4 (2, 7) | 5 (2, 10) | 3 (2, 4) | 3 (2, 6) | 4 (3, 8) | 4 (2, 7) | 4 (2, 7) | | Unknown | 8 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 0 | 3 | | bupa | 0.08 (0.05, 0.14) | 0.06 (0.04, 0.10) | 0.05 (0.03, 0.07) | 0.09 (0.06, 0.19) | 0.08 (0.06, 0.13) | 0.07 (0.04, 0.14) | 0.10 (0.06, 0.23) | | Unknown | 4 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | | oxbe | 2 (1, 6) | 4 (1, 12) | 1 (0, 2) | 2 (1, 6) | 3 (1, 7) | 2 (1, 9) | 2 (1, 6) | | trcs | 0.6 (0.3, 1.5) | 1.1 (0.6, 2.8) | 0.7 (0.4, 1.3) | 0.7 (0.4, 1.5) | 0.2 (0.1, 0.4) | 0.4 (0.2, 0.8) | 1.0 (0.4, 2.4) | | **Phthalate metabolites** | | | | | | | | | mep | 33 (15, 76) | 44 (19, 114) | 46 (24, 89) | 27 (14, 55) | 13 (8, 21) | 27 (13, 54) | 91 (42, 169) | | mibp | 38 (23, 66) | 63 (38, 104) | 44 (27, 70) | 71 (42, 116) | 21 (13, 34) | 41 (29, 61) | 28 (18, 44) | | mnbp | 22 (14, 38) | 24 (16, 45) | 19 (13, 30) | 41 (26, 62) | 20 (14, 32) | 23 (13, 38) | 15 (10, 23) | | mbzp | 5 (3, 9) | 3 (1, 5) | 7 (5, 12) | 6 (3, 11) | 4 (2, 6) | 5 (3, 9) | 5 (3, 9) | | mehp | 2.8 (1.5, 5.0) | 3.2 (1.6, 5.9) | 2.2 (1.2, 3.8) | 3.2 (1.8, 4.8) | 1.7 (1.1, 2.7) | 4.7 (2.6, 7.6) | 3.4 (2.0, 6.0) | | Unknown | 32 | 5 | 3 | 5 | 16 | 3 | 0 | | mehhp | 19 (12, 32) | 22 (13, 38) | 13 (9, 21) | 26 (17, 38) | 11 (7, 17) | 33 (18, 57) | 21 (14, 37) | | Unknown | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | | meohp | 12 (7, 20) | 14 (8, 25) | 8 (5, 13) | 17 (11, 26) | 7 (4, 10) | 20 (12, 35) | 13 (9, 21) | | Unknown | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | | mecpp | 33 (20, 57) | 41 (23, 66) | 22 (15, 32) | 46 (33, 74) | 20 (14, 31) | 60 (30, 96) | 35 (24, 61) | | ohminp | 5 (3, 9) | 8 (4, 14) | 5 (3, 9) | 5 (3, 8) | 5 (3, 8) | 5 (3, 9) | 5 (3, 10) | | oxominp | 2.8 (1.7, 5.0) | 3.2 (1.9, 5.8) | 2.5 (1.5, 4.2) | 2.5 (1.5, 4.5) | 2.1 (1.3, 3.9) | 3.4 (2.1, 6.4) | 3.1 (2.1, 5.3) | | *a*Median (IQR) | | | | | | | | |

