

HIGH-THROUGHPUT NONCOVALENT INTERACTIONS WITH Psi4, QCSHEMA, & QCARCHIVE

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SHERRILL GROUP, GEORGIA TECH
SERMACS 2024, ATLANTA, GA
24 OCTOBER 2024



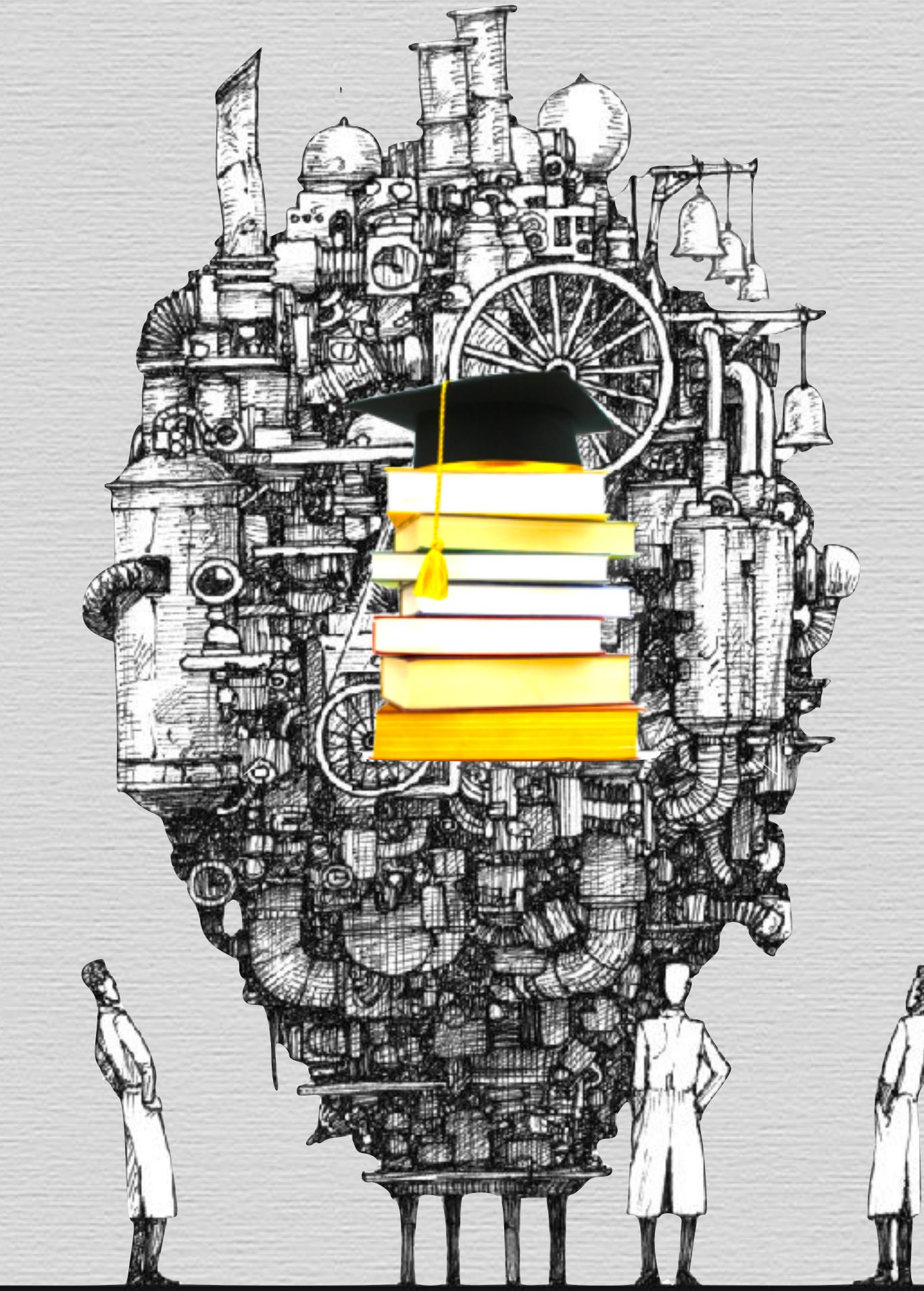
REFACTORING AN ECOSYSTEM

prefer loose coupling and high cohesion

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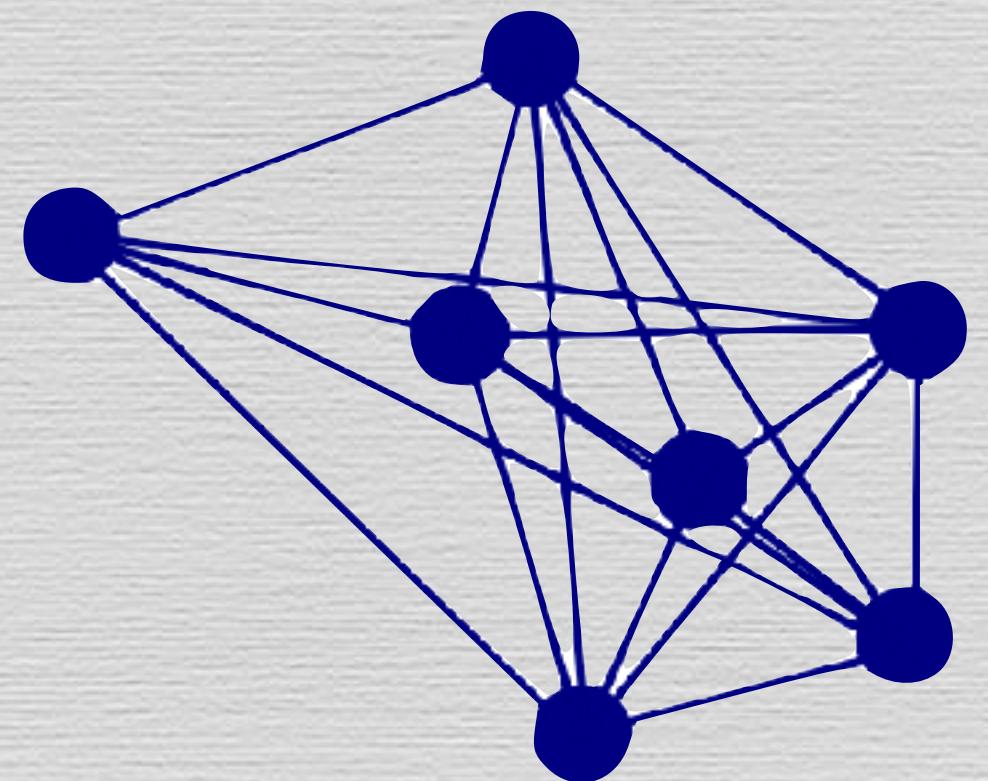
QC PROGRAMS



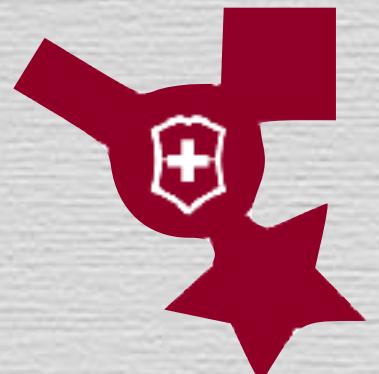
REFACTORING AN ECOSYSTEM

prefer loose coupling and high cohesion

STRONG COUPLING

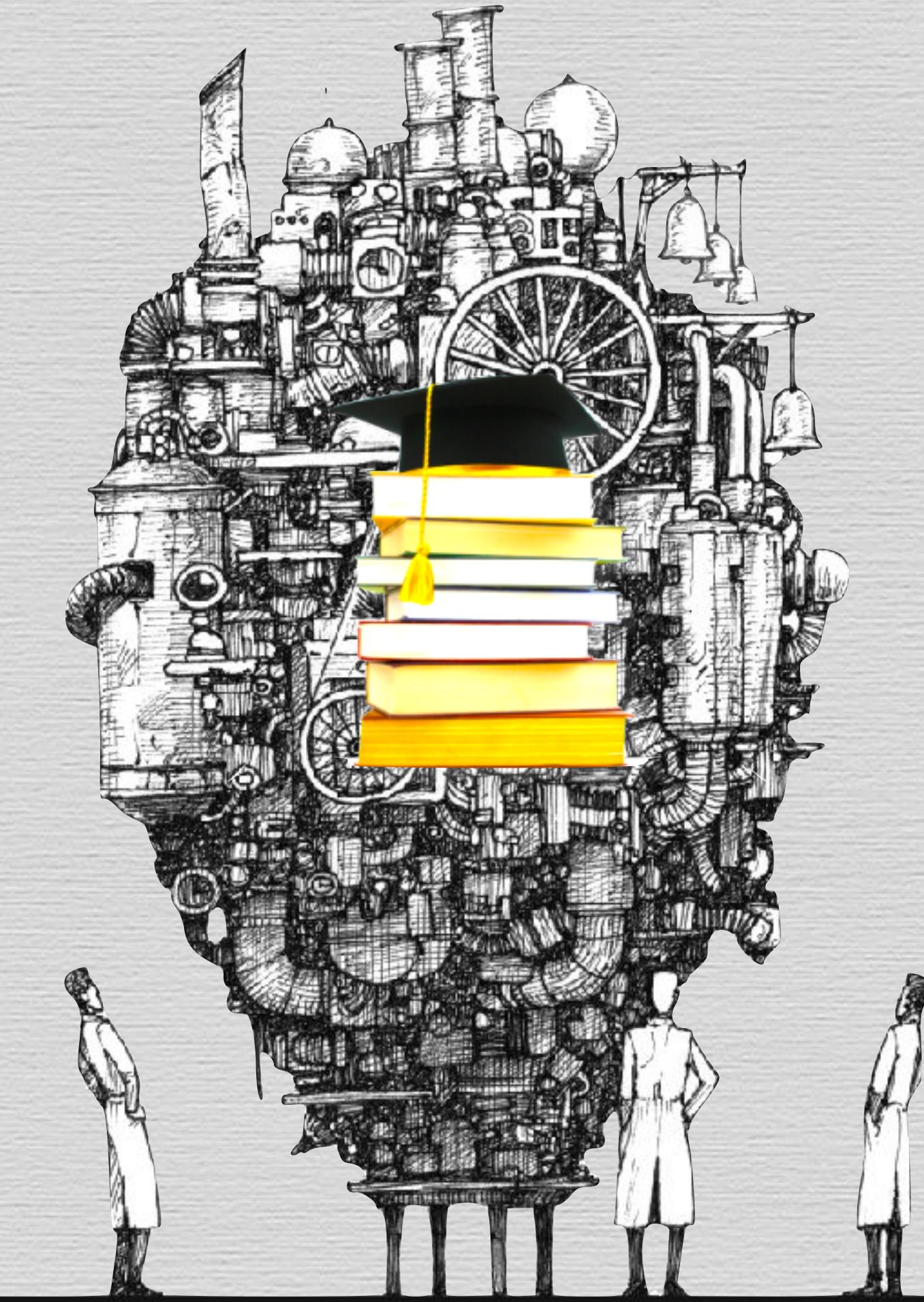


LOW COHESION



- difficult to maintain, test, read
- Swiss army knife modules

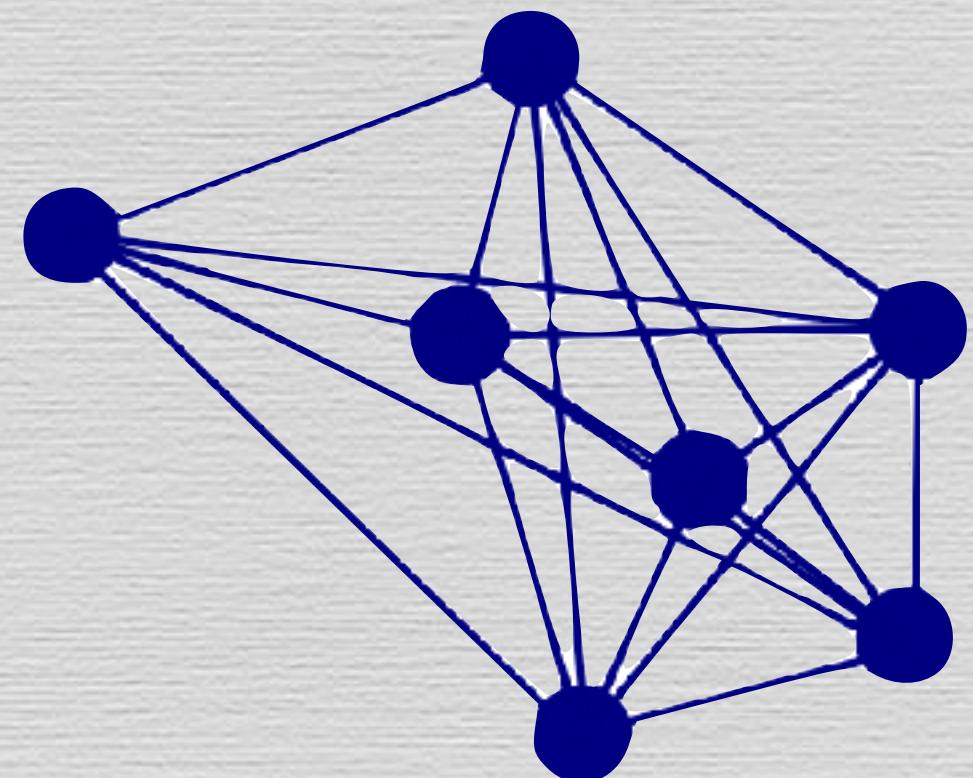
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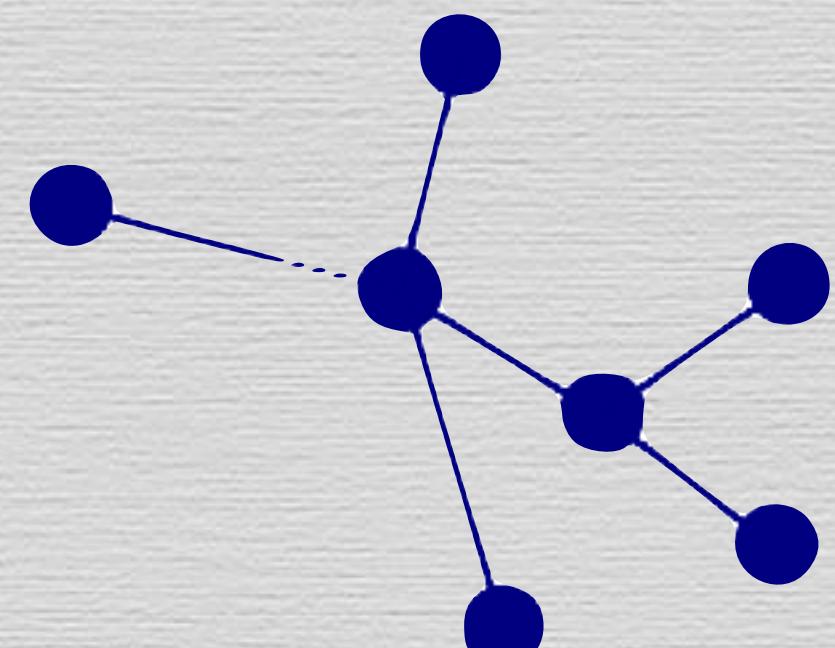
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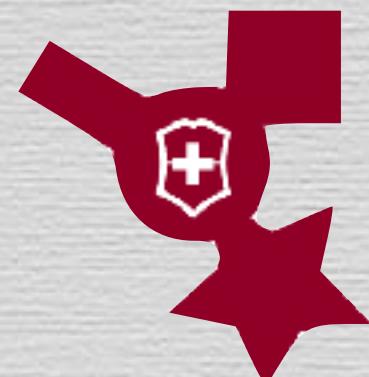


LOOSE COUPLING



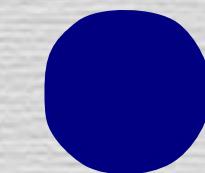
- easier to understand
- easier to compose

LOW COHESION



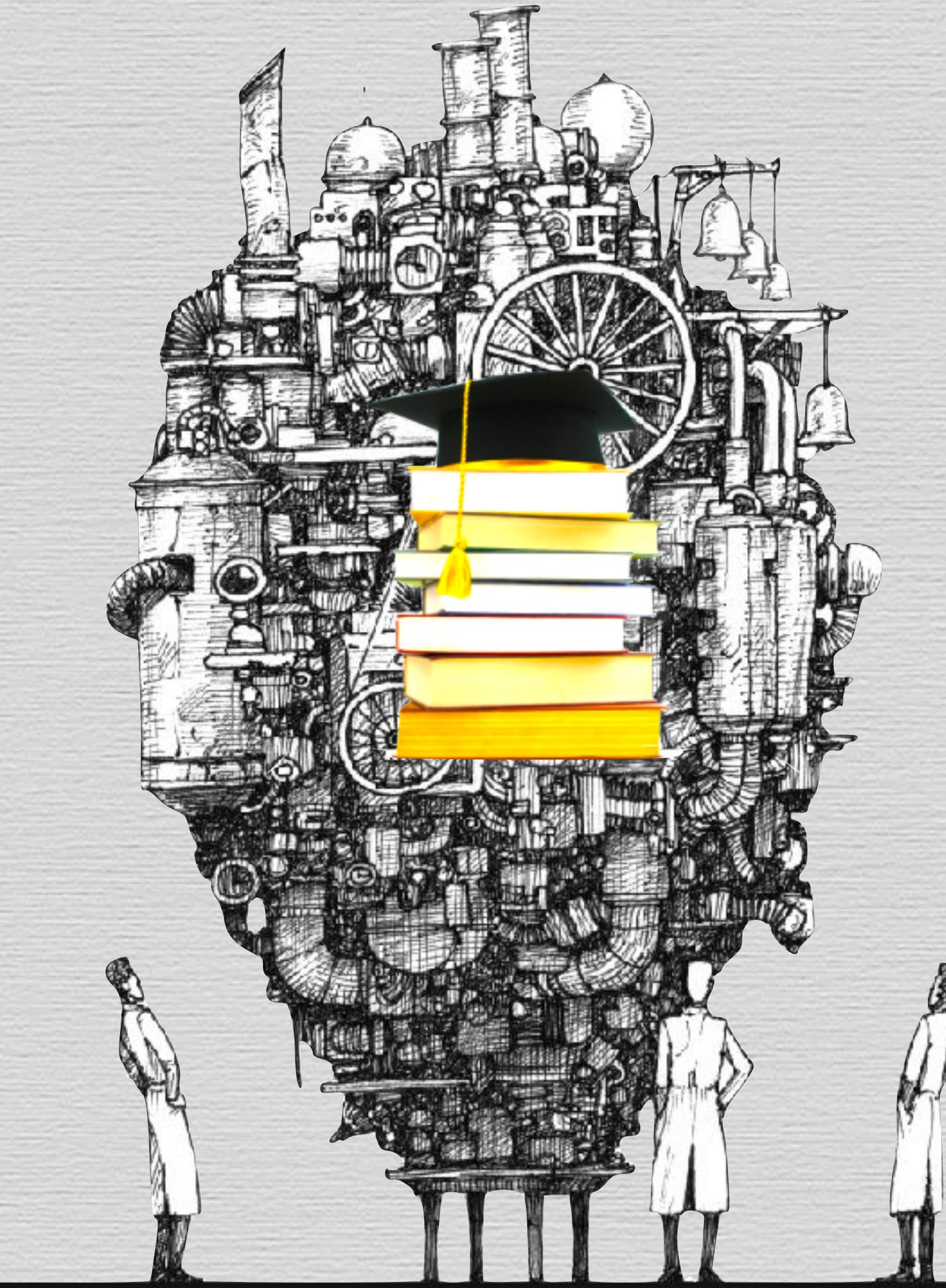
- difficult to maintain, test, read
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HIGH COHESION



- robust, reuseable, understandable
- stable APIs
- do one thing only and do it well
(e.g., Unix command line)

QC PROGRAMS



QC PROGRAMS

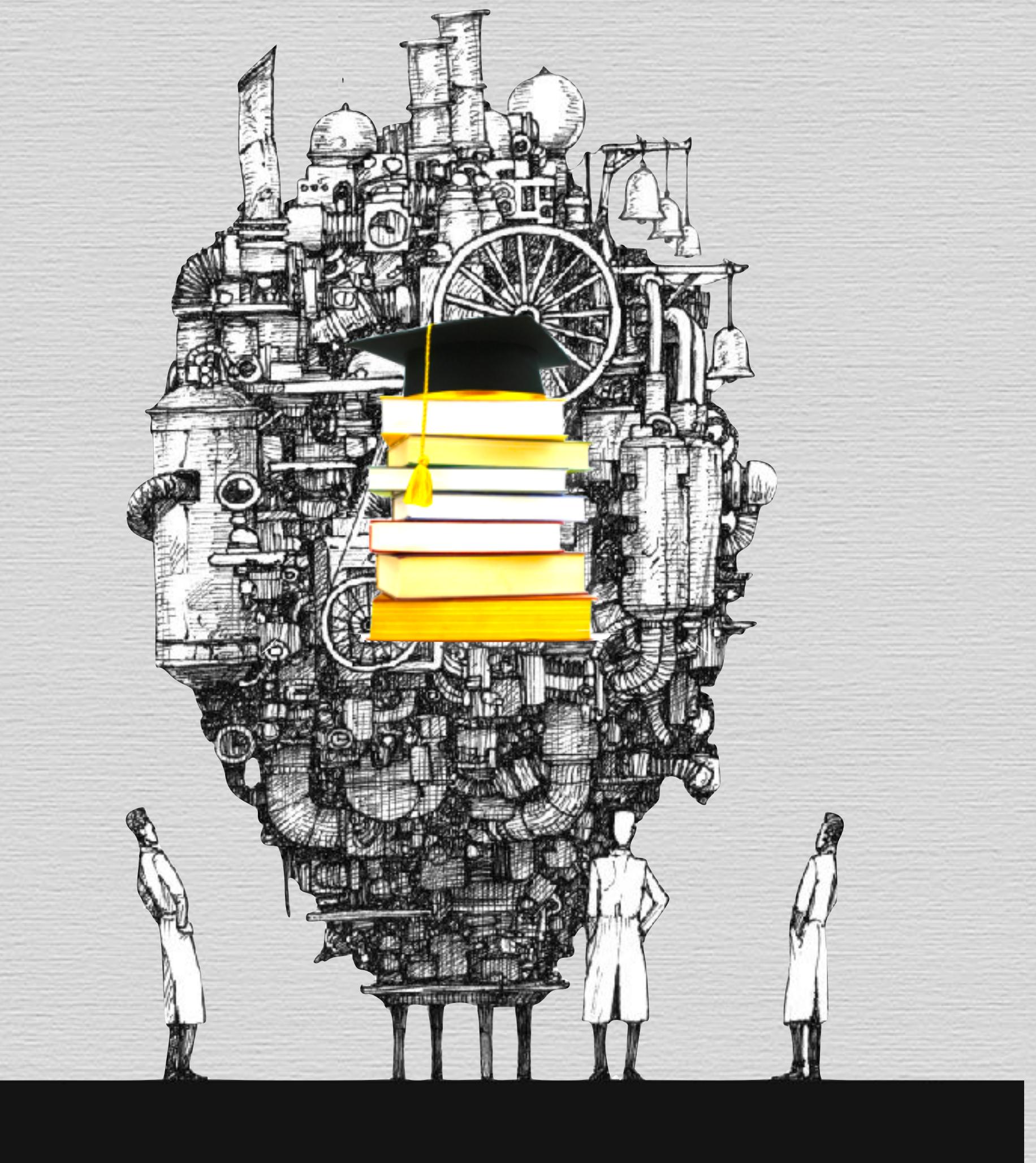
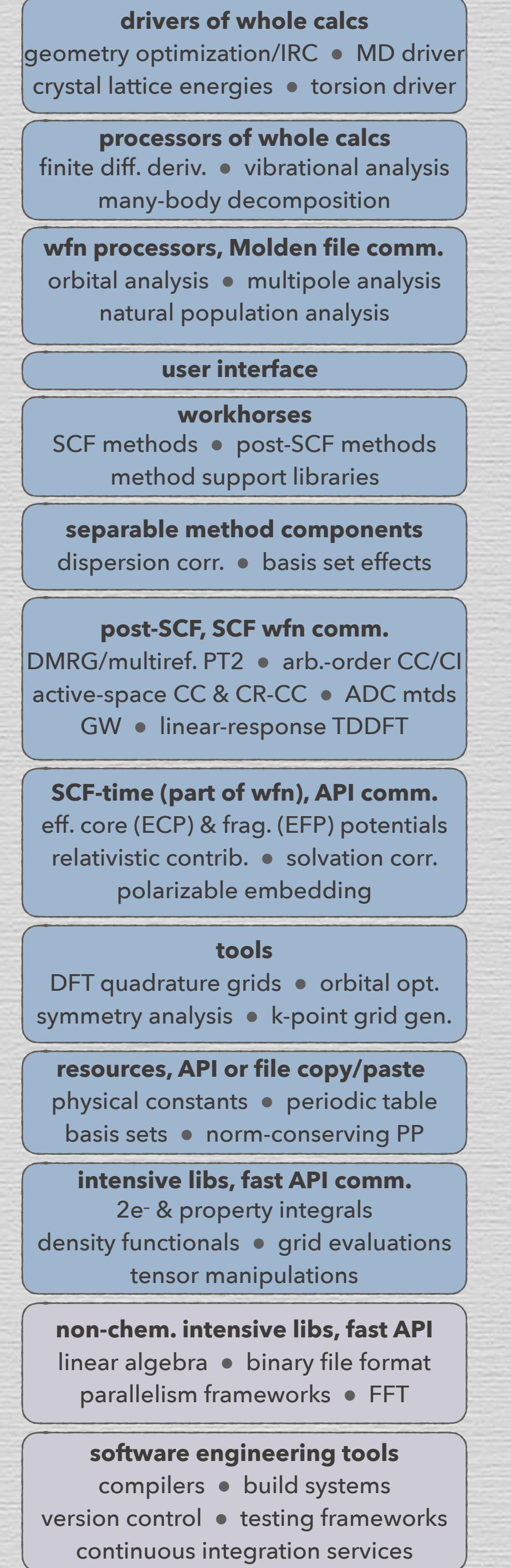
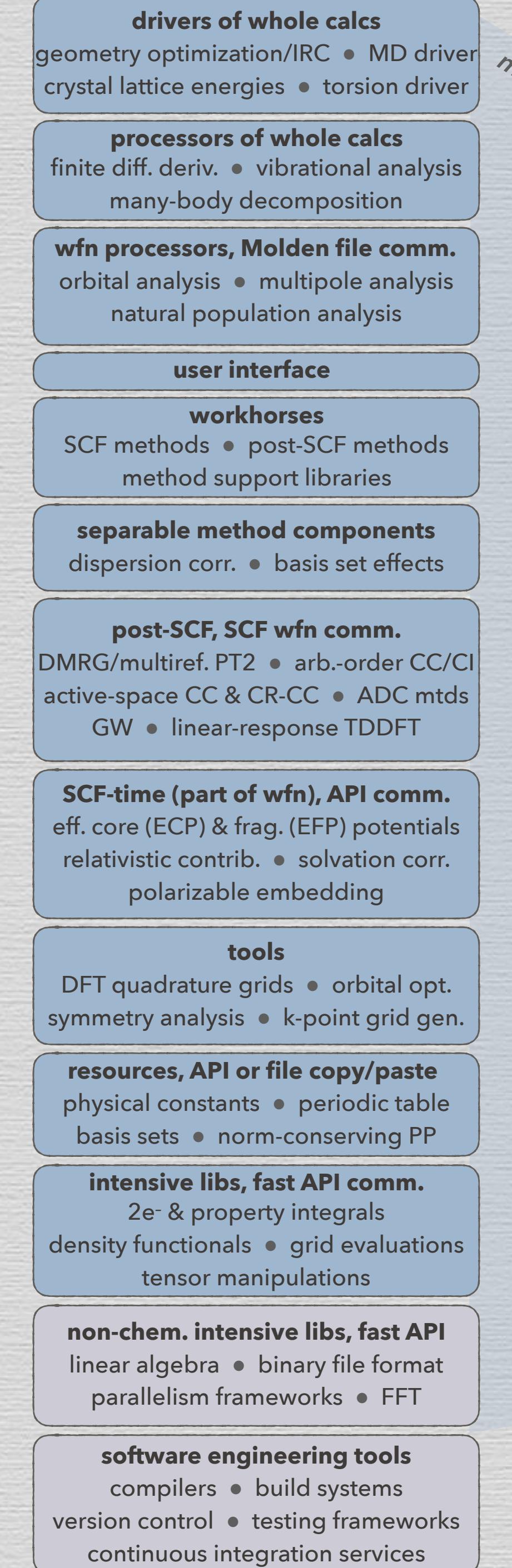
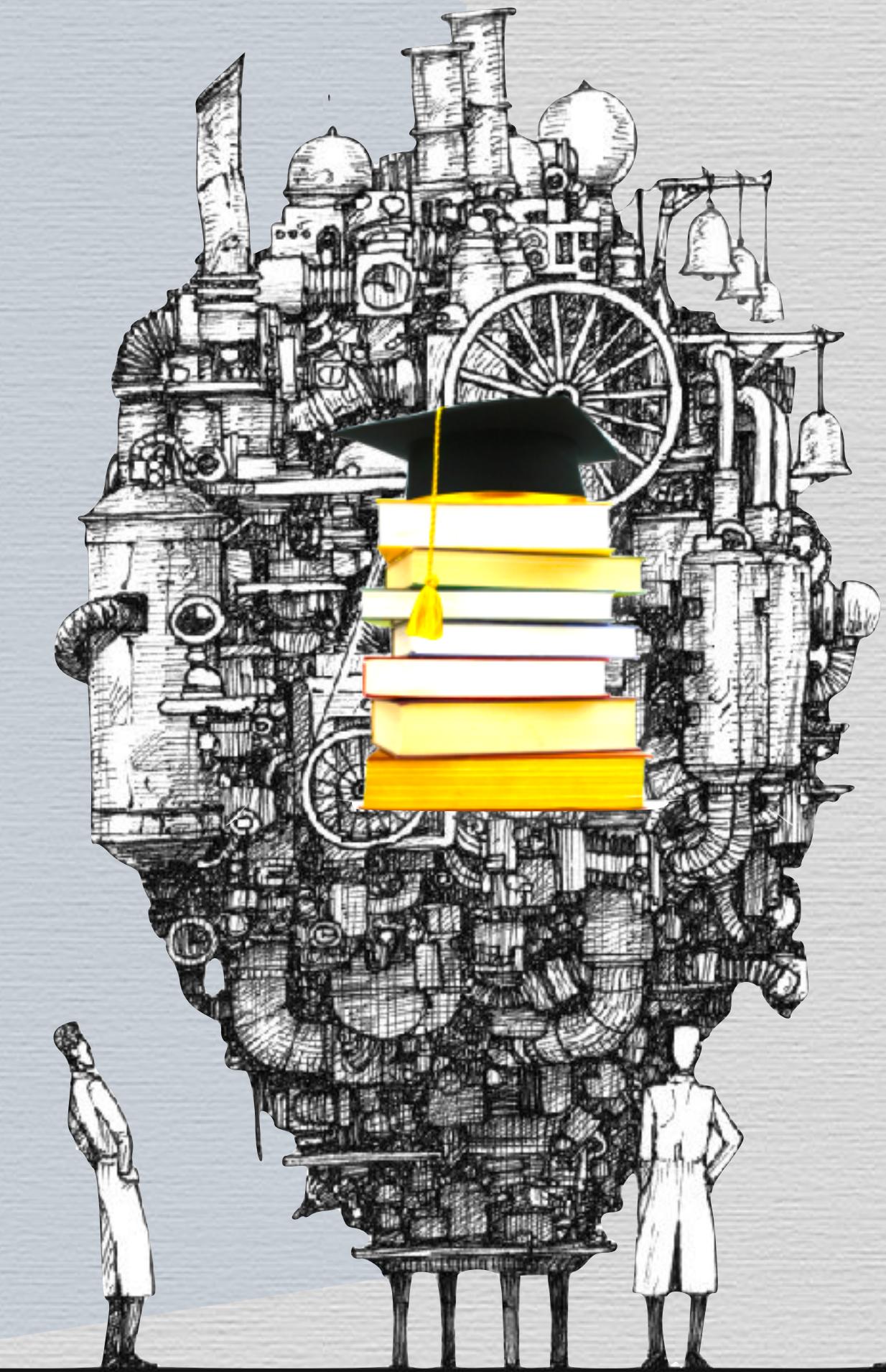
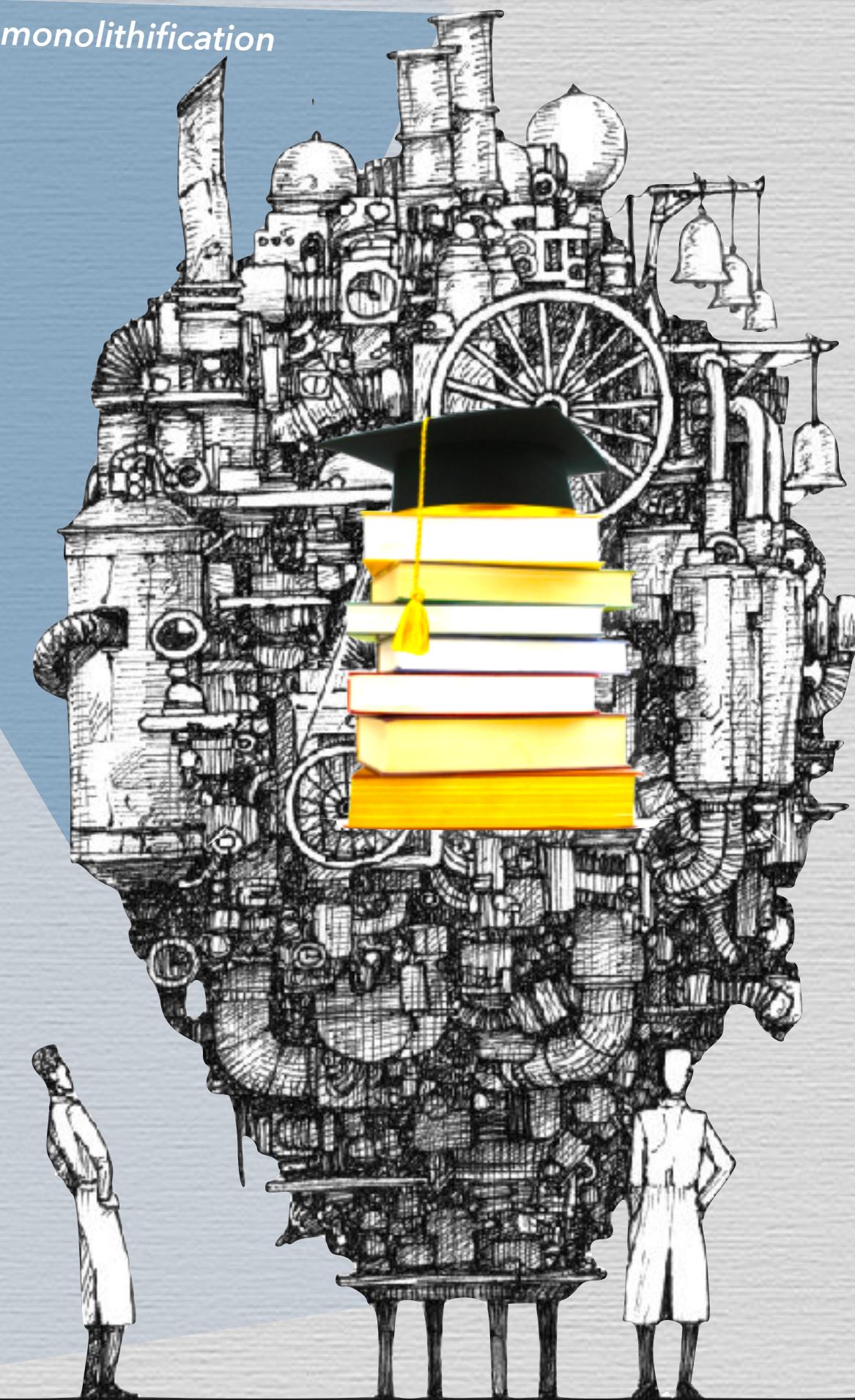


figure from *Electronic Structure* (2024) chapter (in press)
Blum, Windus, Burns, Oliveira, Pritchard, Slipchenko, et al.

