Astronomical images and OoD behaviour of generative models

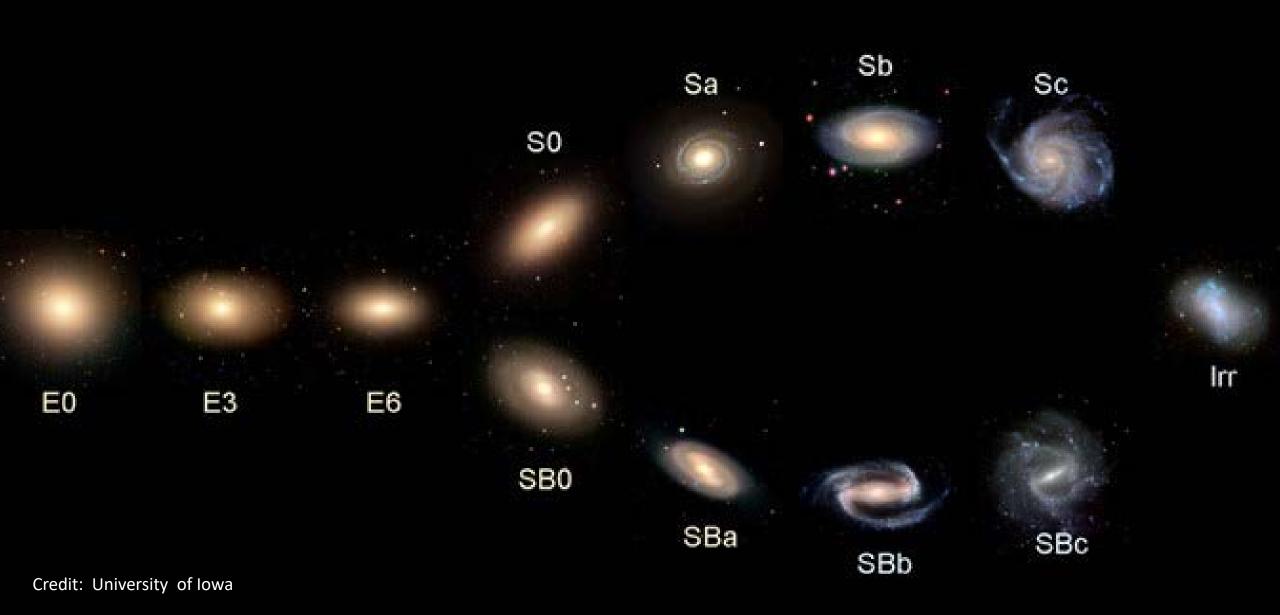
Lorenzo Zanisi, M. Huertas-Company, F. Lanusse, C. Bottrell,

A. Pillepich, D. Nelson, V. Rodriguez-Gomez

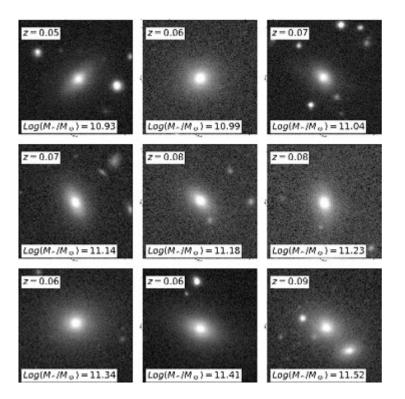




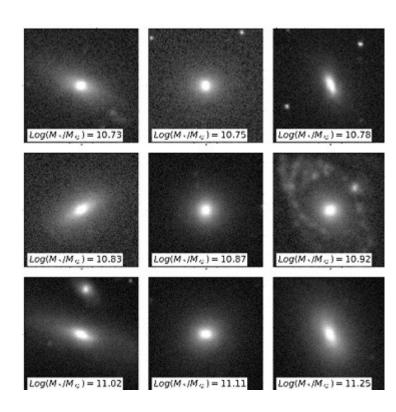
Hubble's Galaxy Classification Scheme



RealSloan Digital Sky Survey, SDSS



Simulated Illustris TNG simulation



$$X \sim p(x) \longrightarrow p \stackrel{?}{=} q \longleftarrow Y \sim q(y)$$

Huertas-Company et al. 2019 MNRAS

Generative models for OoD detection

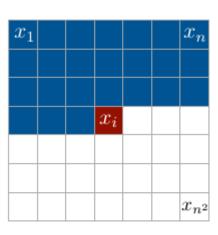
Why generative models?