## Glucocorticosteroids

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Table 3: **Participants glucocorticosteroids concentrations, by cohort and overall (HELIX Study; 2013-2016).**   | **Characteristic** | **Overall**, N = 976*a* | **BIB**, N = 132*a* | **EDEN**, N = 134*a* | **KANC**, N = 180*a* | **MOBA**, N = 200*a* | **RHEA**, N = 128*a* | **SAB**, N = 202*a* | | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | | **Glucocorticosteroid** | | | | | | | | | F | 5.4 (3.1, 9.3) | 6.3 (3.9, 10.3) | 7.8 (4.2, 11.2) | 4.9 (2.7, 8.2) | 5.2 (3.0, 9.1) | 6.2 (3.4, 13.1) | 4.5 (2.8, 7.1) | | Unknown | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | | A | 4 (2, 8) | 5 (3, 9) | 5 (3, 9) | 4 (2, 7) | 4 (3, 8) | 6 (4, 15) | 3 (2, 6) | | Unknown | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | | **Glucocorticosteroid metabolite** | | | | | | | | | 20aDHF | 7 (3, 13) | 7 (4, 14) | 10 (6, 19) | 5 (2, 11) | 7 (4, 14) | 7 (3, 14) | 5 (3, 10) | | Unknown | 7 | 4 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 20bDHF | 15 (9, 25) | 17 (11, 26) | 20 (12, 32) | 14 (9, 25) | 14 (8, 24) | 14 (8, 28) | 13 (8, 18) | | 5bDHF | 1.37 (0.90, 2.02) | 1.35 (0.92, 2.06) | 1.84 (1.26, 2.55) | 1.47 (1.08, 1.92) | 1.06 (0.59, 1.71) | 1.49 (1.02, 2.13) | 1.10 (0.62, 1.79) | | Unknown | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | | 5aTHF | 2,845 (1,660, 4,350) | 3,368 (2,216, 5,272) | 3,453 (1,842, 5,224) | 2,907 (1,656, 4,621) | 2,283 (1,260, 3,455) | 3,002 (1,652, 4,614) | 2,719 (1,548, 3,749) | | 5bTHF | 904 (543, 1,405) | 1,131 (656, 1,603) | 1,212 (723, 1,565) | 754 (389, 1,259) | 860 (493, 1,261) | 882 (565, 1,441) | 883 (542, 1,195) | | Unknown | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 6OHF | 42 (22, 76) | 52 (30, 92) | 55 (29, 79) | 37 (20, 69) | 46 (28, 83) | 42 (21, 93) | 32 (18, 53) | | 5a20acortol | 88 (52, 140) | 106 (57, 174) | 102 (57, 151) | 85 (47, 146) | 89 (54, 138) | 72 (47, 130) | 83 (46, 118) | | Unknown | 8 | 8 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 5a20bcortol | 122 (70, 184) | 133 (67, 176) | 147 (107, 223) | 115 (63, 189) | 115 (68, 173) | 105 (73, 175) | 123 (69, 179) | | Unknown | 5 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 5b20acortol | 147 (83, 223) | 178 (98, 297) | 169 (90, 251) | 143 (80, 230) | 144 (87, 204) | 138 (80, 220) | 140 (76, 187) | | Unknown | 10 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 5b20bcortol | 192 (118, 300) | 243 (153, 357) | 224 (141, 357) | 156 (88, 270) | 186 (115, 269) | 178 (114, 302) | 198 (129, 288) | | Unknown | 3 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 11OHAndros | 227 (128, 380) | 245 (141, 347) | 404 (221, 616) | 163 (81, 298) | 254 (152, 408) | 165 (96, 304) | 249 (141, 350) | | Unknown | 3 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 20aDHE | 16 (10, 27) | 14 (7, 26) | 25 (15, 37) | 15 (8, 26) | 17 (12, 26) | 15 (9, 28) | 16 (10, 23) | | Unknown | 11 | 7 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 20bDHE | 9 (6, 14) | 9 (5, 14) | 13 (10, 17) | 9 (5, 14) | 9 (6, 14) | 9 (5, 15) | 9 (7, 12) | | Unknown | 16 | 13 | 0 | 3 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 5aTHE | 73 (39, 123) | 80 (52, 136) | 84 (41, 133) | 71 (40, 122) | 65 (36, 104) | 108 (51, 183) | 61 (32, 97) | | Unknown | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | | 5bTHE | 3,112 (1,868, 4,672) | 3,553 (2,323, 4,791) | 3,591 (2,235, 5,287) | 2,755 (1,448, 3,989) | 3,070 (1,785, 4,638) | 3,542 (2,010, 5,901) | 2,880 (1,605, 4,011) | | 6OHE | 12 (6, 18) | 13 (8, 21) | 12 (6, 17) | 13 (7, 20) | 11 (6, 18) | 14 (9, 24) | 9 (5, 14) | | 5b20acortolone | 641 (364, 969) | 637 (377, 1,008) | 877 (566, 1,277) | 518 (261, 870) | 581 (318, 902) | 629 (401, 962) | 654 (397, 888) | | 5b20bcortolone | 545 (335, 829) | 561 (334, 889) | 677 (452, 995) | 505 (272, 769) | 496 (289, 761) | 563 (328, 881) | 531 (367, 780) | | 5aTHB | 132 (75, 222) | 158 (104, 247) | 144 (88, 255) | 148 (83, 246) | 106 (61, 185) | 140 (75, 260) | 116 (73, 172) | | 5bTHB | 49 (28, 82) | 54 (28, 100) | 60 (34, 92) | 44 (28, 90) | 40 (25, 66) | 53 (28, 77) | 50 (29, 74) | | Unknown | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | **Glucocorticosteroid precursor** | | | | | | | | | S | 0.45 (0.26, 0.76) | 0.52 (0.29, 0.94) | 0.42 (0.25, 0.73) | 0.32 (0.22, 0.47) | 0.44 (0.25, 0.67) | 0.45 (0.22, 0.77) | 0.58 (0.37, 0.94) | | Unknown | 94 | 6 | 5 | 9 | 51 | 11 | 12 | | **Glucocorticosteroid precursor metabolite** | | | | | | | | | 17HP | 22 (15, 33) | 17 (11, 27) | 33 (24, 44) | 20 (11, 33) | 23 (17, 31) | 22 (16, 32) | 20 (13, 32) | | Unknown | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | | PT | 201 (114, 342) | 150 (87, 239) | 373 (230, 539) | 142 (82, 274) | 176 (113, 283) | 189 (105, 306) | 252 (149, 403) | | **Androgen** | | | | | | | | | T | 0.53 (0.31, 0.95) | 0.66 (0.54, 0.92) | 1.00 (0.49, 1.86) | 0.35 (0.18, 0.57) | 0.41 (0.28, 0.74) | 0.38 (0.26, 0.69) | 0.57 (0.31, 1.01) | | Unknown | 75 | 0 | 5 | 29 | 24 | 14 | 3 | | AED | 0.23 (0.17, 0.35) | 0.23 (0.21, 0.26) | 0.34 (0.19, 0.54) | 0.18 (0.14, 0.26) | 0.19 (0.14, 0.27) | 0.20 (0.15, 1.05) | 0.22 (0.15, 0.39) | | Unknown | 406 | 0 | 34 | 117 | 106 | 77 | 72 | | **Androgen metabolite** | | | | | | | | | Andros | 184 (78, 392) | 140 (70, 255) | 550 (297, 971) | 98 (40, 227) | 135 (63, 293) | 110 (62, 226) | 295 (131, 508) | | Unknown | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | Etio | 111 (51, 237) | 73 (30, 138) | 369 (223, 555) | 75 (38, 123) | 91 (46, 184) | 76 (41, 147) | 168 (84, 304) | | Unknown | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |  | | | | | | | | | CortisoneE | 23 (13, 38) | 26 (14, 43) | 28 (14, 42) | 21 (12, 34) | 23 (14, 38) | 29 (19, 59) | 17 (10, 27) | | 17DOcortolone | 57 (29, 100) | 54 (33, 96) | 76 (45, 133) | 44 (15, 93) | 56 (26, 92) | 51 (28, 94) | 61 (32, 102) | | Unknown | 2 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 | | 5bDHS | 0.26 (0.17, 0.40) | 0.25 (0.17, 0.40) | 0.29 (0.19, 0.46) | 0.23 (0.18, 0.30) | 0.25 (0.17, 0.41) | 0.32 (0.18, 0.51) | 0.27 (0.16, 0.35) | | Unknown | 131 | 4 | 20 | 0 | 57 | 7 | 43 | | 5bTHS | 31 (18, 50) | 37 (21, 59) | 34 (19, 49) | 31 (19, 55) | 26 (14, 41) | 34 (20, 58) | 27 (17, 43) | | Unknown | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | | *a*Median (IQR) | | | | | | | | |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Table 4: **Participants derived glucocorticosteroids concentrations, by cohort and overall (HELIX Study; 2013-2016).**   | **Characteristic** | **Overall**, N = 1,004*a* | **BIB**, N = 154*a* | **EDEN**, N = 137*a* | **KANC**, N = 180*a* | **MOBA**, N = 200*a* | **RHEA**, N = 128*a* | **SAB**, N = 205*a* | | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | | cortisol production | 4,608 (2,861, 6,788) | 5,848 (3,817, 8,336) | 5,190 (3,204, 7,748) | 4,550 (2,561, 6,895) | 3,700 (2,220, 5,735) | 4,475 (2,720, 7,295) | 4,416 (2,713, 5,755) | | Unknown | 18 | 12 | 0 | 4 | 1 | 0 | 1 | | cortisone production | 4,608 (2,921, 6,844) | 5,503 (3,888, 7,184) | 5,477 (3,490, 7,997) | 4,085 (2,326, 5,918) | 4,346 (2,511, 6,399) | 5,408 (3,205, 8,700) | 4,316 (2,645, 6,009) | | Unknown | 19 | 14 | 0 | 4 | 0 | 1 | 0 | | corticosterone production | 258 (158, 410) | 295 (172, 485) | 305 (196, 497) | 257 (145, 440) | 219 (131, 348) | 262 (161, 443) | 248 (168, 373) | | Unknown | 3 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | | *a*Median (IQR) | | | | | | | | |

# Tables for other analyses

## Marginal hypotheses for effect modification

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| Table 5: **Pairwise differences between sex-specific marginal contrasts for the effect of EDCs on HRT-SE (HELIX Study; 2013-2016).**   |  | hitrtse*a* | | --- | --- | | **OP pesticide metabolites** | | | dmtp | -0.002 (-0.1, 0.097) | | dmp | 0.027 (-0.031, 0.085) | | detp | -0.024 (-0.12, 0.072) | | dep | -0.006 (-0.033, 0.021) | | **Phenols** | | | trcs | -0.001 (-0.035, 0.033) | | prpa | -0.021 (-0.081, 0.04) | | oxbe | **-0.032 (-0.059, -0.004)\*** | | mepa | -0.032 (-0.095, 0.031) | | etpa | -0.015 (-0.056, 0.026) | | bupa | 0.022 (-0.024, 0.067) | | bpa | -0.038 (-0.095, 0.019) | | **Phthalate metabolites** | | | oxominp | 0.02 (-0.016, 0.055) | | ohminp | -0.053 (-0.112, 0.007) | | mnbp | 0.026 (-0.09, 0.143) | | mibp | 0.025 (-0.089, 0.14) | | mep | **0.092 (0.017, 0.167)\*** | | meohp | -0.005 (-0.086, 0.076) | | mehp | -0.009 (-0.105, 0.086) | | mehhp | -0.017 (-0.113, 0.079) | | mecpp | -0.005 (-0.087, 0.077) | | mbzp | **0.063 (0.002, 0.124)\*** | | \*Significant results. | | | *a*Estimate and 95% CI. | | |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Table 6: **Pairwise differences between sex-specific marginal contrasts for the effect of EDCs on the glucocorticosteroids (HELIX Study; 2013-2016).**   |  | corticosterone production*a* | cortisol production*a* | cortisone production*a* | | --- | --- | --- | --- | | **OP pesticide metabolites** | | | | | dmtp | 0.045 (-0.092, 0.182) | **0.211 (0.088, 0.333)\*** | 0.15 (-0.038, 0.338) | | dmp | -0.002 (-0.187, 0.184) | 0.033 (-0.063, 0.13) | 0.065 (-0.1, 0.23) | | detp | **0.233 (0.033, 0.433)\*** | 0.178 (-0.024, 0.379) | **0.214 (0.048, 0.381)\*** | | dep | 0.009 (-0.179, 0.198) | 0.102 (-0.123, 0.327) | 0.046 (-0.162, 0.254) | | **Phenols** | | | | | trcs | 0.041 (-0.113, 0.195) | 0.049 (-0.091, 0.19) | **0.092 (0.039, 0.144)\*** | | prpa | 0.108 (-0.018, 0.233) | 0.086 (-0.103, 0.274) | 0.109 (-0.008, 0.227) | | oxbe | 0.213 (-0.058, 0.484) | 0.078 (-0.149, 0.306) | 0.067 (-0.133, 0.267) | | mepa | **0.106 (0.002, 0.211)\*** | **0.142 (0.012, 0.272)\*** | **0.103 (0.016, 0.191)\*** | | etpa | 0.133 (-0.011, 0.277) | 0.089 (-0.108, 0.287) | 0.119 (-0.101, 0.339) | | bupa | 0.111 (-0.019, 0.241) | **0.126 (0.041, 0.211)\*** | 0.007 (-0.095, 0.109) | | bpa | **0.142 (0.027, 0.257)\*** | 0.111 (-0.023, 0.245) | 0.073 (-0.059, 0.205) | | **Phthalate metabolites** | | | | | oxominp | 0.066 (-0.1, 0.232) | 0.107 (-0.069, 0.283) | 0.091 (-0.019, 0.201) | | ohminp | 0.098 (-0.07, 0.267) | **0.146 (0.004, 0.288)\*** | 0.137 (-0.001, 0.274) | | mnbp | 0.092 (-0.188, 0.372) | 0.053 (-0.189, 0.295) | 0.11 (-0.054, 0.273) | | mibp | -0.027 (-0.247, 0.193) | 0.047 (-0.189, 0.284) | 0.022 (-0.126, 0.169) | | mep | -0.124 (-0.289, 0.041) | **-0.118 (-0.201, -0.035)\*** | -0.029 (-0.185, 0.127) | | meohp | 0.1 (-0.086, 0.286) | **0.1 (0.01, 0.191)\*** | 0.014 (-0.066, 0.093) | | mehp | **0.144 (0.045, 0.244)\*** | **0.178 (0.084, 0.272)\*** | **0.144 (0.032, 0.255)\*** | | mehhp | 0.079 (-0.125, 0.282) | 0.105 (-0.008, 0.218) | 0.022 (-0.056, 0.101) | | mecpp | 0.06 (-0.12, 0.24) | **0.072 (0.005, 0.139)\*** | 0.017 (-0.078, 0.112) | | mbzp | 0.01 (-0.053, 0.073) | 0.003 (-0.115, 0.12) | 0.07 (-0.041, 0.181) | | \*Significant results. | | | | | *a*Estimate and 95% CI. | | | | |