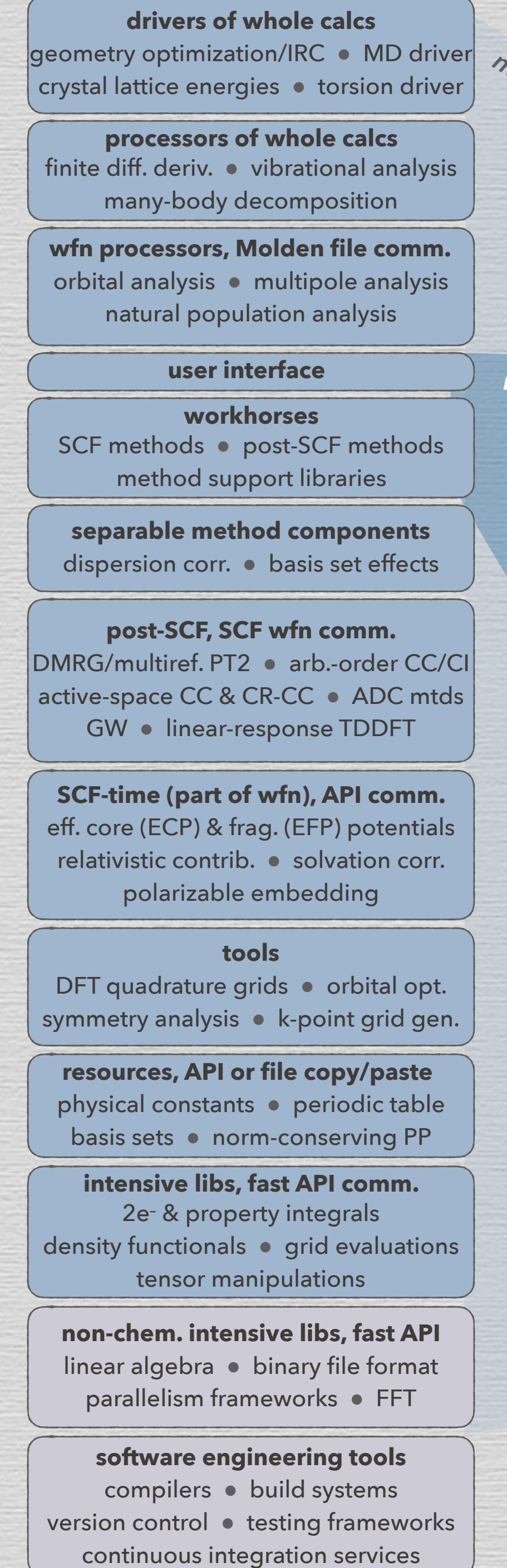
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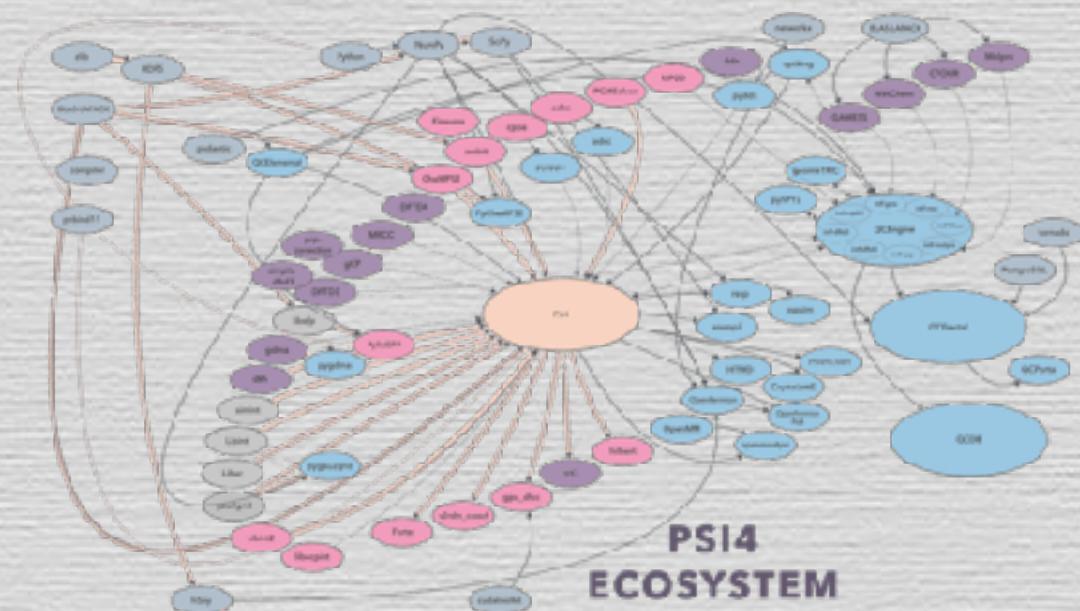


QC PROGRAMS



minimal desired monolithification





- drivers of whole calcs**
geometry optimization/IRC • MD driver
crystal lattice energies • torsion driver
- processors of whole calcs**
finite diff. deriv. • vibrational analysis
many-body decomposition
- wfn processors, Molden file comm.**
orbital analysis • multipole analysis
natural population analysis
- user interface**
- workhorses**
SCF methods • post-SCF methods
method support libraries
- separable method components**
dispersion corr. • basis set effects
- post-SCF, SCF wfn comm.**
DMRG/multiref. PT2 • arb.-order CC/CI
active-space CC & CR-CC • ADC mtds
GW • linear-response TDDFT
- SCF-time (part of wfn), API comm.**
eff. core (ECP) & frag. (EFP) potentials
relativistic contrib. • solvation corr.
polarizable embedding
- tools**
DFT quadrature grids • orbital opt.
symmetry analysis • k-point grid gen.
- resources, API or file copy/paste**
physical constants • periodic table
basis sets • norm-conserving PP
- intensive libs, fast API comm.**
2e- & property integrals
density functionals • grid evaluations
tensor manipulations
- non-chem. intensive libs, fast API**
linear algebra • binary file format
parallelism frameworks • FFT
- software engineering tools**
compilers • build systems
version control • testing frameworks
continuous integration services

maximal observed monolithification

QC PROGRAMS

minimal desired monolithification

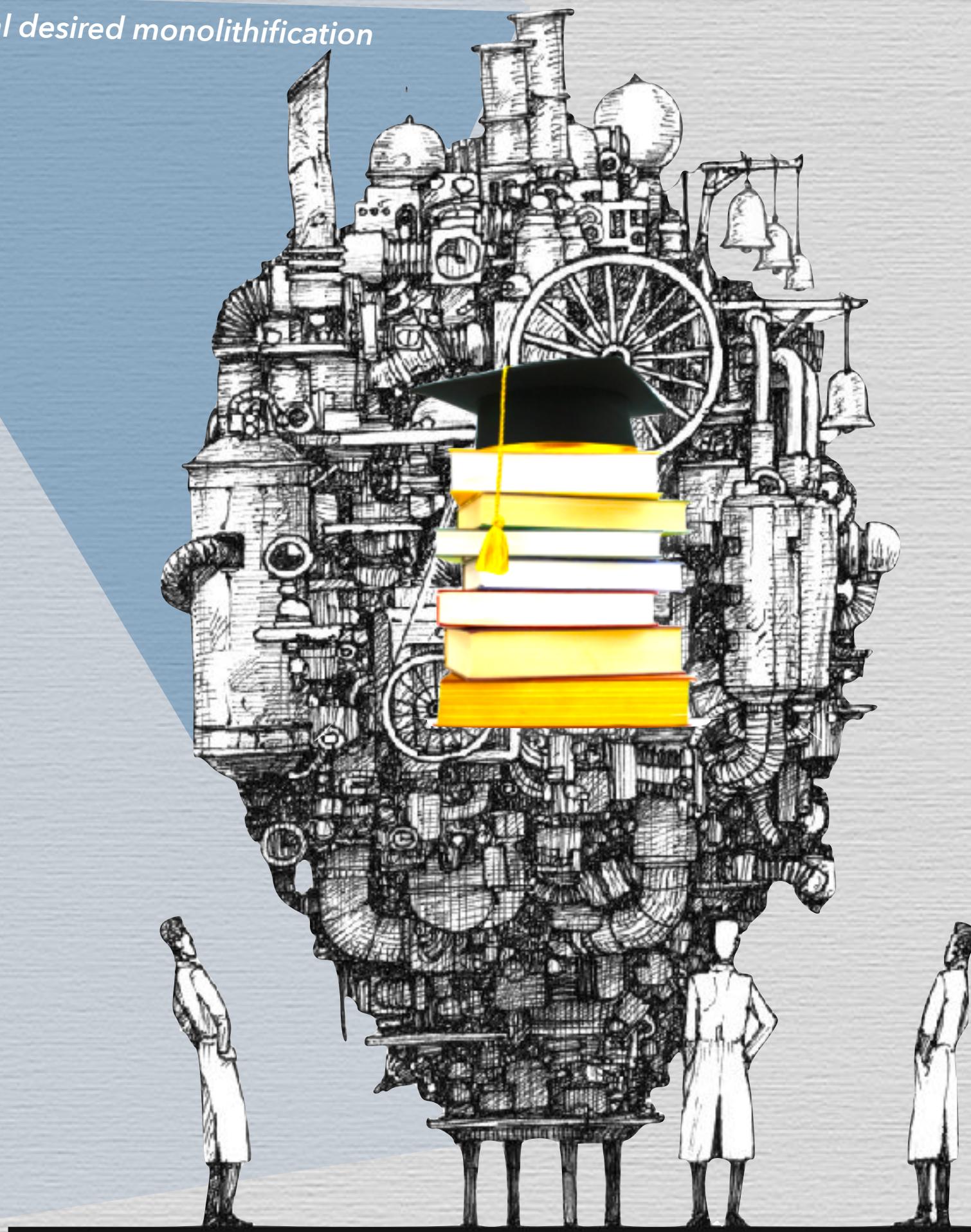
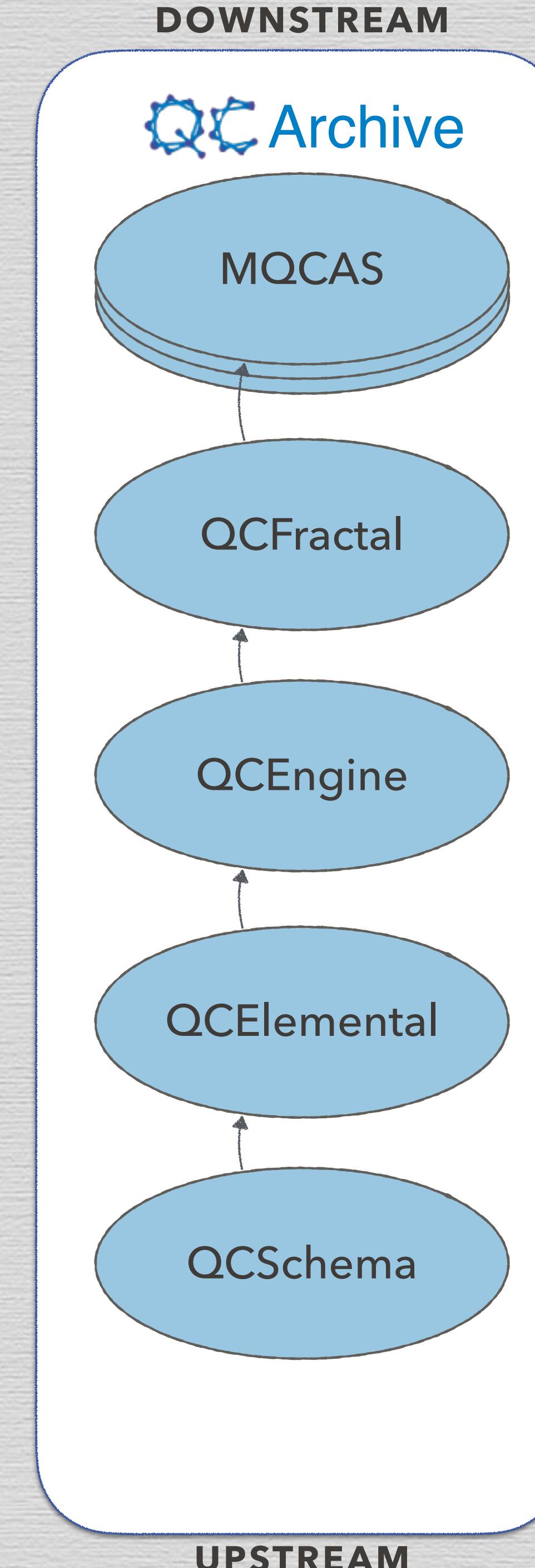


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QCARCHIVE STACK

qcarchive.molssi.org/



- database, universally queryable for CMS results
- MolSSI QCArchive Server ("em-quacks")

- batch (parallel) compute setup & management
- database storage & query of QC results

- Python QCSchema runner
- hardware compute configuration (e.g., memory, nodes)
- DSL input syntax for QC programs

- Python QCSchema implementations & validation
- NIST periodic table & physical constants
- molecule parsing, validation, export

- QC data layout & descriptions
- e.g., molecule, DFT properties, grad. input, opt. output
- language agnostic

QCARCHIVE STACK

qcarchive.molssi.org/

github.com/MoISSI/QCFracta

`pip install qcfractal`

```
conda install qcfractal -c conda-forge
```

github.com/MoISSI/QCEngine

`pip install qcengine`

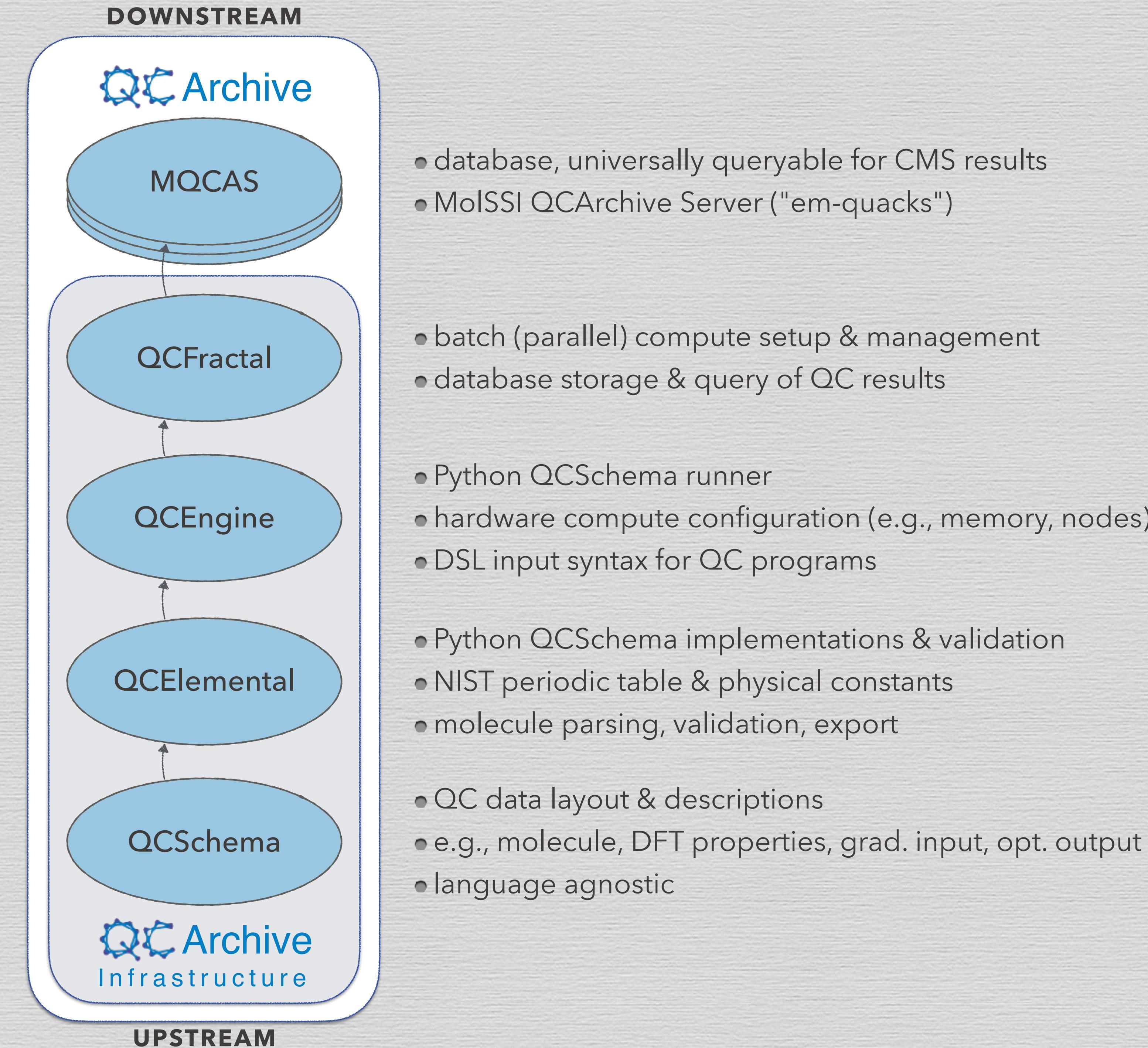
```
conda install qcengine -c conda-forge
```

github.com/MoLSSI/QCElemental

`pip install qcelemental`

```
conda install qcelemental -c conda-forge
```

github.com/MoISSI/QCSchema



QCARCHIVE STACK

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pip install qcelemental

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github.com/MoSSI/QCSchema

Don't visit this repository, as it's out-of-date.

DOWNSTREAM



QC Archive

MQCAS

QCFractal

QCEngine

QCElemental

QCSchema



UPSTREAM

- database, universally queryable for CMS results
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QUANTUM CHEMISTRY SCHEMA

github.com/MolSSI/QCSchema

- **COMMUNICATION** channel between all pieces of the ecosystem.
- **COMMUNITY** project useful for many aspects of quantum chem.
- **JSON** nominally, but any key/value/array language like MessagePack/BSON/XML/YAML ok.
- **TIMELINE** stable since 2019. Most changes for QCA. More community participation desired but little momentum. v2 soon.
- **SCHEMA** defined in Python with Pydantic in QCElemental module, then exported to JSON.

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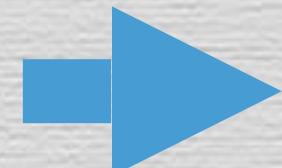
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Molecule

```
{  
    "geometry": [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1],  
    "symbols": ["He", "He"],  
    ...  
}
```

```
0 0 0 0  
H 2 0 0  
--  
@22Ne 5 0 0  
units bohr
```

Snippet 1:



```
{"atom_labels": ["", "", ""],  
 "atomic_numbers": [ 8,  1, 10],  
 "fix_com": False,  
 "fix_orientation": False,  
 "fragment_charges": [0.0, 0.0],  
 "fragment_multiplicities": [2, 1],  
 "fragments": [[0, 1], [2]],  
 "geometry": [[[0., 0., 0.],  
               [2., 0., 0.],  
               [5., 0., 0.]]],  
 "mass_numbers": [16, 1, 22],  
 "masses": [15.99491462, 1.00782503, 21.99138511],  
 "molecular_charge": 0.0,  
 "molecular_multiplicity": 2,  
 "name": "HNeO",  
 "provenance": {"creator": "QCElemental",  
               "routine": "qcelemental.molparse.from_schema",  
               "version": "v0.8.0"},  
 "real": [ True,  True, False],  
 "schema_name": "qcschema_molecule",  
 "schema_version": 2,  
 "symbols": ["O", "H", "Ne"],  
 "validated": True}
```

Snippet 2: QCSCHEMA Molecule from Snippet 1.

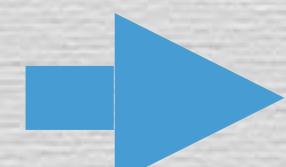
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Molecule

```
{  
    "geometry": [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1],  
    "symbols": ["He", "He"],  
    ...  
}
```



AtomicInput

```
{  
    "molecule": {  
        "geometry": [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1],  
        "symbols": ["He", "He"]  
    },  
    "driver": "energy",  
    "model": {  
        "method": "CCSD(T)",  
        "basis": "aug-cc-pVDZ",  
    },  
    "keywords": {},  
}
```

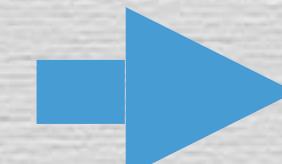
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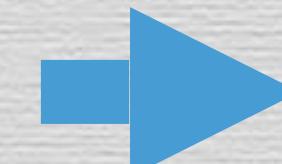
Molecule

```
{  
    "geometry": [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1],  
    "symbols": ["He", "He"],  
    ...  
}
```



AtomicInput

```
{  
    "molecule": {  
        "geometry": [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1],  
        "symbols": ["He", "He"]  
    },  
    "driver": "energy",  
    "model": {  
        "method": "CCSD(T)",  
        "basis": "aug-cc-pVDZ",  
    },  
    "keywords": {}  
}
```



AtomicResult

```
{  
    ... AtomicInput ...  
    "provenance": {  
        "creator": "My QM Program",  
        "version": "1.1rc1",  
    },  
    "properties": {  
        "calcinfo_nalpha": 5,  
        "scf_total_energy": -5.433191881443323,  
        "nuclear_repulsion_energy": 2.11670883436,  
        "scf_iterations": 8.0,  
    },  
    "error": null,  
    "return_result": -6.5432123456,  
    "success": true,  
    "stdout": "...",  
    "wavefunction": "..."  
}
```

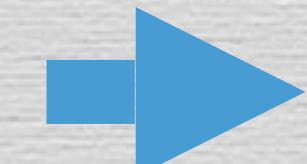
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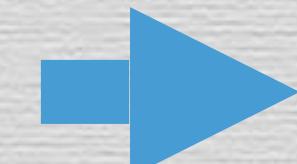
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AtomicInput

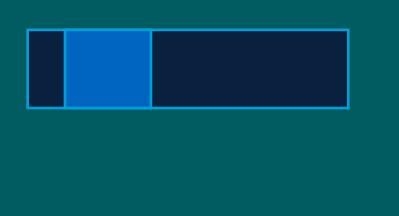
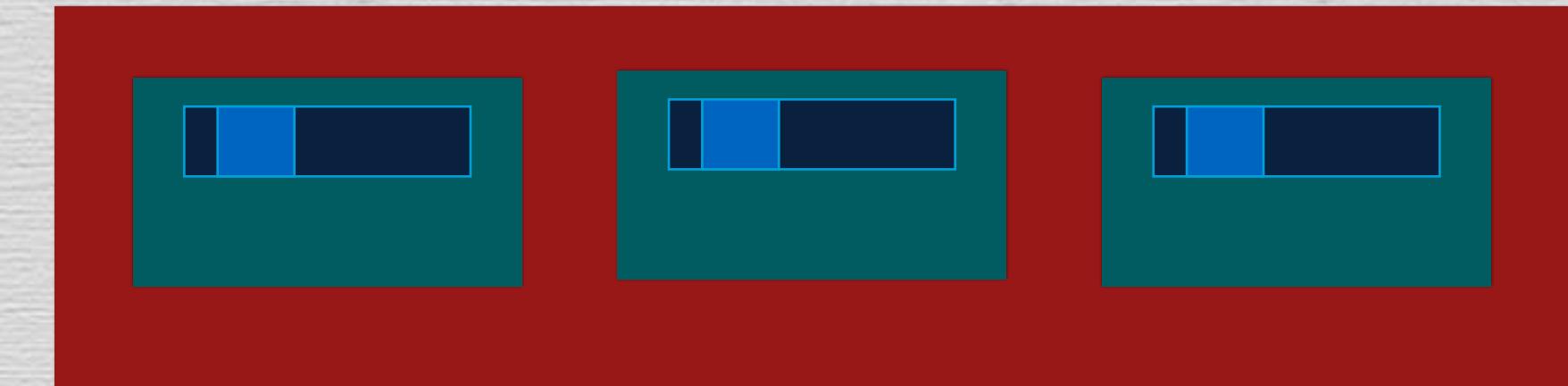
```
{  
    "molecule": {  
        "geometry": [0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1],  
        "symbols": ["He", "He"]  
    },  
    "driver": "energy",  
    "model": {  
        "method": "CCSD(T)",  
        "basis": "aug-cc-pVDZ",  
    },  
    "keywords": {},  
}
```



AtomicResult

```
{  
    ... AtomicInput ...  
    "provenance": {  
        "creator": "My QM Program",  
        "version": "1.1rc1",  
    },  
    "properties": {  
        "calcinfo_nalpha": 5,  
        "scf_total_energy": -5.433191881443323,  
        "nuclear_repulsion_energy": 2.11670883436,  
        "scf_iterations": 8.0,  
    },  
    "error": null,  
    "return_result": -6.5432123456,  
    "success": true,  
    "stdout": "...",  
    "wavefunction": "..."  
}
```

OptimizationResult



QCSchema ATOMIC

analytical single-point computations

- **AtomicInput** designed as a job directive to express any **SINGLE-GEOMETRY** analytic derivative or property calc. (as defined by driver) among CMS workhorses
- in practice, it can hide more complicated computations (e.g., finite difference frequencies), and advanced Result schema often seemingly inherit from **AtomicResult**
- note that QCSchema controls **LAYOUT** and "manages" values for **Molecule** and driver with model and enum respectively. All other values are free-form strings in CMS native syntax. See "Data Layouts" slide later.
- **AtomicResult APPENDS** to **AtomicInput** with output, simple scalar and array results, and wavefunction results.
- provenance tracks who wrote the data – program version, module, compute information
- note **FLAT** structure where Result inherits from Input
- overwhelmingly the most used of the calculation schema. These are stored by the **MILLIONS** at MolSSI
- Called "Atomic" for "fundamental"

What best describes this – Atomic, SinglePoint, other?

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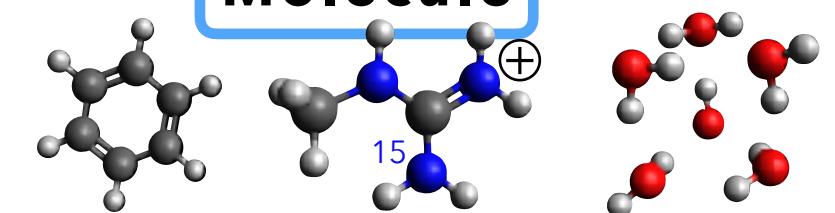
AtomicInput

schema_version: 1
provenance: creator, version, & RT info
QCElemental, 0.28.0

id: tracker for databases

extras: free-form storage

molecule: **Molecule**



protocols: customize return layout

AtomicResultProtocols

driver: single-point derivative

- energy
- gradient
- Hessian
- properties



model: model chemistry or FF

method: B3LYP-D3, CCSD(T)

basis: 6-31G*, cc-pVQZ

keywords: knobs in SP program

{scftyp: uhf, cc_conv: 7, docc: [4,1]}

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AtomicResultProtocols

stdout: save text output
wavefunction: save orbital info
native_files: save raw prog. files
error_correction: auto-edit&rerun

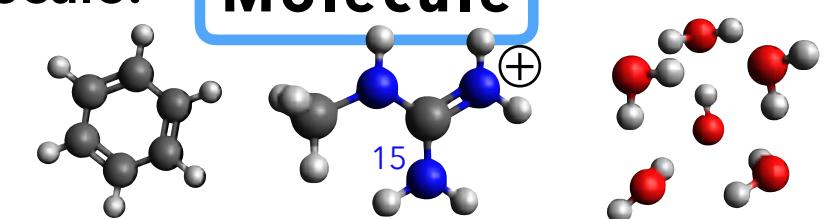
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AtomicResult

AtomicInput

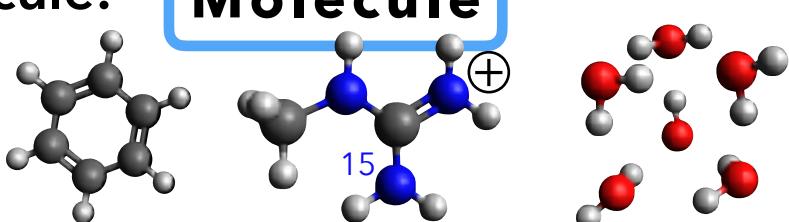
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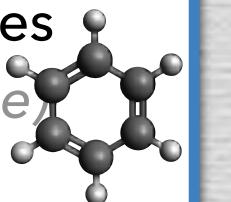
success: True

provenance: (overwrites input)

xtb, 1.0.0, psinet, CPU E5-2630

stdout/stderr: program's text output for ppl

native_files: requested raw program files



molecule: (overwrites inp w/result frame)

return_result: single-point derivative



properties: key results for single-point

AtomicResultProperties

wavefunction: orbital-level results

WavefunctionProperties

QCSchema ATOMIC

analytical single-point computations

```
'properties': {'calcinfo_nalpha': 10,
   'calcinfo_natom': 2,
   'calcinfo_nbasis': 28,
   'calcinfo_nbeta': 10,
   'calcinfo_nmo': 28,
   'nuclear_repulsion_energy': 16.666666666666668,
   'return_energy': -256.977621071098,
   'return_gradient': array([[0, 0, -6.54470201e-05],
                            [0, 0, 6.54470212e-05]]),
   'return_hessian': None,
   'scf_dipole_moment': array([0, 0, 4.97379915e-14]),
   'scf_iterations': 5,
   'scf_one_electron_energy': -398.5650589792168,
   'scf_total_energy': -256.977621071098,
   'scf_total_gradient': array([[0, 0, -6.54470201e-05],
                                [0, 0, 6.54470212e-05]]),
   'scf_total_hessian': None,
   'scf_two_electron_energy': 124.92077124145213},

'extras': {'qcvars': {'CURRENT DIPOLE': array([0.0000000e+00, 0.0000000e+00, 4.97379915e-14],
                                             'CURRENT ENERGY': -256.977621071098,
                                             'CURRENT GRADIENT': array([[0, 0, -6.54470201e-05],
                                                                           [0, 0, 6.54470212e-05]]),
                                             'CURRENT REFERENCE ENERGY': -256.977621071098,
                                             'DD SOLVATION ENERGY': 0.0,
                                             'HF KINETIC ENERGY': 256.97713564856093,
                                             'HF POTENTIAL ENERGY': -513.9547567196589,
                                             'HF TOTAL ENERGY': -256.977621071098,
                                             'HF TOTAL GRADIENT': array([[0, 0, -6.54470201e-05],
                                                                           [0, 0, 6.54470212e-05]]),
                                             'HF VIRIAL RATIO': 2.000001888971701,
                                             'NUCLEAR REPULSION ENERGY': 16.666666666666668,
                                             'ONE-ELECTRON ENERGY': -398.5650589792168,
                                             'PCM POLARIZATION ENERGY': 0.0,
                                             'PE ENERGY': 0.0,
                                             'SCF DIPOLE': array([0.0000000e+00, 0.0000000e+00, 4.97379915e-14],
                                                               'SCF ITERATION ENERGY': -256.977621071098,
                                                               'SCF ITERATIONS': 5.0,
                                                               'SCF TOTAL ENERGIES': array([-256.97759612, -256.97762005, -256.9776
                                                               -256.97762107, -256.97762107, -256.9776
                                                               'SCF TOTAL ENERGY': -256.977621071098,
                                                               'SCF TOTAL GRADIENT': array([[0, 0, -6.54470201e-05],
                                                               [0, 0, 6.54470212e-05]]),
                                                               'TWO-ELECTRON ENERGY': 124.92077124145213}}},
```

AtomicResultProperties (abr.)

`calcinfo_natom`
`calcinfo_nmo`
`nuclear_repulsion_energy`
`return_energy:`  •
`return_gradient:`  
`scf_total_egh:` ref. energy, gradient, etc.
`mtd_correlation_energy:` post-scf energy
`mtd_iterations:` count to convergence
`mtd_mpole_moment:` dipole etc. array

AtomicResult

AtomicInput

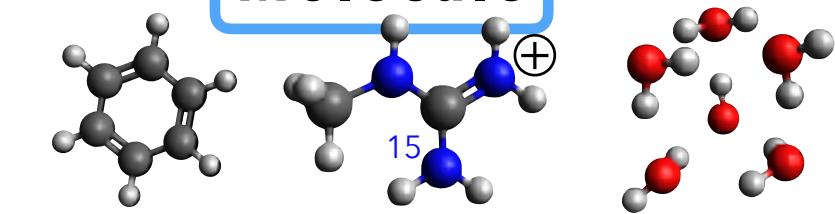
schema_version: 1
provenance: creator, version, & RT info
QCElemental, 0.28.0

id: tracker for databases

extras: free-form storage

molecule: Molecule

The diagram illustrates the reaction between a carboxylic acid molecule (CH₃COOH) and a water molecule (H₂O). The carboxylic acid molecule has a central carbon atom bonded to two hydrogen atoms and two oxygen atoms. One of the oxygen atoms is further bonded to a hydroxyl group (-OH). A blue circle labeled 'H+' represents a proton, which is added to one of the lone pairs on the oxygen atom of the carboxylic acid. This results in the formation of a water molecule (H₂O) and a salt product, shown as a grey sphere (representing a chloride ion) paired with a blue sphere (representing a protonated carboxylic acid cation).



protocols: customize return layout

AtomicResultProtocols

driver: single-point derivative

- energy
 - gradient
 - Hessian
 - properties

model: model chemistry or FF

method: B3LYP-D3, CCSD(T)

basis: 6-31G*, cc-pVQZ

keywords: knobs in SP program

{scftyp: uhf, cc_conv: 7, docc: [4, 1]}

success: True

provenance: (overwrites input)

xtb, 1.0.0, psinet, CPU E5-2630

stdout/stderr: program's text output for ppl

native_files: requested raw program files

molecule: (overwrites inp w/result frame)

return_result: single-point derivative

$E \cdot G \cdot H$

properties: key results for single-point

AtomicResultProperties

wavefunction: orbital-level results

Wavefunction Properties

QCSchema ATOMIC

analytical single-point computations

- **AtomicInput** designed as a job directive to express any **SINGLE-GEOMETRY** analytic derivative or property calc. (as defined by driver) among CMS workhorses
- in practice, it can hide more complicated computations (e.g., finite difference frequencies), and advanced Result schema often seemingly inherit from **AtomicResult**
- note that QCSchema controls **LAYOUT** and "manages" values for **Molecule** and driver with model and enum respectively. All other values are free-form strings in CMS native syntax. See "Data Layouts" slide later.
- **AtomicResult APPENDS** to **AtomicInput** with output, simple scalar and array results, and wavefunction results.
- provenance tracks who wrote the data – program version, module, compute information
- note **FLAT** structure where Result inherits from Input
- overwhelmingly the most used of the calculation schema. These are stored by the **MILLIONS** at MolSSI
- Called "Atomic" for "fundamental"

What best describes this – Atomic, SinglePoint, other?

AtomicResult

AtomicInput

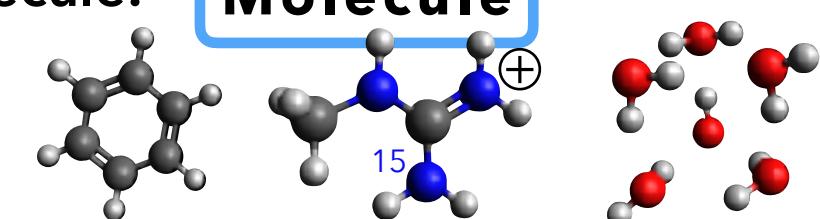
schema_version: 1

provenance: creator, version, & RT info
QCElemental, 0.28.0

id: tracker for databases

extras: free-form storage

molecule: **Molecule**



protocols: customize return layout

AtomicResultProtocols

driver: single-point derivative

- energy
- gradient
- Hessian
- properties



model: model chemistry or FF

method: B3LYP-D3, CCSD(T)

basis: 6-31G*, cc-pVQZ

keywords: knobs in SP program

{scftyp: uhf, cc_conv: 7, docc: [4,1]}

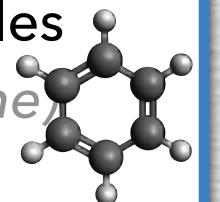
success: True

provenance: (overwrites input)

xtb, 1.0.0, psinet, CPU E5-2630

stdout/stderr: program's text output for ppl

native_files: requested raw program files



molecule: (overwrites inp w/result frame)

return_result: single-point derivative



properties: key results for single-point

AtomicResultProperties

wavefunction: orbital-level results

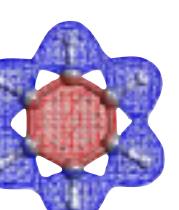
WavefunctionProperties

WavefunctionProperties (abr.)

basis: **BasisSet**

restricted: alpha == beta

orbitals_a/b



density_a/b

fock_a/b

eigenvalues_a/b

occupations_a/b

QCSchema defines data layouts

and text advice, nothing more; QCEngine will not standardize input

DOMAIN-SPECIFIC ASCII

$\langle CC|CC \rangle$

```
N 0.000 0.000 -0.146
H 0.000 -1.511 1.014
H 0.000 1.511 1.014
```

```
*CFOUR(REFERENCE=ROHF
BASIS=AUG-PVDZ,CALC_LEVEL=CCSD
COORDINATES=CARTESIAN,UNITS=BOHR
CHARGE=0,MULTIPLICITY=2)
```

all-electron restricted-open-shell CCSD/aug-cc-pVDZ energy of NH₂ molecule



```
$ccinp ncore=0 $end
$basis gbasis=accd $end
$contrl cctyp=ccsd coord=prinaxis
icharg=0 ispher=1 mult=2
runtyp=energy scftyp=rohf
units=bohr $end
$data

C1
N 7 0.000 0.000 -0.146
H 1 0.000 -1.511 1.014
H 1 0.000 1.511 1.014
$end
```



```
molecule {
0 2
N 0.000 0.000 -0.146
H 0.000 -1.511 1.014
H 0.000 1.511 1.014
units au
}
set reference rohf
energy('ccsd/aug-cc-pvdz')
```



```
geometry units bohr
N 0.000 0.000 -0.146
H 0.000 -1.511 1.014
H 0.000 1.511 1.014
end
charge 0
basis spherical
h library aug-cc-pvdz
n library aug-cc-pvdz
end
scf
rohf
nopen 1
end
tce
ccsd
end
task tce energy
```

QCSchema: AtomicInput

QCSchema DEFINES DATA LAYOUTS

and text advice, nothing more; QCEngine will not standardize input

DOMAIN-SPECIFIC ASCII

N 0.000 0.000 -0.146 <CC|CC>
H 0.000 -1.511 1.014
H 0.000 1.511 1.014

*CFOUR(REFERENCE=ROHF
BASIS=AUG-PVDZ,CALC_LEVEL=CCSD
COORDINATES=CARTESIAN,UNITS=BOHR
CHARGE=0,MULTIPLICITY=2)

all-electron restricted-open-shell CCSD/aug-cc-pVDZ energy of NH₂ molecule

```
$ccinp ncore=0 $end
$basis gbasis=accd $end
$contrl cctyp=ccsd coord=prinaxis
  icharg=0 ispher=1 mult=2
  runtyp=energy scftyp=rohf
  units=bohr $end
$data

C1
N 7 0.000 0.000 -0.146
H 1 0.000 -1.511 1.014
H 1 0.000 1.511 1.014
$end
```



```
molecule {
  0 2
  N 0.000 0.000 -0.146
  H 0.000 -1.511 1.014
  H 0.000 1.511 1.014
  units au
}

set reference rohf

energy('ccsd/aug-cc-pvdz')
```



```
geometry units bohr
N 0.000 0.000 -0.146
H 0.000 -1.511 1.014
H 0.000 1.511 1.014
end
charge 0
basis spherical
  h library aug-cc-pvdz
  n library aug-cc-pvdz
end
scf
  rohf
  nopen 1
end
tce
  ccisd
end
task tce energy
```



DATA LAYOUT TRANSLATION



QCSchema: AtomicInput

```
{ 'molecule':      ,
  'driver':       ,
  'model': {      ,
    'method':     ,
    'basis':      ,
    'keywords': { },
  },
}
```

```
{ 'molecule':      ,
  'driver':       ,
  'model': {      ,
    'method':     ,
    'basis':      ,
    'keywords': { },
  },
}
```

```
{ 'molecule':      ,
  'driver':       ,
  'model': {      ,
    'method':     ,
    'basis':      ,
    'keywords': { },
  },
}
```

```
{ 'molecule':      ,
  'driver':       ,
  'model': {      ,
    'method':     ,
    'basis':      ,
    'keywords': { },
  },
}
```

QCSchema DEFINES DATA LAYOUTS

and text advice, nothing more; QCEngine will not standardize input

DOMAIN-SPECIFIC ASCII

N 0.000 0.000 -0.146 <CC|CC>
H 0.000 -1.511 1.014
H 0.000 1.511 1.014

*CFOUR(REFERENCE=ROHF
BASIS=AUG-PVDZ,CALC_LEVEL=CCSD
COORDINATES=CARTESIAN,UNITS=BOHR
CHARGE=0,MULTIPLICITY=2)

all-electron restricted-open-shell CCSD/aug-cc-pVDZ energy of NH₂ molecule

```
$ccinp ncore=0 $end
$basis gbasis=accd $end
$contrl cctyp=ccsd coord=prinaxis
  icharg=0 ispher=1 mult=2
  runtyp=energy scftyp=rohf
  units=bohr $end
$data

C1
N 7 0.000 0.000 -0.146
H 1 0.000 -1.511 1.014
H 1 0.000 1.511 1.014
$end
```



GAMESS

```
molecule {
  0 2
  N 0.000 0.000 -0.146
  H 0.000 -1.511 1.014
  H 0.000 1.511 1.014
  units au
}

set reference rohf

energy('ccsd/aug-cc-pvdz')
```

