

Nov 2024

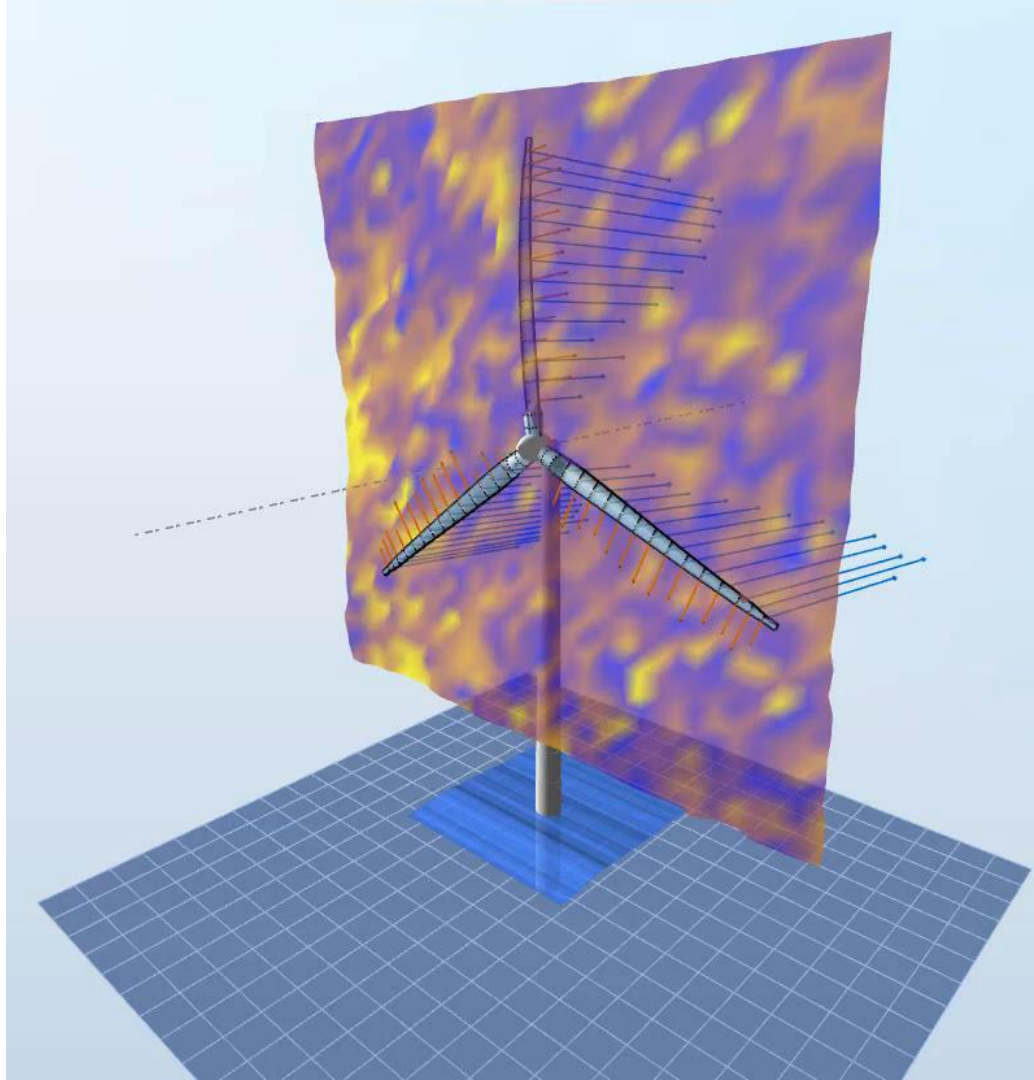
RTDT Laboratories AG

Aerosense

Aero-structural monitoring and diagnostics



Very difficult to measure the full flow field in front of wind turbines – in high resolution and in real-time.