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| Table 7: **Pairwise differences between sex-specific marginal contrasts for the effect of the glucocorticosteroids on HRT-SE (HELIX Study; 2013-2016).**   |  | hitrtse*a* | | --- | --- | | **Glucocorticosteroids** | | | cortisone prod. | **-0.135 (-0.241, -0.028)\*** | | cortisol prod. | -0.1 (-0.238, 0.039) | | corticost. prod. | **-0.13 (-0.253, -0.006)\*** | | \*Significant results. | | | *a*Estimate and 95% CI. | | |

# Figures for main results

## Marginal contrasts

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| Figure 1: **Marginal contrasts (exposures: EDCs; outcome: HRT-SE) (HELIX Study; 2013-2016).** Circles indicate effect estimates. Solid lines indicate the CI. |

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| Figure 2: **Marginal contrasts (exposures: EDCs; outcomes: glucocorticosteroids) (HELIX Study; 2013-2016).** Circles, triangles, and squares indicate effect estimates. Solid lines indicate the CI. |

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| Figure 3: **Marginal contrasts (exposures: glucocorticosteroids; outcome: HRT-SE) (HELIX Study; 2013-2016).** Circles indicate effect estimates. Solid lines indicate the CI. |

* Files for supplementary data must be accompanied by a summary of the file names and types.

# Supplementary information

## Directed Acyclic Graphs

dag {  
age\_child  
biomarker  
breastfeeding  
bw  
characteristics\_child  
chemical [exposure]  
child\_diet  
child\_smoking  
cohort  
creatinine  
envFactors\_visit  
ethnicity\_child  
ethnicity\_mother  
familySEP  
gestational\_age  
maternalAlcohol\_preg  
maternalDiet\_preg  
maternalSEP\_preg  
maternalSmoking\_preg  
neuropsychologicalDiagnosis\_child  
outcome [outcome]  
paternalSEP\_preg  
season\_visit  
sex\_child  
time\_lastMeal  
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age\_child -> biomarker  
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cohort -> biomarker  
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cohort -> creatinine  
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creatinine -> biomarker  
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sex\_child -> neuropsychologicalDiagnosis\_child  
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sex\_child -> type\_sample  
time\_lastMeal -> biomarker  
time\_lastMeal -> chemical  
type\_sample -> chemical  
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dag {  
age\_child  
biomarker [outcome]  
breastfeeding  
bw  
characteristics\_child  
chemical [exposure]  
child\_diet  
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age\_child  
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maternalSEP\_preg -> familySEP  
maternalSEP\_preg -> maternalAlcohol\_preg  
maternalSEP\_preg -> maternalDiet\_preg  
maternalSEP\_preg -> maternalSmoking\_preg  
maternalSEP\_preg -> neuropsychologicalDiagnosis\_child  
maternalSEP\_preg -> outcome  
maternalSmoking\_preg -> bw  
maternalSmoking\_preg -> characteristics\_child  
maternalSmoking\_preg -> neuropsychologicalDiagnosis\_child  
maternalSmoking\_preg -> outcome  
neuropsychologicalDiagnosis\_child -> outcome  
paternalSEP\_preg -> breastfeeding  
paternalSEP\_preg -> bw  
paternalSEP\_preg -> characteristics\_child  
paternalSEP\_preg -> familySEP  
paternalSEP\_preg -> maternalAlcohol\_preg  
paternalSEP\_preg -> maternalDiet\_preg  
paternalSEP\_preg -> maternalSmoking\_preg  
paternalSEP\_preg -> neuropsychologicalDiagnosis\_child  
paternalSEP\_preg -> outcome  
season\_visit -> biomarker  
season\_visit -> chemical  
sex\_child -> biomarker  
sex\_child -> characteristics\_child  
sex\_child -> chemical  
sex\_child -> child\_diet  
sex\_child -> child\_smoking  
sex\_child -> creatinine  
sex\_child -> neuropsychologicalDiagnosis\_child  
sex\_child -> outcome  
sex\_child -> type\_sample  
time\_lastMeal -> biomarker  
time\_lastMeal -> chemical  
type\_sample -> chemical  
type\_sample -> creatinine  
}