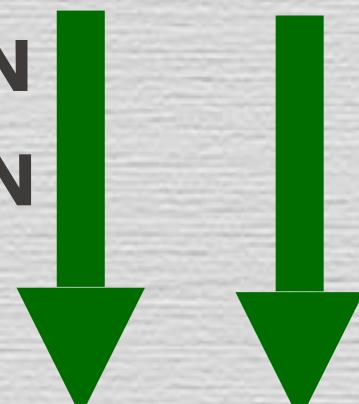


PSI4

```
geometry units bohr
N 0.000 0.000 -0.146
H 0.000 -1.511 1.014
H 0.000 1.511 1.014
end
charge 0
basis spherical
  h library aug-cc-pvdz
  n library aug-cc-pvdz
end
scf
  rohf
  nopen 1
end
tce
  ccisd
end
task tce energy
```



DATA LAYOUT TRANSLATION
MOL & DRIVER STANDARDIZATION



QCSchema: AtomicInput

```
{ 'molecule': :NH2,
  'driver': 'energy',
  'model': {
    'method': ,
    'basis': },
  'keywords': { }

}
```

```
{ 'molecule': :NH2,
  'driver': 'energy',
  'model': {
    'method': ,
    'basis': },
  'keywords': { }

}
```

```
{ 'molecule': :NH2,
  'driver': 'energy',
  'model': {
    'method': ,
    'basis': },
  'keywords': { }

}
```

```
{ 'molecule': :NH2,
  'driver': 'energy',
  'model': {
    'method': ,
    'basis': },
  'keywords': { }

}
```

QCSchema DEFINES DATA LAYOUTS

and text advice, nothing more; QCEngine will not standardize input

DOMAIN-SPECIFIC ASCII

N 0.000 0.000 -0.146 <CC|CC>
H 0.000 -1.511 1.014
H 0.000 1.511 1.014

*CFOUR(REFERENCE=ROHF
BASIS=AUG-PVDZ,CALC_LEVEL=CCSD
COORDINATES=CARTESIAN,UNITS=BOHR
CHARGE=0,MULTIPLICITY=2)

all-electron restricted-open-shell CCSD/aug-cc-pVDZ energy of NH₂ molecule

```
$ccinp ncore=0 $end
$basis gbasis=accd $end
$contrl cctyp=ccsd coord=prinaxis
  icharg=0 ispher=1 mult=2
  runtyp=energy scftyp=rohf
  units=bohr $end
$data

C1
N 7 0.000 0.000 -0.146
H 1 0.000 -1.511 1.014
H 1 0.000 1.511 1.014
$end
```



```
molecule {
  0 2
  N 0.000 0.000 -0.146
  H 0.000 -1.511 1.014
  H 0.000 1.511 1.014
  units au
}

set reference rohf

energy('ccsd/aug-cc-pvdz')
```



```
geometry units bohr
N 0.000 0.000 -0.146
H 0.000 -1.511 1.014
H 0.000 1.511 1.014
end
charge 0
basis spherical
  h library aug-cc-pvdz
  n library aug-cc-pvdz
end
scf
  rohf
  nopen 1
end
tce
  ccsd
end
task tce energy
```



DATA LAYOUT TRANSLATION

MOL & DRIVER STANDARDIZATION

BASIS & KEYWORDS STANDARDIZATION

QCSchema: AtomicInput

```
{ 'molecule': NH2,
  'driver': 'energy',
  'model': {
    'method': 'ccsd',
    'basis': 'aug-pvdz' },
  'keywords': {
    'reference': 'rohf' }}
```

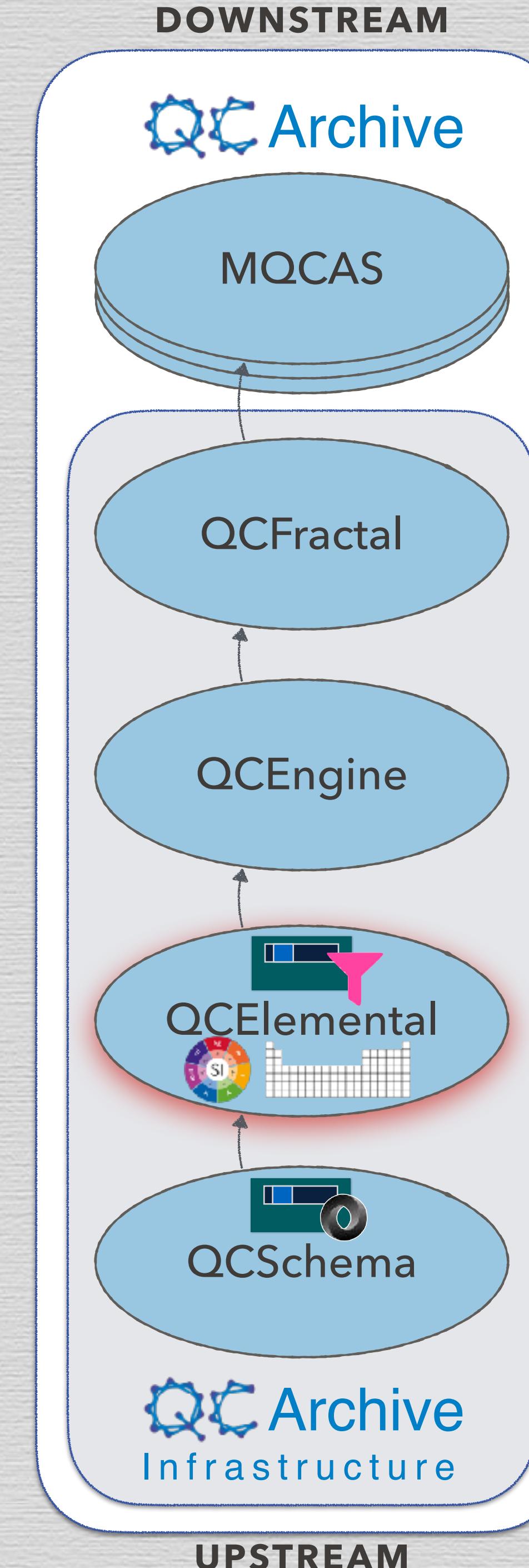
```
{ 'molecule': NH2,
  'driver': 'energy',
  'model': {
    'method': 'ccsd',
    'basis': 'accd' },
  'keywords': {
    'contrl_ispher': 1,
    'contrl_scftyp': 'rohf',
    'ccinp_ncore': 0 }}
```

```
{ 'molecule': NH2,
  'driver': 'energy',
  'model': {
    'method': 'ccsd',
    'basis': 'aug-cc-pvdz' },
  'keywords': {
    'reference': 'rohf' }}
```

```
{ 'molecule': NH2,
  'driver': 'energy',
  'model': {
    'method': 'ccsd',
    'basis': 'aug-cc-pvdz' },
  'keywords': {
    'basis_spherical': True,
    'scf_rohf': True,
    'qc_module': 'tce' }}
```

QCARCHIVE STACK

qcarchive.molssi.org/



- database, universally queryable for CMS results
- MolSSI QCArchive Server ("em-quacks")

- batch (parallel) compute setup & management
- database storage & query of QC results

- Python QCSchema runner
- hardware compute configuration (e.g., memory, nodes)
- DSL input syntax for QC programs

- **Python QCSchema implementations & validation**
- **NIST periodic table & physical constants**
- **molecule parsing, validation, export**

- QC data layout & descriptions
- e.g., molecule, DFT properties, grad. input, opt. output
- language agnostic

QCELEMENTAL IMPLEMENTS QCSchema

with strong validation through pydantic

SIX FLAWED MOLECULES

```
> Molecule(geometry=[5, 6], symbols=['O'])
ValueError: cannot reshape array of size 2 into shape (3)

> Molecule(geometry=[4, 4, 4], symbols=['Z'])
NotAnElementError: Z

> Molecule(geometry=[0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5], symbols=['H', 'H', 'H'])
ValidationError: dropped atoms! nat = 3 != 2

> Molecule(geometry=[0, 0.001, 0, 0, 0, 0], symbols=['N', 'N'])
ValidationError: Following atoms are too close: [(0, 1, 0.001)]

> Molecule(geometry=[0, 0, 0], symbols=['He'], molecular_charge=0, molecular_multiplicity=2)
ValidationError: Inconsistent or unspecified chg/mult: sys chg: 0, frag chg: [None], sys mult: 2, frag mult: [None]

> Molecule(geometry=[0, 0, 0], symbols=['He'], fragments=[[0], [1]])
ValidationError: dropped atoms! nat = 2 != 1
```

THAT RAISE HELPFUL ERRORS IN QCElemental

QCELEMENTAL PROVIDES DATASETS

NIST CODATA, covalent and vdW radii, Periodic Table

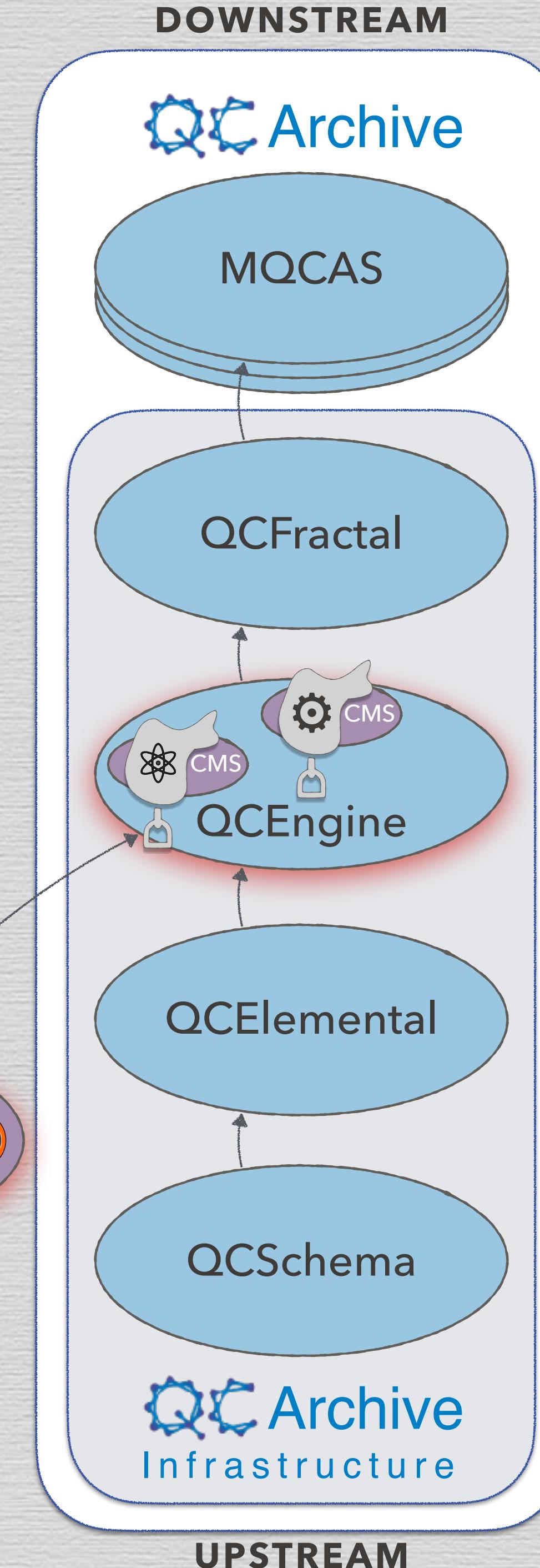
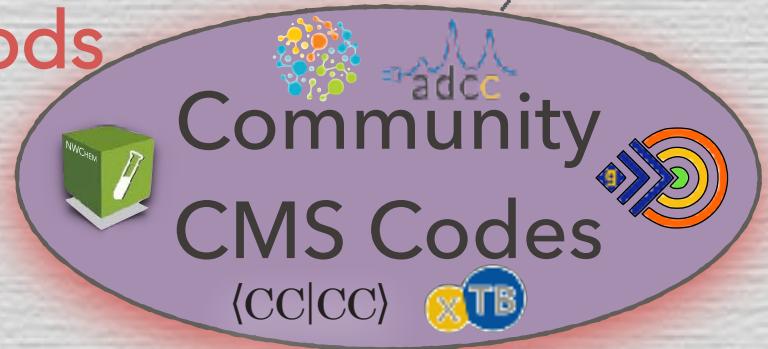
- **STRUCTURED DATA** processed into light Python API directly from NIST structured data, if available.
- **PRECISION** original significant figures value always available.
- **VERSIONED** when reproducibility demands old versions, accessing both helps transitions.
- **EXPORTS** to C and Fortran headers.
- **CONVERSION** with pint module, internally consistent unit conversions available.
- **STORAGE/USER UNITS** maintain AU in QCSCHEMA, while presenting results in customary units.

```
> import qcelemental as qcel
> qcel.constants.Hartree_energy_in_eV
27.21138602
> pc = qcel.constants.get('hartree ENERGY in ev', return_tuple=True)
> pc.label
'Hartree energy in eV'
> pc.data
Decimal('27.21138602')
> pc.units
'eV'
> pc.comment
'uncertainty=0.000 000 17'
> qcel.constants.conversion_factor("bohr", "miles")
3.2881547429884475e-14
```

```
> import qcelemental as qcel
> qcel.periodictable.to_E('KRYPTON')
'Kr'
> qcel.periodictable.to_element(36)
'Krypton'
> qcel.periodictable.to_Z('kr84')
36
> qcel.periodictable.to_A('Kr')
84
> qcel.periodictable.to_mass('Kr86')
85.9106106269
```

QCARCHIVE STACK

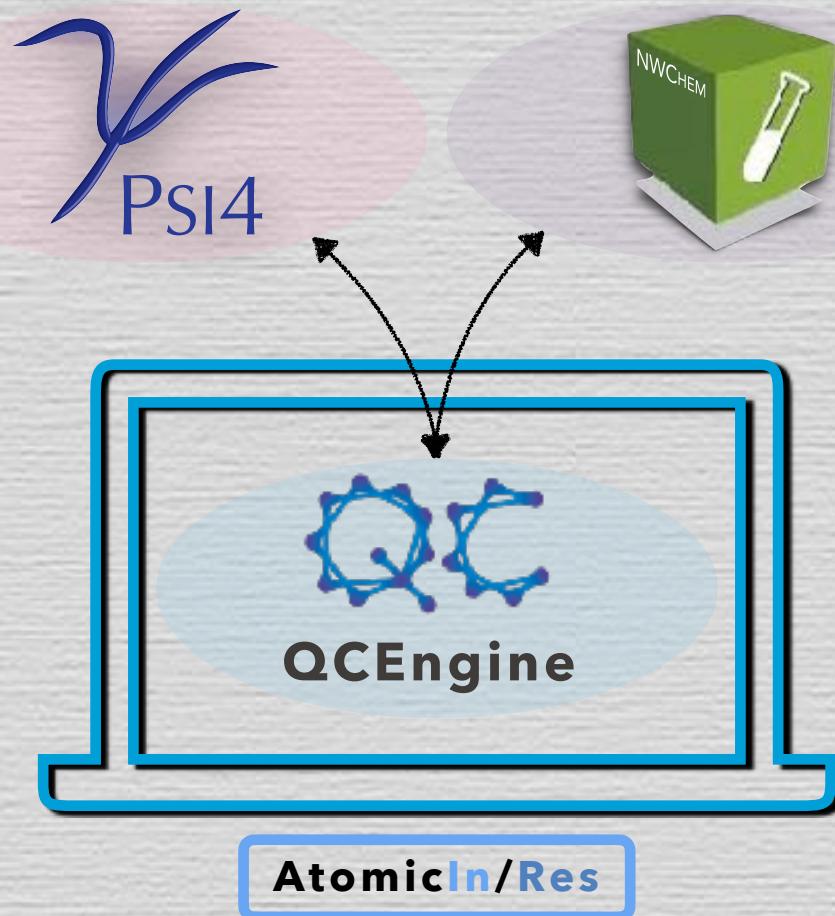
- the difficult part – coded QC methods
- structured output uncommon
- DSL input; API/schema uncommon



- database, universally queryable for CMS results
- MolSSI QCArchive Server ("em-quacks")
- batch (parallel) compute setup & management
- database storage & query of QC results
- **Python QCSchema runner**
- **hardware compute configuration (e.g., memory, nodes)**
- **DSL input syntax for QC programs**
- Python QCSchema implementations & validation
- NIST periodic table & physical constants
- molecule parsing, validation, export
- QC data layout & descriptions
 - e.g., molecule, DFT properties, grad. input, opt. output
- language agnostic

QCENGINE: PYTHON QCSHEMA RUNNER

github.com/MoSSI/QCEngine



CMDLINE

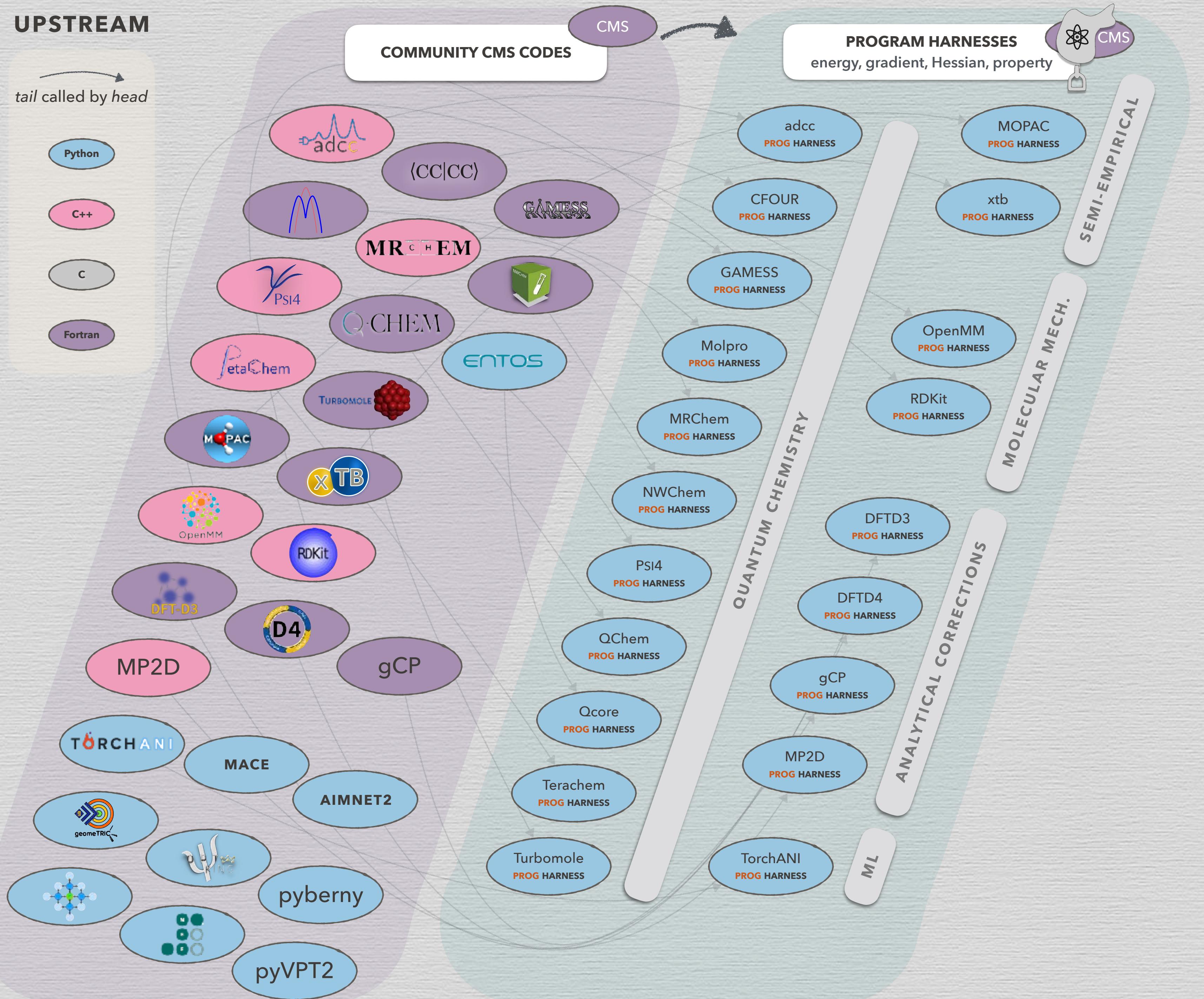
```
cfour  
> qcengine run molpro atomicinput  
psi4  
dftd4
```

PYAPI

```
qcengine.compute(atomicinput, "molpro", task_config({"nnodes": 4, "memory": 10})  
psi4  
dftd4
```

sh> qcengine run cmscode atomicinput.json QCSk PY
py> qcengine.compute("cmscode", atomicinput) QCSk



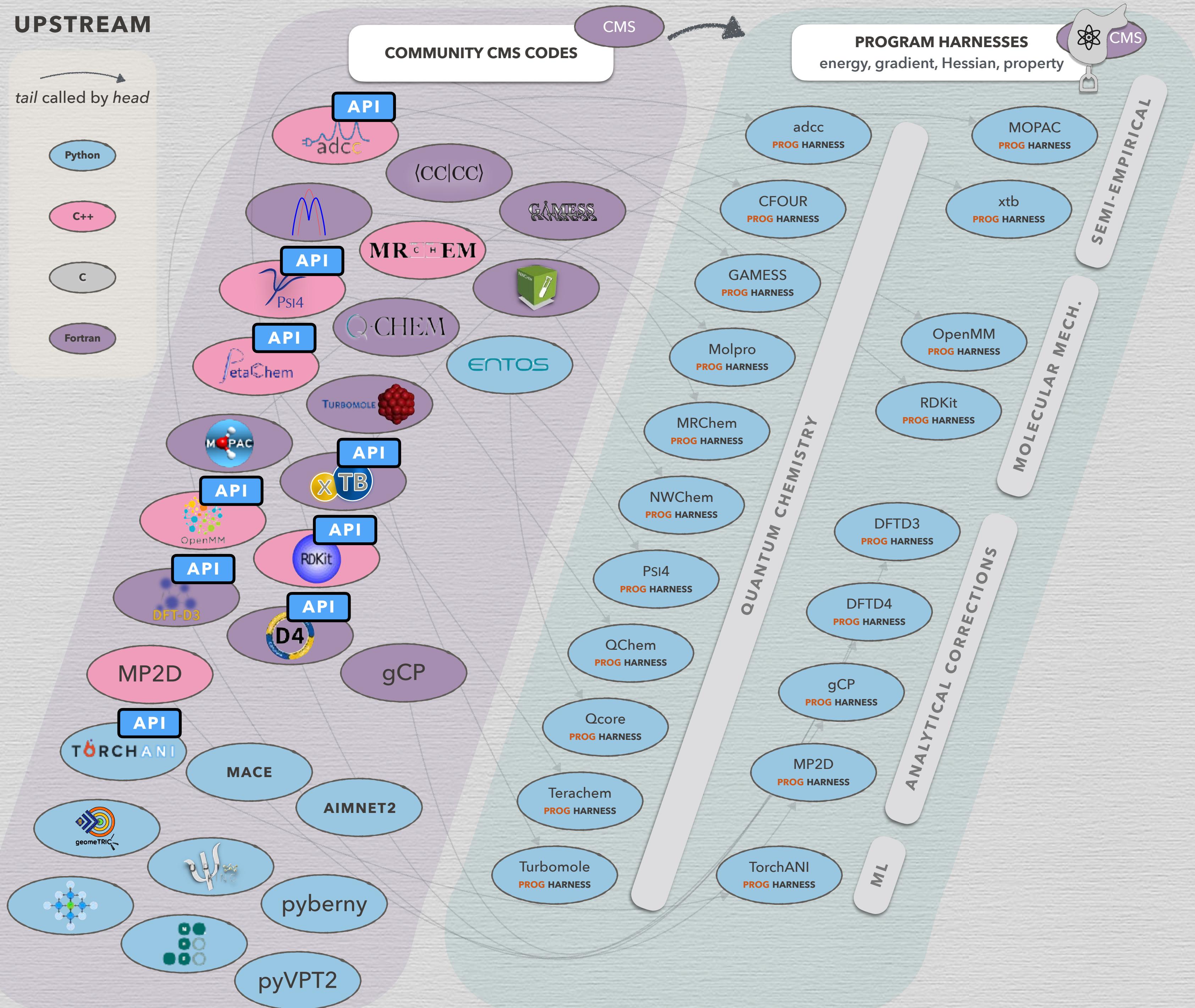


QCENGINE: INTERNAL MAP

github.com/MoSSI/QCEngine

- **SCHEMA** runner
- **PROGRAMS** any analytic single point from CMS code
- **PROCEDURES** anything except analytic single point. So far, mostly optimizers: geometric, optking, pyberny, NWChem (int.).
- **PROGRAM CHECKS** indicate some methods accessible through QCSchema
- **CMS** primarily QM but also SE, MM, partial, or ML
- **INTERFACE** in variety of ways from API to structured data to regex. Former preferred for numerical precision.

DOWNSTREAM



QCENGINE: INTERNAL MAP

github.com/MoSSI/QCEngine

- **SCHEMA** runner
- **PROGRAMS** any analytic single point from CMS code
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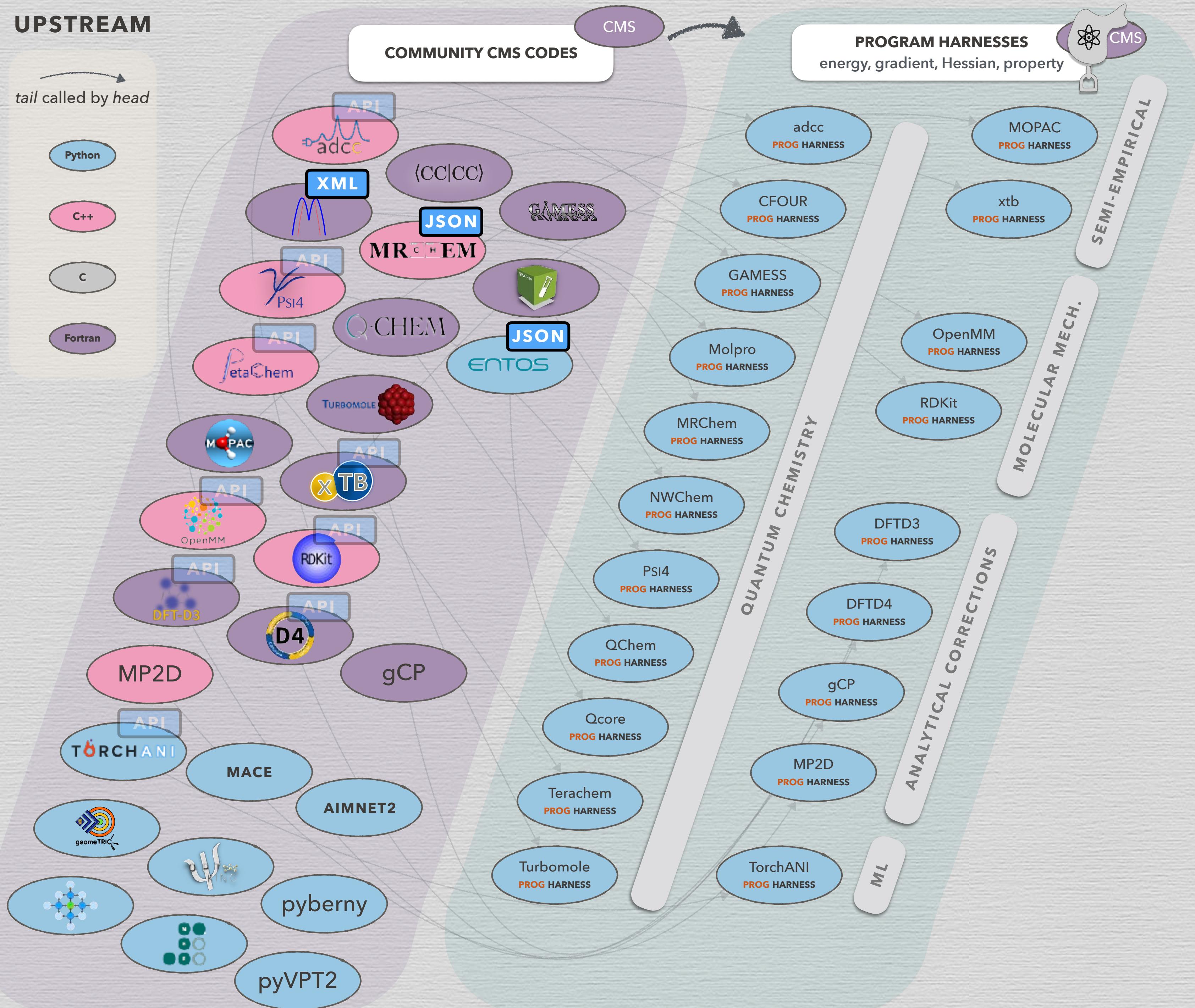
DOWNSTREAM

QCENGINE:

INTERNAL MAP

github.com/MoSSI/QCEngine

- **SCHEMA** runner
- **PROGRAMS** any analytic single point from CMS code
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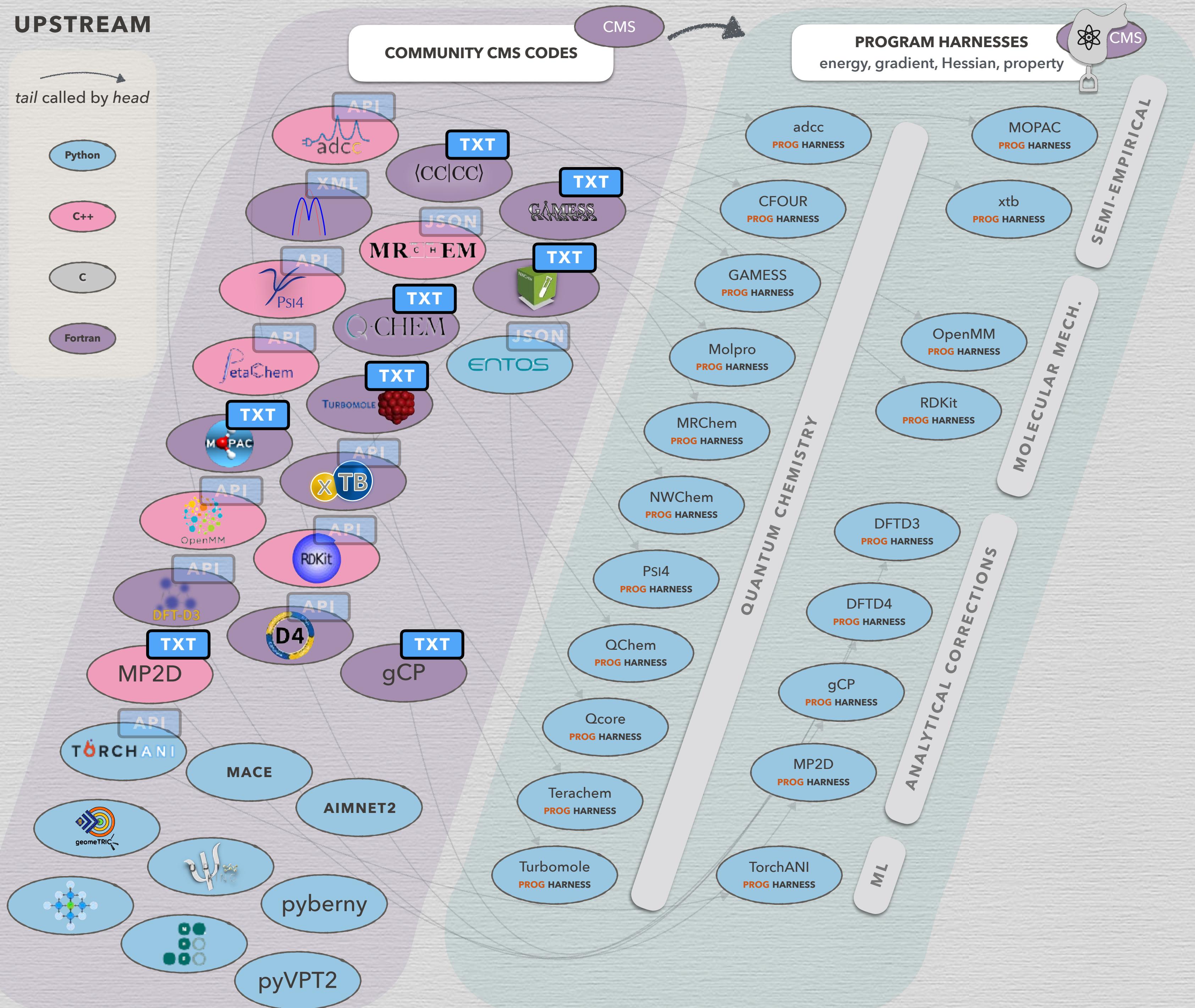
DOWNSTREAM

QCENGINE:

INTERNAL MAP

github.com/MoSSI/QCEngine

- **SCHEMA** runner
- **PROGRAMS** any analytic single point from CMS code
- **PROCEDURES** anything except analytic single point. So far, mostly optimizers: geometric, optking, pyberny, NWChem (int.).
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- **CMS** primarily QM but also SE, MM, partial, or ML
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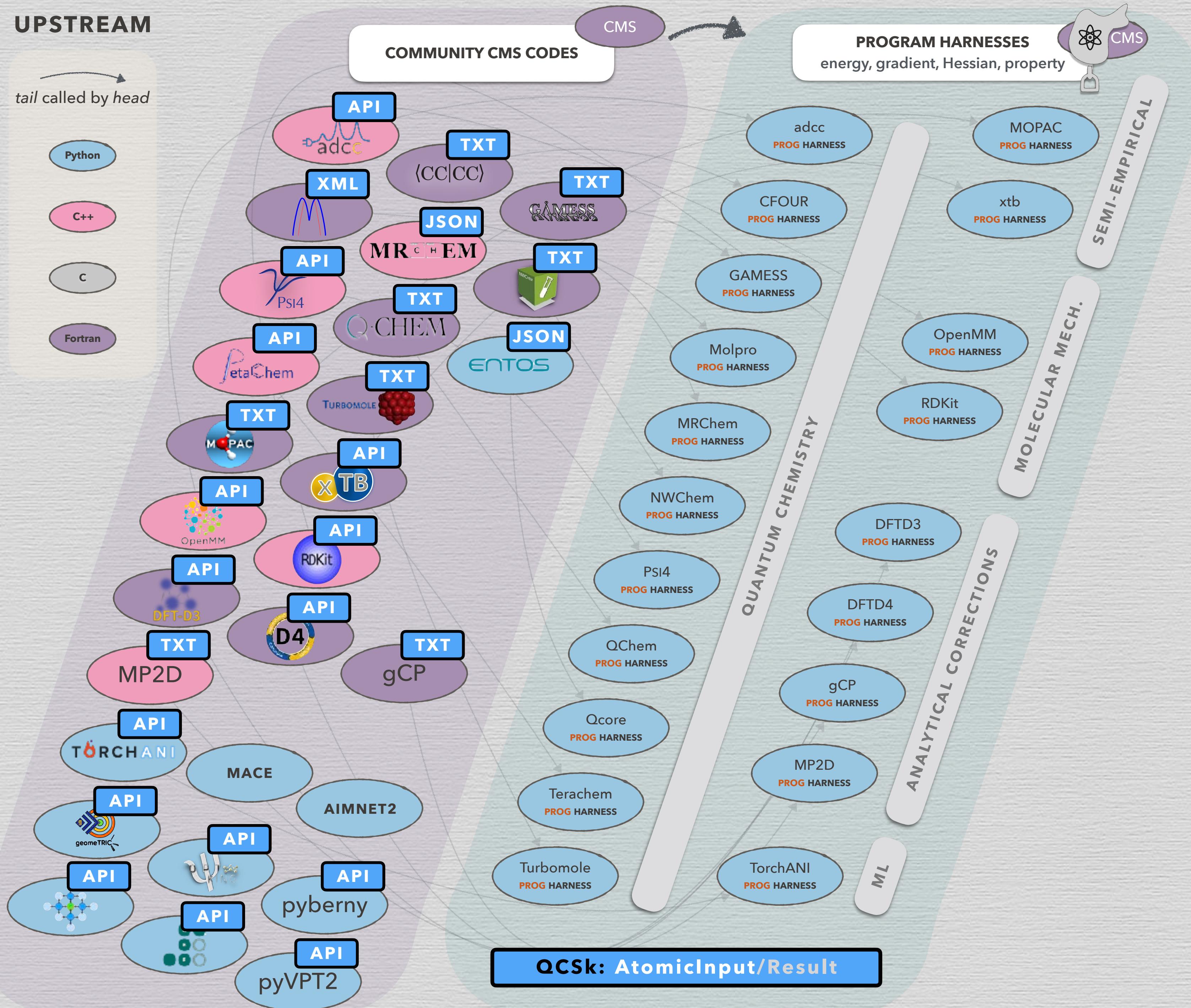
DOWNSTREAM

QCENGINE:

INTERNAL MAP

github.com/MoSSI/QCEngine

- **SCHEMA** runner
- **PROGRAMS** any analytic single point from CMS code
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- **PROGRAM CHECKS** indicate some methods accessible through QCSchema
- **CMS** primarily QM but also SE, MM, partial, or ML
- **INTERFACE** in variety of ways from API to structured data to regex. Former preferred for numerical precision.