- > Unsupervised approach
- > Distribution of data p is learned
- Use the likelihood for OoD tasks

PixelCNN

- > Explicit likelihood
- ➤ Autoregressive

$$P(X) = \prod_{i=1}^{N^2} P(X_i | X_{1...i-1})$$



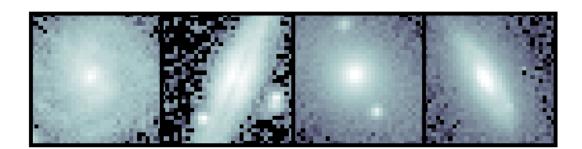
Likelihood-based OoD Bishop 1994 A test image (simulated or real) 0.005 **TEST** SDSS (real) Simulations 0.004 density 0.003 0.002 **TRAIN PixelCNN** 0.001 0.0003000 4500 3500 4000 Real $log p_{\theta_{SDSS}}$

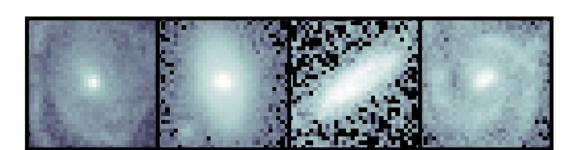
Low likelihood

3675.0

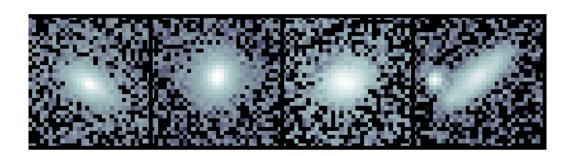
High likelihood

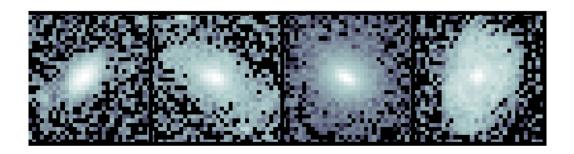
4172.0





- > Larger
- ➤ More structure
- More messy background

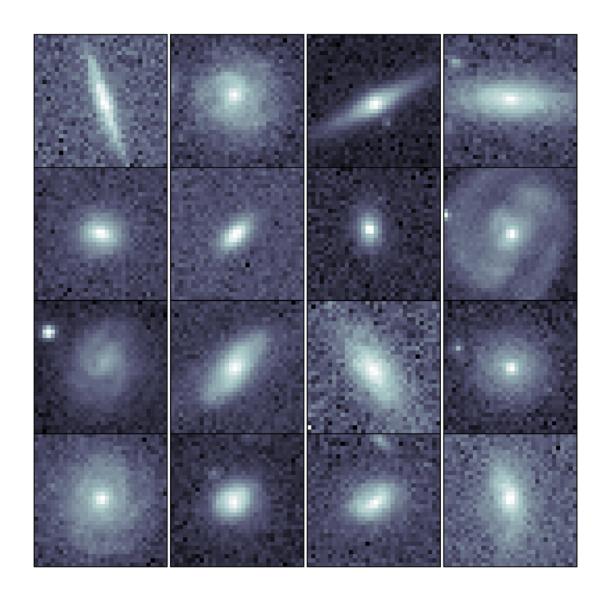




- > Smaller
- > Less structure
- Less messy background

Size, background, brightness, complexity

See also: Serrà et al. 2019 Ren et al. 2019



Complexity

- > Less variance than ImageNet
- > Appreciable range of shapes

Background

- > Noise and interlopers
- > More variance than MNIST
- Less variance than ImageNet

Our aims

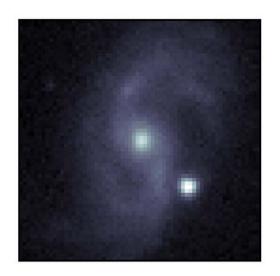
- Get rid of background
- > Isolate fine shape details

Galaxy archetypes

The Sèrsic Function models the light profile of a galaxy

$$I(R; n, R_e) = I_e \exp\left\{-b_n \left[\left(\frac{R}{R_e}\right)^{-1/n} - 1 \right] \right\}$$

Smooth, featureless "blob" with the same global properties (size, luminosity, ellipticity..)