# Supplementary tables

## Tables for descriptive data

### Study populations

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| |  | type | description | coding | labels | remarks | comments | included*a* | | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | | **age\_child** | | | | | | | | | hs\_age\_years | numerical | Age of the child at clinical assessment |  |  |  | years | TRUE | | **breastfeeding** | | | | | | | | | hs\_bf | categorical | Child breastfeeding | 0,1 | No, Yes |  |  | TRUE | | **characteristics\_child** | | | | | | | | | hs\_c\_height | numerical | Height of the child |  |  |  | m | TRUE | | hs\_c\_weight | numerical | Weight of the child |  |  |  | kg | TRUE | | hs\_head\_circ | numerical | Head circumference of the child |  |  |  | cm | TRUE | | **child\_diet** | | | | | | | | | hs\_fastfood | numerical | Visits a fast food restaurant/take away |  |  |  | Times / week | TRUE | | hs\_org\_food | numerical | Eats organic food |  |  |  | Times / week | TRUE | | hs\_total\_fish | numerical | Food group: fish and seafood (hs\_canfish+hs\_oilyfish+hs\_whfish+hs\_seafood) |  |  |  | Times / week | TRUE | | hs\_total\_fruits | numerical | Food group: fruits (hs\_canfruit+hs\_dryfruit+hs\_freshjuice+hs\_fruits) |  |  |  | Times / week | TRUE | | hs\_total\_veg | numerical | Food group: vegetables (hs\_cookveg+hs\_rawveg) |  |  |  | Times / week | TRUE | | **child\_smoking** | | | | | | | | | hs\_tob | categorical | Which of the following best describes your consumption of tobacco? | 1,2,3,4,5 | Non-smoker and has never smoked, Non-smoker but previously smoked although not daily, Non-smoker but previously smoked daily, Smoker but not daily, Daily smoker |  |  | TRUE | | **cohort** | | | | | | | | | cohort | character | Cohort name | SAB,EDEN,BIB,RHEA,KANC,MOBA | SAB, EDEN, BIB, RHEA, KANC, MOBA |  |  | TRUE | | **creatinine** | | | | | | | | | hs\_creatinine\_cg | numerical | Creatinine in child in pooled sample |  |  | Values below the limit of detection imputed | G / L | TRUE | | **envFactors\_visit** | | | | | | | | | hs\_mood | categorical | Mood of the child in the last few days before assessment | 1,2 | Usual, Not usual |  |  | TRUE | | hs\_rest\_nth | categorical | Child rested the night before assessment | 1,2 | Yes, Not as well as usual |  |  | TRUE | | **ethnicity\_child** | | | | | | | | | h\_ethnicity\_c | character | Which is the ethnicity of the child? | 1,2,3,4,5,6,7 | African, Asian, Caucasian, Native American, Other, Pakistani, White non European |  |  | TRUE | | **ethnicity\_mother** | | | | | | | | | h\_ethnicity\_m | integer | Which is the ethnicity of the mother? | 1,2,3,4,5,6,7 | White European, Pakistani, Asian, African, Other, Native American, White non European |  |  | FALSE | | **familySEP** | | | | | | | | | FAS\_score | numerical | Family Affluence Scale (FAS II) continuous |  |  |  |  | TRUE | | hs\_finance | categorical | How well would you say your family is managing financially these days? | 1,2,3,4,5,6 | Living comfortably, Doing alright, Getting by, Finding it quite difficult, Finding it very difficult, Does not wish to answer |  |  | TRUE | | **maternalAlcohol\_preg** | | | | | | | | | e3\_alcpreg\_g | numerical | Alcool during pregnancy |  |  |  | Glasses / week | FALSE | | **maternalDiet\_preg** | | | | | | | | | h\_cereal\_preg | numerical | Cereal consumption during pregnancy |  |  |  | Times / week | FALSE | | h\_dairy\_preg | numerical | Dairy consumption during pregnancy |  |  |  | Times / week | FALSE | | h\_fastfood\_preg | numerical | Fast food consumption during pregnancy |  |  |  | Times / week | FALSE | | h\_fish\_preg | numerical | Fish consumption during pregnancy |  |  |  | Times / week | FALSE | | h\_fruit\_preg | numerical | Fruit consumption during pregnancy |  |  |  | Times / week | FALSE | | h\_legume\_preg | numerical | Legume consumption during pregnancy |  |  |  | Times / week | FALSE | | h\_meat\_preg | numerical | Meat consumption during pregnancy |  |  |  | Times / week | FALSE | | h\_veg\_preg | numerical | Vegetables consumption during pregnancy |  |  |  | Times / week | FALSE | | **maternalSEP\_preg** | | | | | | | | | e3\_edum | categorical | Maternal education | 0,1,2 | Primary school, Secondary school, University degree or higher |  |  | FALSE | | e3\_marital | categorical | Marital status | 0,1,2 | Living with the father, Living alone, Other situation |  |  | TRUE | | e3\_ses | categorical | Socioeconomic status of the parents | 1,2,3 | Low income, Medium income, High income |  |  | FALSE | | **maternalSmoking\_preg** | | | | | | | | | e3\_asmokyn\_p | categorical | Maternal active smoking during pregnancy | 0,1 | No, Yes |  |  | TRUE | | e3\_psmokanyt | categorical | Maternal passive smoking during pregnancy | 0,1 | No, Yes |  |  | TRUE | | **neuropsychologicalDiagnosis\_child** | | | | | | | | | hs\_neuro\_diag | categorical | Any previous child neuropsychological diagnosis? | 1,2 | No, Yes |  |  | TRUE | | **paternalSEP\_preg** | | | | | | | | | e3\_eduf | categorical | Paternal education | 0,1,2 | Primary school, Secondary school, University degree or higher |  |  | FALSE | | **season\_visit** | | | | | | | | | hs\_date\_neu | date | Date of test |  |  |  | season | TRUE | | **sex\_child** | | | | | | | | | e3\_sex | categorical | Child’s sex | 0,1 | Male, Female |  |  | TRUE | | **time\_lastMeal** | | | | | | | | | hs\_dift\_mealblood\_imp | numerical | Imputed difference between blood time extraction and last meal time |  |  |  |  | TRUE | | *a*Percentage of confounders included in the models: 65.79%. | | | | | | | |   Table S1: **Codebook for the covariates used in the estimation of the marginal comparisons of EDCs on HRT-SE.** |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| |  | type | description | coding | labels | remarks | comments | included*a* | | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | | **age\_child** | | | | | | | | | hs\_age\_years | numerical | Age of the child at clinical assessment |  |  |  | years | TRUE | | **characteristics\_child** | | | | | | | | | hs\_c\_height | numerical | Height of the child |  |  |  | m | TRUE | | hs\_c\_weight | numerical | Weight of the child |  |  |  | kg | TRUE | | hs\_head\_circ | numerical | Head circumference of the child |  |  |  | cm | TRUE | | **child\_diet** | | | | | | | | | hs\_fastfood | numerical | Visits a fast food restaurant/take away |  |  |  | Times / week | TRUE | | hs\_org\_food | numerical | Eats organic food |  |  |  | Times / week | TRUE | | hs\_total\_fish | numerical | Food group: fish and seafood (hs\_canfish+hs\_oilyfish+hs\_whfish+hs\_seafood) |  |  |  | Times / week | TRUE | | hs\_total\_fruits | numerical | Food group: fruits (hs\_canfruit+hs\_dryfruit+hs\_freshjuice+hs\_fruits) |  |  |  | Times / week | TRUE | | hs\_total\_veg | numerical | Food group: vegetables (hs\_cookveg+hs\_rawveg) |  |  |  | Times / week | TRUE | | **child\_smoking** | | | | | | | | | hs\_tob | categorical | Which of the following best describes your consumption of tobacco? | 1,2,3,4,5 | Non-smoker and has never smoked, Non-smoker but previously smoked although not daily, Non-smoker but previously smoked daily, Smoker but not daily, Daily smoker |  |  | TRUE | | **cohort** | | | | | | | | | cohort | character | Cohort name | SAB,EDEN,BIB,RHEA,KANC,MOBA | SAB, EDEN, BIB, RHEA, KANC, MOBA |  |  | TRUE | | **creatinine** | | | | | | | | | creatinine\_to\_helix | numerical | Creatinine in child in night sample |  |  |  | G / L | TRUE | | hs\_creatinine\_cg | numerical | Creatinine in child in pooled sample |  |  | Values below the limit of detection imputed | G / L | TRUE | | **ethnicity\_child** | | | | | | | | | h\_ethnicity\_c | character | Which is the ethnicity of the child? | 1,2,3,4,5,6,7 | African, Asian, Caucasian, Native American, Other, Pakistani, White non European |  |  | TRUE | | **ethnicity\_mother** | | | | | | | | | h\_ethnicity\_m | integer | Which is the ethnicity of the mother? | 1,2,3,4,5,6,7 | White European, Pakistani, Asian, African, Other, Native American, White non European |  |  | FALSE | | **familySEP** | | | | | | | | | FAS\_score | numerical | Family Affluence Scale (FAS II) continuous |  |  |  |  | TRUE | | hs\_finance | categorical | How well would you say your family is managing financially these days? | 1,2,3,4,5,6 | Living comfortably, Doing alright, Getting by, Finding it quite difficult, Finding it very difficult, Does not wish to answer |  |  | TRUE | | **season\_visit** | | | | | | | | | hs\_date\_neu | date | Date of test |  |  |  | season | TRUE | | **sex\_child** | | | | | | | | | e3\_sex | categorical | Child’s sex | 0,1 | Male, Female |  |  | TRUE | | **time\_lastMeal** | | | | | | | | | hs\_dift\_mealblood\_imp | numerical | Imputed difference between blood time extraction and last meal time |  |  |  |  | TRUE | | *a*Percentage of confounders included in the models: 95%. | | | | | | | |   Table S2: **Codebook for the covariates used in the estimation of the marginal comparisons of EDCs on the glucocorticosteroids.