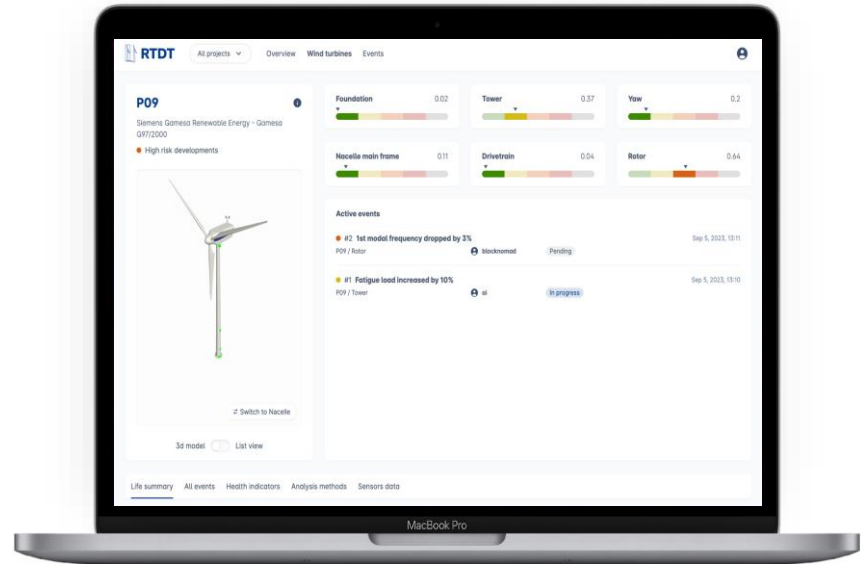
About | RTDT

Digital doctor for wind turbines

Aerosense[®]
Multi-sensor node



Holistic Aero-Structural
Health Diagnostics Software



Blade data capture with Aerosense (patent filed)

Flexible 3D printed enclosure with embedded micro-electronics sensors, installed in minutes

Measures aerodynamic pressure, vibrations, strain, acoustics, and temperature in a single node

Wireless & self-sufficient onboard power (solar-powered)