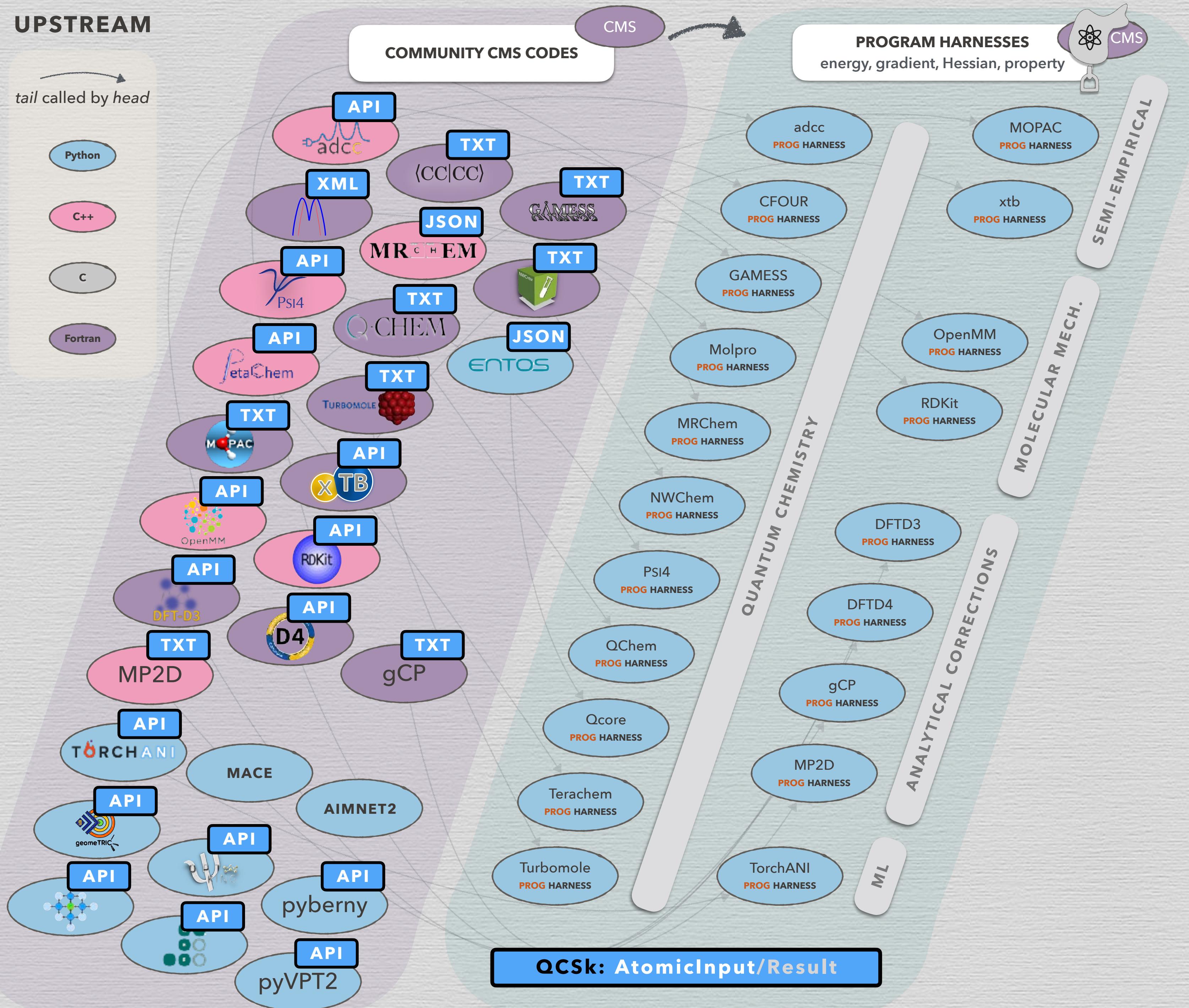


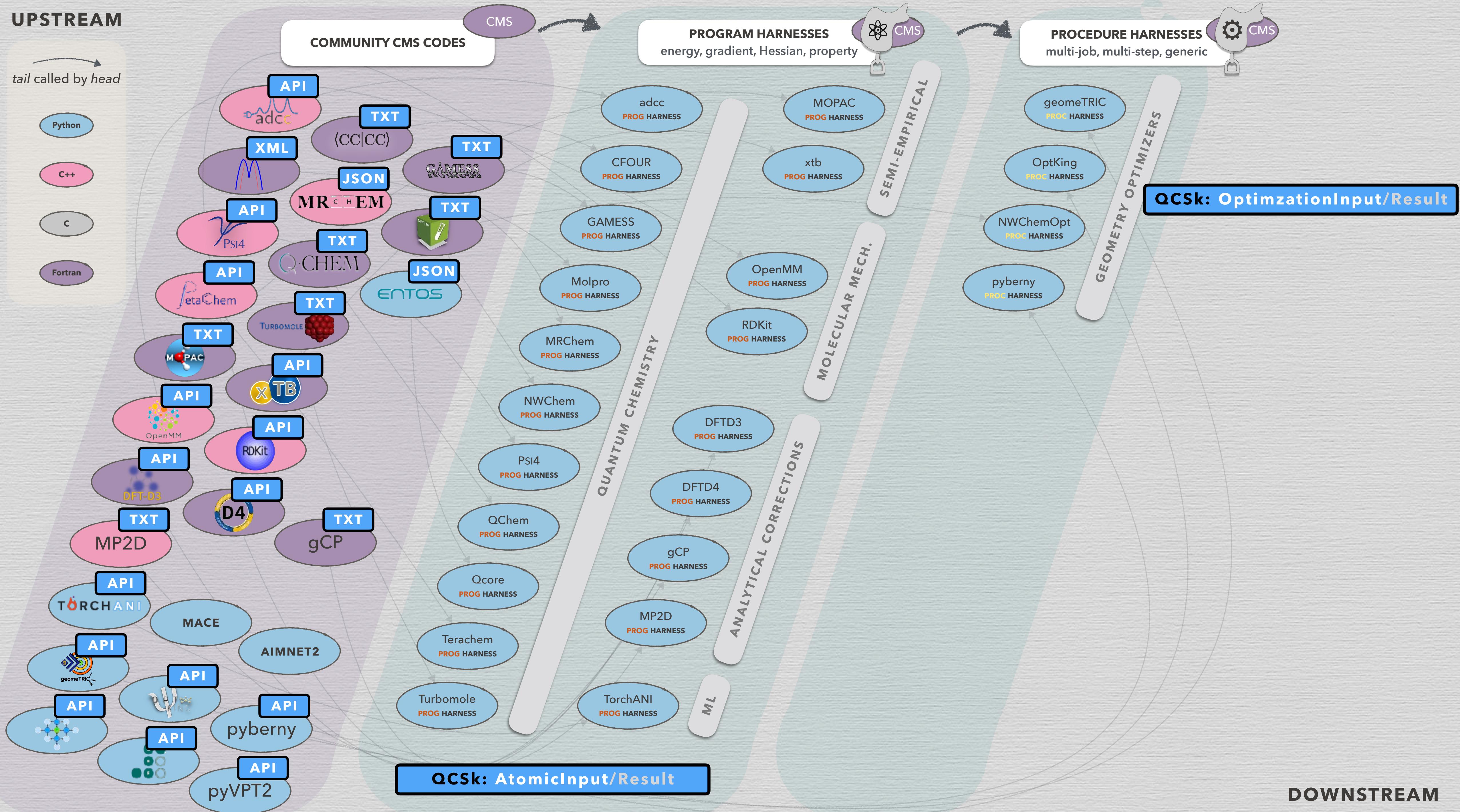
QCENGINE:

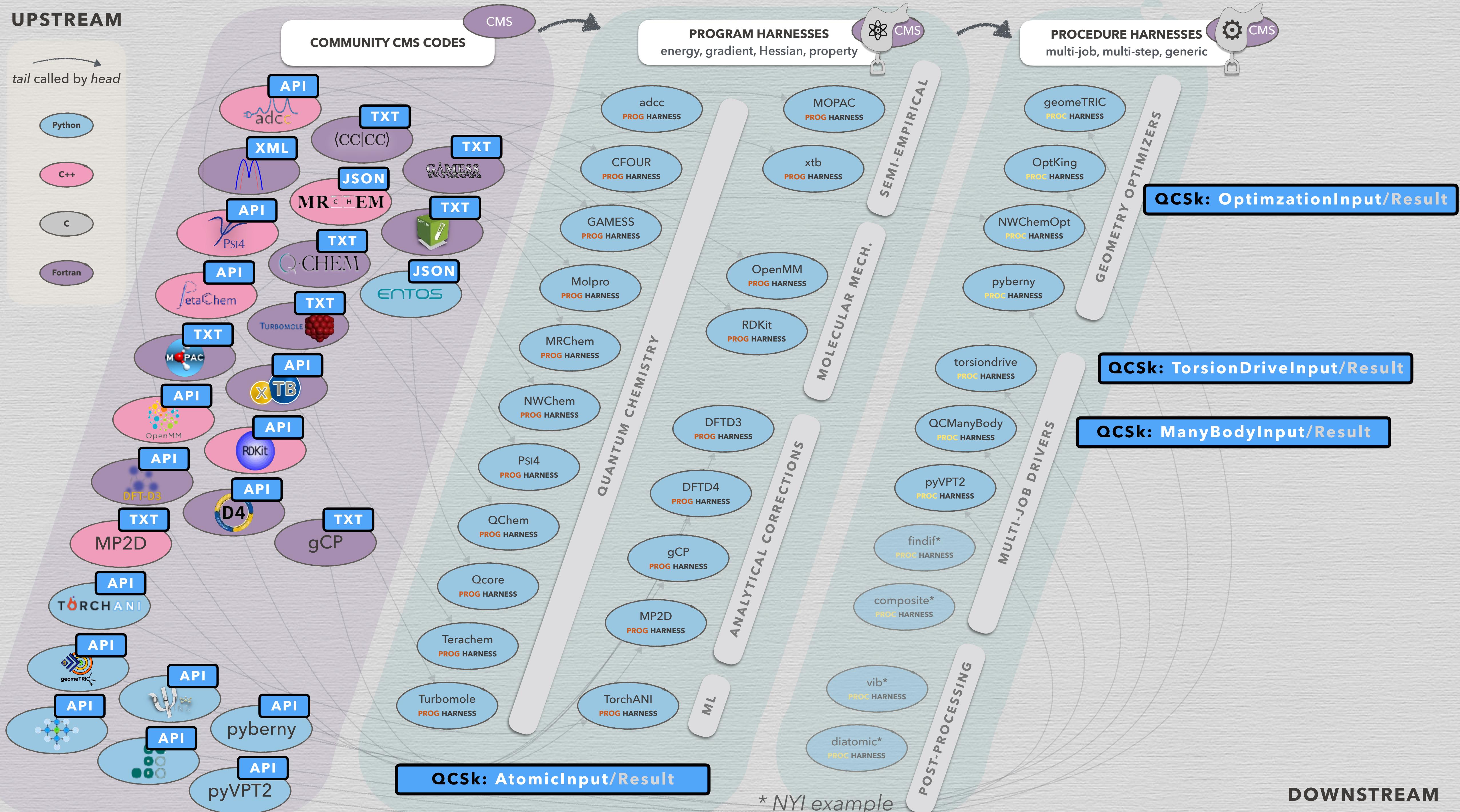
INTERNAL MAP

github.com/MoSSI/QCEngine

- **SCHEMA** runner
- **PROGRAMS** any analytic single point from CMS code
- **PROCEDURES** anything except analytic single point. So far, mostly optimizers: geometric, optking, pyberny, NWChem (int.).
- **PROGRAM CHECKS** indicate some methods accessible through QCSchema
- **CMS** primarily QM but also SE, MM, partial, or ML
- **INTERFACE** in variety of ways from API to structured data to regex. Former preferred for numerical precision.



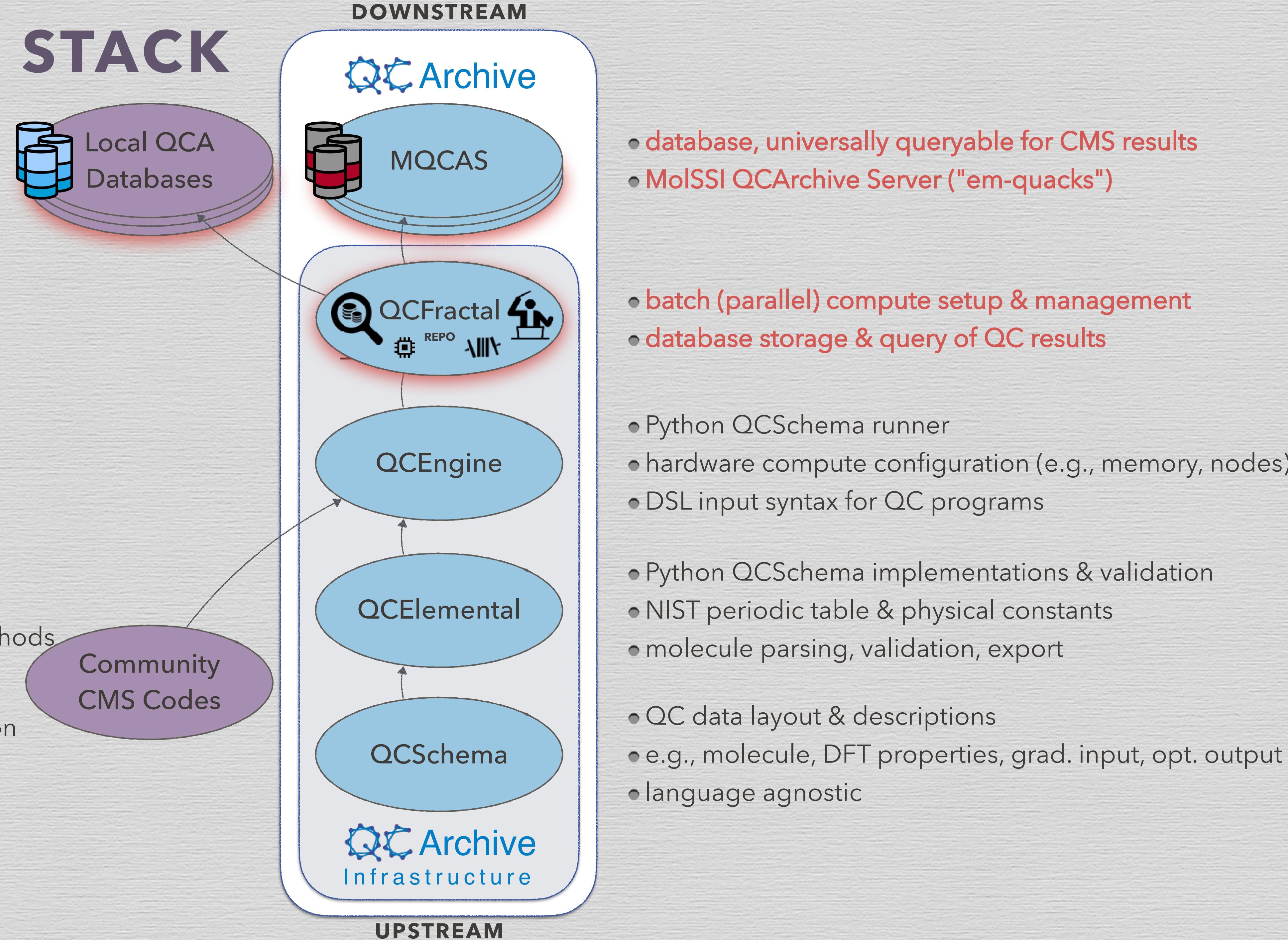




QCARCHIVE STACK

- database, permissioned query
- fully powerful as MQCAS but locally controlled

- the difficult part – coded QC methods
- structured output uncommon
- DSL input; API/schema uncommon



- database, universally queryable for CMS results
- MolSSI QCArchive Server ("em-quacks")

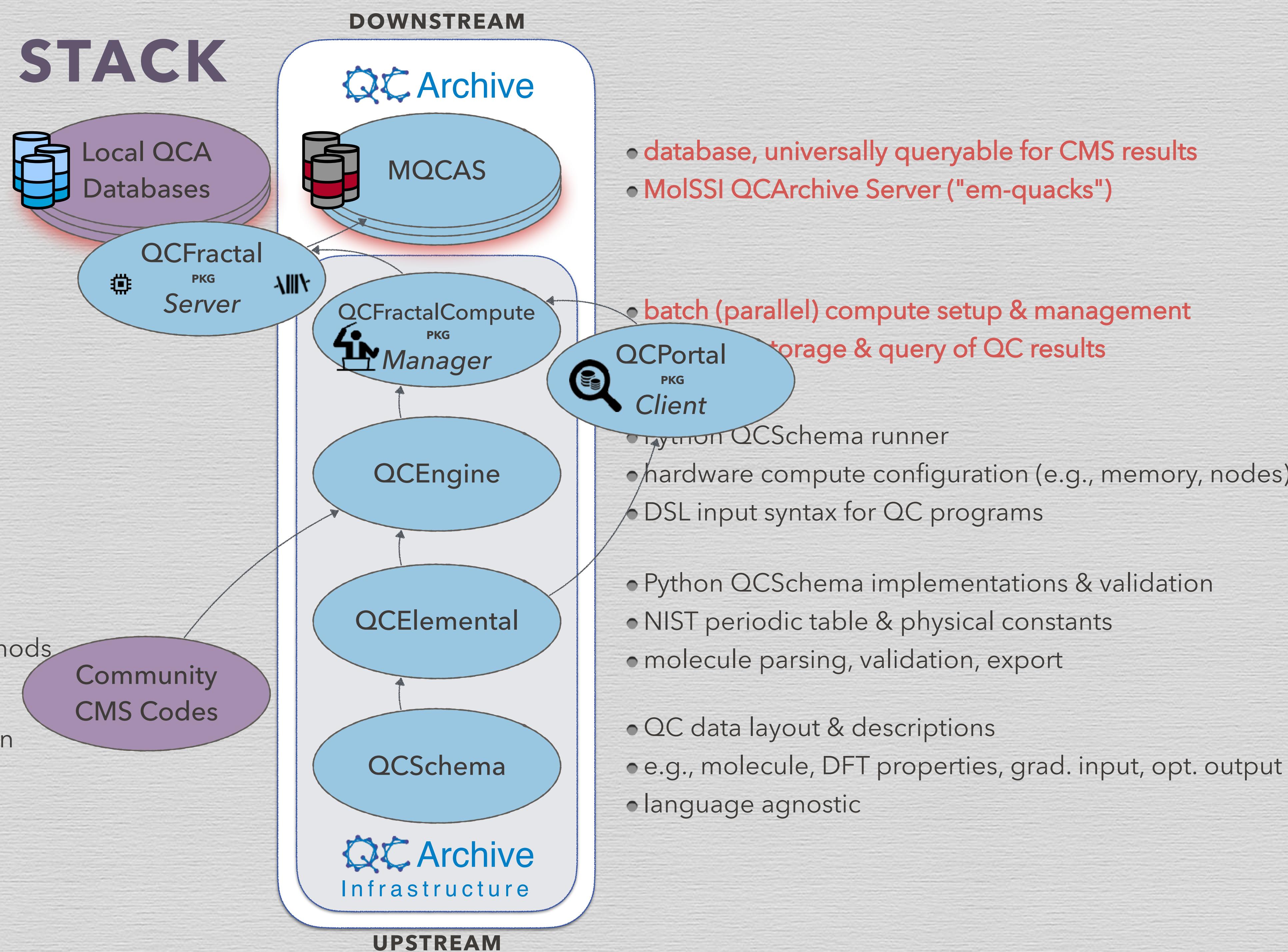
- batch (parallel) compute setup & management
- database storage & query of QC results

- Python QCSchema runner
- hardware compute configuration (e.g., memory, nodes)
- DSL input syntax for QC programs

- Python QCSchema implementations & validation
- NIST periodic table & physical constants
- molecule parsing, validation, export
- QC data layout & descriptions
 - e.g., molecule, DFT properties, grad. input, opt. output
- language agnostic

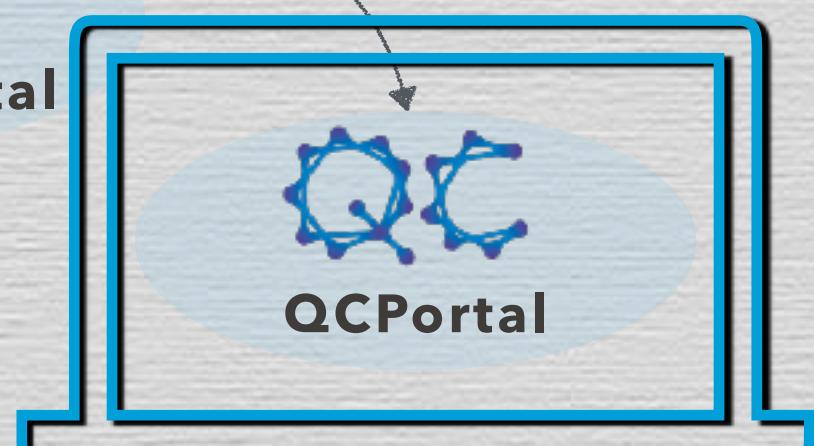
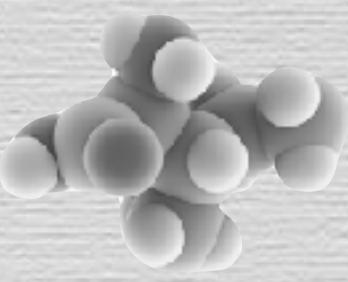
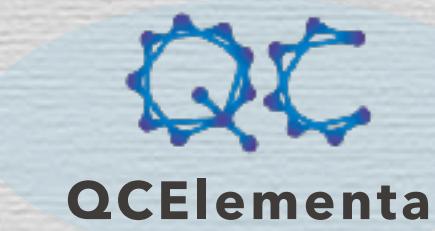
QCARCHIVE STACK

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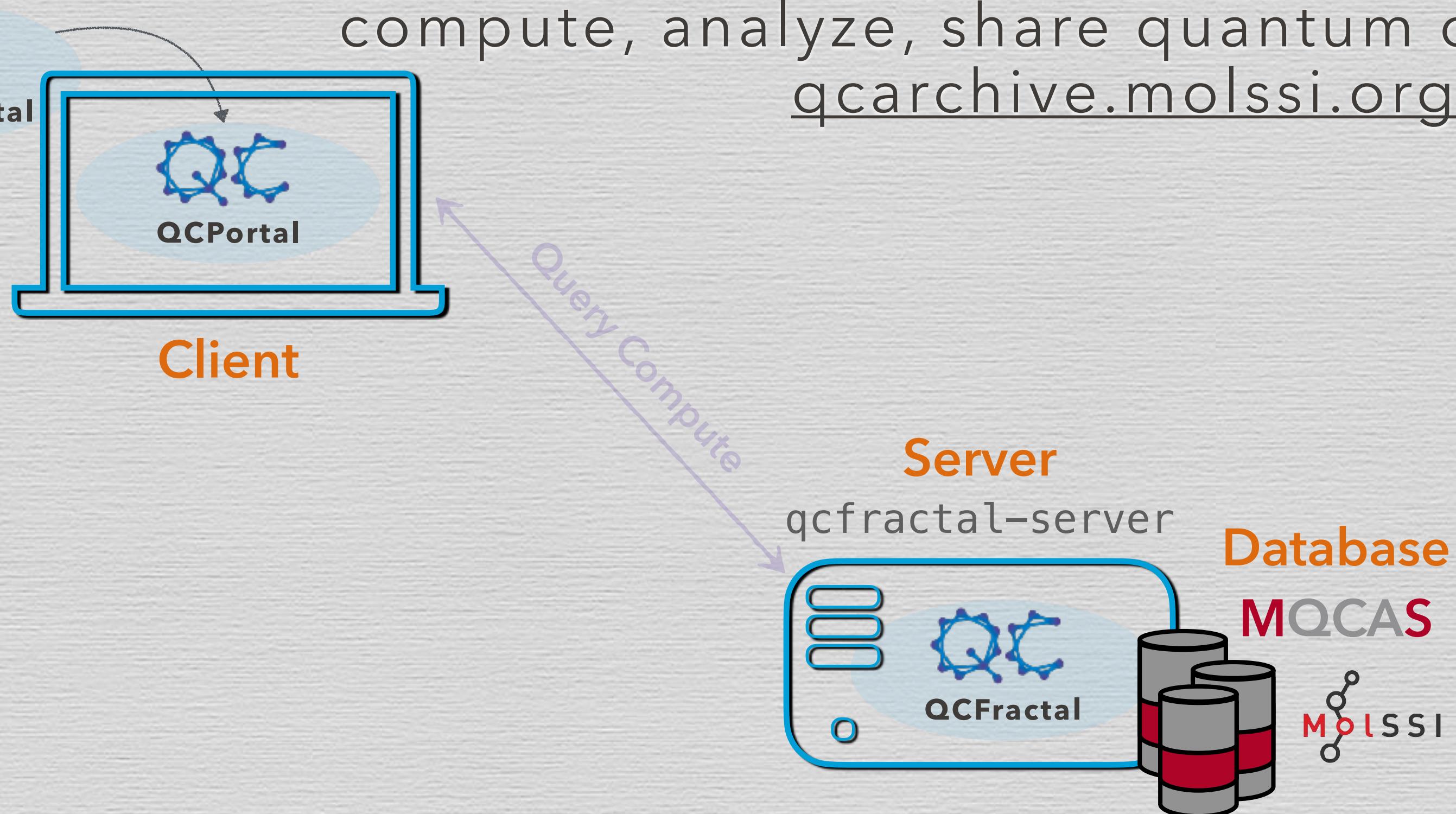
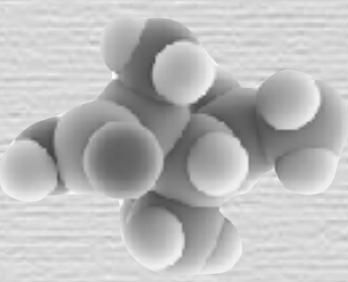
QCARCHIVE OVERVIEW

compute, analyze, share quantum chemistry data
qcarchive.molssi.org



- hybrid **COMPUTE** and **DATA** management tool for quantum chemistry
- **SHARE** and **COLLABORATE** structured data
- **EASE OF USE** for non-specialist
- completely installable from **CONDA**
- **MULTI-PHYSICAL-SITE** compute
- **SCALE** – up to 500 tasks/second, 300,000 concurrent tasks
- **ELASTIC** – runs on laptops, campus clusters, and leadership-class supercomputers

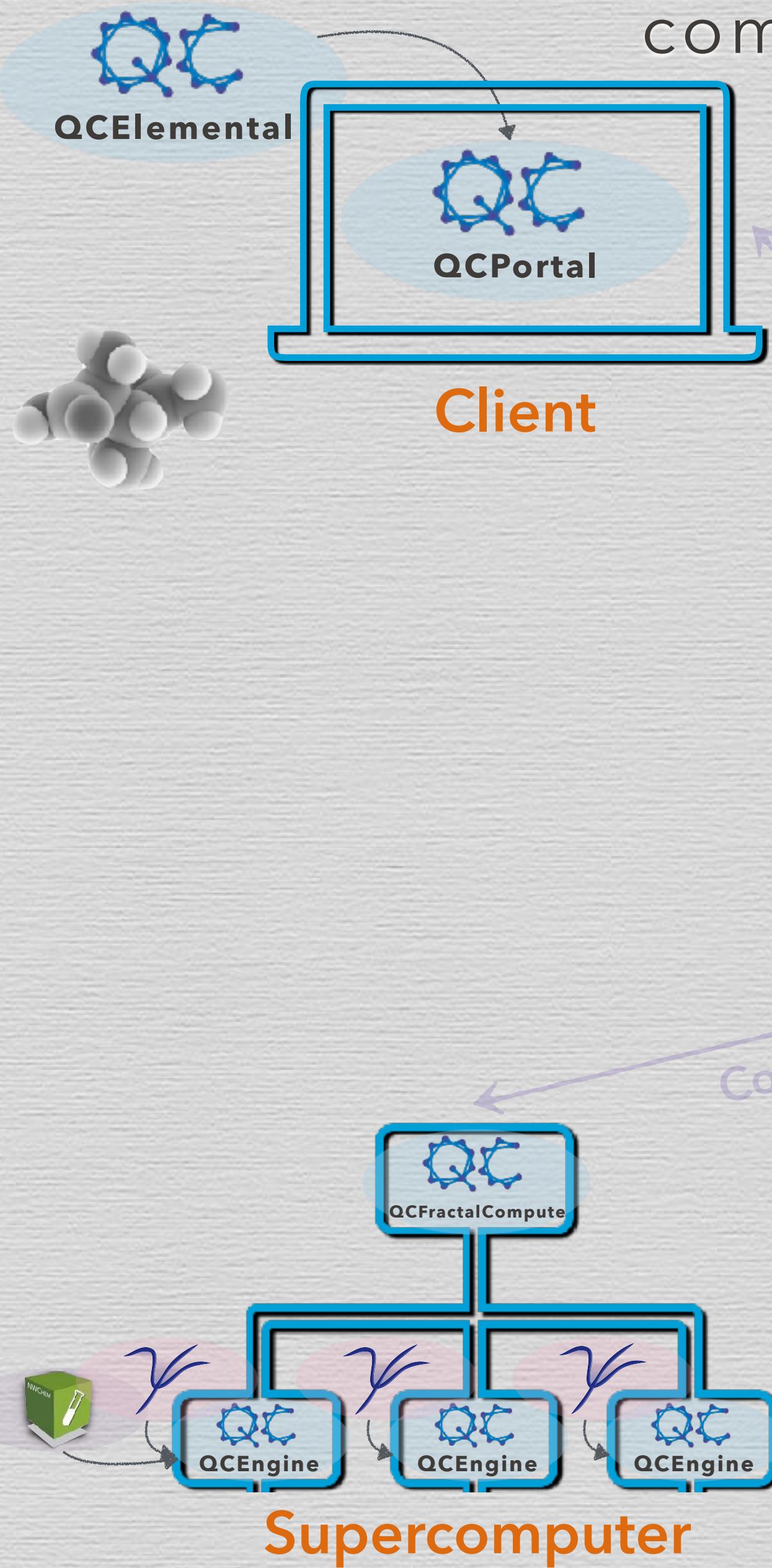
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QCARCHIVE OVERVIEW



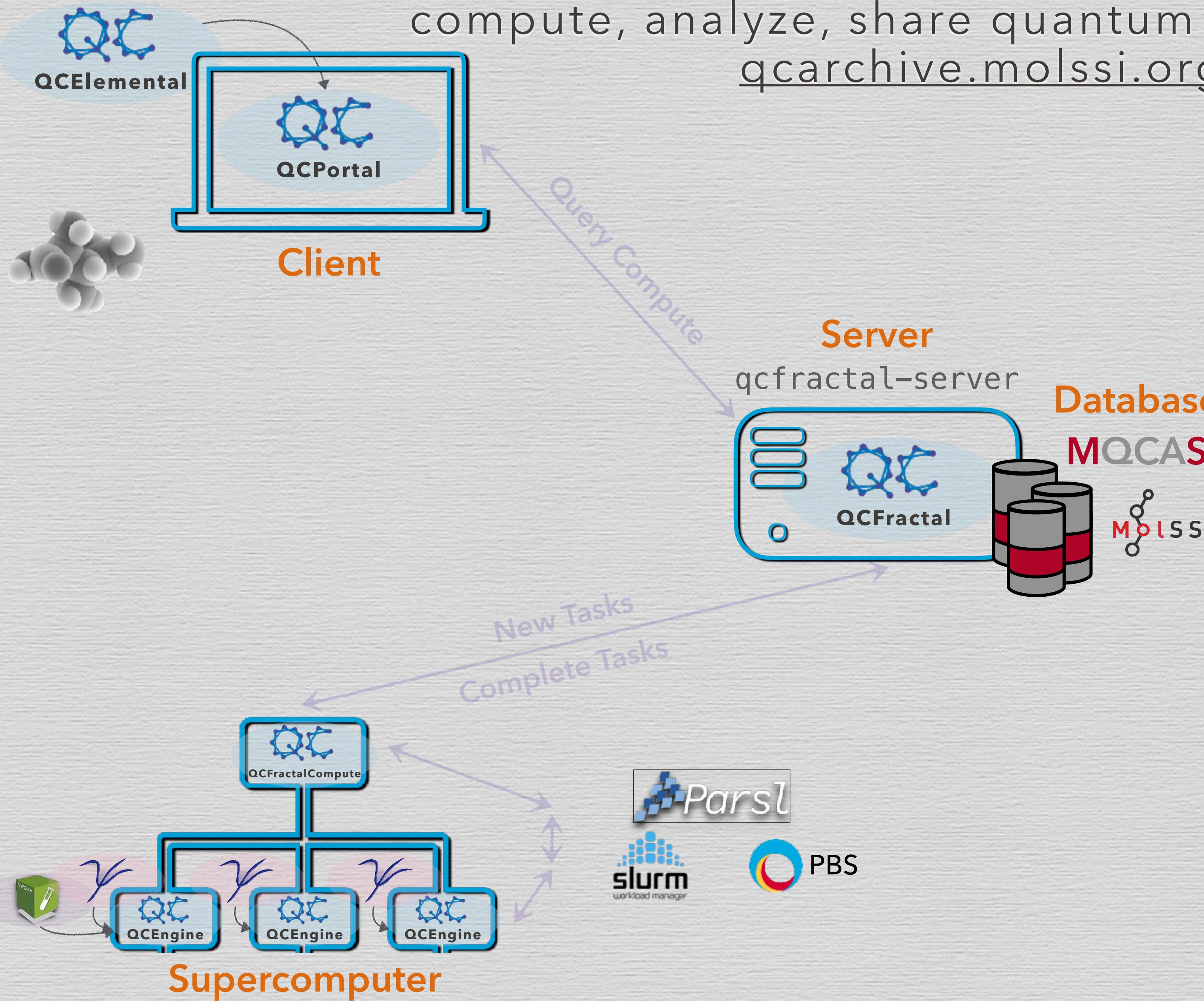
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qcfractal-compute-manager Manager

worker Compute Nodes

QCARCHIVE OVERVIEW

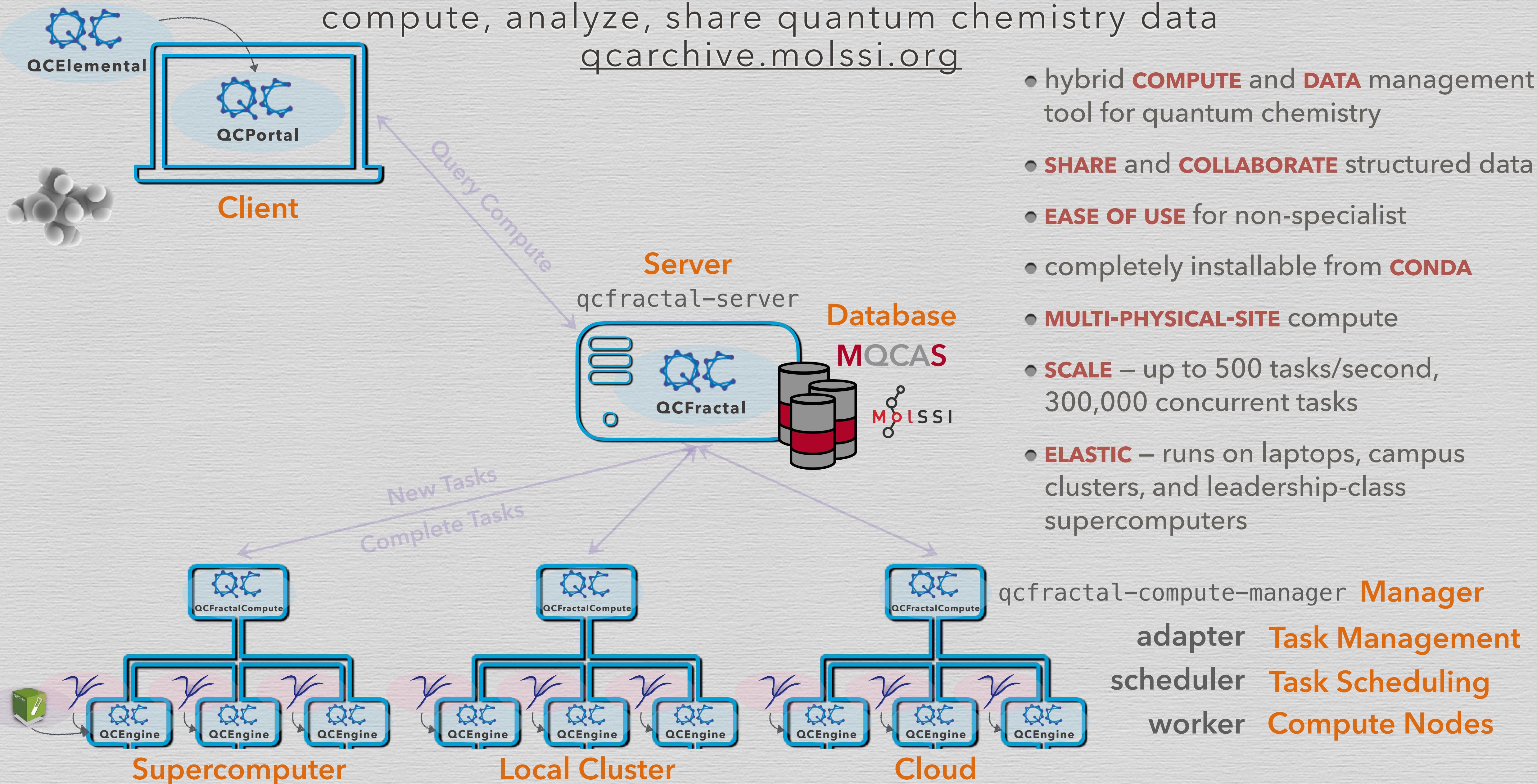


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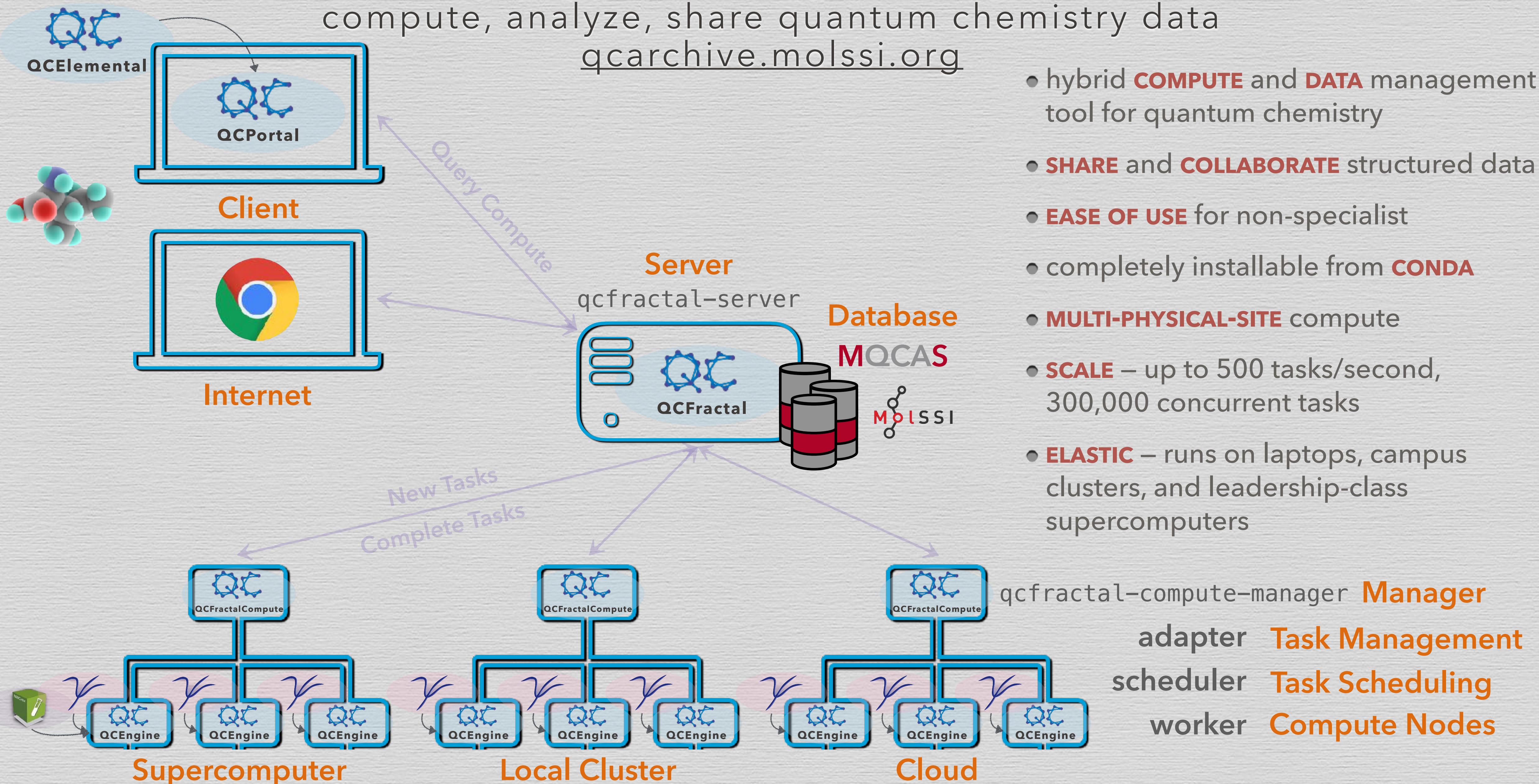
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- **SCALE** – up to 500 tasks/second, 300,000 concurrent tasks
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qcfractal-compute-manager **Manager**
adapter **Task Management**
scheduler **Task Scheduling**
worker **Compute Nodes**