** |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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| |  | type | description | coding | labels | remarks | comments | included*a* | | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | | **age\_child** | | | | | | | | | hs\_age\_years | numerical | Age of the child at clinical assessment |  |  |  | years | TRUE | | **breastfeeding** | | | | | | | | | hs\_bf | categorical | Child breastfeeding | 0,1 | No, Yes |  |  | TRUE | | **characteristics\_child** | | | | | | | | | hs\_c\_height | numerical | Height of the child |  |  |  | m | TRUE | | hs\_c\_weight | numerical | Weight of the child |  |  |  | kg | TRUE | | hs\_head\_circ | numerical | Head circumference of the child |  |  |  | cm | TRUE | | **chemical** | | | | | | | | | hs\_bpa\_c | numerical | Bisphenol A (BPA) |  |  | Values below the limit of detection imputed | microg / L | TRUE | | hs\_bupa\_c | numerical | N-Butyl paraben (BUPA) |  |  | Values below the limit of detection imputed | microg / L | TRUE | | hs\_dedtp\_cadj | numerical | Diethyl dithiophosphate (DEDTP) adjusted for creatinine |  |  | Values below the limit of detection imputed | microg / g | FALSE | | hs\_dep\_c | numerical | Diethyl phosphate (DEP) |  |  | Values below the limit of detection imputed | microg / L | TRUE | | hs\_detp\_c | numerical | Diethyl thiophosphate (DETP) |  |  | Values below the limit of detection imputed | microg / L | TRUE | | hs\_dmdtp\_craw | numerical | Dimethyl dithiophosphate (DMDTP) |  |  | Values below the limit of detection imputed | microg / L | FALSE | | hs\_dmp\_c | numerical | Dimethyl phosphate (DMP) |  |  | Values below the limit of detection imputed | microg / L | TRUE | | hs\_dmtp\_c | numerical | Dimethyl thiophosphate (DMTP) |  |  | Values below the limit of detection imputed | microg / L | TRUE | | hs\_etpa\_c | numerical | Ethyl paraben (ETPA) |  |  | Values below the limit of detection imputed | microg / L | TRUE | | hs\_mbzp\_c | numerical | Mono benzyl phthalate (MbzP) |  |  | Values below the limit of detection imputed | microg / L | TRUE | | hs\_mecpp\_c | numerical | Mono-2-ethyl 5-carboxypentyl phthalate (MECPP) |  |  | Values below the limit of detection imputed | microg / L | TRUE | | hs\_mehhp\_c | numerical | Mono-2-ethyl-5-hydroxyhexyl phthalate (MEHHP) |  |  | Values below the limit of detection imputed | microg / L | TRUE | | hs\_mehp\_c | numerical | Mono-2-ethylhexyl phthalate (MEHP) |  |  | Values below the limit of detection imputed | microg / L | TRUE | | hs\_meohp\_c | numerical | Mono-2-ethyl-5-oxohexyl phthalate (MEOHP) |  |  | Values below the limit of detection imputed | microg / L | TRUE | | hs\_mep\_c | numerical | Monoethyl phthalate (MEP) |  |  | Values below the limit of detection imputed | microg / L | TRUE | | hs\_mepa\_c | numerical | Methyl paraben (MEPA) |  |  | Values below the limit of detection imputed | microg / L | TRUE | | hs\_mibp\_c | numerical | Mono-iso-butyl phthalate (MiBP) |  |  | Values below the limit of detection imputed | microg / L | TRUE | | hs\_mnbp\_c | numerical | Mono-n-butyl phthalate (MnBP) |  |  | Values below the limit of detection imputed | microg / L | TRUE | | hs\_ohminp\_c | numerical | Mono-4-methyl-7-hydroxyoctyl phthalate (OHMiNP) |  |  | Values below the limit of detection imputed | microg / L | TRUE | | hs\_oxbe\_c | numerical | Oxybenzone (OXBE) |  |  | Values below the limit of detection imputed | microg / L | TRUE | | hs\_oxominp\_c | numerical | Mono-4-methyl-7-oxooctyl phthalate (OXOMiNP) |  |  | Values below the limit of detection imputed | microg / L | TRUE | | hs\_prpa\_c | numerical | Propyl paraben (PRPA) |  |  | Values below the limit of detection imputed | microg / L | TRUE | | hs\_trcs\_c | numerical | Triclosan (TRCS) |  |  | Values below the limit of detection imputed | microg / L | TRUE | | **child\_diet** | | | | | | | | | hs\_fastfood | numerical | Visits a fast food restaurant/take away |  |  |  | Times / week | TRUE | | hs\_org\_food | numerical | Eats organic food |  |  |  | Times / week | TRUE | | hs\_total\_fish | numerical | Food group: fish and seafood (hs\_canfish+hs\_oilyfish+hs\_whfish+hs\_seafood) |  |  |  | Times / week | TRUE | | hs\_total\_fruits | numerical | Food group: fruits (hs\_canfruit+hs\_dryfruit+hs\_freshjuice+hs\_fruits) |  |  |  | Times / week | TRUE | | hs\_total\_veg | numerical | Food group: vegetables (hs\_cookveg+hs\_rawveg) |  |  |  | Times / week | TRUE | | **child\_smoking** | | | | | | | | | hs\_tob | categorical | Which of the following best describes your consumption of tobacco? | 1,2,3,4,5 | Non-smoker and has never smoked, Non-smoker but previously smoked although not daily, Non-smoker but previously smoked daily, Smoker but not daily, Daily smoker |  |  | TRUE | | **cohort** | | | | | | | | | cohort | character | Cohort name | SAB,EDEN,BIB,RHEA,KANC,MOBA | SAB, EDEN, BIB, RHEA, KANC, MOBA |  |  | TRUE | | **creatinine** | | | | | | | | | creatinine\_to\_helix | numerical | Creatinine in child in night sample |  |  |  | G / L | TRUE | | **envFactors\_visit** | | | | | | | | | hs\_mood | categorical | Mood of the child in the last few days before assessment | 1,2 | Usual, Not usual |  |  | TRUE | | hs\_rest\_nth | categorical | Child rested the night before assessment | 1,2 | Yes, Not as well as usual |  |  | TRUE | | **ethnicity\_child** | | | | | | | | | h\_ethnicity\_c | character | Which is the ethnicity of the child? | 1,2,3,4,5,6,7 | African, Asian, Caucasian, Native American, Other, Pakistani, White non European |  |  | TRUE | | **ethnicity\_mother** | | | | | | | | | h\_ethnicity\_m | integer | Which is the ethnicity of the mother? | 1,2,3,4,5,6,7 | White European, Pakistani, Asian, African, Other, Native American, White non European |  |  | FALSE | | **familySEP** | | | | | | | | | FAS\_score | numerical | Family Affluence Scale (FAS II) continuous |  |  |  |  | TRUE | | hs\_finance | categorical | How well would you say your family is managing financially these days? | 1,2,3,4,5,6 | Living comfortably, Doing alright, Getting by, Finding it quite difficult, Finding it very difficult, Does not wish to answer |  |  | TRUE | | **maternalAlcohol\_preg** | | | | | | | | | e3\_alcpreg\_g | numerical | Alcool during pregnancy |  |  |  | Glasses / week | FALSE | | **maternalDiet\_preg** | | | | | | | | | h\_cereal\_preg | numerical | Cereal consumption during pregnancy |  |  |  | Times / week | FALSE | | h\_dairy\_preg | numerical | Dairy consumption during pregnancy |  |  |  | Times / week | FALSE | | h\_fastfood\_preg | numerical | Fast food consumption during pregnancy |  |  |  | Times / week | FALSE | | h\_fish\_preg | numerical | Fish consumption during pregnancy |  |  |  | Times / week | FALSE | | h\_fruit\_preg | numerical | Fruit consumption during pregnancy |  |  |  | Times / week | FALSE | | h\_legume\_preg | numerical | Legume consumption during pregnancy |  |  |  | Times / week | FALSE | | h\_meat\_preg | numerical | Meat consumption during pregnancy |  |  |  | Times / week | FALSE | | h\_veg\_preg | numerical | Vegetables consumption during pregnancy |  |  |  | Times / week | FALSE | | **maternalSEP\_preg** | | | | | | | | | e3\_edum | categorical | Maternal education | 0,1,2 | Primary school, Secondary school, University degree or higher |  |  | FALSE | | e3\_marital | categorical | Marital status | 0,1,2 | Living with the father, Living alone, Other situation |  |  | TRUE | | e3\_ses | categorical | Socioeconomic status of the parents | 1,2,3 | Low income, Medium income, High income |  |  | FALSE | | **maternalSmoking\_preg** | | | | | | | | | e3\_asmokyn\_p | categorical | Maternal active smoking during pregnancy | 0,1 | No, Yes |  |  | TRUE | | e3\_psmokanyt | categorical | Maternal passive smoking during pregnancy | 0,1 | No, Yes |  |  | TRUE | | **neuropsychologicalDiagnosis\_child** | | | | | | | | | hs\_neuro\_diag | categorical | Any previous child neuropsychological diagnosis? | 1,2 | No, Yes |  |  | TRUE | | **paternalSEP\_preg** | | | | | | | | | e3\_eduf | categorical | Paternal education | 0,1,2 | Primary school, Secondary school, University degree or higher |  |  | FALSE | | **sex\_child** | | | | | | | | | e3\_sex | categorical | Child’s sex | 0,1 | Male, Female |  |  | TRUE | | *a*Percentage of confounders included in the models: 74.58%. | | | | | | | |   Table S3: **Codebook for the covariates used in the estimation of the marginal comparisons of the glucocorticosteroids on HRT-SE.** |