Proprietary models for rotor diagnostics and control



Aerosense on wind turbines for aero- structural diagnostics

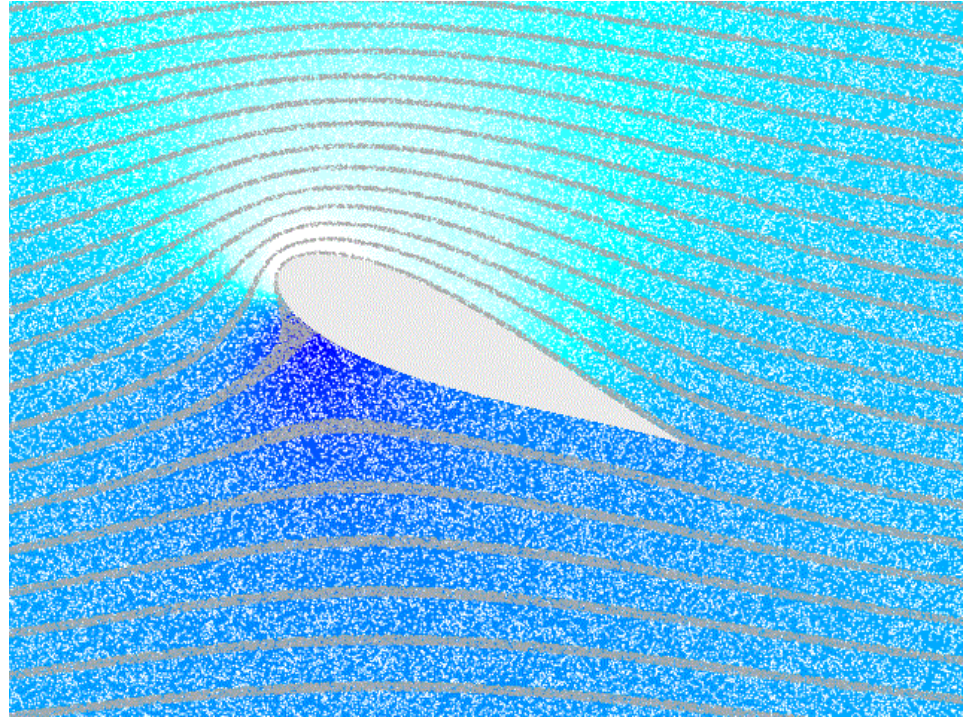


Physics

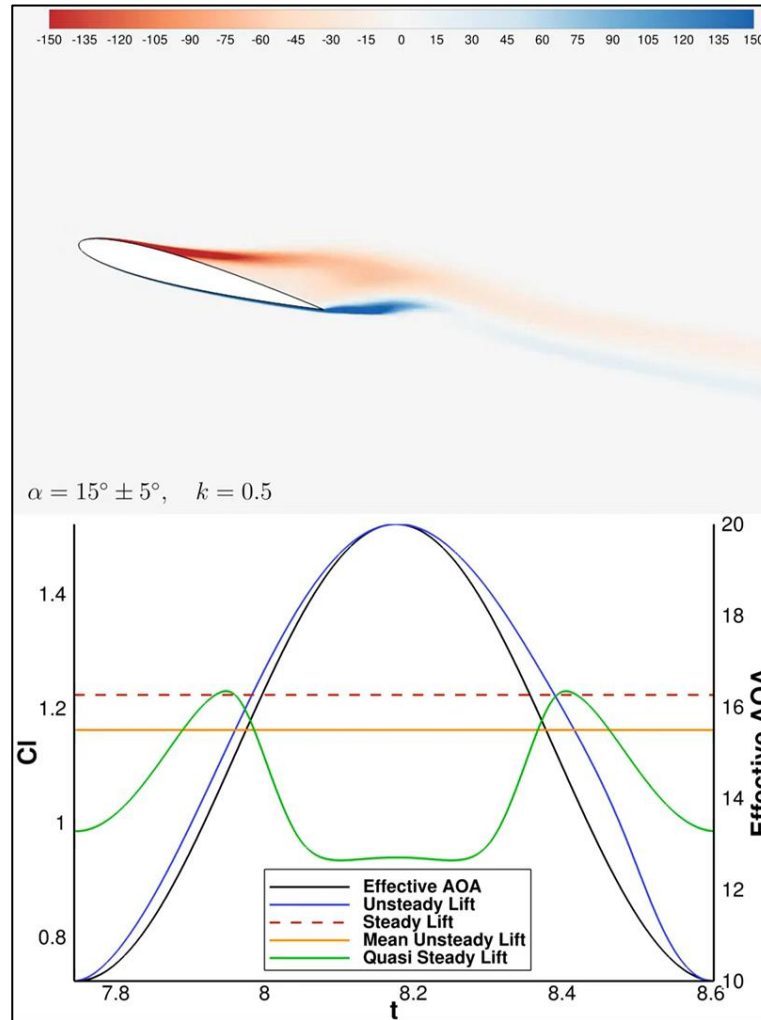


Aero-structural
dynamics

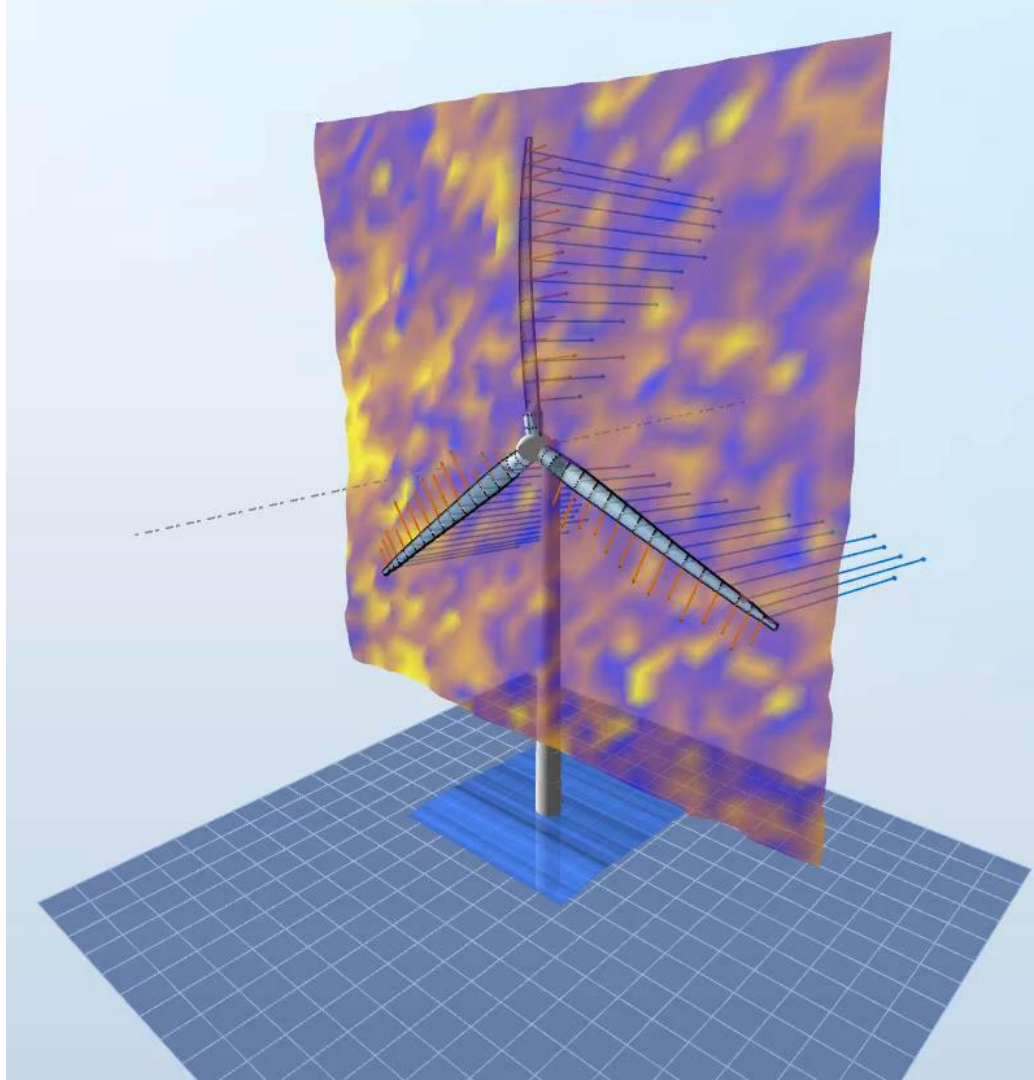
Airfoil aerodynamics



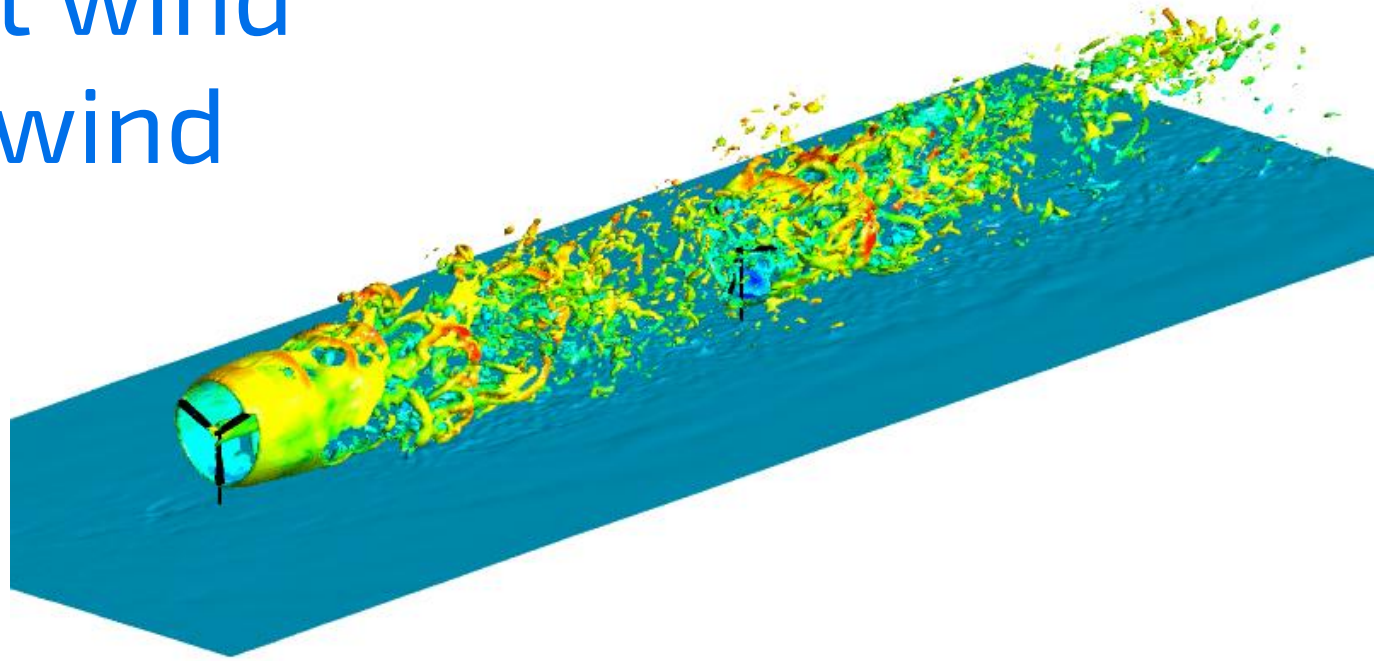
Aerodynamic Forces on an airfoil