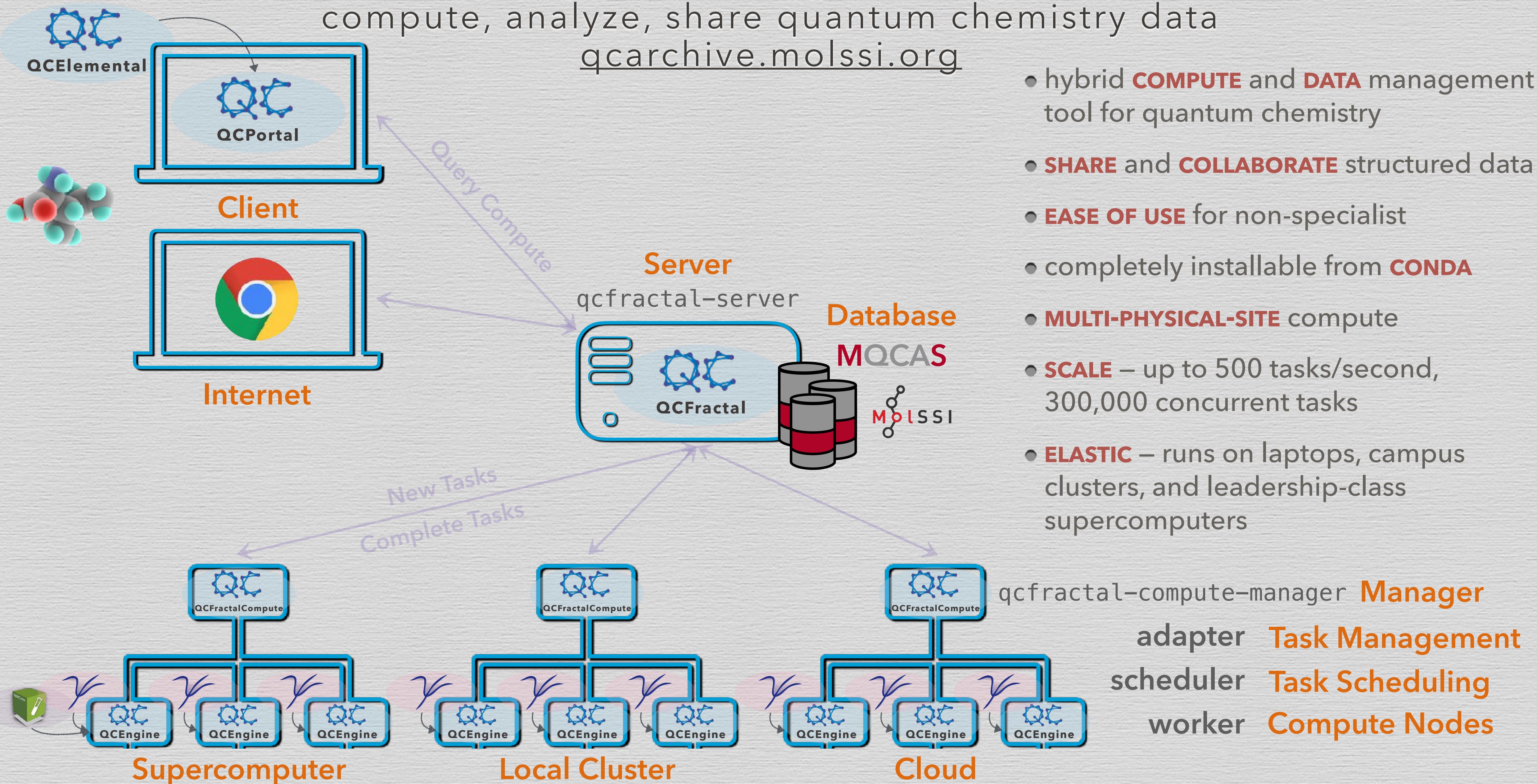
QCARCHIVE OVERVIEW



QCARCHIVE OVERVIEW

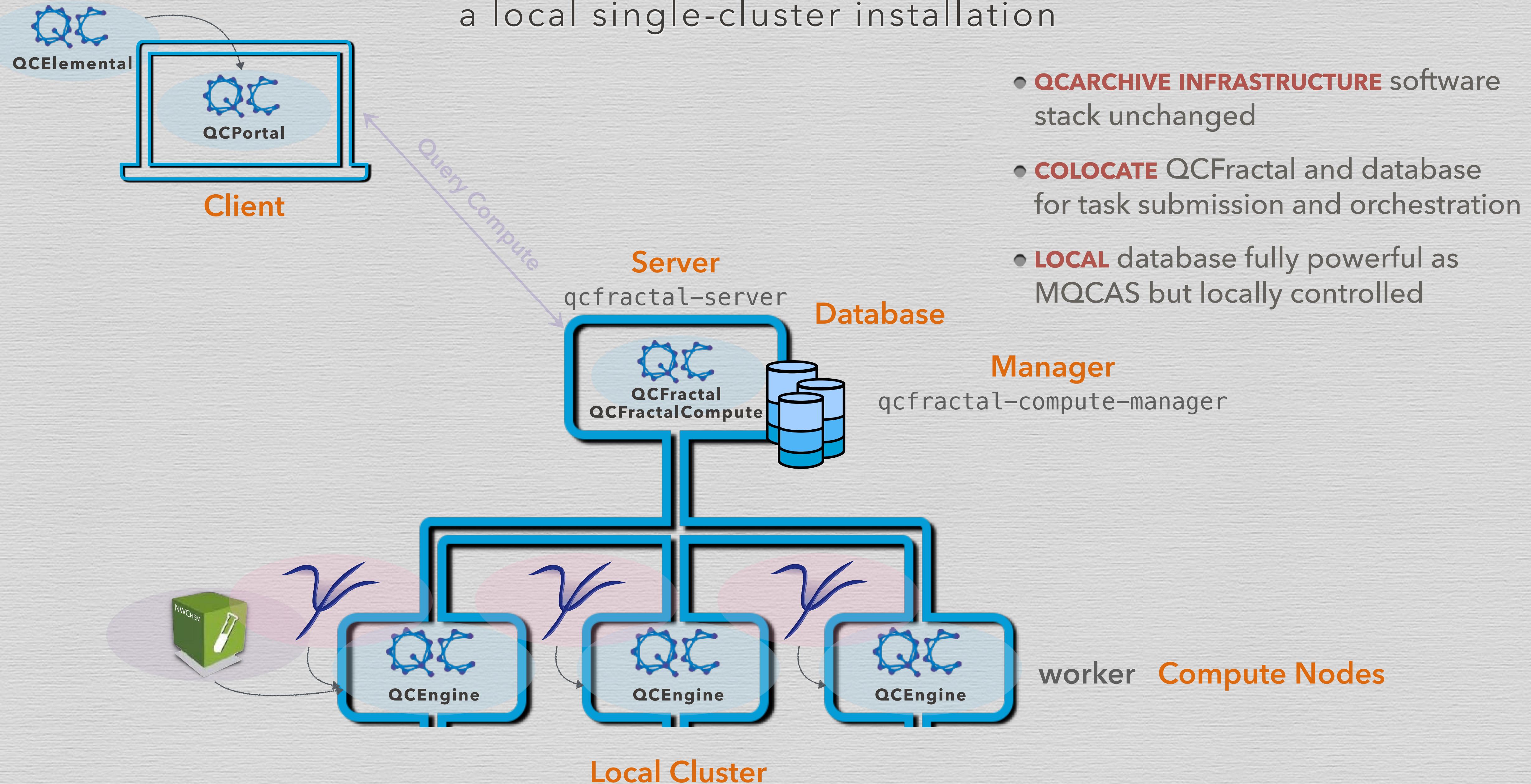


QCARCHIVE OVERVIEW



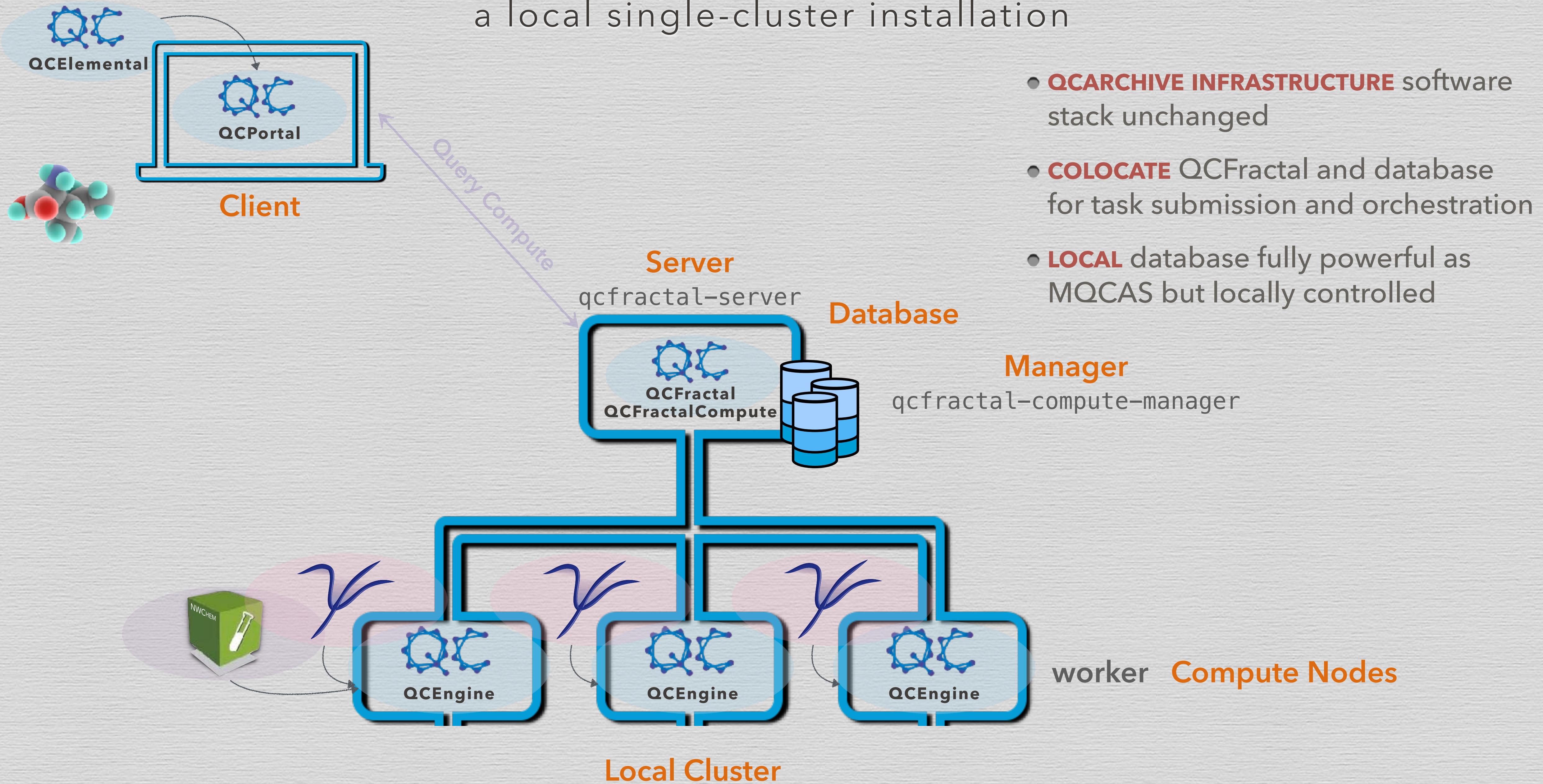
QCARCHIVE, SMALLER

a local single-cluster installation



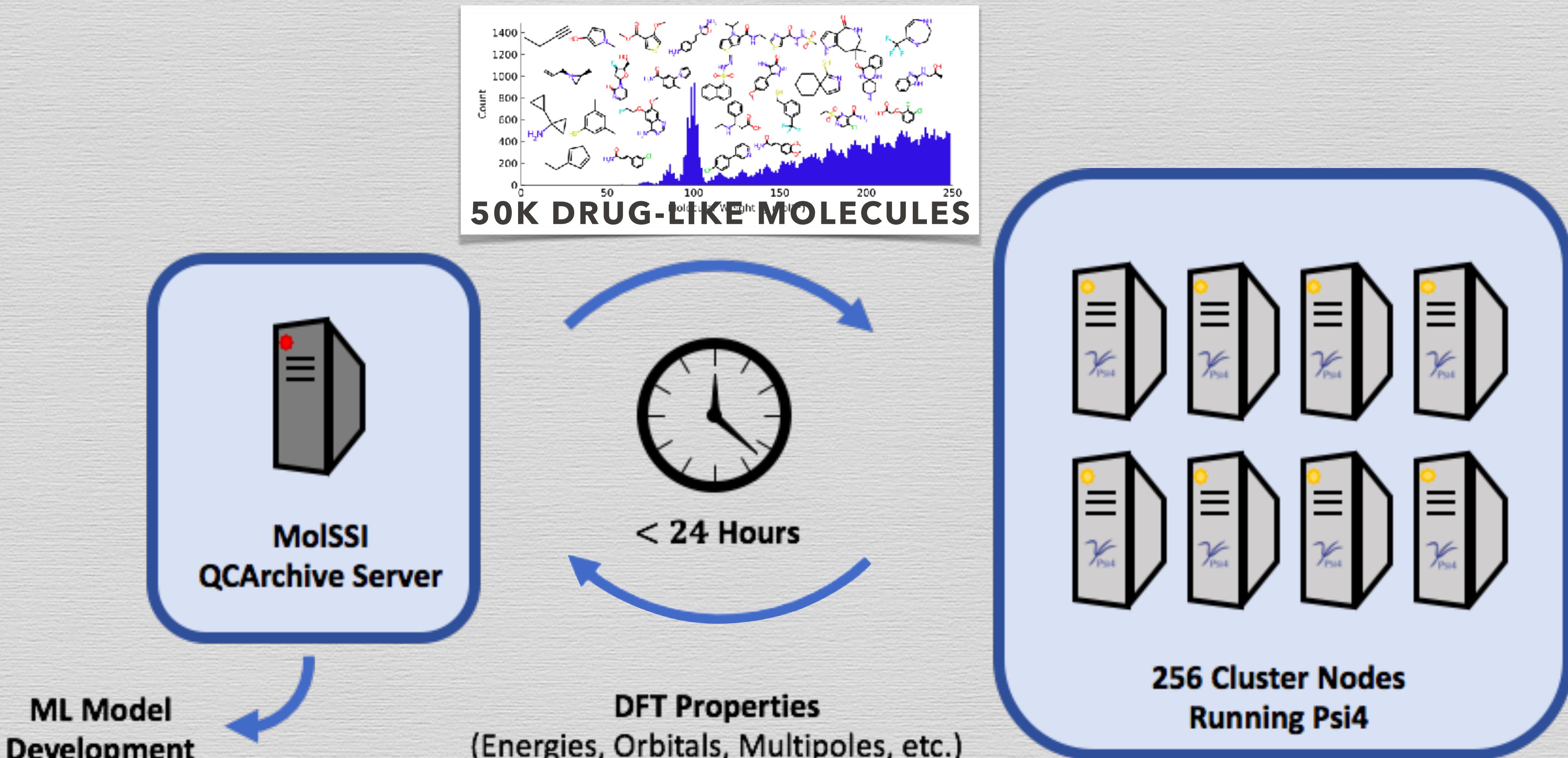
QCARCHIVE, SMALLER

a local single-cluster installation



APP: QCARCHIVE FOR THROUGHPUT & REPRODUCIBILITY

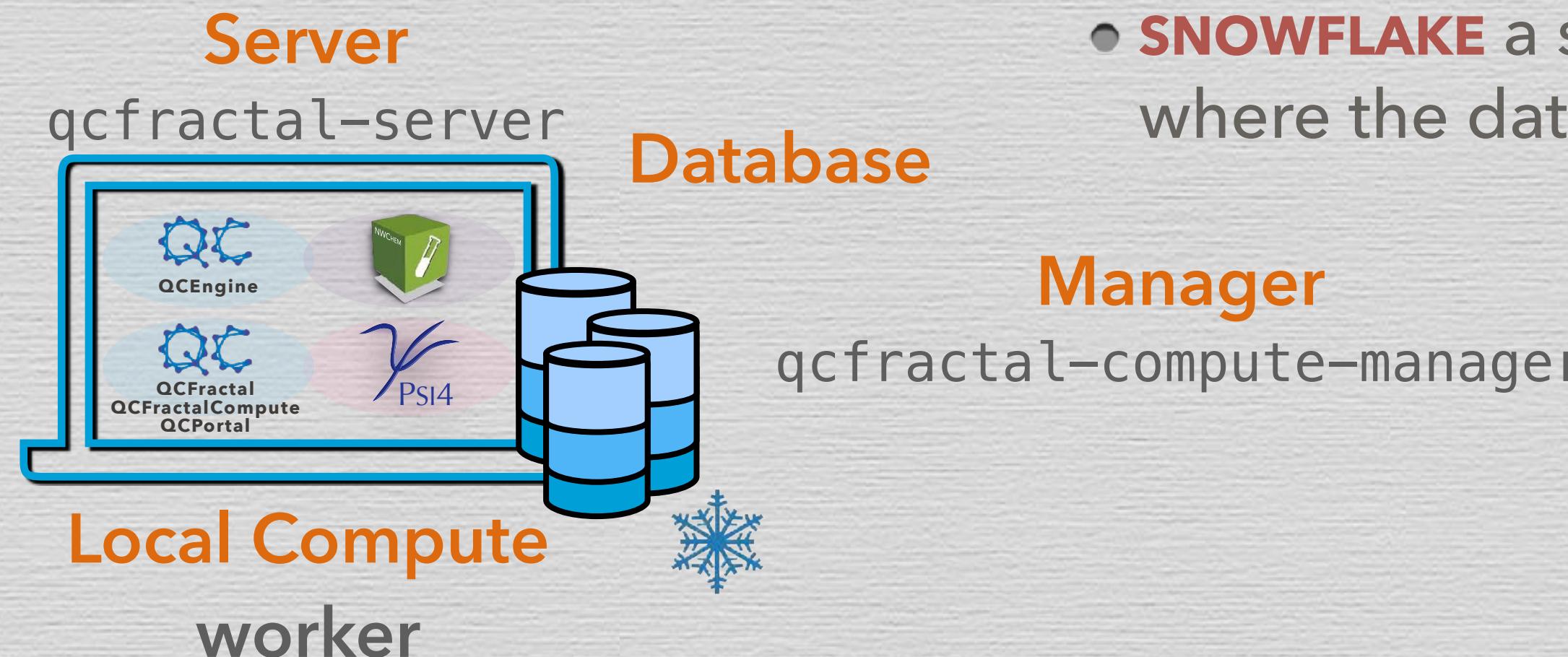
HPC message-passing neural network computations preserved on public server



Zach Glick
GaTech → Lavo

QCARCHIVE, SMALLEST

a local single-box installation

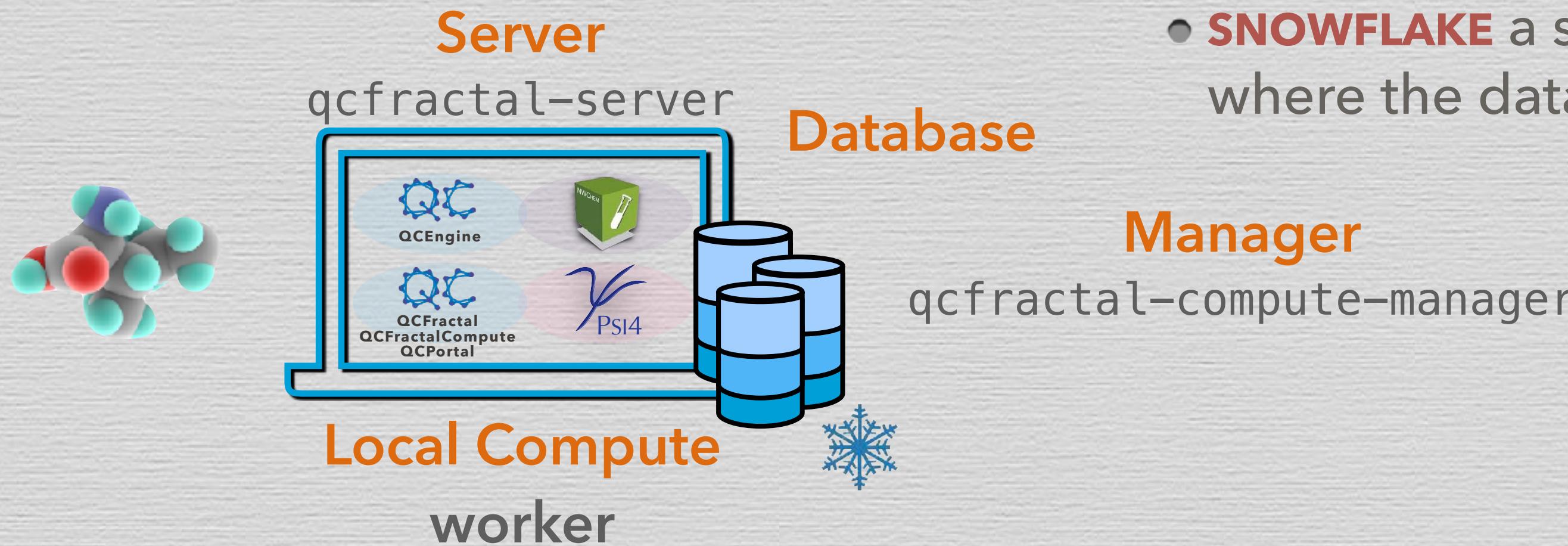


- **QCARCHIVE INFRASTRUCTURE** software stack unchanged
- **COLOCATE** QCFractal, database and QC codes for self-contained setup
- **SNOWFLAKE** a still-simpler mode where the database does not persist

QCARCHIVE, SMALLEST

a local single-box installation

- **QCARCHIVE INFRASTRUCTURE** software stack unchanged
- **COLOCATE** QCFractal, database and QC codes for self-contained setup
- **SNOWFLAKE** a still-simpler mode where the database does not persist



APP: PSI4 DISTRIBUTED DRIVER

post-processing flexibility vs. automation: an unwelcome choice

```
psi4.energy("mp2/cc-pv[dt]z+d:ccsd(t)/cc-pvdz", bsse_type="cp", molecule=water_dimer)
```

read: water dimer at double-triple-zeta extrapolated MP2 with a coupled-cluster correction, counterpoise corrected



- **SPECIFICATION** through single file. Procedure **automated**, so low risk of user error.
- **RATE-LIMITED** by sum of all calcs since run **sequentially**.
- **RETRIEVAL** from filesystem difficult since many calcs in **aggregated outfile**.
- **FLEXIBILITY** limited to PSI4 only.

PSI4 DISTRIBUTED DRIVER

```
def energy(method):
```

```
def gradient(method):
```

```
def hessian(method):
```

E • G H

start
 QC calculation
 end

PSI4 DISTRIBUTED DRIVER

def energy(method):
def gradient(method):
def hessian(method):

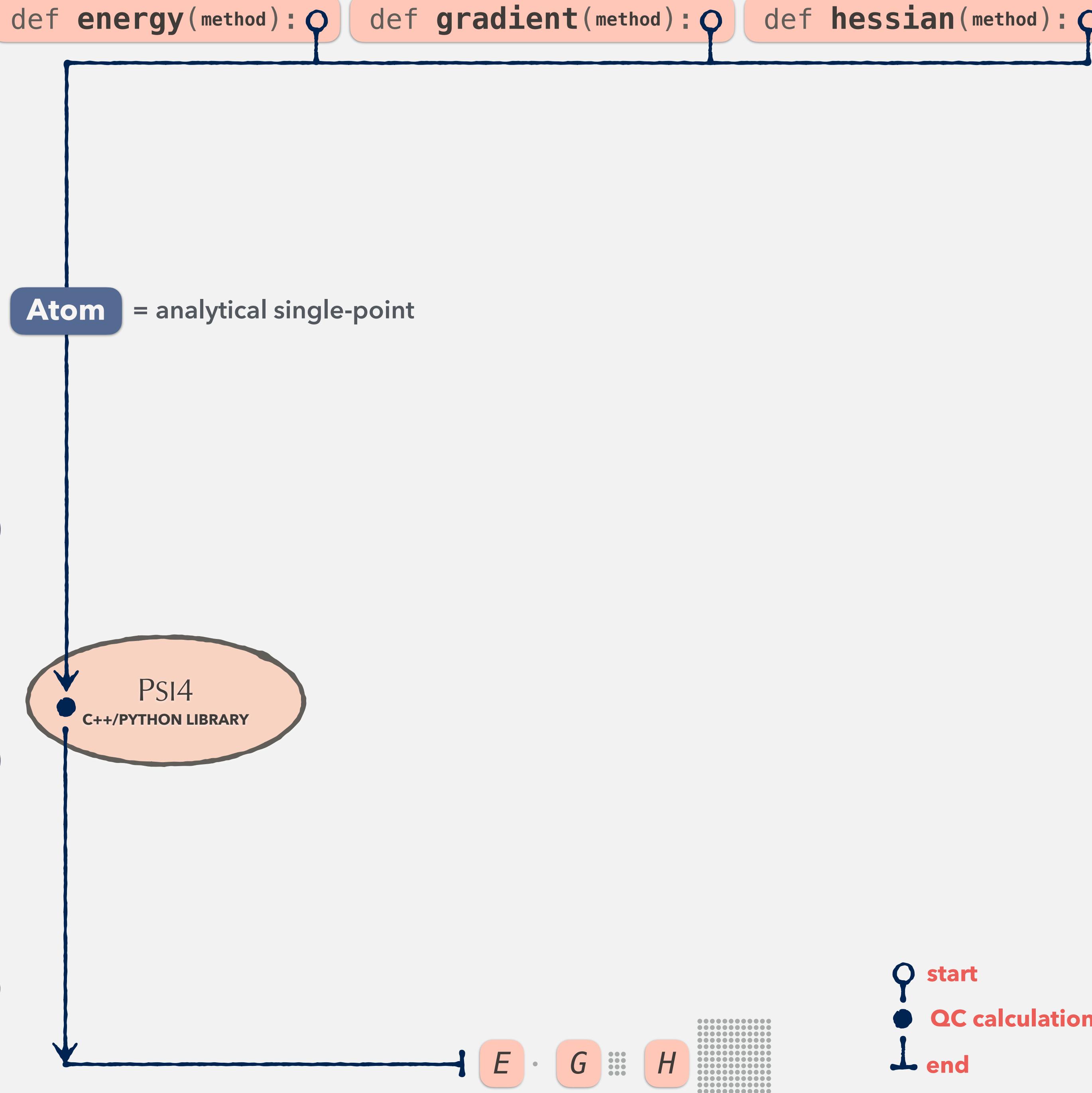
Atom = analytical single-point

PSI4
C++/PYTHON LIBRARY

$E \cdot G \cdot H$

start
QC calculation
end

PSI4 DISTRIBUTED DRIVER



class ManyBodyComputer ():

PLAN Separate **molecule** into subsystems. CP, noCP, VMFC basis.
method unchanged.

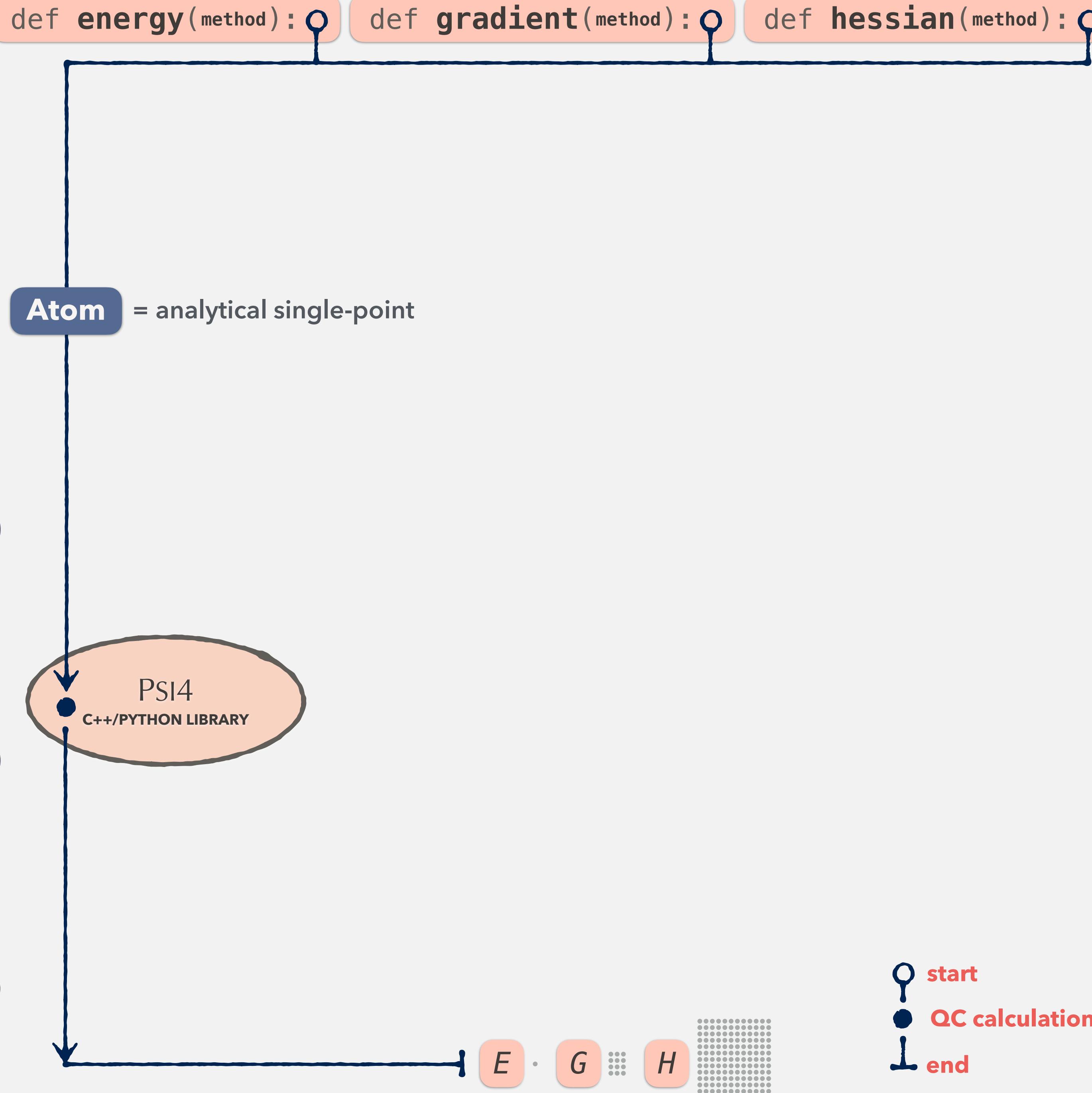


for frag in fragments: return qcschema



ASM Assemble n-body & interaction results from fragments.

PSI4 DISTRIBUTED DRIVER



class ManyBodyComputer ():

PLAN Separate **molecule** into subsystems. CP, noCP, VMFC basis.
method unchanged.

→

for frag in fragments: return qcschema

.....

ASM Assemble n-body & interaction results from fragments.

class FiniteDifferenceComputer ():

PLAN Displace **molecule** according to stencil.
Reference **molecule** & **method** unchanged.

→

for disp in displacements: return qcschema

.....

ASM Assemble derivative results from displacements.

PSI4 DISTRIBUTED DRIVER

```
def energy(method):  
def gradient(method):  
def hessian(method):
```

Atom = analytical single-point

PSI4
C++/PYTHON LIBRARY

E · G · H

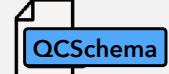
start
QC calculation
end

class ManyBodyComputer ():

PLAN Separate molecule into subsystems. CP, noCP, VMFC basis.
method unchanged.



for frag in fragments: return qcschema



ASM Assemble n-body & interaction results from fragments.

class FiniteDifferenceComputer ():

PLAN Displace molecule according to stencil.
Reference molecule & method unchanged.



for disp in displacements: return qcschema



ASM Assemble derivative results from displacements.

class CompositeComputer ():

PLAN Separate method into method, basis, & extrapolations.
molecule unchanged.

mp2/cc-pv[tq]z → MP2 TOTAL ENERGY/cc-pVTZ
MP2 TOTAL ENERGY/cc-pVQZ

for mc in modelchems: return qcschema



ASM Assemble extrapolations & total results from modelchems.

PSI4 DISTRIBUTED DRIVER

```
def energy(method):  
def gradient(method):  
def hessian(method):
```

Atom = analytical single-point

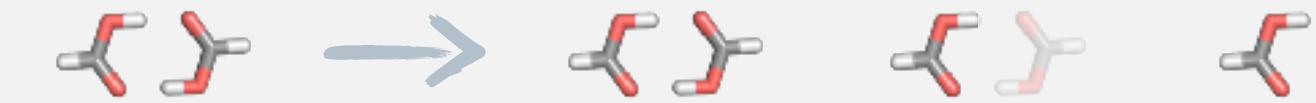
PSI4
C++/PYTHON LIBRARY

E · G · H

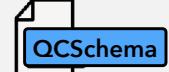
start
QC calculation
end

class ManyBodyComputer ():

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method unchanged.



for frag in fragments: return qcschema



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for disp in displacements: return qcschema



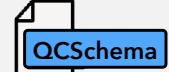
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for mc in modelchems: return qcschema



ASM Assemble extrapolations & total results from modelchems.

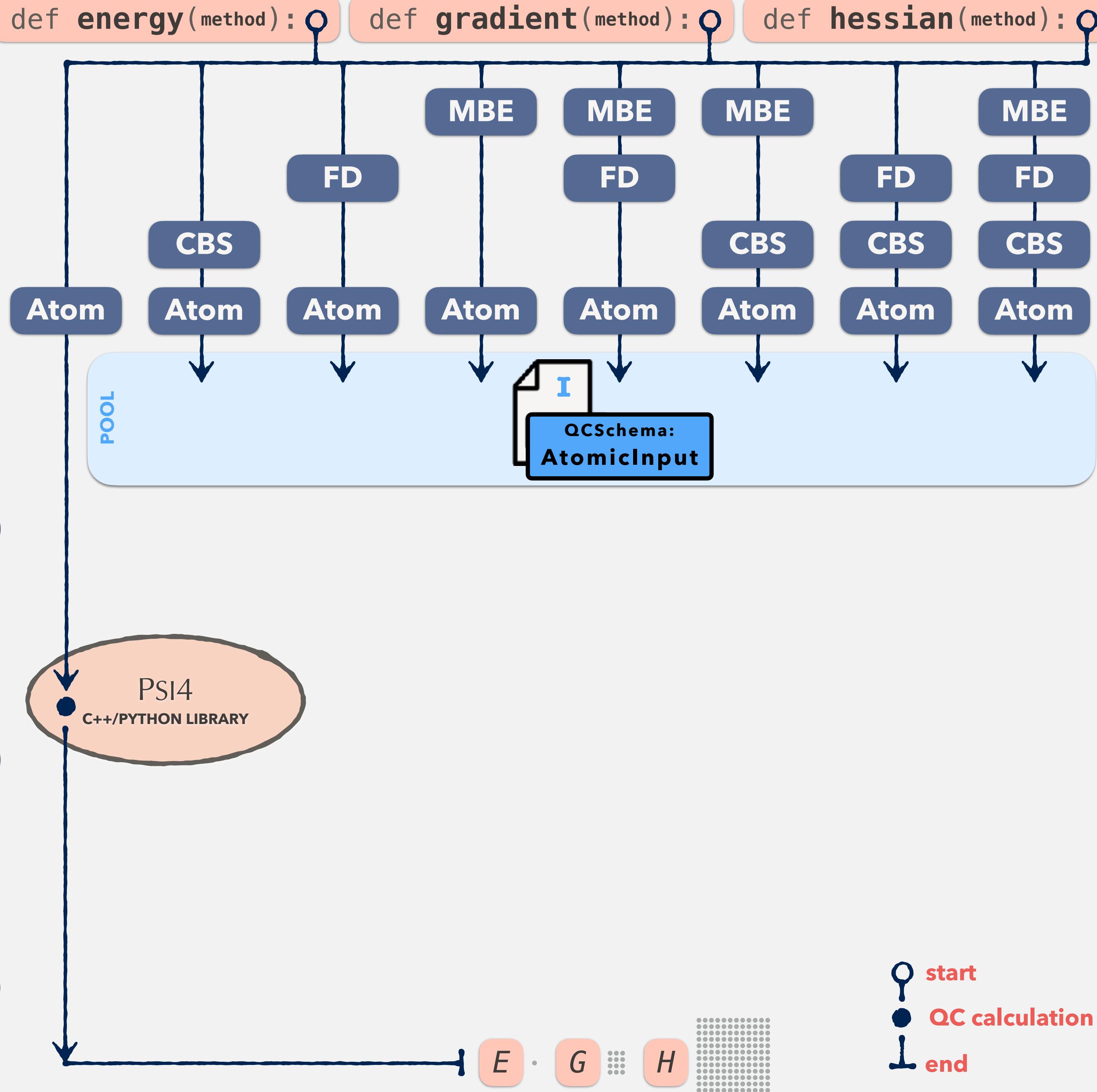
class AtomicComputer ():

PLAN molecule & method unchanged. return qcschema



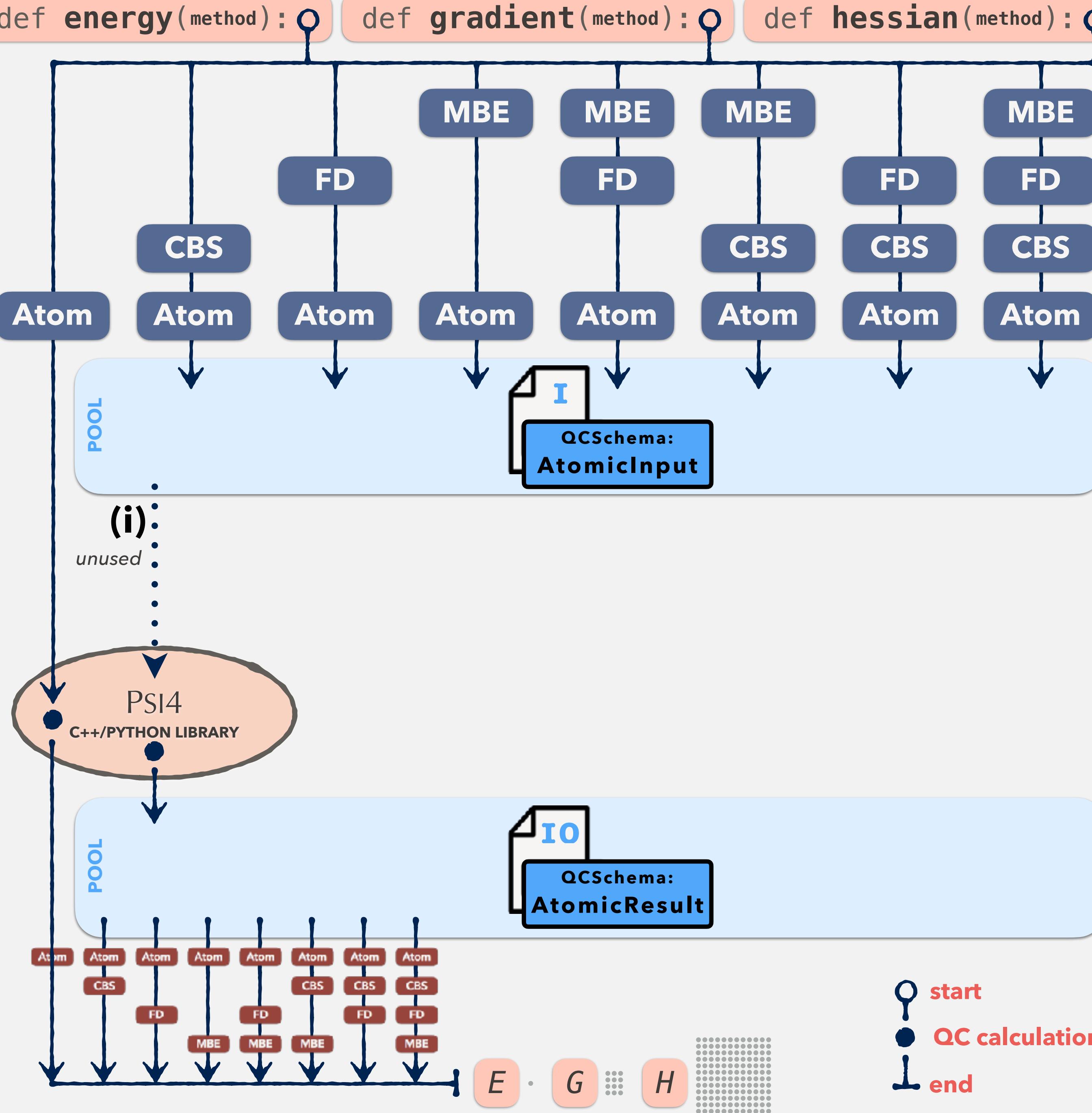
ASM Return analytic energy, gradient, or Hessian.