### Description of chemicals

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| | Compound | Symbol | Variable name | PubChem CID | Parental compound | | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | | **OP pesticide metabolites** | | | | | | diethyl dithiophosphate | DEDTP | dedtp | 9274 |  | | diethyl phosphate | DEP | dep | 654 |  | | diethyl thiophosphate | DETP | detp | 3683036 |  | | dimethyl dithiophosphate | DMDTP | dmdtp |  |  | | dimethyl phosphate | DMP | dmp | 13134 |  | | dimethyl thiophosphate | DMTP | dmtp | 168140 |  | | **Phenols** | | | | | | bisphenol A | BPA | bpa | 6623 |  | | ethyl-paraben | ETPA | etpa | 8434 |  | | methyl-paraben | MEPA | mepa | 7456 |  | | n‑butyl‑paraben | BUPA | bupa | 7184 |  | | oxybenzone | OXBE | oxbe | 4632 |  | | propyl-paraben | PRPA | prpa | 7175 |  | | triclosan | TRCS | trcs | 5564 |  | | **Phthalate metabolites** | | | | | | mono benzyl phthalate | MBzP | mbzp | 31736 | BzBP | | mono‑2‑ethyl 5‑carboxypentyl phthalate | MECPP | mecpp | 148386 | DEHP | | mono‑2‑ethyl‑5‑hydroxyhexyl phthalate | MEHHP | mehhp | 170295 | DEHP | | mono‑2‑ethyl‑5‑oxohexyl phthalate | MEOHP | meohp | 119096 | DEHP | | mono‑2‑ethylhexyl phthalate | MEHP | mehp | 21924291 | DEHP | | mono‑4‑methyl‑7‑hydroxyoctyl phthalate | oh-MiNP | ohminp | 102401880 |  | | mono‑4‑methyl‑7‑oxooctyl phthalate | oxo-MiNP | oxominp | 102401881 |  | | mono‑iso‑butyl phthalate | MiBP | mibp | 92272 | DiBP | | mono‑n‑butyl phthalate | MnBP | mnbp | 8575 |  | | monoethyl phthalate | MEP | mep | 75318 | DEP |   Table S4: **Information about non-persistent EDCs, including the full compound name, the standard symbol, the used variable name, the identifier from PubChem, and the parental compound.** |

### Description of metabolites

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| | Metabolite | Symbol | HMDB ID | CAS number | | --- | --- | --- | --- | | **Glucocorticosteroid** | | | | | Cortisol | F | HMDB0000063 | 50-23-7 | | Cortisone | E | HMDB0002802 | 53-06-5 | | Corticosterone | B | HMDB0001547 | 50-22-6 | | 11-dehydrocorticosterone | A | HMDB0004029 | 72-23-1 | | **Glucocorticosteroid metabolite** | | | | | 20α-dihydrocortisol | 20aDHF | NA | NA | | 20β-dihydrocortisol | 20bDHF | NA | NA | | 5β-dihydrocortisol | 5bDHF | HMDB0003259 | 1482-50-4 | | 5α-tetrahydrocortisol | 5aTHF | HMDB0000526 | 302-91-0 | | 5β-tetrahydrocortisol | 5bTHF | HMDB0000949 | 1953-02-01 | | 5α,20α-cortol | 5a20acortol | HMDB0003180 | 516-38-1 | | 5α,20β-cortol | 5a20bcortol | HMDB0005821 | 667-65-2 | | 5β,20α-cortol | 5b20acortol | HMDB0003180 | 516-38-1 | | 5β,20β-cortol | 5b20bcortol | HMDB0005821 | 667-65-2 | | 6β-hydroxycortisol | 6OHF | HMDB0247074 |  | | 11β-hydroxyandrosterone | 11OHAndros | HMDB0002984 | 57-61-4 | | 20α-dihydrocortisone | 20aDHE | NA | NA | | 20β-dihydrocortisone | 20bDHE | NA | NA | | 5α-tetrahydrocortisone | 5aTHE | NA | NA | | 5β-tetrahydrocortisone | 5bTHE | NA | NA | | 5β,20α-cortolone | 5b20acortolone | HMDB0003128 | 516-42-7 | | 5β,20β-cortolone | 5b20bcortolone | NA | NA | | 6β-hydroxycortisone | 6OHE | NA | NA | | 5α-tetrahydrocorticosterone | 5aTHB | HMDB0000449 | 600-63-5 | | 5β-tetrahydrocorticosterone | 5bTHB | HMDB0000268 | 68-42-8 | | 17-deoxycortolone | 17-DO-cortolone | NA | NA | | **Glucocorticosteroid precursor** | | | | | Deoxycorticosterone | DOC | HMDB0000016 | 64-85-7 | | Cortexolone | S | HMDB0000015 | 152-58-9 | | 17-hydroxyprogesterone | 17OHP | HMDB0000374 | 68-96-2 | | **Glucocorticosteroid precursor metabolite** | | | | | Tetrahydrocortexolone | THS | HMDB0005972 | 68-60-0 | | Pregnantriol | PT | NA | 1098-45-9 | | 17-hydroxypregnanolone | 17HP | HMDB0000363 | 387-79-1 | | **Androgen** | | | | | Testosterone | T | HMDB0000234 | 58-22-0 | | Androsternedione | AED | HMDB0000053 | 63-05-8 | | **Androgen metabolite** | | | | | Androsterone | Andros | HMDB0000031 | 53-41-8 | | Etiocholanolone | Etio | HMDB0000490 | 53-42-9 | | Abbreviations: Human Metabolome Database (HMDB); Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS). | | | |   Table S5: **Information about the glucocorticosteroids, including the full metabolite name, the standard symbol, the identifier from the HMDB, and the CAS number.** |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| | LLOQ | Metabolite | | --- | --- | | 2.00 | 11OHAndros | | 0.50 | 17DOcortolone | | 2.00 | 17HP | | 0.50 | 20aDHE | | 0.25 | 20aDHF | | 0.50 | 20bDHE | | 0.50 | 20bDHF | | 2.50 | 5a20acortol | | 2.50 | 5a20bcortol | | 0.50 | 5aTHB | | 0.50 | 5aTHE | | 5.00 | 5aTHF | | 2.50 | 5b20acortol | | 5.00 | 5b20acortolone | | 2.50 | 5b20bcortol | | 5.00 | 5b20bcortolone | | 0.10 | 5bDHF | | 0.10 | 5bDHS | | 0.50 | 5bTHB | | 5.00 | 5bTHE | | 0.50 | 5bTHF | | 0.50 | 5bTHS | | 0.50 | 6OHE | | 0.50 | 6OHF | | 0.10 | A | | 0.10 | AED | | 0.50 | Andros | | 0.50 | E | | 0.50 | Etio | | 0.25 | F | | 2.00 | PT | | 0.10 | S | | 0.10 | T | | Abbreviations: lower limit of quantification (LLOQ), expressed in nanograms per millilitre. | |   Table S6: **Lower limits of quantification for the glucocorticosteroids (HELIX Study; 2013-2016).** |