Turbulent wind field in front of the rotor



Turbulent wind field in a wind farm



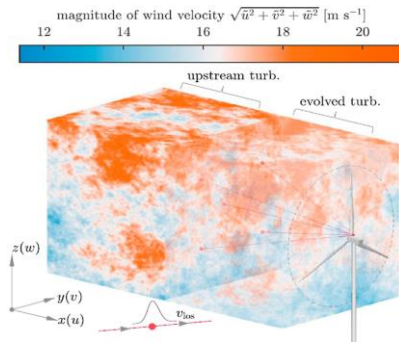
The Challenge

Aerosense

Overview of the physical process

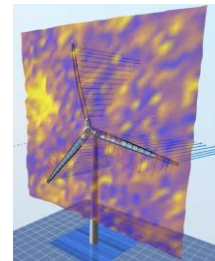
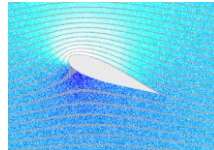
INPUT

Turbulent wind field



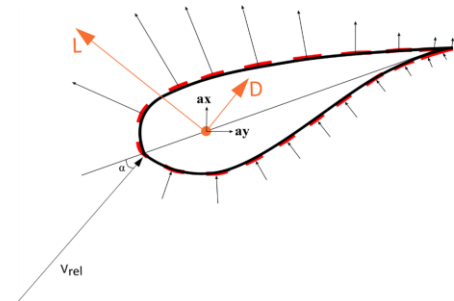
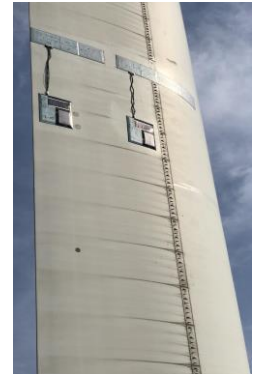
PHYSICAL PROCESS