PSI4 DISTRIBUTED DRIVER



- class ManyBodyComputer ():**
- PLAN Separate molecule into subsystems. CP, noCP, VMFC basis.
method unchanged.
- C=C → C=C C=C C=C C=C
- for frag in fragments: return qcschema
-
- ASM Assemble n-body & interaction results from fragments.
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- PLAN Displace molecule according to stencil.
Reference molecule & method unchanged.
- C=C → ...C=C... ...C=C...
- for disp in displacements: return qcschema
-
- ASM Assemble derivative results from displacements.
- class CompositeComputer ():**
- PLAN Separate method into method, basis, & extrapolations.
molecule unchanged.
- mp2/cc-pv[tq]z** → **MP2 TOTAL ENERGY/cc-pVTZ**
MP2 TOTAL ENERGY/cc-pVQZ
- for mc in modelchems: return qcschema
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PSI4 DISTRIBUTED DRIVER



class ManyBodyComputer ():

Separate **molecule** into subsystems. CP, noCP, VMFC basis.
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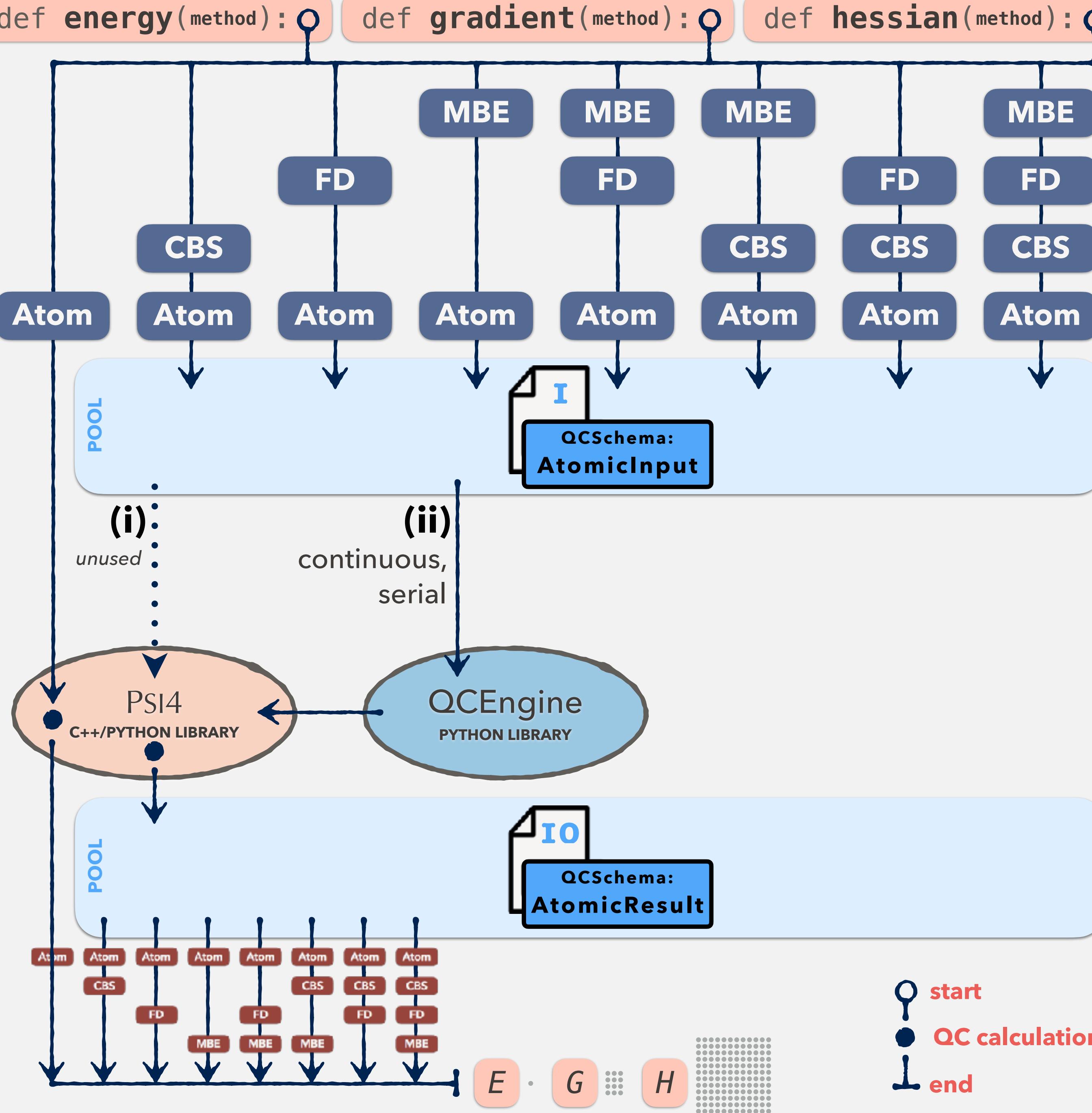
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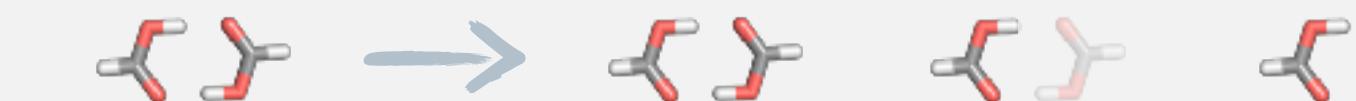
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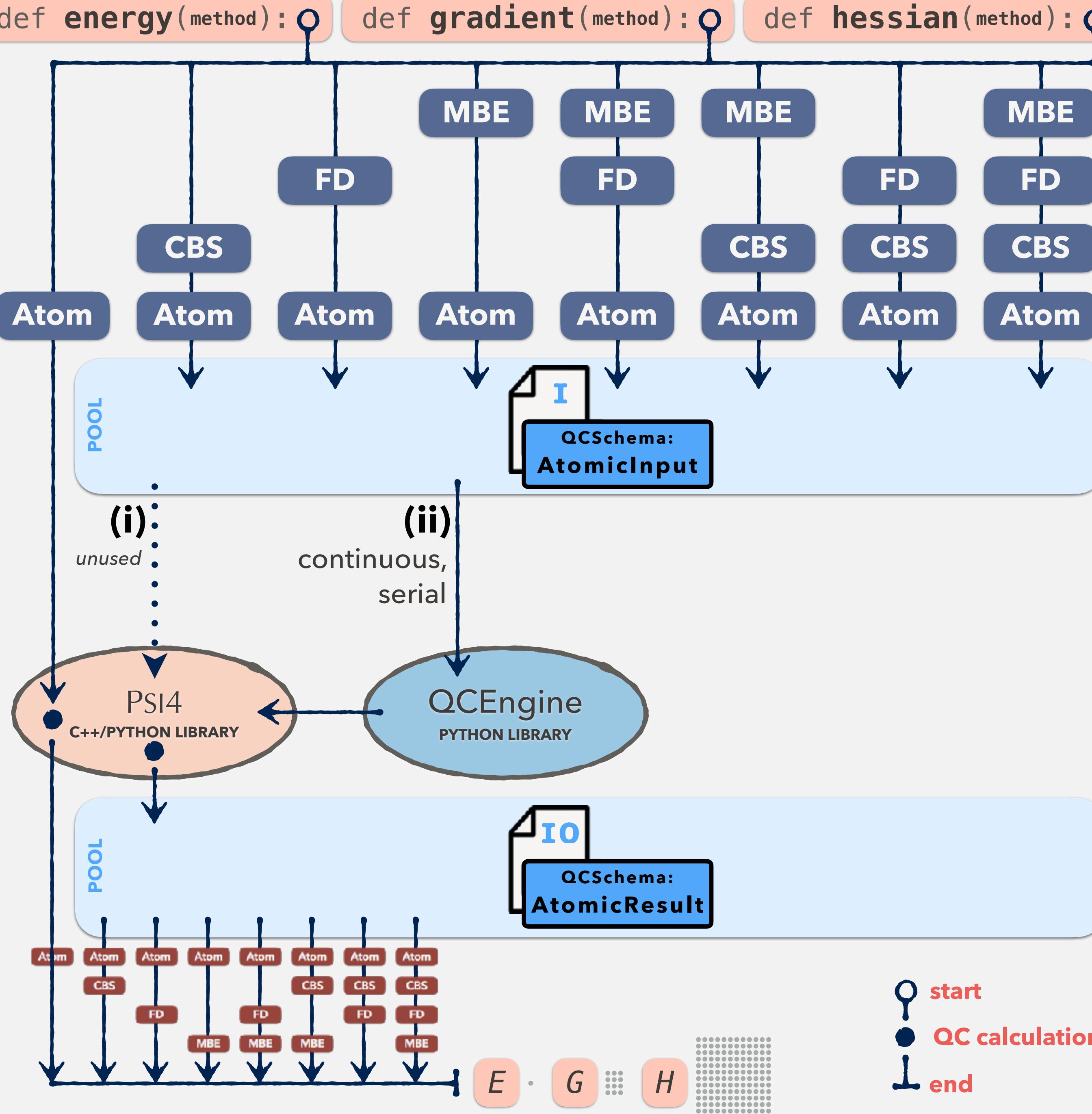
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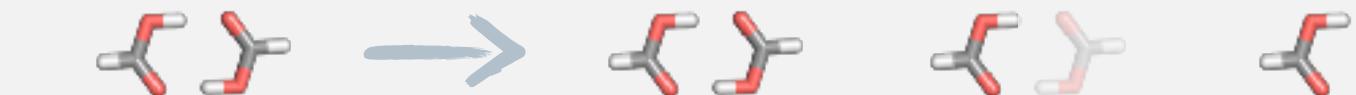
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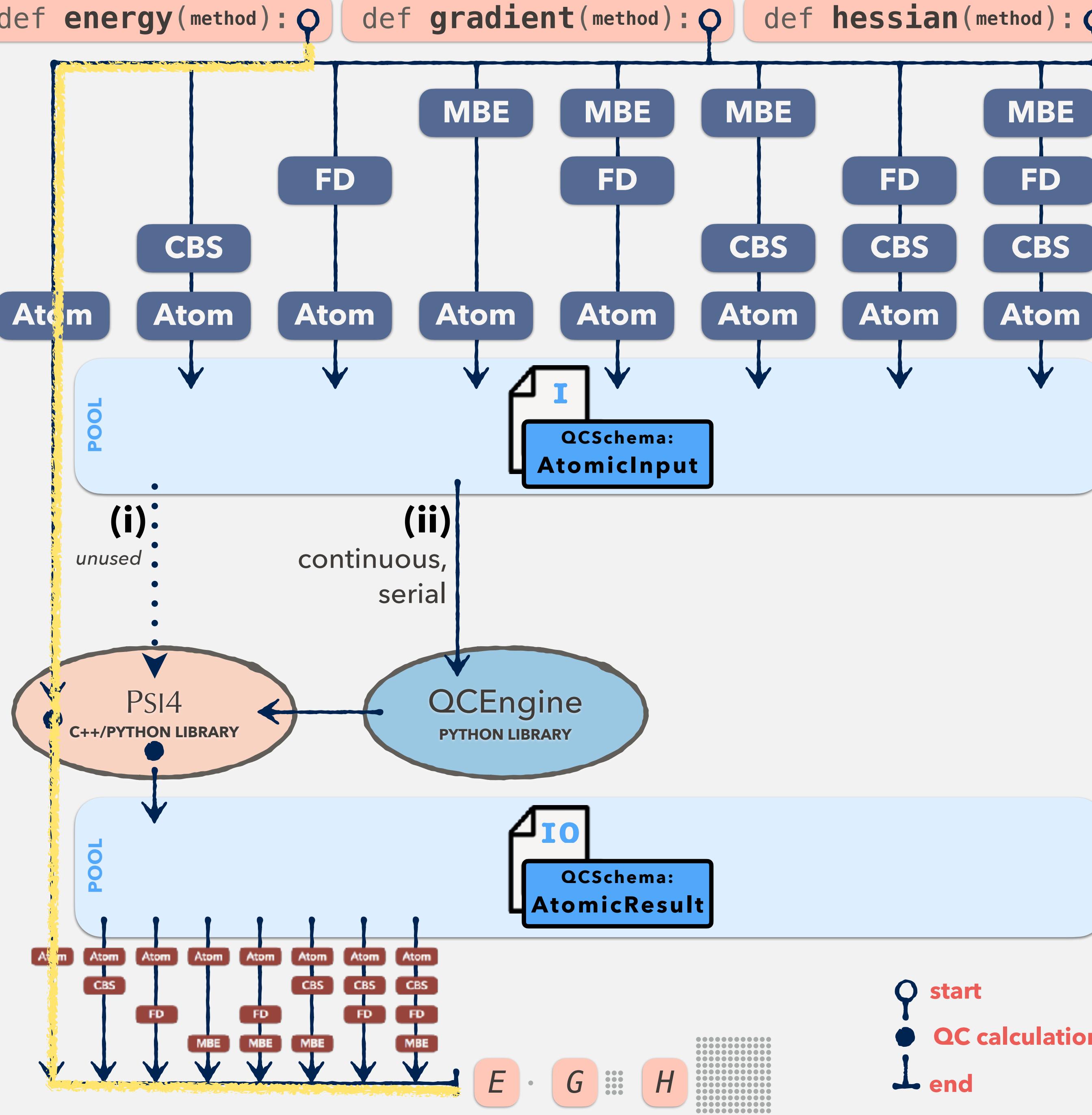
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PSI4 DISTRIBUTED DRIVER



```
def energy(method): ○
def gradient(method): ○
def hessian(method): ○
```

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PLAN Separate molecule into subsystems. CP, noCP, VMFC basis.
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C=C → C=C C=C C=C C=C

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ASM Assemble n-body & interaction results from fragments.

psi4.energy("mp2/cc-pvdz")

class CompositeComputer ():

PLAN Separate method into method, basis, & extrapolations.
molecule unchanged.

mp2/cc-pv[tq]z → MP2 TOTAL ENERGY/cc-pVTZ
MP2 TOTAL ENERGY/cc-pVQZ

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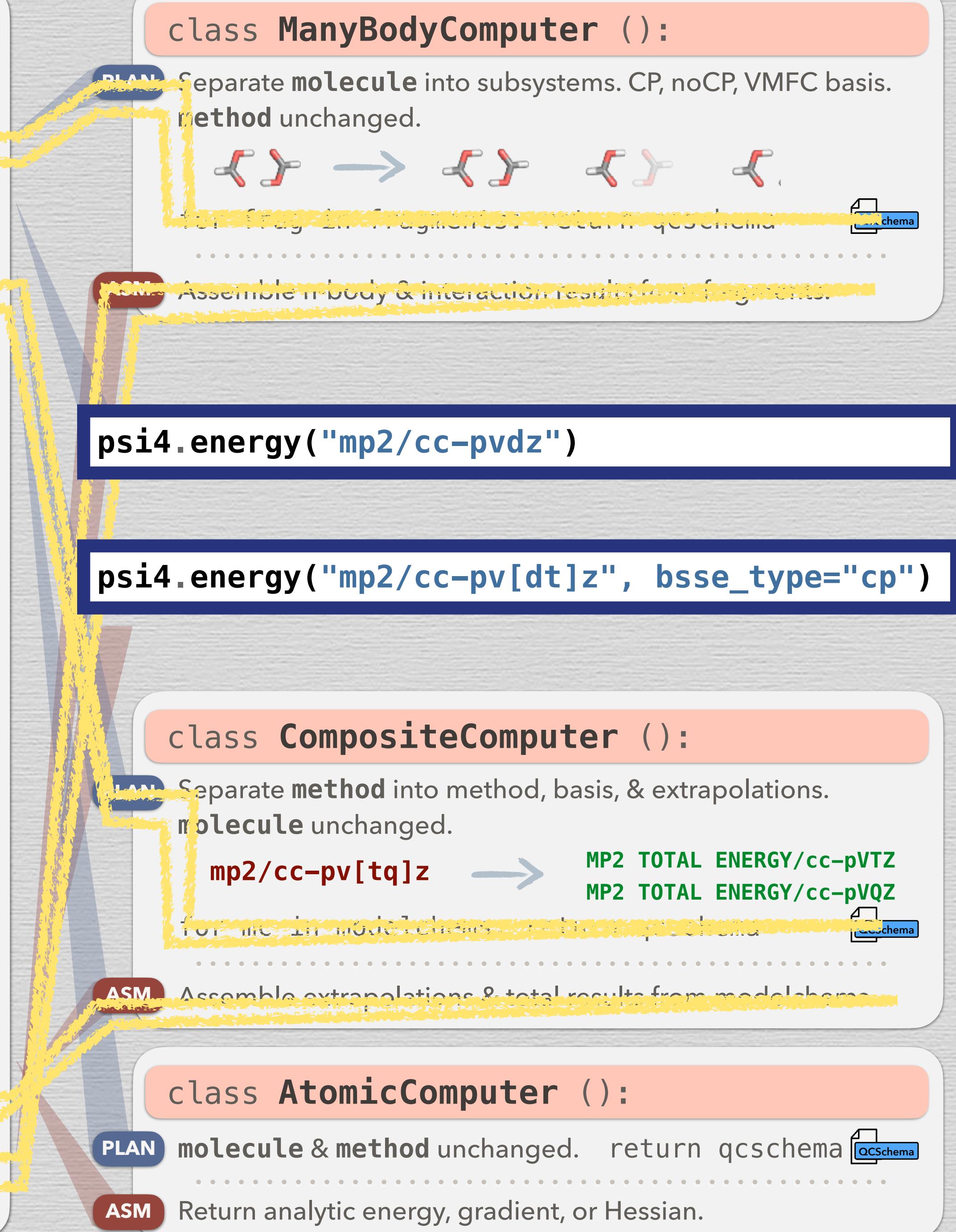
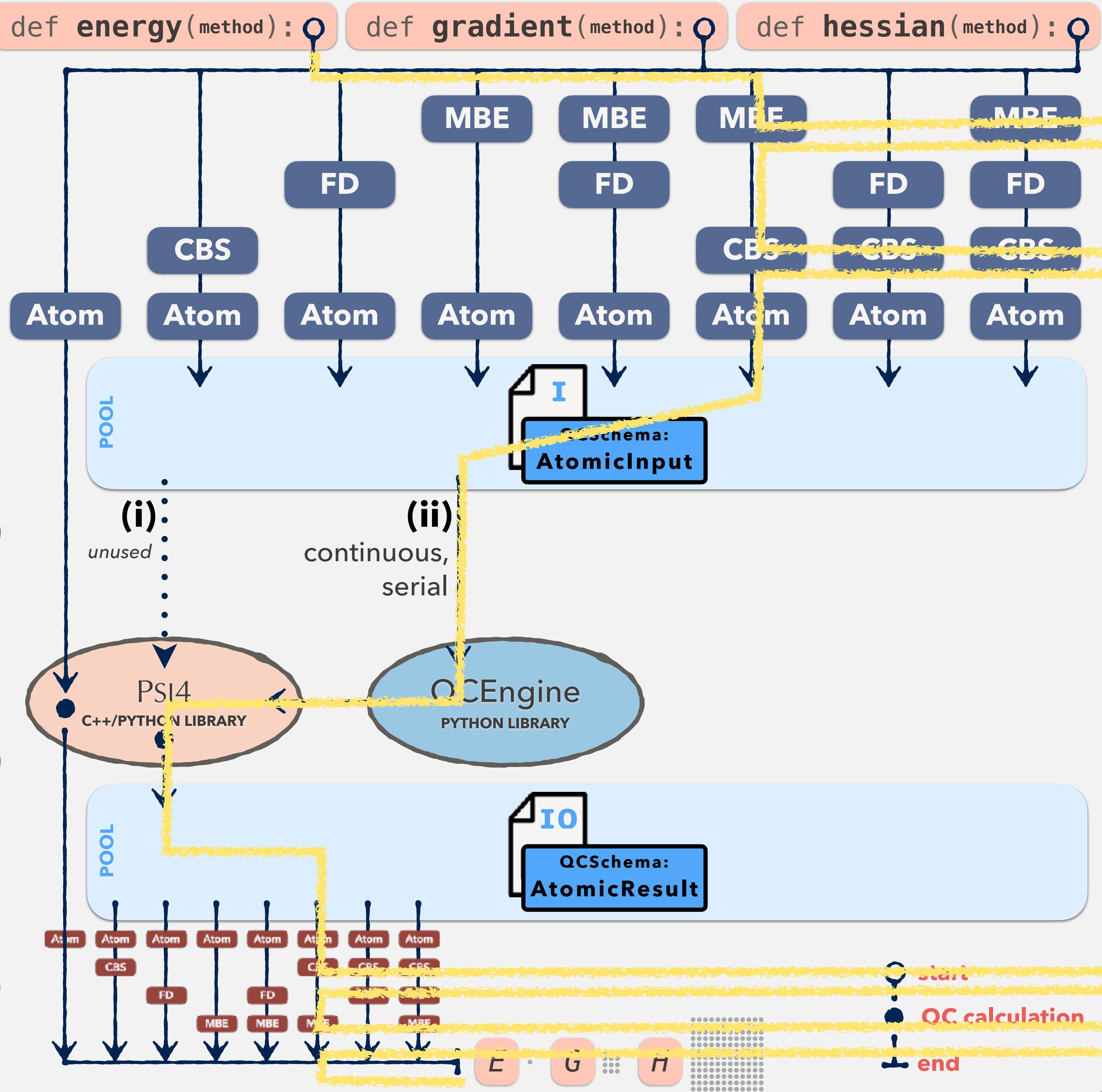
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class AtomicComputer ():

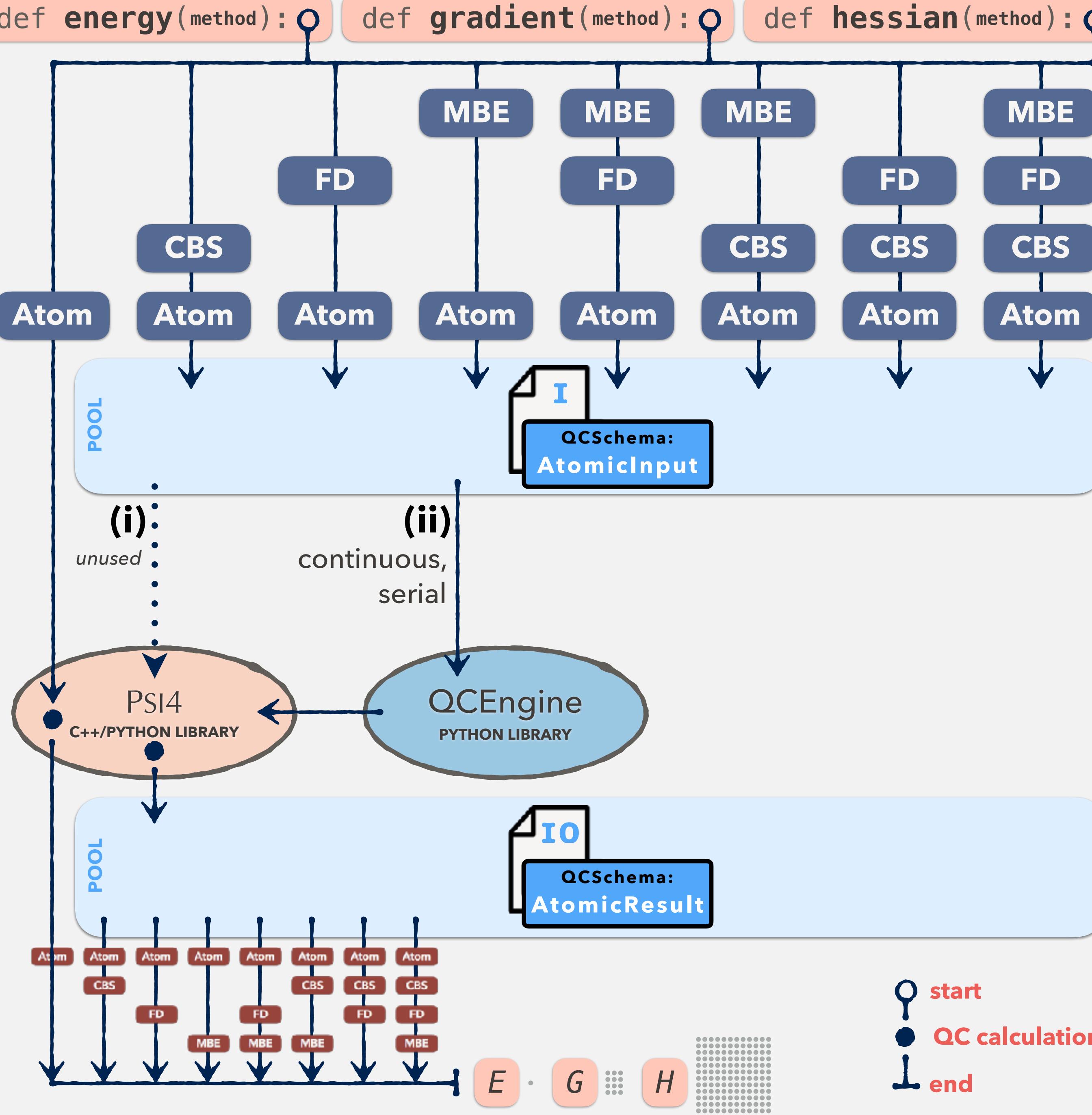
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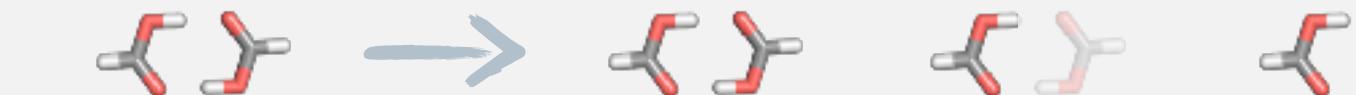


PSI4 DISTRIBUTED DRIVER



class ManyBodyComputer ():

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method unchanged.



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.....
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class FiniteDifferenceComputer ():

Displace **molecule** according to stencil.
Reference **molecule** & **method** unchanged.



for disp in displacements: return qcschema

.....
Assemble derivative results from displacements.

class CompositeComputer ():

Separate **method** into method, basis, & extrapolations.
molecule unchanged.



for mc in modelchems: return qcschema

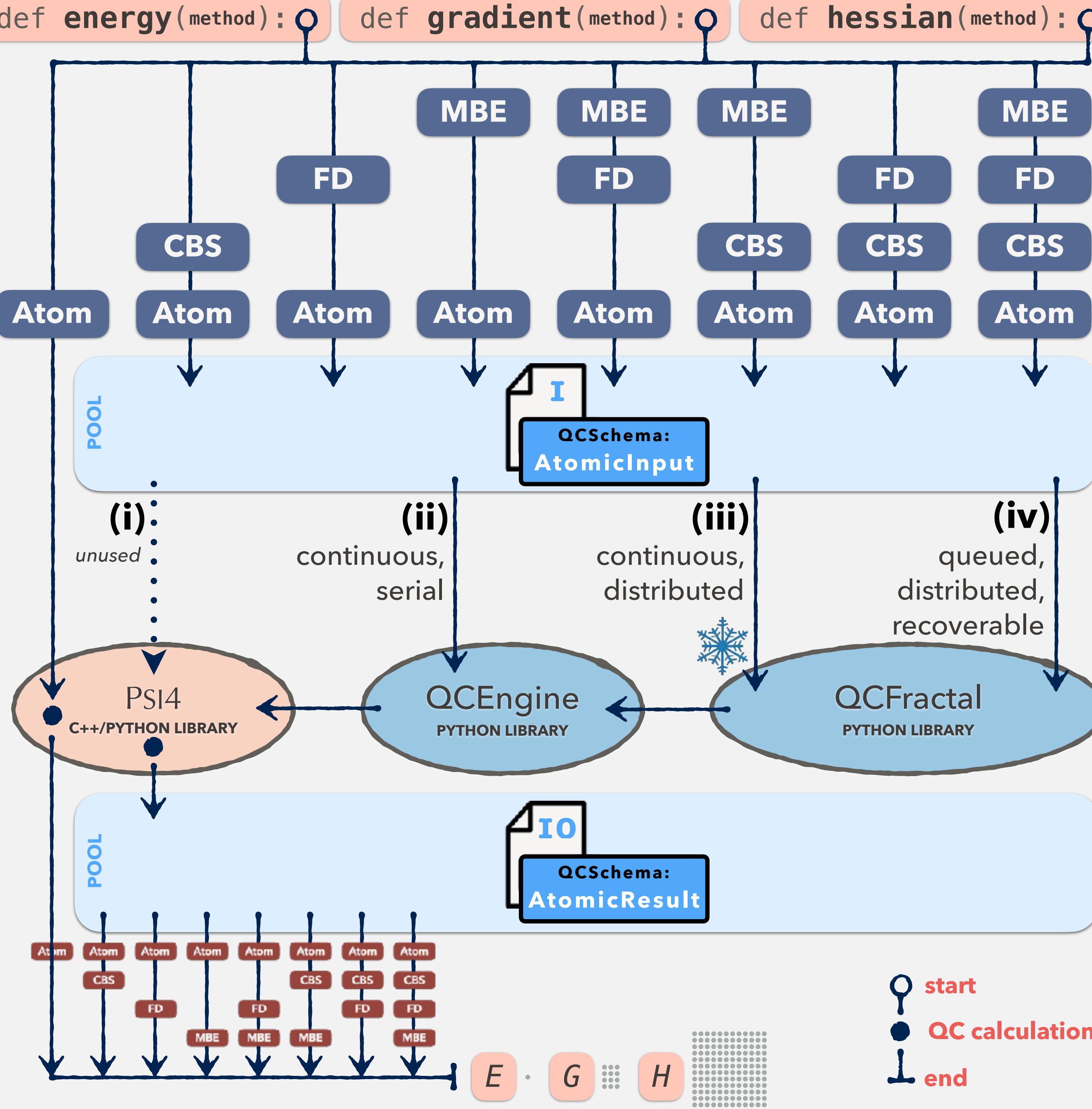
.....
Assemble extrapolations & total results from modelchems.

class AtomicComputer ():

molecule & **method** unchanged. return qcschema



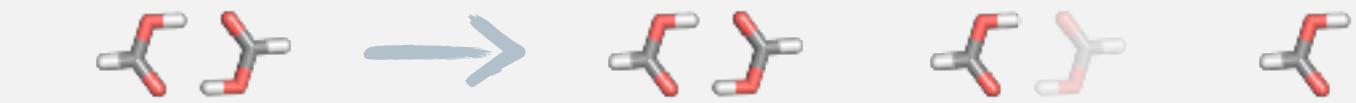
PSI4 DISTRIBUTED DRIVER



```
def energy(method): o
def gradient(method): o
def hessian(method): o
```

```
class ManyBodyComputer ():
```

Separate molecule into subsystems. CP, noCP, VMFC basis.
method unchanged.



for frag in fragments: return qcschema

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Assemble n-body & interaction results from fragments.

```
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.....
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```
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```

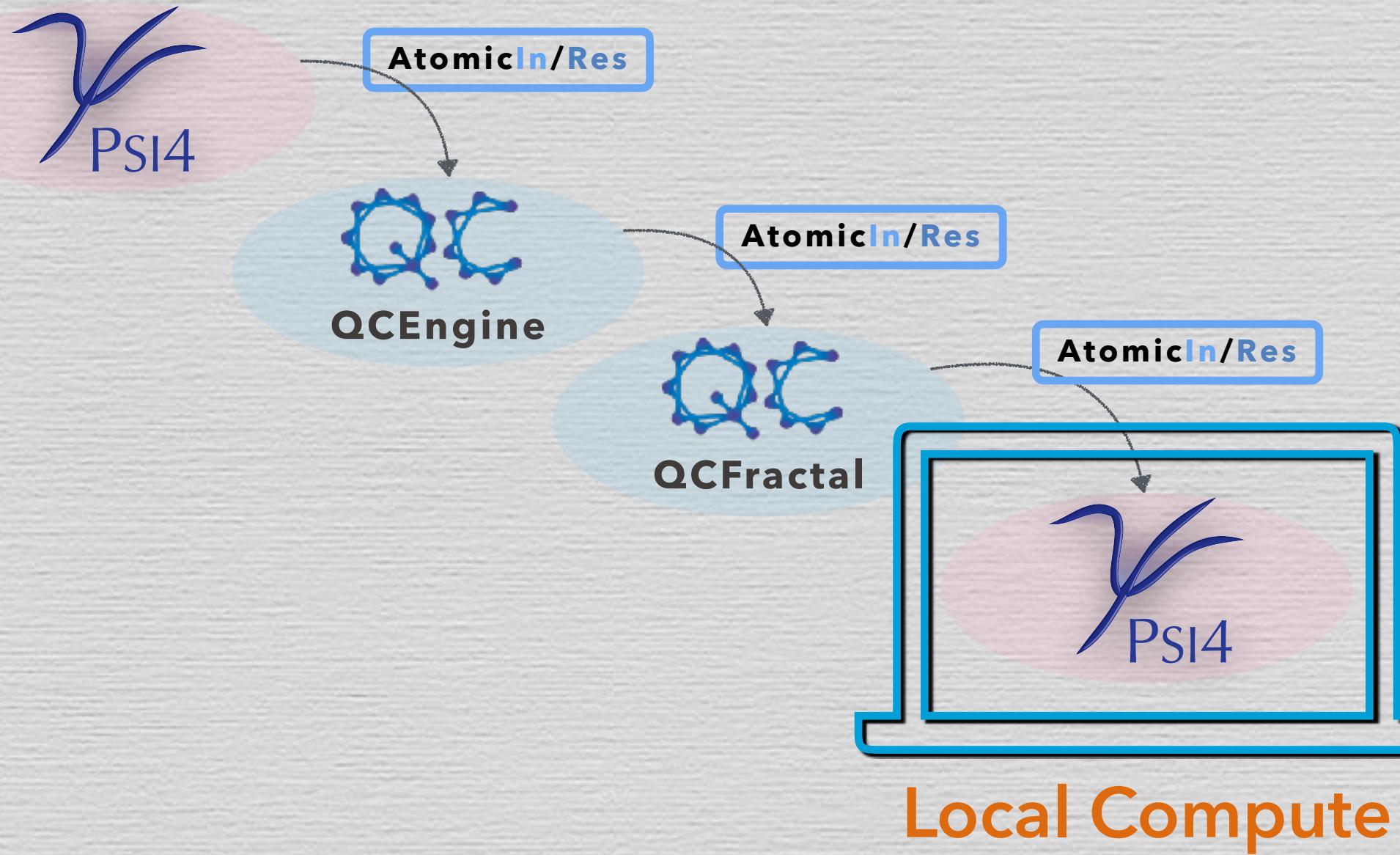
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Return analytic energy, gradient, or Hessian.

APP: Psi4 DISTRIBUTED DRIVER + QCARCHIVE

distributed, searchable, and error-resistant

```
psi4.energy("mp2/cc-pv[dt]z+d:ccsd(t)/cc-pvdz", bsse_type="cp", molecule= 
```



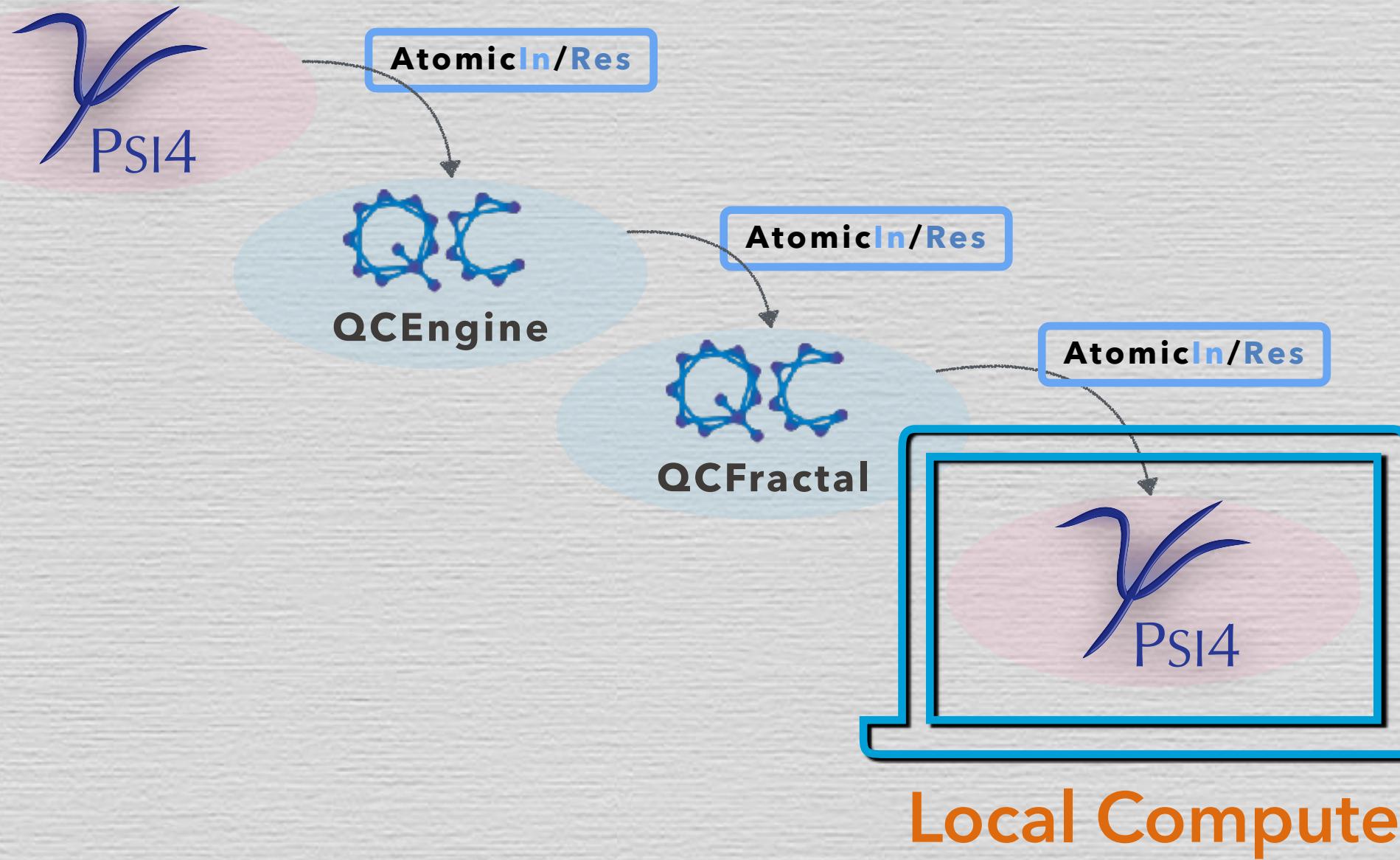
- (1) **Psi4** driver (post-proc. manager) plans single-point jobs from API input
- (2) **QCFractal** orchestrates job running among attached resources
- (3) **QCEngine** receives jobs as **AtomicInput QCSchema**
- (4) **Psi4** driver (core) runs single-point jobs
- (5) **QCEngine** receives jobs as **AtomicResult QCSchema**
- (6) **QCFractal** stores jobs in DB & retrieves on query
- (7) **Psi4** driver assembles results into usual API

- **SPECIFICATION** through single file. Procedure **automated**, so low risk of user error.
- **RATE-LIMITED** by single longest calc since QCFractal runs **parallel in queue**.
- **RETRIEVAL** from QCArchive **database** with query.
- **FLEXIBILITY** limited to Psi4 only.

APP: PSI4 DISTRIBUTED DRIVER + QCARCHIVE

distributed, searchable, and error-resistant

```
psi4.energy("mp2/cc-pv[dt]z+d:ccsd(t)/cc-pvdz", bsse_type="cp", molecule=
```



- **SPECIFICATION** through single file. Procedure **automated**, so low risk of user error.
- **RATE-LIMITED** by single longest calc since QCFractal runs **parallel in queue**.
- **RETRIEVAL** from QCArchive **database** with query.
- **FLEXIBILITY** limited to PSI4 only.