Real Archetype

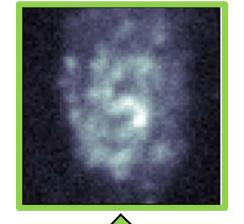
TRAIN
PixelCNN
PixelCNN

Archetype

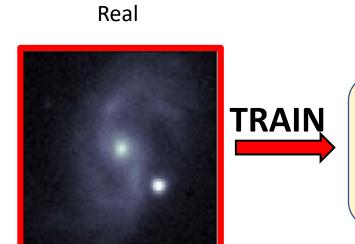
Global properties & Details &

Background

Global properties & Background



A test image (simulated or real)



PixelCNN



 $p(X_{\text{test}}; \overrightarrow{\theta}_{SDSS})$

PixelCNN



 $p(X_{\text{test}}; \overrightarrow{\theta}_{Archetype})$

Archetype



Global properties & Background

Global properties

$$LLR = \log[\frac{p(X_{test}; \vec{\theta}_{SDSS})}{p(X_{test}; \vec{\theta}_{Archetype})}]$$

$$p(X_{test}; \vec{\theta}) = p(X_{subject}; \vec{\theta})p(X_{bg}; \vec{\theta})$$

$$LLR = \log \left\{ \left[\frac{p(X_{subject}; \vec{\theta}_1)}{p(X_{subject}; \vec{\theta}_2)} \right] \left[\frac{p(X_{bg}; \vec{\theta}_1)}{p(X_{bg}; \vec{\theta}_2)} \right] \right\}$$

Ren et al. 2019 (monochromatic bg)



$$p(X_{test}; \vec{\theta}) = p(X_{subject}; \vec{\theta})p(X_{bg}; \vec{\theta})$$

$$LLR = \log \left\{ \left[\frac{p(X_{subject}; \vec{\theta}_1)}{p(X_{subject}; \vec{\theta}_2)} \right] \left[\frac{p(X_{bg}; \vec{\theta}_1)}{p(X_{bg}; \vec{\theta}_2)} \right] \right\}$$

Ren et al. 2019 (monochromatic bg)



$$p(X_{test}; \vec{\theta}) = p(X_{subject}; \vec{\theta})p(X_{bg}; \vec{\theta})$$

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Ren et al. 2019 (monochromatic bg)



$$p(X_{subject}; \vec{\theta}) = p(X_{details} | X_{global}; \vec{\theta}) p(X_{global}; \vec{\theta})$$

$$LLR = \log \left\{ \left[\frac{p(X_{details} | X_{global}; \vec{\theta}_1) p(X_{global}; \vec{\theta}_1)}{p(X_{global}; \vec{\theta}_2)} \right] \right\}$$

Details enhancement

$$p(X_{test}; \vec{\theta}) = p(X_{subject}; \vec{\theta})p(X_{bg}; \vec{\theta})$$

$$LLR = \log \left\{ \left[\frac{p(X_{subject}; \vec{\theta}_1)}{p(X_{subject}; \vec{\theta}_2)} \right] \left[\frac{p(X_{bg}; \vec{\theta}_1)}{p(X_{bg}; \vec{\theta}_2)} \right] \right\}$$

Ren et al. 2019 (monochromatic bg)

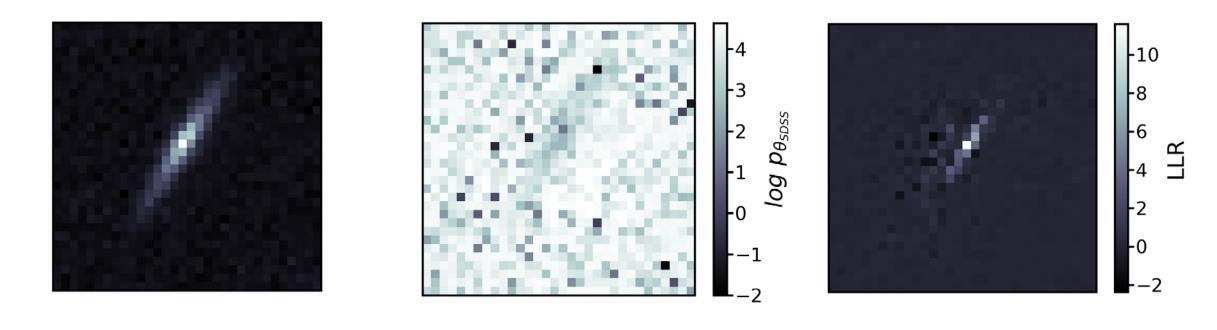


$$p(X_{subject}; \vec{\theta}) = p(X_{details} | X_{global}; \vec{\theta}) p(X_{global}; \vec{\theta})$$