Rotor coupled aero-structural dynamics



AEROSENSE (measureable) OUTPUT

$Acc_x(x,t)$
 $Acc_y(x,t)$
 $Acc_z(x,t)$
 $F_N(x,t)$
 $F_T(x,t)$
 $a(x,t)$
 $V_{rel}(x,t)$



The challenge

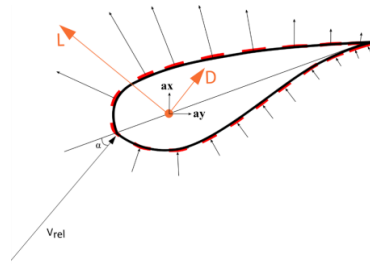
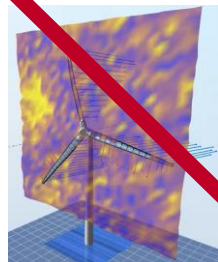
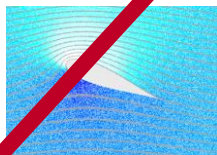
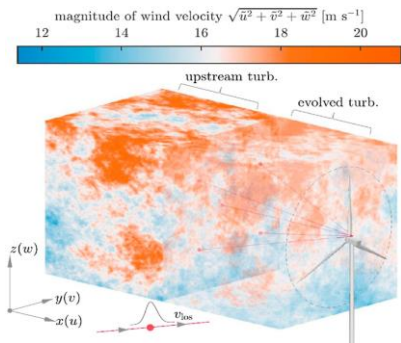
Reconstruct the 3D turbulent wind field using
Aerosense data only