## Tables for main results

### Balancing weights

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| | Exposure | Unadjusted | Adjusted*a* | | --- | --- | --- | | **Phenols** | | | | etpa | 1,297 | 1,289 | | oxbe | 1,297 | 1,277 | | bupa | 1,297 | 1,276 | | prpa | 1,297 | 1,275 | | mepa | 1,297 | 1,266 | | trcs | 1,297 | 1,255 | | bpa | 1,297 | 1,137 | | **OP pesticide metabolites** | | | | detp | 1,297 | 1,222 | | dep | 1,297 | 1,222 | | dmtp | 1,297 | 1,219 | | dmp | 1,297 | 1,172 | | **Phthalate metabolites** | | | | oxominp | 1,297 | 1,199 | | ohminp | 1,297 | 1,172 | | mbzp | 1,297 | 1,113 | | mehp | 1,297 | 1,089 | | mep | 1,297 | 1,055 | | mnbp | 1,297 | 1,035 | | mehhp | 1,297 | 1,010 | | meohp | 1,297 | 1,001 | | mecpp | 1,297 | 980.0 | | mibp | 1,297 | 927.1 | | *a*Truncated weights. | | |   Table S7: **Effective sample size before and after balancing weights estimation (exposures: EDCs; outcome: HRT-SE) (HELIX Study; 2013-2016).** |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| | exposure | Unadjusted | Adjusted*a* | | --- | --- | --- | | **Phenols** | | | | oxbe | 976.0 | 960.1 | | prpa | 976.0 | 955.8 | | mepa | 976.0 | 953.8 | | bupa | 976.0 | 952.5 | | etpa | 976.0 | 951.7 | | trcs | 976.0 | 943.0 | | bpa | 976.0 | 855.7 | | **OP pesticide metabolites** | | | | detp | 976.0 | 922.4 | | dep | 976.0 | 921.5 | | dmtp | 976.0 | 907.3 | | dmp | 976.0 | 892.5 | | **Phthalate metabolites** | | | | ohminp | 976.0 | 878.3 | | oxominp | 976.0 | 874.0 | | mbzp | 976.0 | 827.7 | | mehp | 976.0 | 827.4 | | mep | 976.0 | 795.7 | | mehhp | 976.0 | 783.7 | | mecpp | 976.0 | 767.4 | | meohp | 976.0 | 761.5 | | mnbp | 976.0 | 745.9 | | mibp | 976.0 | 689.8 | | *a*Truncated weights. | | |   Table S8: **Effective sample size before and after balancing weights estimation (exposures: EDCs; outcomes: glucocorticosteroids) (HELIX Study; 2013-2016).** |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| | exposure | Unadjusted | Adjusted*a* | | --- | --- | --- | | cortisone production | 976.0 | 777.2 | | corticosterone production | 976.0 | 758.1 | | cortisol production | 976.0 | 751.6 | | *a*Truncated weights. | | |   Table S9: **Effective sample size before and after balancing weights estimation (exposures: glucocorticosteroids; outcome: HRT-SE) (HELIX Study; 2013-2016).** |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| |  | Median (IQR) | Range | | --- | --- | --- | | **Characteristic***a* | **N = 1,297***a* | **N = 1,297***a* | | mep | 0.93 (0.61, 1.27) | 0.28, 1.77 | | mibp | 0.91 (0.46, 1.38) | 0.05, 1.93 | | mnbp | 0.98 (0.59, 1.33) | 0.19, 1.74 | | mbzp | 0.98 (0.66, 1.28) | 0.34, 1.62 | | mehp | 0.98 (0.64, 1.27) | 0.31, 1.68 | | mehhp | 0.96 (0.54, 1.35) | 0.16, 1.75 | | meohp | 0.96 (0.52, 1.35) | 0.15, 1.78 | | mecpp | 0.95 (0.50, 1.34) | 0.14, 1.84 | | ohminp | 1.01 (0.74, 1.24) | 0.47, 1.50 | | oxominp | 1.01 (0.78, 1.20) | 0.52, 1.43 | | mepa | 1.01 (0.90, 1.13) | 0.74, 1.25 | | etpa | 1.01 (0.96, 1.07) | 0.88, 1.14 | | prpa | 1.01 (0.92, 1.12) | 0.80, 1.23 | | bpa | 0.99 (0.70, 1.27) | 0.38, 1.57 | | bupa | 1.01 (0.91, 1.11) | 0.81, 1.22 | | oxbe | 1.01 (0.92, 1.10) | 0.79, 1.21 | | trcs | 1.01 (0.87, 1.13) | 0.68, 1.28 | | dmp | 0.98 (0.73, 1.25) | 0.49, 1.51 | | dmtp | 1.00 (0.81, 1.20) | 0.59, 1.39 | | dep | 1.01 (0.81, 1.19) | 0.59, 1.38 | | detp | 0.99 (0.81, 1.18) | 0.61, 1.41 | | *a*Truncated weights. | | |   Table S10: **Summary statistics of the estimated balancing weights (exposures: EDCs; outcome: HRT-SE) (HELIX Study; 2013-2016).** |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| |  | Median (IQR) | Range | | --- | --- | --- | | **Characteristic***a* | **N = 976***a* | **N = 976***a* | | mep | 0.93 (0.60, 1.27) | 0.28, 1.74 | | mibp | 0.88 (0.43, 1.38) | 0.08, 1.98 | | mnbp | 0.97 (0.53, 1.36) | 0.14, 1.84 | | mbzp | 0.94 (0.68, 1.28) | 0.35, 1.69 | | mehp | 0.98 (0.64, 1.29) | 0.33, 1.63 | | mehhp | 0.98 (0.56, 1.35) | 0.21, 1.70 | | meohp | 0.98 (0.52, 1.35) | 0.18, 1.78 | | mecpp | 0.95 (0.55, 1.36) | 0.19, 1.77 | | ohminp | 1.00 (0.73, 1.25) | 0.46, 1.49 | | oxominp | 1.01 (0.71, 1.25) | 0.45, 1.52 | | mepa | 1.00 (0.90, 1.13) | 0.75, 1.26 | | etpa | 1.02 (0.90, 1.14) | 0.72, 1.24 | | prpa | 1.00 (0.92, 1.12) | 0.77, 1.26 | | bpa | 0.99 (0.70, 1.26) | 0.40, 1.58 | | bupa | 1.01 (0.89, 1.13) | 0.75, 1.27 | | oxbe | 1.01 (0.92, 1.10) | 0.78, 1.21 | | trcs | 1.01 (0.86, 1.13) | 0.69, 1.29 | | dmp | 0.99 (0.75, 1.23) | 0.51, 1.46 | | dmtp | 1.00 (0.79, 1.23) | 0.56, 1.41 | | dep | 0.99 (0.81, 1.19) | 0.63, 1.42 | | detp | 0.99 (0.82, 1.18) | 0.62, 1.41 | | *a*Truncated weights. | | |   Table S11: **Summary statistics of the estimated balancing weights (exposures: EDCs; outcomes: glucocorticosteroids) (HELIX Study; 2013-2016).** |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| |  | Median (IQR) | Range | | --- | --- | --- | | **Characteristic***a* | **N = 976***a* | **N = 976***a* | | cortisol\_production | 1.00 (0.54, 1.40) | 0.14, 1.80 | | cortisone\_production | 1.01 (0.58, 1.39) | 0.19, 1.73 | | corticosterone\_production | 0.98 (0.56, 1.39) | 0.16, 1.78 | | *a*Truncated weights. | | |   Table S12: **Summary statistics of the estimated balancing weights (exposures: glucocorticosteroids; outcome: HRT-SE) (HELIX Study; 2013-2016).** |