```
import psi4
from qcportal import PortalClient

client = PortalClient("http://localhost:7777")

plan = psi4.energy(
    "MP2/cc-pV[DT]Z + d:CCSD(T)/cc-pVDZ",
    bsse_type="cp",
    return_plan=True,
    molecule=
)
plan.compute(client)

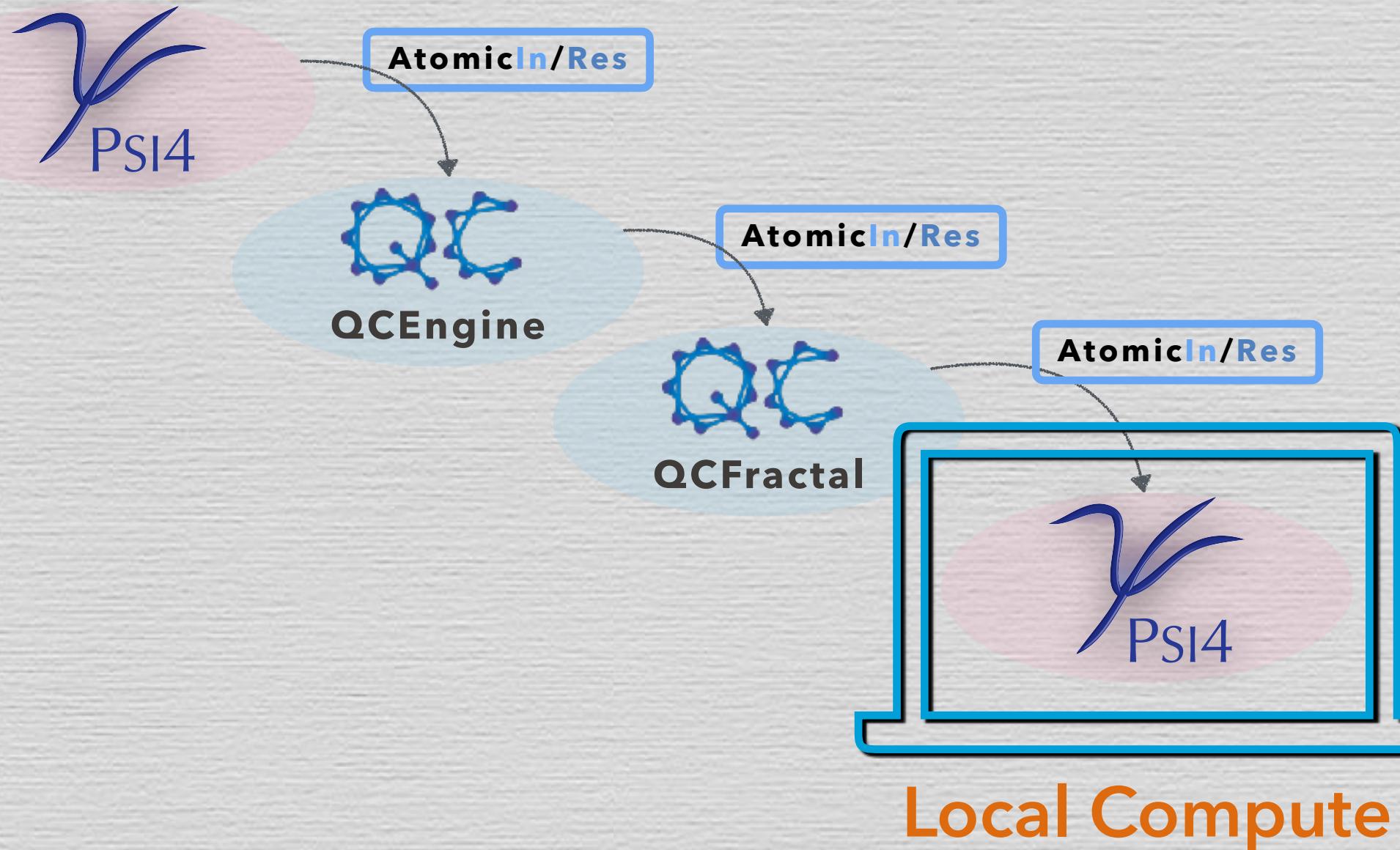
# re-run file after jobs complete for final processing

ene = plan.get_psi4_results(client)
print(ene) # CP IE
```

APP: PSI4 DISTRIBUTED DRIVER + QCARCHIVE

distributed, searchable, and error-resistant

```
psi4.energy("mp2/cc-pv[dt]z+d:ccsd(t)/cc-pvdz", bsse_type="cp", molecule=
```



- **SPECIFICATION** through single file. Procedure **automated**, so low risk.
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```
import psi4
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plan.compute(client)

# re-run file after jobs complete for final processing

ene = plan.get_psi4_results(client)
print(ene) # CP IE

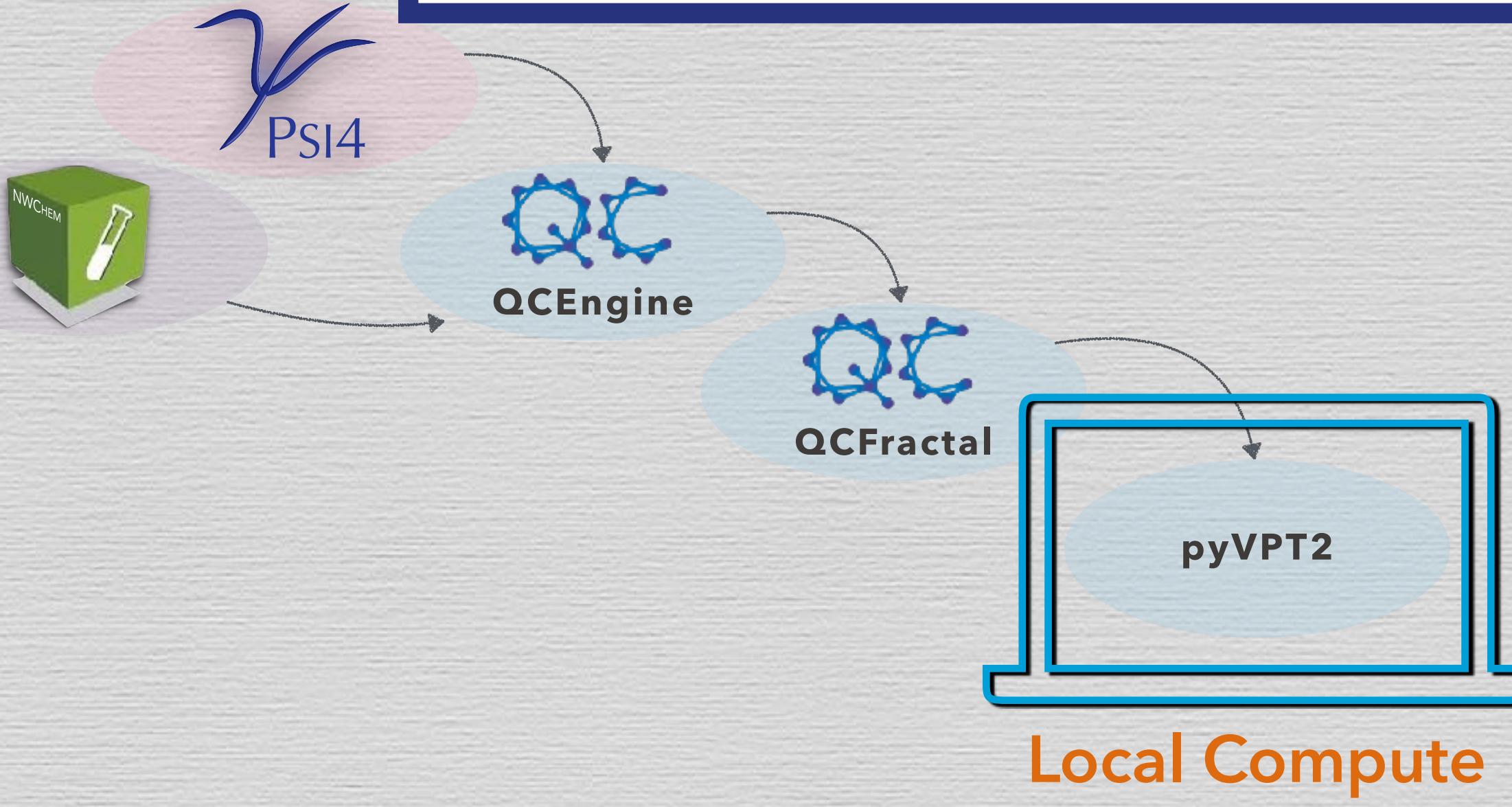
plan = psi4.energy("CCSD(T)/cc-pVDZ",
                   return_plan=True,
                   molecule= )
plan.compute(client) # free! calcs in database

ene, wfn = plan.get_psi4_results(client, return_wfn=True)
print(ene) # CCSD(T) energy
```

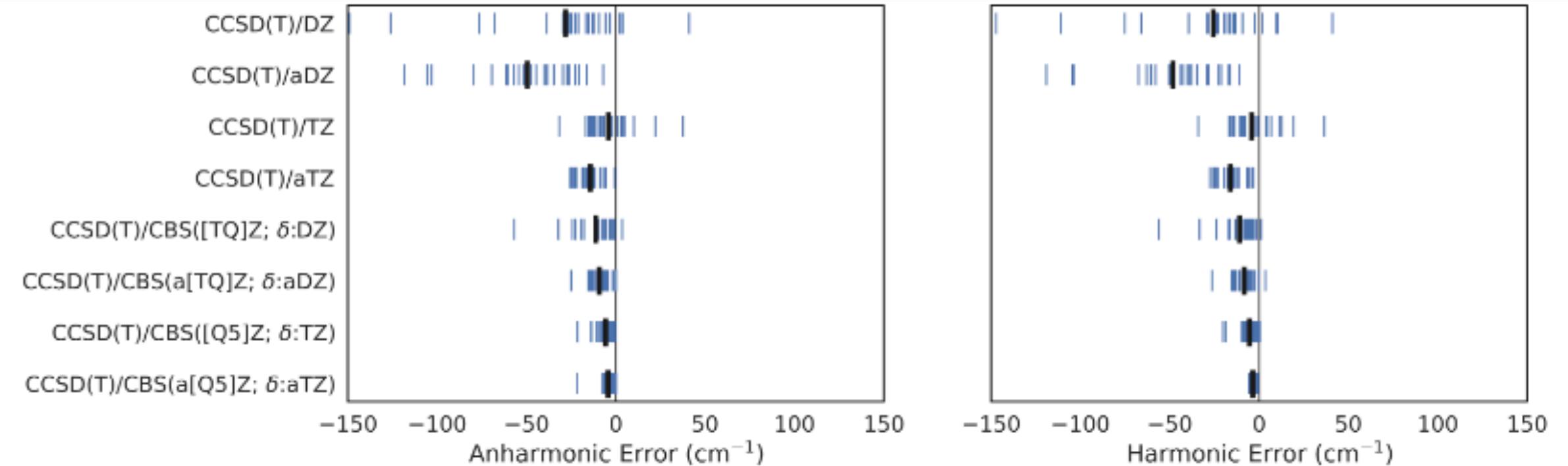
APP: PSI4 & PYVPT2

using QCSchema for generic access to single-points

```
pyvpt2.vpt2("mp2/cc-pv[dt]z+d:ccsd(t)/cc-pvdz", molecule=-pill)
```



ERROR IN 20 MODES VS CBS ANHARMONIC HARMONIC



- pyvpt2: **AVAILABLE** with **pyvpt2 (unreleased)** & **PSI4** & **QC Engine** & **QC Fractal**.
- **SPECIFICATION** through single file. Procedure **automated**, so low risk of user error.
- **RATE-LIMITED** by single longest calc since QC Fractal runs **parallel in queue**.
- **RETRIEVAL** from QC Archive **database** with query.
- **FLEXIBILITY** multiple implementations, calling multiple QC backends.



Philip Nelson
GaTech



Carlos Borca
GaTech → DeepCureAI

Zach Glick
GaTech → Lavo

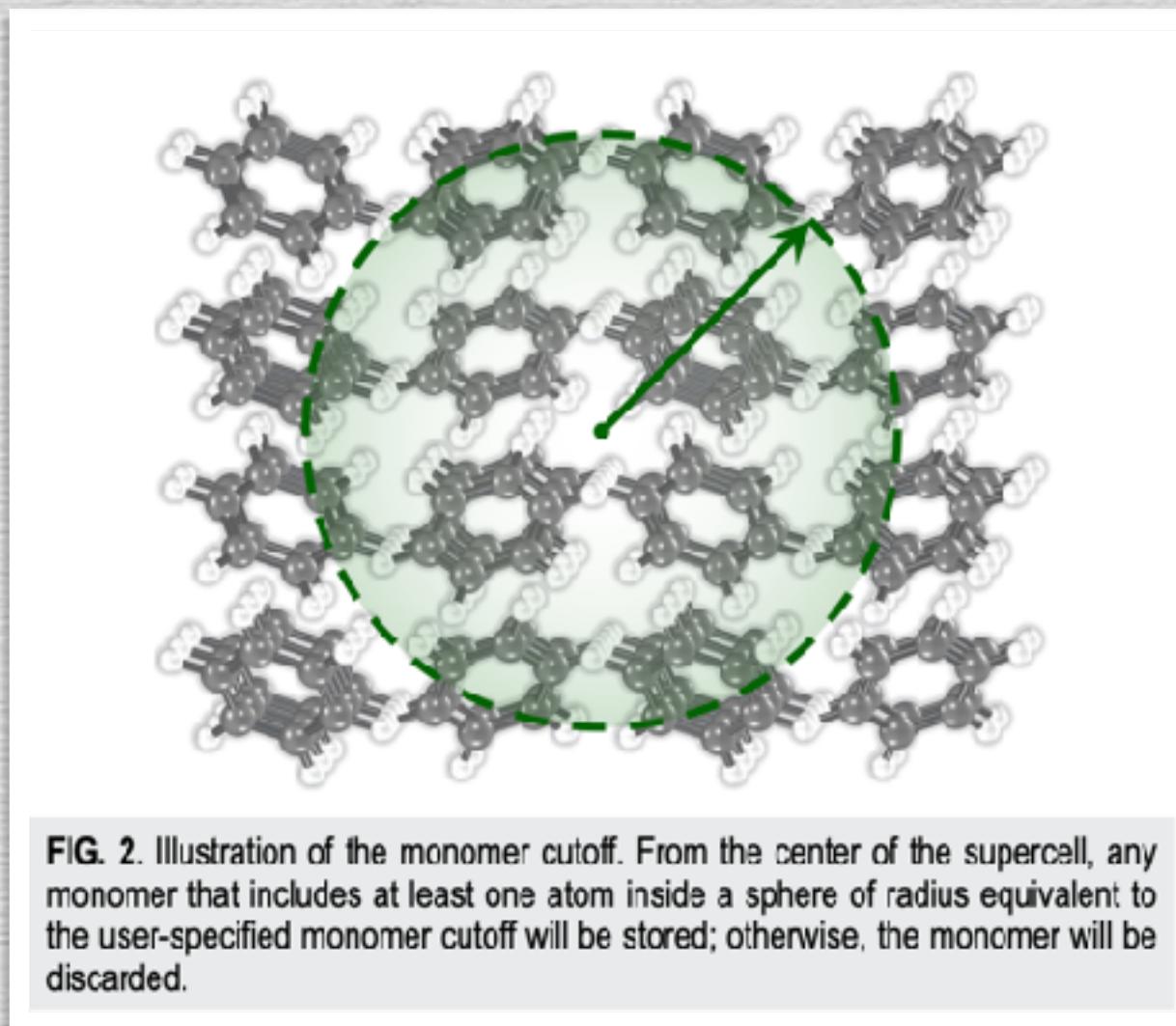


Derek Metcalf
GaTech → Lavo

APP: CRYSTALATTE

aka Crystal Lattice Energies aka CLE

$$E = \sum_I^N E_I + \sum_{I < J}^N \Delta E_{IJ} + \sum_{I < J < K}^N \Delta E_{IJK} + \dots.$$



$$\mathcal{C}_{N\text{-mer}} = \mathcal{R}_{N\text{-mer}} \times \frac{\Delta E_{1\dots N}^{(N)}}{N},$$

Borca, Bakr, Burns, & Sherrill, *J. Chem. Phys.* 151, 144103 (2019).

Borca, Glick, Metcalf, Burns, & Sherrill, *J. Chem. Phys.* 158, 234102 (2023).

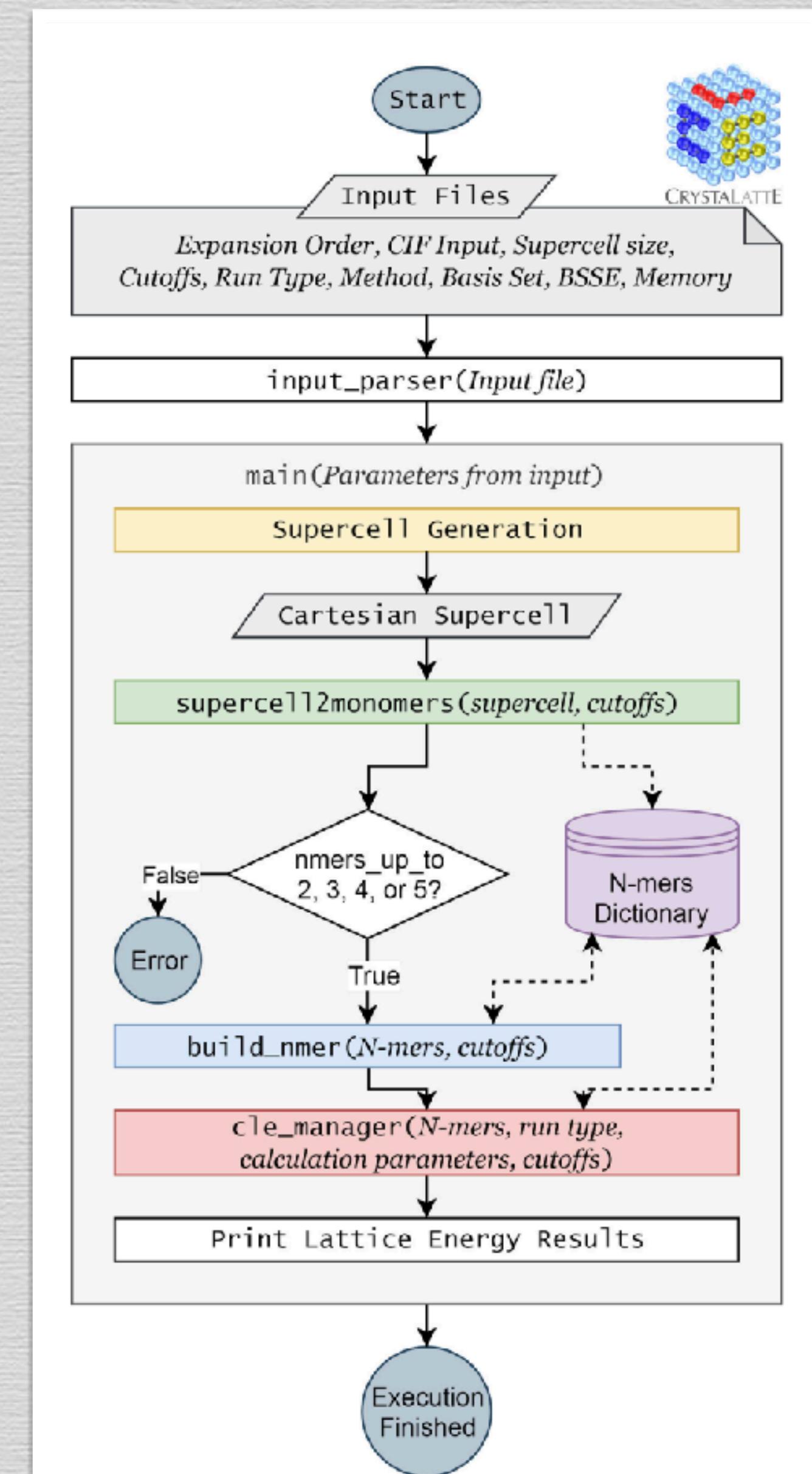


FIG. 1. General usage routine of CrystaLatte. Provided with a CIF file, the code automatically computes the lattice energy of a molecular crystal employing the MBE approach. The most important functions and data structures are colored.



Carlos Borca
GaTech → DeepCureAI

Zach Glick
GaTech → Lavo

Derek Metcalf
GaTech → Lavo

$$E = \sum_I^N E_I + \sum_{I < J}^N \Delta E_{IJ} + \sum_{I < J < K}^N \Delta E_{IJK} + \dots$$

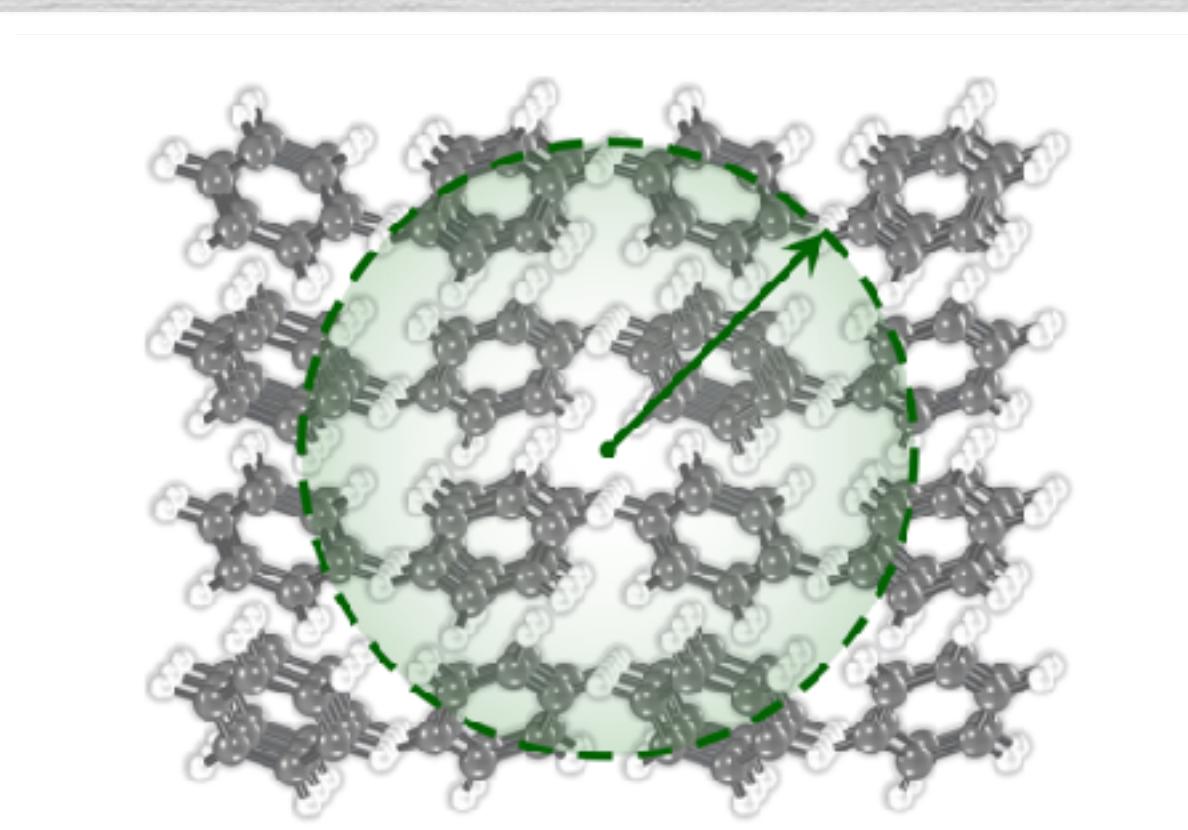


FIG. 2. Illustration of the monomer cutoff. From the center of the supercell, any monomer that includes at least one atom inside a sphere of radius equivalent to the user-specified monomer cutoff will be stored; otherwise, the monomer will be discarded.

$$\mathcal{C}_{N\text{-mer}} = \mathcal{R}_{N\text{-mer}} \times \frac{\Delta E_{1\dots N}^{(N)}}{N},$$

APP: CRYSTALATTE

aka Crystal Lattice Energies aka CLE

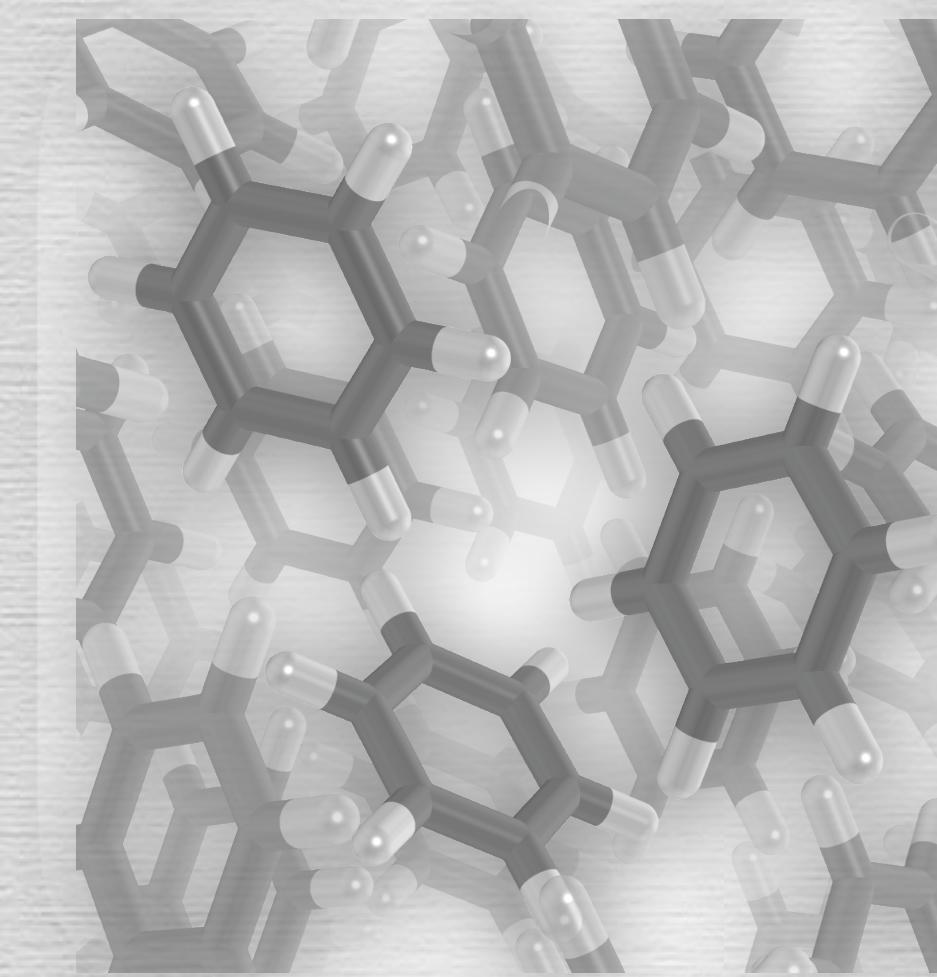


TABLE VI. Benchmark-level results for the lattice energy of crystalline benzene using a many-body approach. Contributions to the lattice energy are given for each non-additive N -body term. Only symmetry-unique structures are counted. Cutoff distances are in Å, and energies are in kJ mol^{-1} .^a

N	Level of theory	Cutoff	Structures	Total contribution
2	CCSD(T)/CBS(aQ5)Z; δ:aCTZ	$R \leq 8$	17	-56.39
2	CCSD(T)/CBS(a[TQ]Z; δ:aDZ)	$8 < R \leq 30$	403	-1.16
2	Total	$R \leq 30$	420	-57.55
3	CCSD(T)/CBS(aQ5)Z; δ:aTZ	$R \leq 3$	4	2.61
3	CCSD(T)/CBS(a[TQ]Z; δ:aDZ)	$3 < R \leq 15$	1973	0.96
3	Total	$R \leq 15$	1977	3.57
4	CCSD(T)/CBS(a[TQ]Z; δ:aDZ)	$R \leq 5.3$	17	-0.23
	MP2/aTZ	$5.3 < R \leq 10$	1315	0.20
4	Total	$R \leq 10$	1332	-0.03
Total				-54.01

estimated experimental value of $-55.3 \pm 2.2 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$

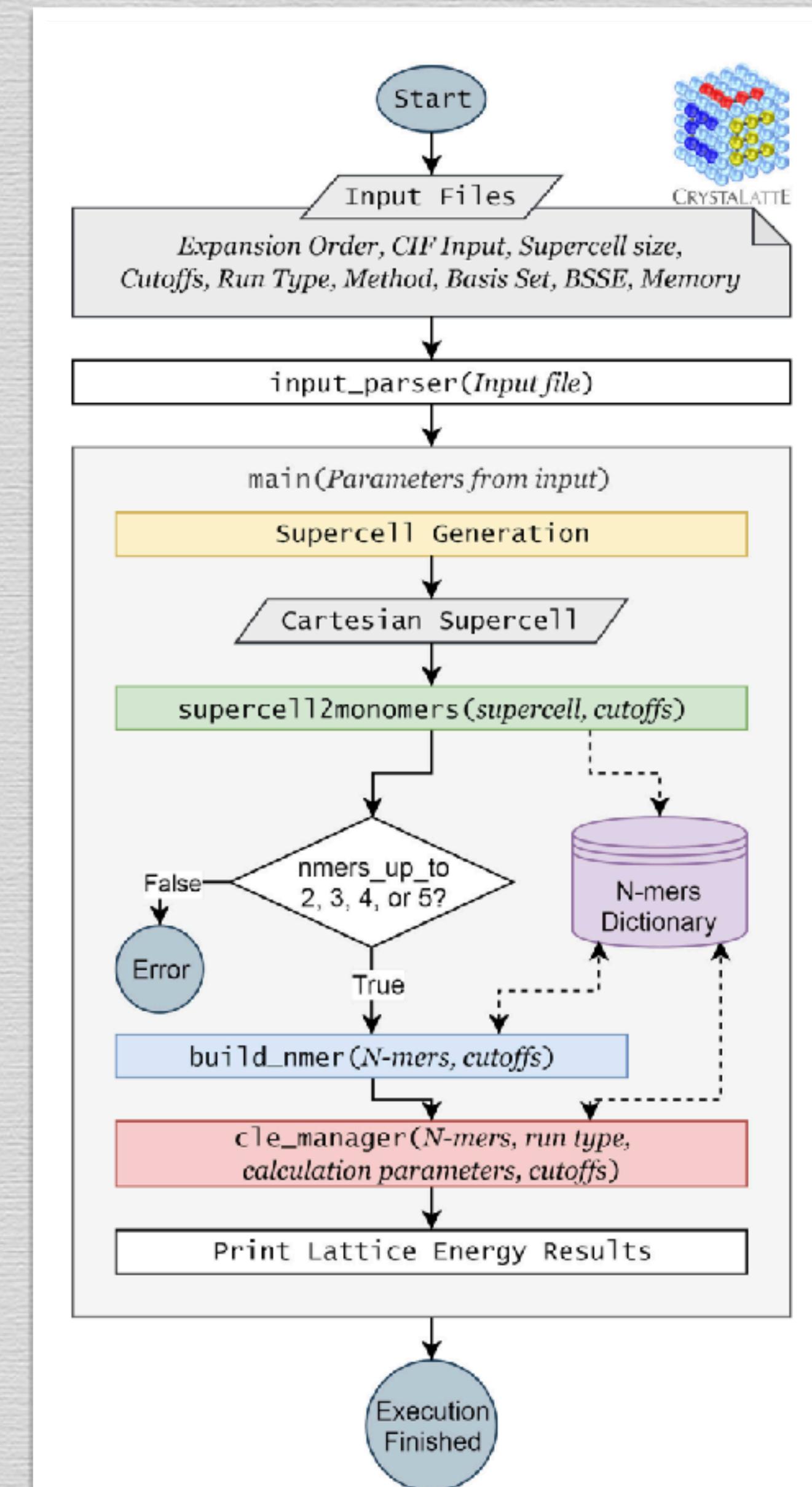
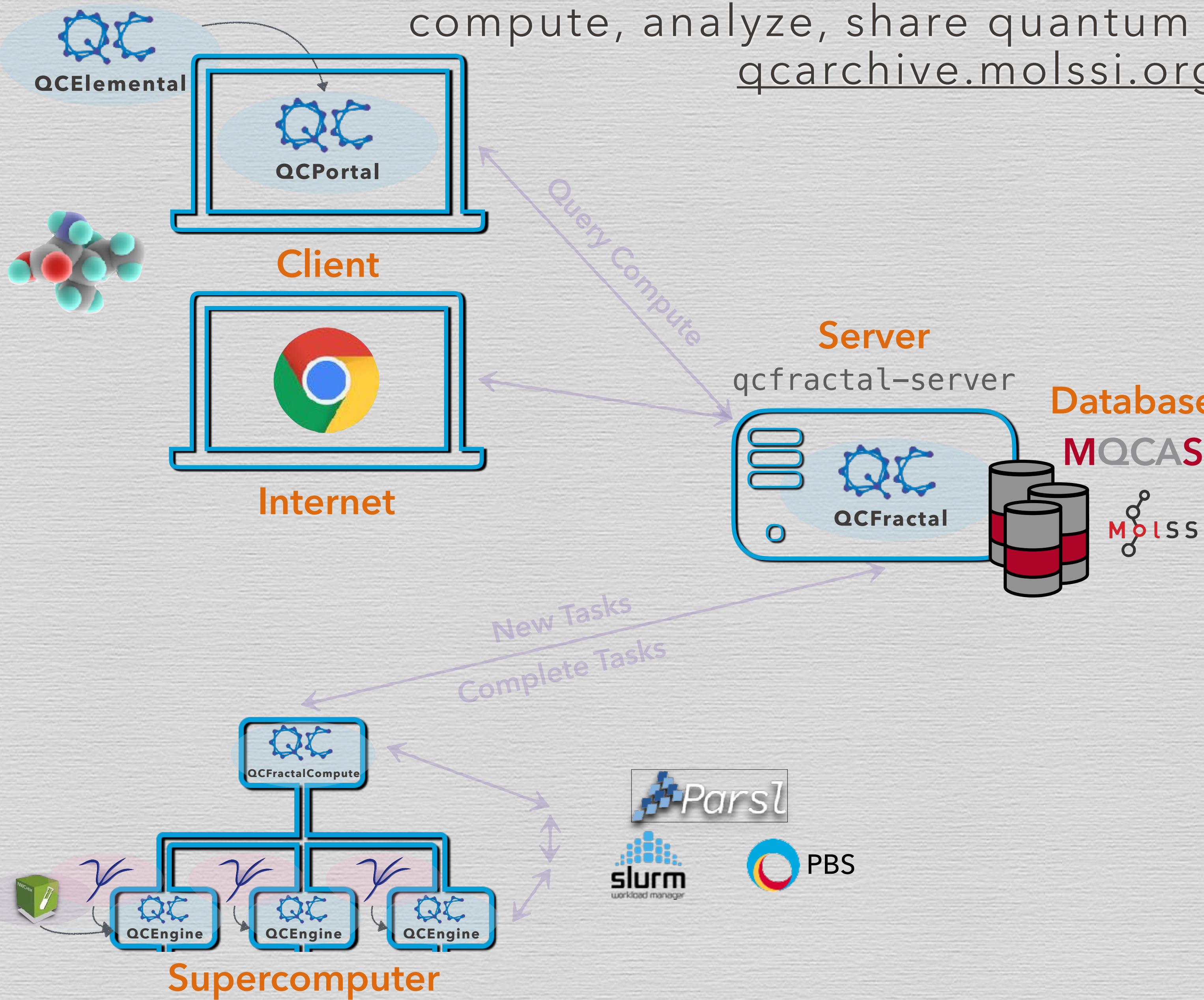


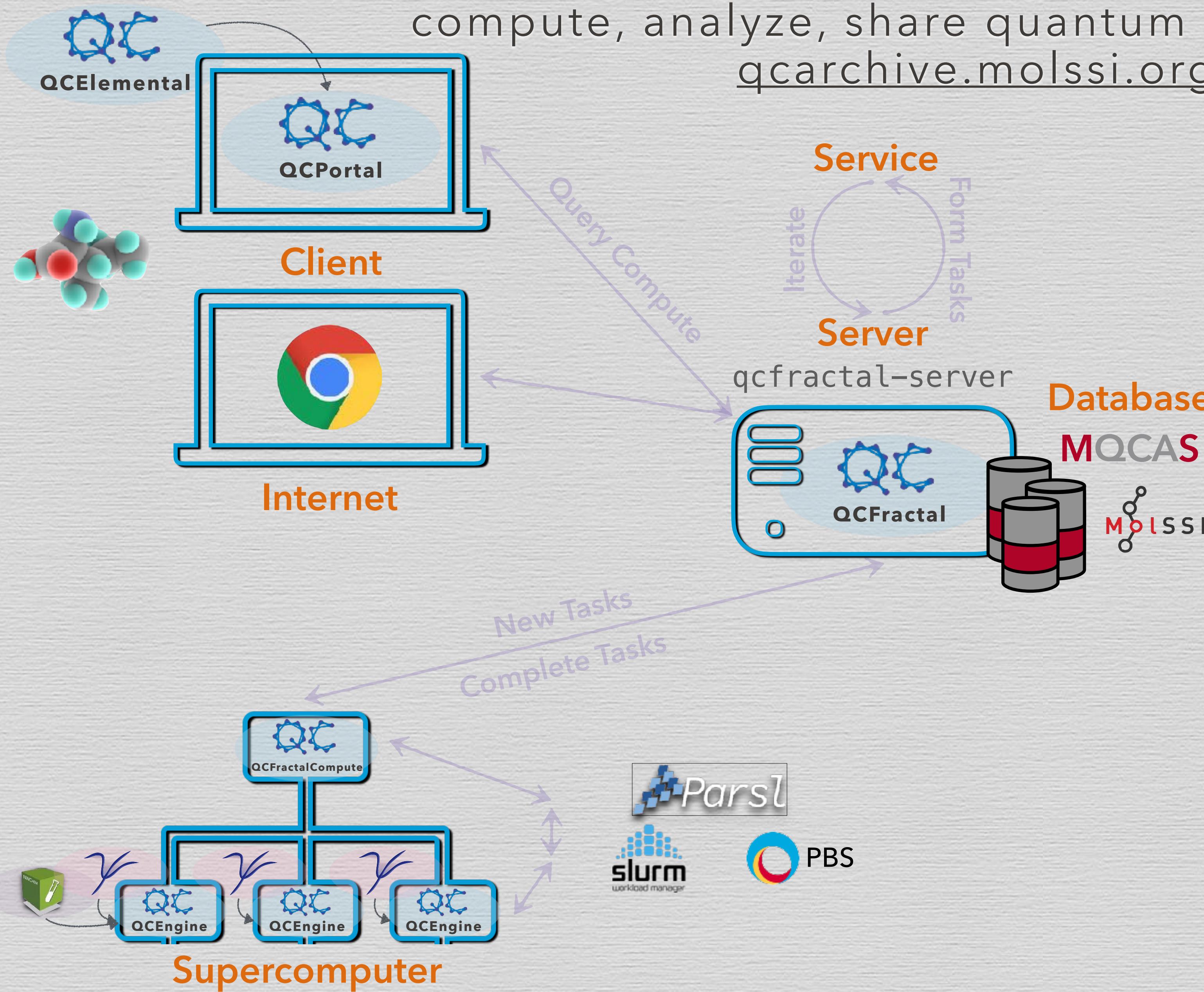
FIG. 1. General usage routine of CrystaLatte. Provided with a CIF file, the code automatically computes the lattice energy of a molecular crystal employing the MBE approach. The most important functions and data structures are colored.