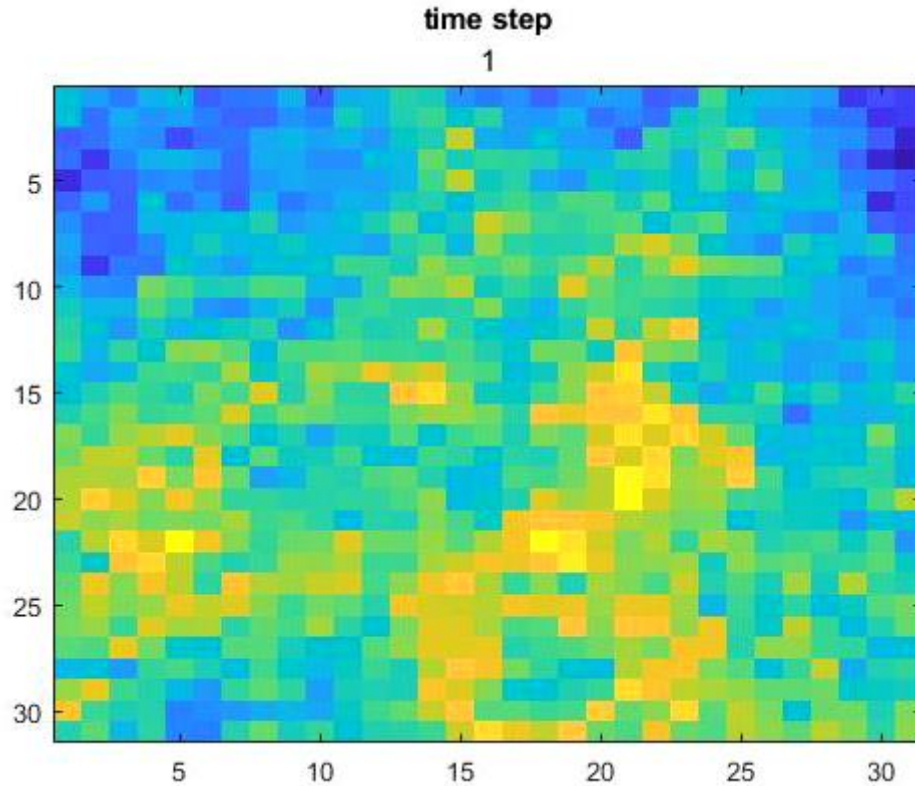
Turbulent wind
field

Potor coupled
aero-structural
dynamics

$Acc_x(x,t)$
 $Acc_y(x,t)$
 $Acc_z(x,t)$
 $F_N(x,t)$
 $F_T(x,t)$
 $\alpha(x,t)$
 $V_{rel}(x,t)$