## Tables for other results

### Balancing weights for effect modification

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| |  | Median (IQR) | | Range | | | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | | **Characteristic***a* | **females**, N = 587*a* | **males**, N = 710*a* | **females**, N = 587*a* | **males**, N = 710*a* | | mep | 0.96 (0.67, 1.26) | 0.93 (0.61, 1.30) | 0.31, 1.67 | 0.31, 1.67 | | mibp | 0.93 (0.51, 1.39) | 0.96 (0.52, 1.40) | 0.16, 1.85 | 0.16, 1.85 | | mnbp | 1.00 (0.62, 1.33) | 0.98 (0.59, 1.35) | 0.28, 1.68 | 0.28, 1.68 | | mbzp | 1.00 (0.71, 1.27) | 0.99 (0.69, 1.28) | 0.40, 1.57 | 0.40, 1.57 | | mehp | 1.02 (0.69, 1.27) | 0.98 (0.62, 1.32) | 0.33, 1.62 | 0.33, 1.62 | | mehhp | 1.01 (0.60, 1.29) | 0.95 (0.55, 1.36) | 0.26, 1.72 | 0.26, 1.72 | | meohp | 1.00 (0.63, 1.29) | 0.95 (0.53, 1.41) | 0.23, 1.74 | 0.23, 1.74 | | mecpp | 1.00 (0.59, 1.33) | 0.95 (0.50, 1.38) | 0.23, 1.76 | 0.23, 1.76 | | ohminp | 1.02 (0.78, 1.22) | 1.00 (0.76, 1.23) | 0.51, 1.46 | 0.51, 1.46 | | oxominp | 1.02 (0.84, 1.17) | 1.01 (0.77, 1.21) | 0.58, 1.39 | 0.58, 1.39 | | mepa | 1.02 (0.89, 1.15) | 1.02 (0.94, 1.11) | 0.76, 1.23 | 0.76, 1.23 | | etpa | 1.02 (0.96, 1.08) | 1.01 (0.97, 1.06) | 0.91, 1.12 | 0.91, 1.12 | | prpa | 1.02 (0.92, 1.13) | 1.02 (0.95, 1.10) | 0.82, 1.21 | 0.82, 1.21 | | bpa | 1.02 (0.73, 1.28) | 1.02 (0.74, 1.25) | 0.41, 1.50 | 0.41, 1.50 | | bupa | 1.02 (0.95, 1.10) | 1.01 (0.81, 1.19) | 0.67, 1.29 | 0.67, 1.29 | | oxbe | 1.03 (0.92, 1.12) | 1.02 (0.94, 1.09) | 0.80, 1.19 | 0.80, 1.19 | | trcs | 1.03 (0.92, 1.13) | 1.01 (0.89, 1.12) | 0.74, 1.25 | 0.74, 1.25 | | dmp | 0.99 (0.74, 1.25) | 1.00 (0.74, 1.25) | 0.53, 1.46 | 0.53, 1.46 | | dmtp | 1.00 (0.79, 1.22) | 1.01 (0.82, 1.20) | 0.58, 1.38 | 0.58, 1.38 | | dep | 1.01 (0.82, 1.19) | 1.02 (0.84, 1.17) | 0.64, 1.36 | 0.64, 1.36 | | detp | 1.00 (0.77, 1.22) | 1.01 (0.82, 1.20) | 0.57, 1.39 | 0.57, 1.39 | | *a*Truncated weights. | | | | |   Table S13: **Summary statistics of the estimated balancing weights for effect modification (exposures: EDCs; outcome: HRT-SE; modifier: sex) (HELIX Study; 2013-2016).** |

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| |  | Median (IQR) | | Range | | | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | | **Characteristic***a* | **females**, N = 434*a* | **males**, N = 542*a* | **females**, N = 434*a* | **males**, N = 542*a* | | mep | 0.99 (0.70, 1.24) | 0.95 (0.55, 1.30) | 0.31, 1.68 | 0.31, 1.68 | | mibp | 0.92 (0.46, 1.40) | 0.92 (0.54, 1.38) | 0.15, 1.85 | 0.15, 1.85 | | mnbp | 0.97 (0.51, 1.40) | 0.98 (0.56, 1.33) | 0.21, 1.78 | 0.21, 1.78 | | mbzp | 1.00 (0.70, 1.26) | 0.98 (0.66, 1.31) | 0.38, 1.58 | 0.38, 1.58 | | mehp | 1.01 (0.72, 1.28) | 0.99 (0.61, 1.34) | 0.37, 1.57 | 0.37, 1.57 | | mehhp | 1.02 (0.65, 1.31) | 1.00 (0.59, 1.34) | 0.30, 1.62 | 0.30, 1.62 | | meohp | 1.00 (0.62, 1.31) | 1.01 (0.50, 1.41) | 0.24, 1.68 | 0.24, 1.68 | | mecpp | 0.98 (0.62, 1.32) | 0.99 (0.53, 1.39) | 0.29, 1.67 | 0.29, 1.67 | | ohminp | 1.00 (0.73, 1.26) | 1.00 (0.77, 1.24) | 0.49, 1.45 | 0.49, 1.45 | | oxominp | 1.03 (0.73, 1.27) | 1.02 (0.77, 1.23) | 0.48, 1.45 | 0.48, 1.45 | | mepa | 1.01 (0.88, 1.17) | 1.03 (0.94, 1.11) | 0.73, 1.26 | 0.73, 1.26 | | etpa | 1.04 (0.92, 1.12) | 1.02 (0.92, 1.12) | 0.78, 1.22 | 0.78, 1.22 | | prpa | 1.03 (0.87, 1.16) | 1.02 (0.96, 1.10) | 0.74, 1.24 | 0.74, 1.24 | | bpa | 1.00 (0.71, 1.28) | 1.01 (0.75, 1.24) | 0.44, 1.52 | 0.44, 1.52 | | bupa | 1.02 (0.95, 1.11) | 1.01 (0.80, 1.19) | 0.64, 1.30 | 0.64, 1.30 | | oxbe | 1.03 (0.86, 1.16) | 1.02 (0.95, 1.09) | 0.76, 1.23 | 0.76, 1.23 | | trcs | 1.03 (0.92, 1.13) | 1.01 (0.88, 1.14) | 0.73, 1.25 | 0.73, 1.25 | | dmp | 0.98 (0.76, 1.23) | 1.01 (0.75, 1.21) | 0.57, 1.45 | 0.57, 1.45 | | dmtp | 1.03 (0.78, 1.22) | 1.01 (0.79, 1.23) | 0.56, 1.40 | 0.56, 1.40 | | dep | 1.01 (0.85, 1.16) | 1.00 (0.84, 1.19) | 0.67, 1.36 | 0.67, 1.36 | | detp | 1.00 (0.77, 1.23) | 1.00 (0.86, 1.17) | 0.57, 1.40 | 0.57, 1.40 | | *a*Truncated weights. | | | | |   Table S14: **Summary statistics of the estimated balancing weights for effect modification (exposures: EDCs; outcomes: glucocorticosteroids; modifier: sex) (HELIX Study; 2013-2016).** |

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| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| |  | Median (IQR) | | Range | | | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | | **Characteristic***a* | **females**, N = 434*a* | **males**, N = 542*a* | **females**, N = 434*a* | **males**, N = 542*a* | | cortisol\_production | 0.98 (0.57, 1.40) | 1.02 (0.59, 1.34) | 0.23, 1.71 | 0.23, 1.71 | | cortisone\_production | 1.00 (0.60, 1.40) | 1.00 (0.60, 1.38) | 0.27, 1.69 | 0.27, 1.69 | | corticosterone\_production | 1.01 (0.61, 1.39) | 1.03 (0.56, 1.37) | 0.22, 1.70 | 0.22, 1.70 | | *a*Truncated weights. | | | | |   Table S15: **Summary statistics of the estimated balancing weights for effect modification (exposures: glucocorticosteroids; outcome: HRT-SE; modifier: sex) (HELIX Study; 2013-2016).** |

# Supplementary figures

## Figures for descriptive data

### Description of chemicals

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| Figure S1: **Measurement classification of EDCs, by cohort (HELIX Study; 2013-2016).** Coding: 1, quantifiable; 2, <LOD; 3, interference or out of range; 4. not analysed. |

### Description of metabolites

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| --- |
| Figure S2: **Measurement classification of the glucocorticosteroids, by cohort (HELIX Study; 2013-2016).** Coding: 1, quantifiable; 2, <LOQ; 3, interference or out of range; 4, not detected. |

## Figures for other results

### Marginal contrasts for effect modification

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| Figure S3: **Marginal contrasts for effect modification (exposures: EDCs; outcome: HRT-SE; modifier: sex) (HELIX Study; 2013-2016).** Circles and triangles indicate effect estimates. Solid lines indicate the CI. |

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| Figure S4: **Marginal contrasts for effect modification (exposures: EDCs; outcomes: glucocorticosteroids; modifier: sex) (HELIX Study; 2013-2016).** Circles and triangles indicate effect estimates. Solid lines indicate the CI. |

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| Figure S5: **Marginal contrasts for effect modification (exposures: glucocorticosteroids; outcome: HRT-SE; modifier: sex) (HELIX Study; 2013-2016).** Circles and triangles indicate effect estimates. Solid lines indicate the CI. |

### Sensitivity to exposure assessment