$$LLR = \log \left\{ \left[\frac{p(X_{details} | X_{global}; \vec{\theta}_1) p(X_{global}; \vec{\theta}_1)}{p(X_{global}; \vec{\theta}_2)} \right] \right\}$$

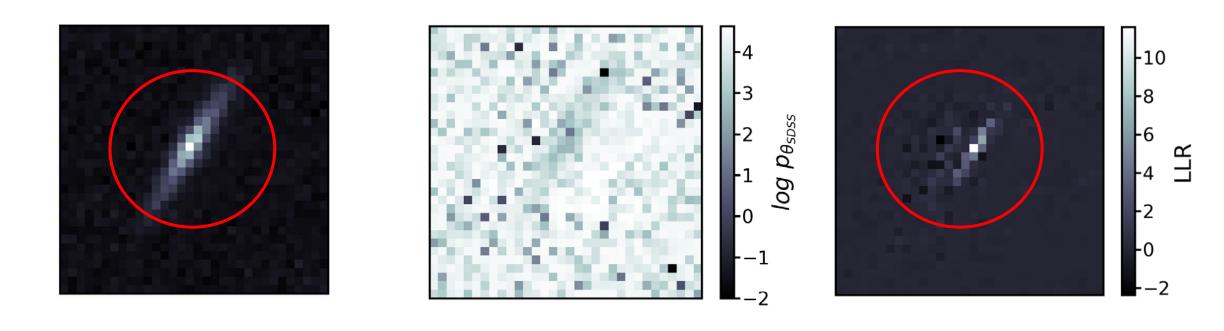
Details enhancement

Pixel-wise contributions



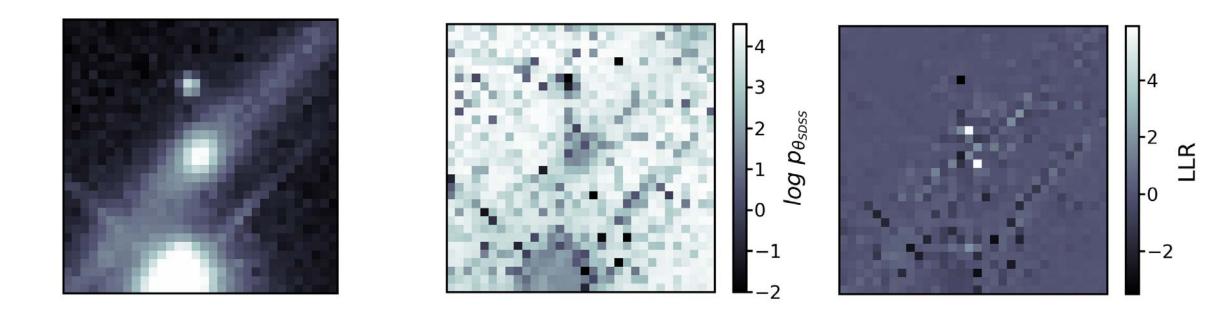
Contribution of the background is null in the LLR

Pixel-wise contributions



Central regions are enhanced in LLR

Pixel-wise contributions



Contribution of the background a simple background is null in the LLR

SDSS (real) 0.0150 TNG (simulated) 0.0125 density 0.0100 0.0050 0.0025 0.0000 200 300 0 100 400 LLR

LLR-based OoD

 $LLR \approx log[p(X_{details}|X_{global}; \overrightarrow{\theta}_{SDSS})]$

SDSS (real) 0.0150 TNG (simulated) 0.0125 Illustris (simulated) density 0.0075 0.0050 0.0025 0.0000 300 100 200 400

LLR-based OoD

 $LLR \approx log[p(X_{details}|X_{global}; \vec{\theta}_{SDSS})]$

LLR-based feature enhancement and background removal:

a framework to compare datasets

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