Data



Turbulent wind fields

$V_{\text{mean}} = 6, 12, 20 \text{ m/s}$

$T_i = 2, 10, 25\%$

12 realizations for each of the
above combinations

Each wind field is made of 21x21
grid points

Data

Aerosens output

$$Acc_x(x,t)$$

$$Acc_y(x,t)$$

$$M_x(x,t)$$

$$M_y(x,t)$$

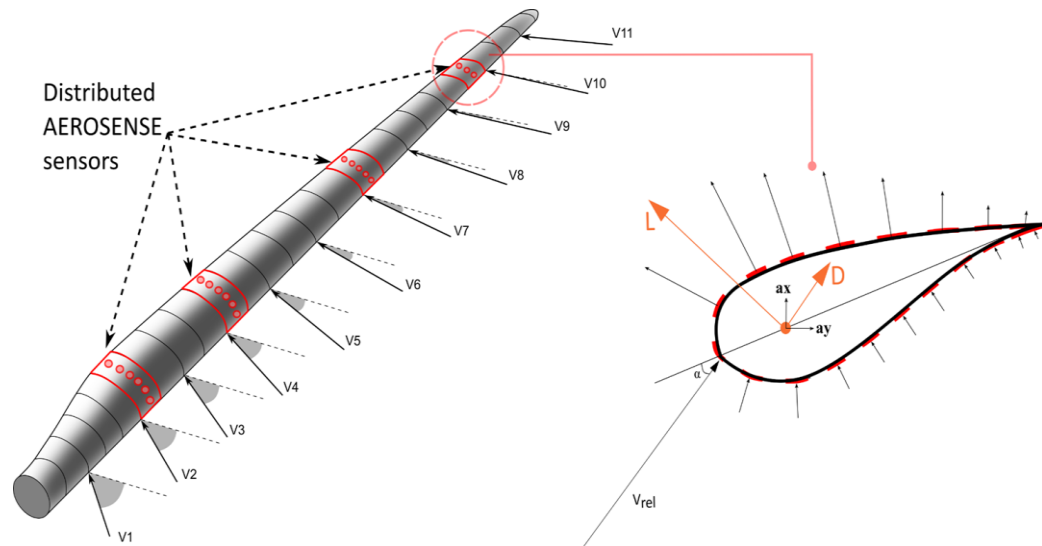
$$F_N(x,t)$$

$$F_T(x,t)$$

$$\alpha(x,t)$$

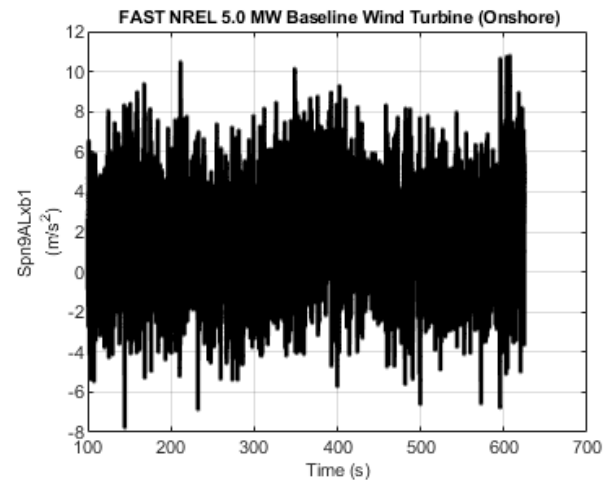
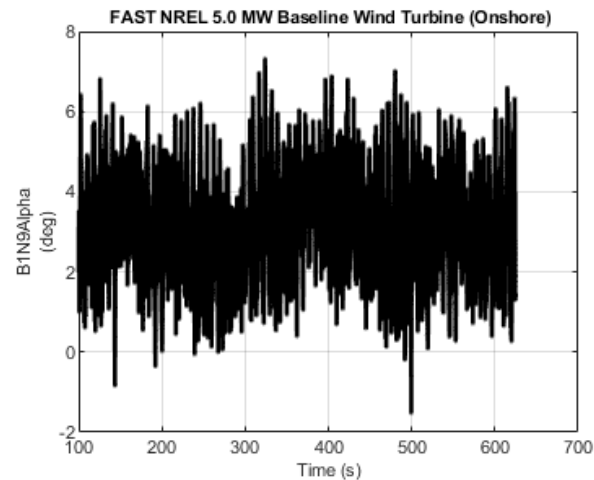
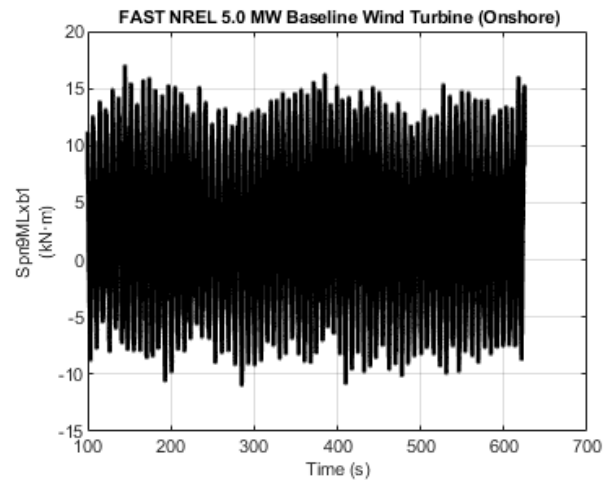
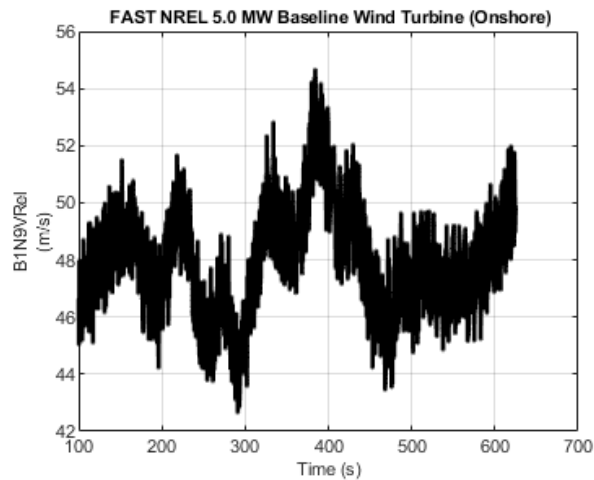
$$V_{rel}(x,t)$$

$$P_{dynamic}(x,t)$$



9 locations along the span of
each of the 3 blades

Data



The Benefit

Why solve this
challenge?

Consequences of solving this problem

More effective real-time control
of wind turbines = higher energy
production

Lower uncertainty in estimating
remaining useful life

More accurate load cases =
better turbine design → lower
CAPEX

Lower uncertainty in estimating
the probability of failure =
better insurance premiums

Thank You!



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