QCARCHIVE OVERVIEW



- hybrid **COMPUTE** and **DATA** management tool for quantum chemistry
- **SHARE** and **COLLABORATE** structured data
- **EASE OF USE** for non-specialist
- completely installable from **CONDA**
- **MULTI-PHYSICAL-SITE** compute
- **SCALE** – up to 500 tasks/second, 300,000 concurrent tasks
- **ELASTIC** – runs on laptops, campus clusters, and leadership-class supercomputers

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qcfractal-compute-manager **Manager**
adapter **Task Management**
scheduler **Task Scheduling**
worker **Compute Nodes**

EXTRACTING THE QC MANYBODY PROCEDURE

multiple entry points for flexibility



PSI4

class ManyBodyComputer ():

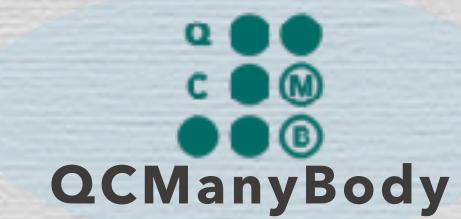
PLAN Separate molecule into subsystems. CP, noCP, VMFC basis.
method unchanged.



for frag in fragments: return qcschema



ASM Assemble n-body & interaction results from fragments.



QCManyBody

- noCP, SSFC, VMFC
- indep. or schema interf.
- energy, gradient, Hess.
- intermolecular only
- IE or MBE
- multiple model chemistry MBE



Ben Pritchard
MolSSI



Asem Alenaizan
GaTech → KFUPM



Daniel Smith
MolSSI → Abiologics

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Ben Pritchard
MolSSI



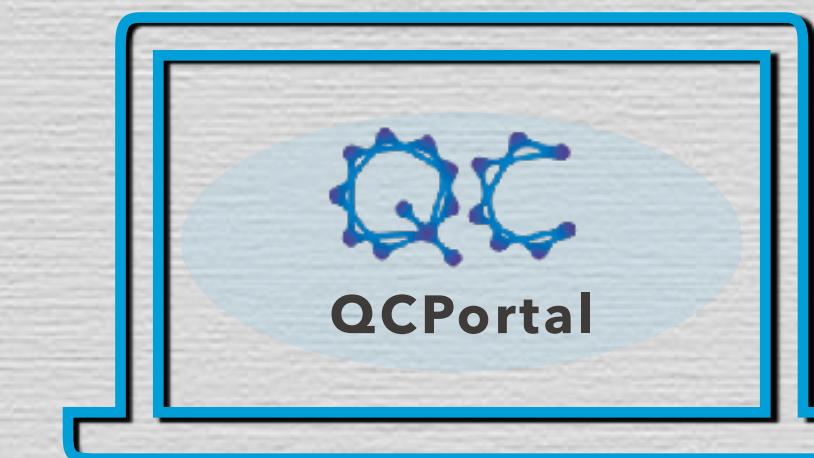
Asem Alenaizan
GaTech → KFUPM



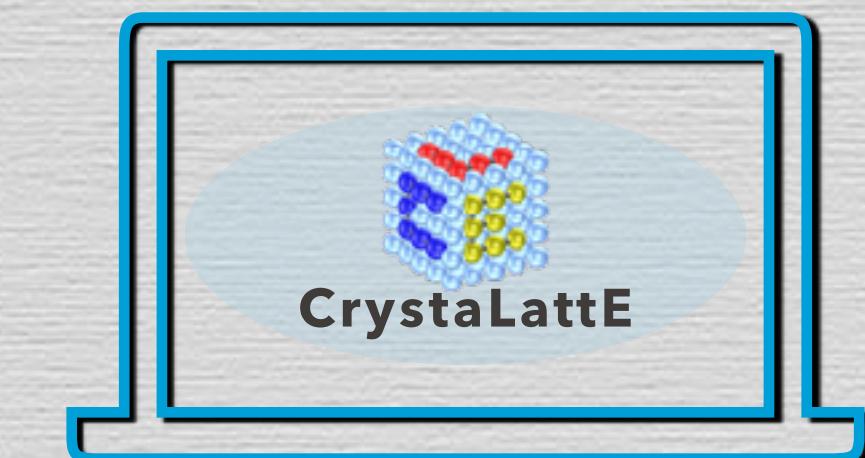
Daniel Smith
MolSSI → Abiologics



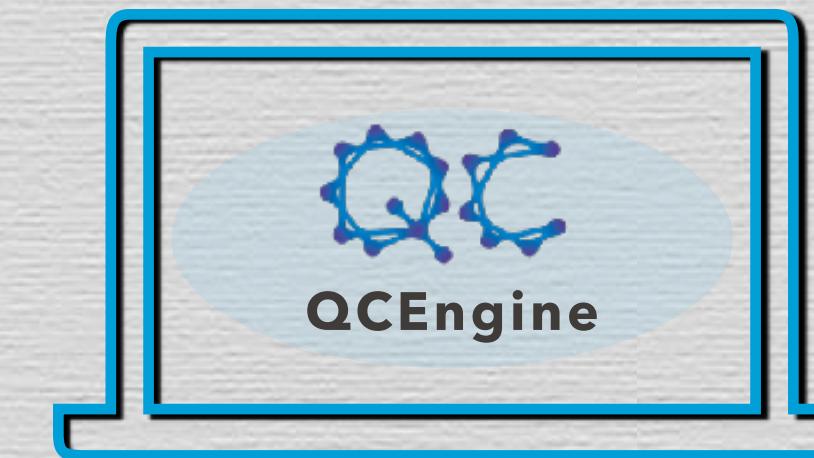
QCManyBody direct



QCFractal service



MBE backend



QCEngine procedure



PSI4 distributed driver



Optimizer backend

TWO INTERFACES FOR QC MANYBODY

independent or integrated with QC Archive

CORE INTERFACE

```
from qcmanybody import ManyBodyCore

mbc = ManyBodyCore(
    molecule= Ne - Ne - Ne,
    bsse_type=[ "cp" ],
    levels={1: "ccsd/cc-pvtz",
            2: "mp2/cc-pvdz",
            3: "mp2/cc-pvdz" },
    return_total_data=True,
    supersystem_ie_only=False,
    embedding_charges=None)

calculation_results = {}
for chem, lbl, imol in mbc.iterate_molecules():
    # use chem, lbl, imol to construct inputs

    # run them & fill in results
    calculation_results[lbl] = {"energy": None}

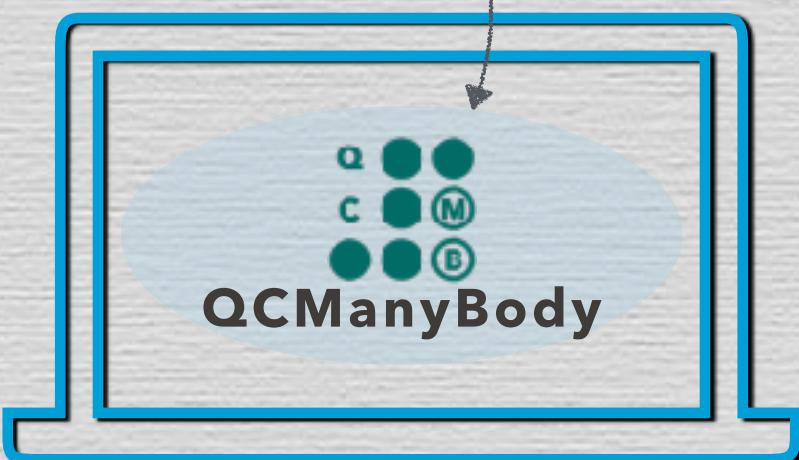
results = mbc.analyze(calculation_results)

print(results["ret_energy"])
#> -384.1286
```

any CMS program producing
E/G/H/property



user code
running QC &
collecting results



QCManyBody core interface

- user-prov. serial/parallel
- user runs CMS backends

TWO INTERFACES FOR QC MANYBODY

independent or integrated with QC Archive

CORE INTERFACE

any CMS program producing
E/G/H/property



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```
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mbc = ManyBodyCore(
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results = mbc.analyze(calculation_results)

print(results["ret_energy"])
#> -384.1286
```

QCManyBody core interface

- user-prov. serial/parallel
- user runs CMS backends

HIGH-LEVEL INTERFACE

```
from qcmanybody import ManyBodyComputer
from qcmanybody.models import ManyBodyInput

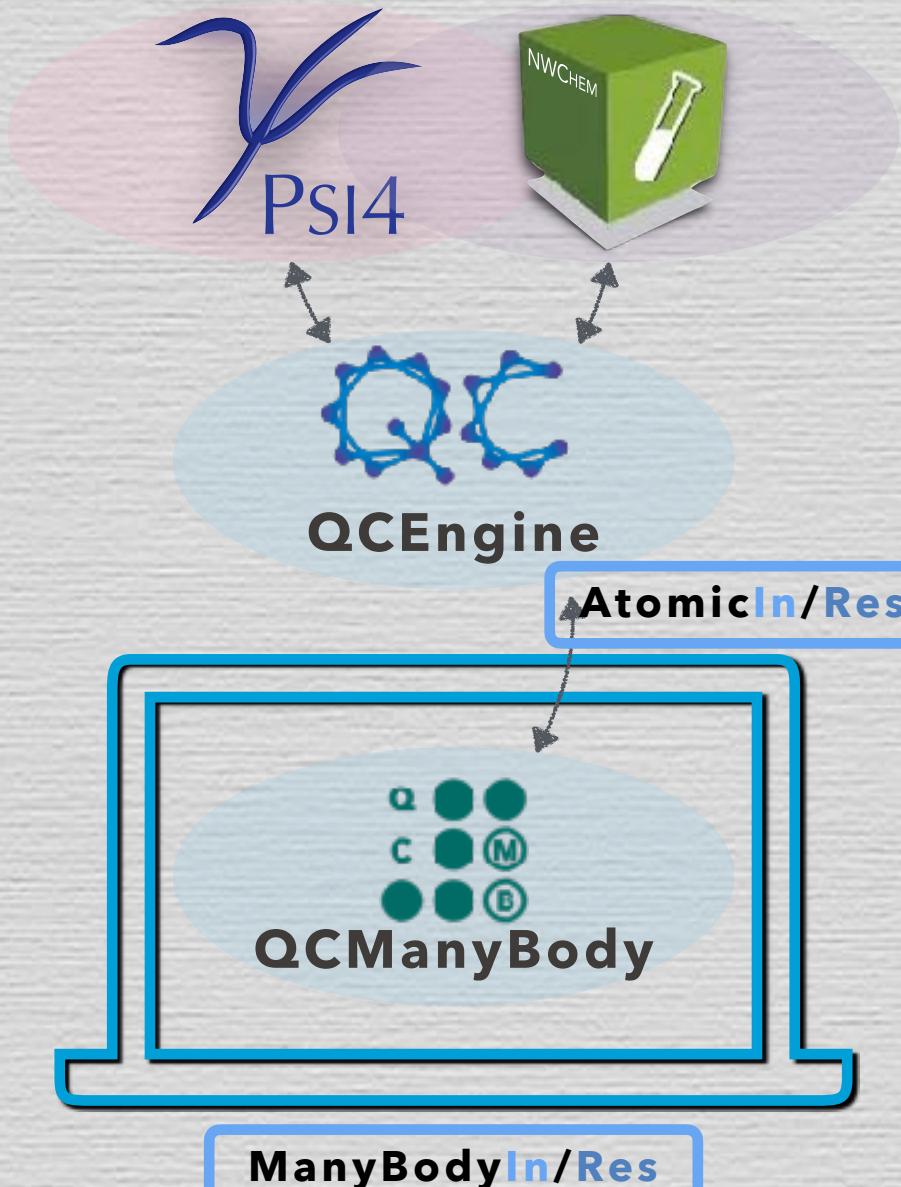
mbin = ManyBodyInput(**{
    "molecule": Ne - Ne - Ne,
    "specification": {
        "driver": "energy",
        "keywords": {
            "bsse_type": ["cp"],
            "levels": {
                1: "nwc-ccsd/tz",
                3: "p4-mp2/dz"}},
        "specification": {
            "nwc-ccsd/tz": {
                "program": "nwchem",
                "model": {
                    "method": "ccsd",
                    "basis": "cc-pvtz"}},
            "p4-mp2/dz": {
                "program": "psi4",
                "model": {
                    "method": "mp2",
                    "basis": "cc-pvdz}}},
    }})

# runs with QC Engine
ret = ManyBodyComputer.from_manybodyinput(mbin)

print(ret.return_result)
#> -384.1286
```

QCManyBody high-level interface

- serial
- multi CMS backends



QCSHEMA MANYBODY

driving the many-body expansion

$$\begin{aligned} E^M &= E^1 + E^{(2)} + E^{(3)} + \dots + E^{(M)}, \\ &= \sum_{I \in \mathcal{P}_1} E^I + \sum_{IJ \in \mathcal{P}_2} E^{(IJ)} + \sum_{IJK \in \mathcal{P}_3} E^{(IJK)} + \dots, \end{aligned}$$

- **RECENT** added in 2024
- Counterpoise, VMFC, and no-CP arbitrary-order manybody expansion (**MBE**) extracted from Psi4 program
- **SUITABLE** for intermolecular fragments, no bond-breaking

QCSchema MANYBODY

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ManyBodyInput

schema_version: 1

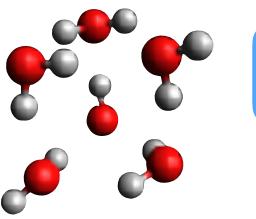
provenance: creator name and version info

QCManyBody, 0.3.0

id: tracker for databases

extras: free-form storage

molecule:



Molecule

specification: how to run MBE single-point

ManyBodySpecification

- **RECENT** added in 2024
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- Counterpoise, VMFC, and no-CP arbitrary-order manybody expansion (**MBE**) extracted from Psi4 program
- **SUITABLE** for intermolecular fragments, no bond-breaking

ManyBodySpecification

schema_version: 1
program: any MBE speaking QCSchema



protocols: customize MBE return layout

ManyBodyProtocols

component_results: save cluster data

extras: free-form storage

driver: MBE target derivative

- energy
- gradient
- Hessian

E

G

H

keywords: knobs in the MBE program

ManyBodyKeywords

specification: how to run MBE subsystems

- single

AtomicSpecification

• mapping

{hi: **AtomicSpecification**,
lo: **AtomicSpecification**}

ManyBodyInput

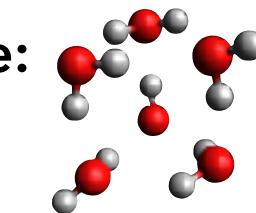
schema_version: 1
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QCManyBody, 0.3.0

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ManyBodySpecification

QCSchema MANYBODY

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- **SUITABLE** for intermolecular fragments, no bond-breaking

ManyBodyKeywords

bsse_type: any combination of

- nocp/mbe
- cp/ssfc
- vmfc

embedding_charges
return_total_data: IE or total levels:

- {2: hi, 4: lo}
- {1: hi, 2: md, supersystem: lo}

max_nbody: truncate MBE early
supersystem_ie_only: no MBE analysis

ManyBodySpecification

schema_version: 1
program: any MBE speaking QCSchema



protocols: customize MBE return layout

ManyBodyProtocols

component_results: save cluster data

extras: free-form storage

driver: MBE target derivative

- energy
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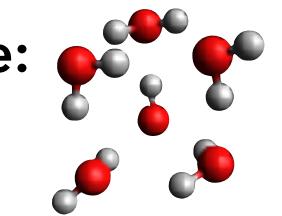
schema_version: 1
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QCManyBody, 0.3.0

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AtomicSpecification

schema_version: 1

program: any SP in QCEngine



protocols: customize return layout

AtomicProtocols

stdout: save text output

wavefunction: save orbital info

native_files: save raw prog. files

error_correction: auto-edit&rerun

extras: free-form storage

driver: single-point derivative

- energy

- gradient

E **G** **H**

- Hessian

- properties

model: model chemistry or FF

method: B3LYP-D3, CCSD(T)

basis: 6-31G*, cc-pVQZ

keywords: knobs in SP program

{scftyp: uhf, cc_conv: 7, docc: [4,1]}

ManyBodySpecification

schema_version: 1

program: any MBE speaking QCSchema



protocols: customize MBE return layout

ManyBodyProtocols

component_results: save cluster data

extras: free-form storage

driver: MBE target derivative

- energy
- gradient
- Hessian

E **G** **H**

keywords: knobs in the MBE program

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schema_version: 1

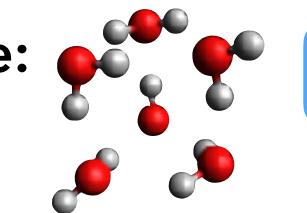
provenance: creator name and version info

QCManyBody, 0.3.0

id: tracker for databases

extras: free-form storage

molecule:



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ManyBodySpecification

QCSchema MANYBODY

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- **SUITABLE** for intermolecular fragments, no bond-breaking

ManyBodyResult

schema_version: 1

input_data: record of starting conditions

ManyBodyInput

schema_version: 1

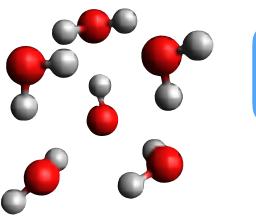
provenance: creator name and version info

QCManyBody, 0.3.0

id: tracker for databases

extras: free-form storage

molecule:



Molecule

specification: how to run MBE single-point

ManyBodySpecification

success: True

provenance: creator, version, & RT info

QCManyBody, 0.4.0, psinet, CPU E5-2630

id: tracker for databases

stdout: program's text output for humans

stderr: anything in error channel

native_files: requested raw program files

extras: free-form storage

molecule: orientation & frame for results

return_result: MBE derivative



properties: key results for MBE

ManyBodyProperties

cluster_properties: key results for subsystems

{cluster id: **AtomicProperties**}

cluster_results: full results for subsystems

{cluster id: **AtomicResult**}

QCSHEMA MANYBODY

driving the many-body expansion

$$E^M = E^1 + E^{(2)} + E^{(3)} + \dots + E^{(M)},$$

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ManyBodyProperties (abr.)

calcinfo_nfr: M

return_energy: E •

return_gradient: G 

bsse_corrected_interaction_egh_through_m_body:

- defined as E_{IE}^m

- defined for all bsse as bsse_type allows
- defined for all egh as driver allows

- def. for all m as max_nbody/levels allows

bsse_corrected_total_egh_through_m_body:

- defined as E^m

bsse_corrected_m_body_contribution_to_egh:

- defined as $E^{(m)}$

ManyBodyResult

schema_version: 1

input_data: record of starting conditions

ManyBodyInput

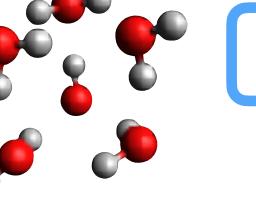
schema_version: 1

provenance: creator name and version info

QCManyBody, 0.3.0

id: tracker for databases

extras: free-form storage

molecule:  **Molecule**

specification: how to run MBE single-point

ManyBodySpecification

success: True

provenance: creator, version, & RT info

QCManyBody, 0.4.0, psinet, CPU E5-2630

id: tracker for databases

stdout: program's text output for humans

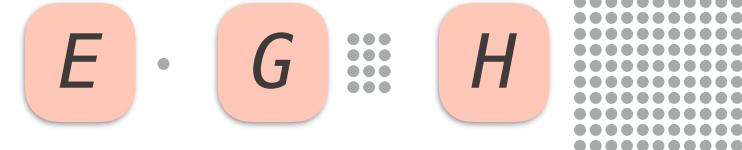
stderr: anything in error channel

native_files: requested raw program files

extras: free-form storage

molecule: orientation & frame for results

return_result: MBE derivative



properties: key results for MBE

ManyBodyProperties

cluster_properties: key results for subsystems

{cluster id: **AtomicProperties**}

cluster_results: full results for subsystems

{cluster id: **AtomicResult**}

QCSchema MANYBODY

driving the many-body expansion

$$\begin{aligned} E^M &= E^1 + E^{(2)} + E^{(3)} + \dots + E^{(M)}, \\ &= \sum_{I \in \mathcal{P}_1} E^I + \sum_{IJ \in \mathcal{P}_2} E^{(IJ)} + \sum_{IJK \in \mathcal{P}_3} E^{(IJK)} + \dots, \end{aligned}$$

- **RECENT** added in 2024
- Counterpoise, VMFC, and no-CP arbitrary-order manybody expansion (**MBE**) extracted from Psi4 program
- **SUITABLE** for intermolecular fragments, no bond-breaking

ManyBodyResult

schema_version: 1

input_data: record of starting conditions

ManyBodyInput

schema_version: 1

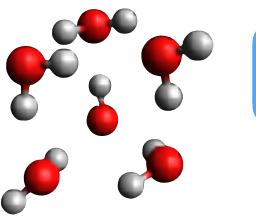
provenance: creator name and version info

QCManyBody, 0.3.0

id: tracker for databases

extras: free-form storage

molecule:



Molecule

specification: how to run MBE single-point

ManyBodySpecification

success: True

provenance: creator, version, & RT info

QCManyBody, 0.4.0, psinet, CPU E5-2630

id: tracker for databases

stdout: program's text output for humans

stderr: anything in error channel

native_files: requested raw program files

extras: free-form storage

molecule: orientation & frame for results

return_result: MBE derivative



properties: key results for MBE

ManyBodyProperties

cluster_properties: key results for subsystems

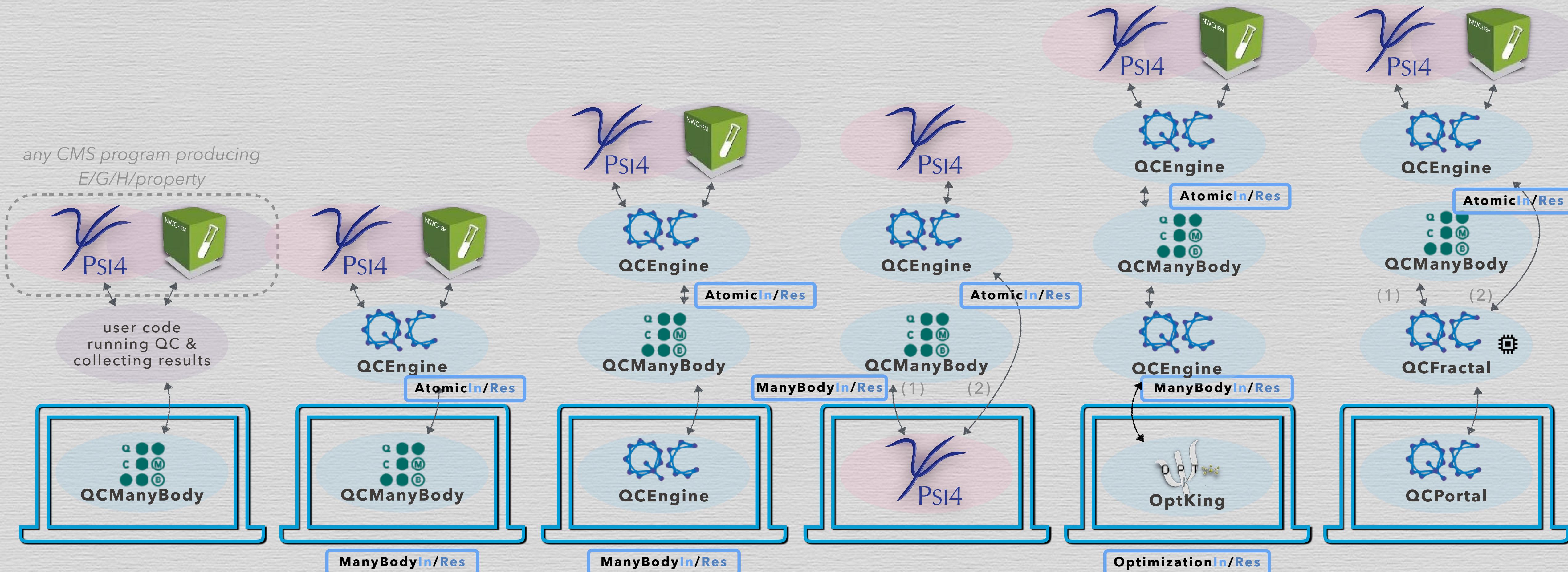
{cluster id: **AtomicProperties**}

cluster_results: full results for subsystems

{cluster id: **AtomicResult**}

INTEGRATING QC MANYBODY

multiple entry points for flexibility



QCManyBody core interface

- user-prov. serial/parallel
- user runs CMS backends

QCManyBody high-level interface

- serial
- multi CMS backends

QCEngine procedure

- serial
- multi CMS backends
- only Psi4 backend

PSI4 distributed driver

- serial or parallel
- multi CMS backends

Optimizer backend

- serial
- multi CMS backends

QCFractal service

- parallel
- multi CMS backends

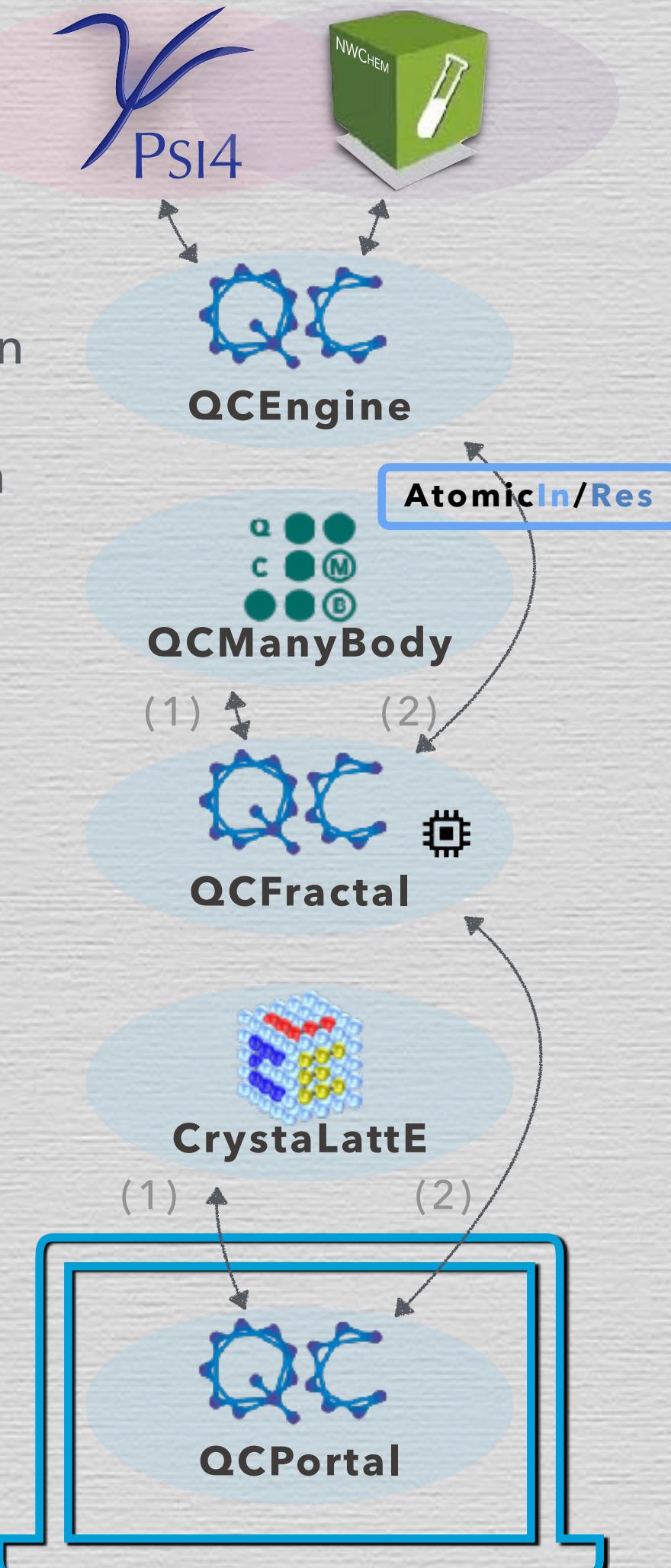


Philip Nelson
GaTech

Ben Pritchard
MolSSI

$$C_{N\text{-mer}} = R_{N\text{-mer}} \times \frac{\Delta E_{1\dots N}^{(N)}}{N},$$

- **BEN** has added QCFractal service to work with CrystaLattE (in a development version)
- **QCPORTAL** calls CLE, collects all the jobs that previously would have been sent to Psi4, forms a collection of molecules at each interaction order (dimers, trimers, etc.), calls QCManyBody to get the subsystems, run those in parallel, allowing the database to de-duplicate, calls QCManyBody to assemble interaction energies for each dimer, etc., then performs the final analysis summary to form the lattice energy.
- **FINALLY**, multiple QC backends for CLE and automated parallelization



QCFractal frontend to CrystaLattE

- uses QCMB core intf
- parallel
- multi CMS backends



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CRYSTALATTE + QCARCHIVE

fast lattice energies

- **BEN** has added QCFractal service to work with CrystaLattE (in a development version)
- **QCPORTAL** calls CLE, collects all the jobs that previously would have been sent to Psi4, forms a collection of molecules at each interaction order (dimers, trimers, etc.), calls QCManyBody to get the subsystems, run those in parallel, allowing the database to de-duplicate, calls QCManyBody to assemble interaction energies for each dimer, etc., then performs the final analysis summary to form the lattice energy.
- **FINALLY**, multiple QC backends for CLE and automated parallelization

```
from qcportal import PortalClient
from qcportal.singlepoint import QCSpecification
from qcportal.external import crystalatte as cle

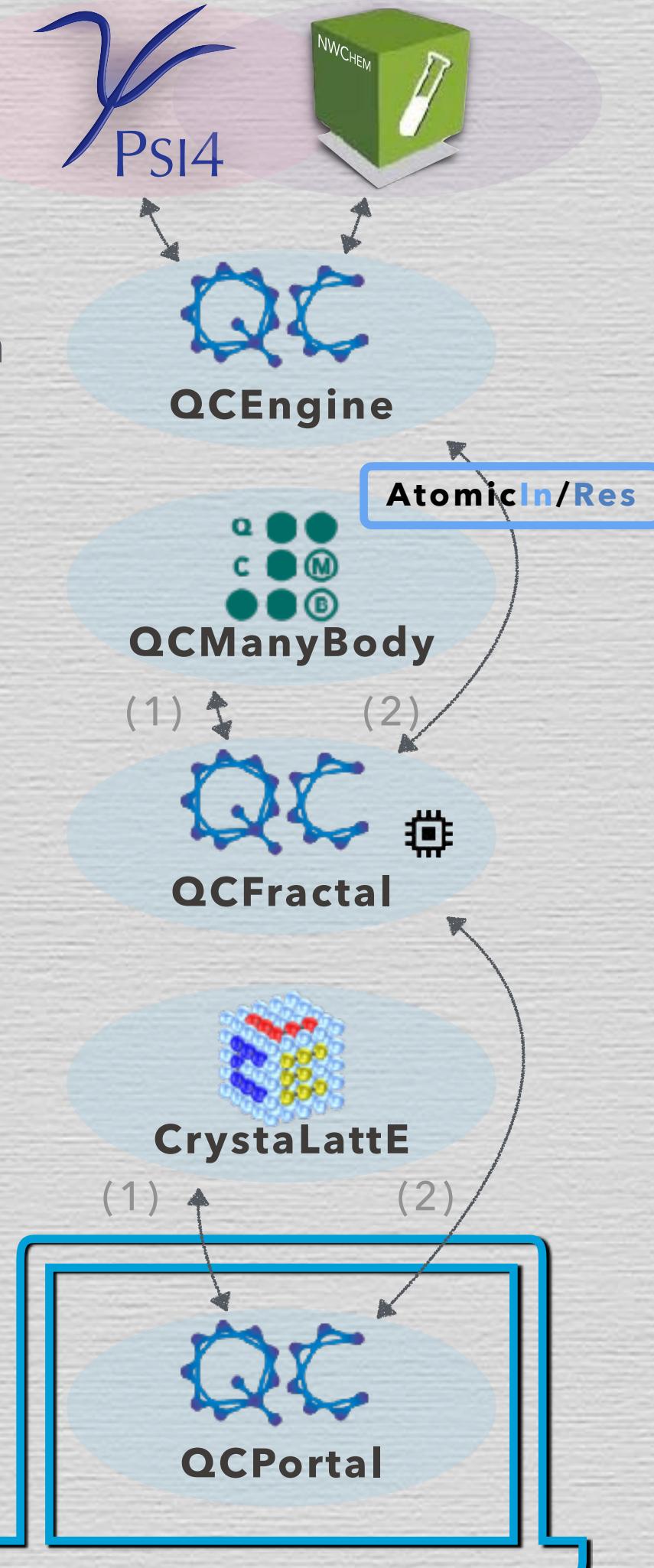
c = PortalClient.from_file('molssi_testing', '/home/ben/work/qcarchive/qcportal_config.yaml')
#> PortalClient(server_name='MolSSI QCFractal MB Testing Server', ...)

cle.create_datasets(c, "Philip Reproduce 1", "cif/acetic_acid.cif",
[120.0, 20.0, 20.0],           # CLE monomer, dimer, trimer cutoffs,
QCSpecification(               # how to run single-points
    program="psi4",
    driver="energy",
    method="hf",
    basis="cc-pvtz",
    keywords={"d_convergence"},
    protocols={"stdout": False}),
    ['cp'],                      # BSSE correction,
    {'return_total_data': True},  # keywords for QCManyBody
)

ds1 = c.get_dataset("manybody", "Philip Reproduce 1: dimers")
ds2 = c.get_dataset("manybody", "Philip Reproduce 1: trimers")
ds1.submit()
ds2.submit()

# wait 6h to run 215k calcs on 12 nodes
```

Burns, Sherrill, & Pritchard, J. Chem. Phys. 161, 152101 (2024).



QCFractal frontend

to CrystaLattE

- uses QCMB core intf
- parallel
- multi CMS backends

```

    protocols = stdout + rate,
    {'cp': # BSSE correction,
     {'return_total_data': True}, # keywords for QCManyBody
)

```

CRYSTALATTE + QCARCHIVE

```

ds1 = c.get_dataset("manybody", "Philip Reproduce 1: dimers")
ds2 = c.get_dataset("manybody", "Philip Reproduce 1: trimers") lattice energies
ds1.submit()
ds2.submit()

```

```
# wait 6h to run 215k calcs on 12 nodes
```

```

ds1.print_status()
#> specification      complete
#> -----
#> default            314

```

```

ds2.print_status()
#> specification      complete
#> -----
#> default            30546

```

```

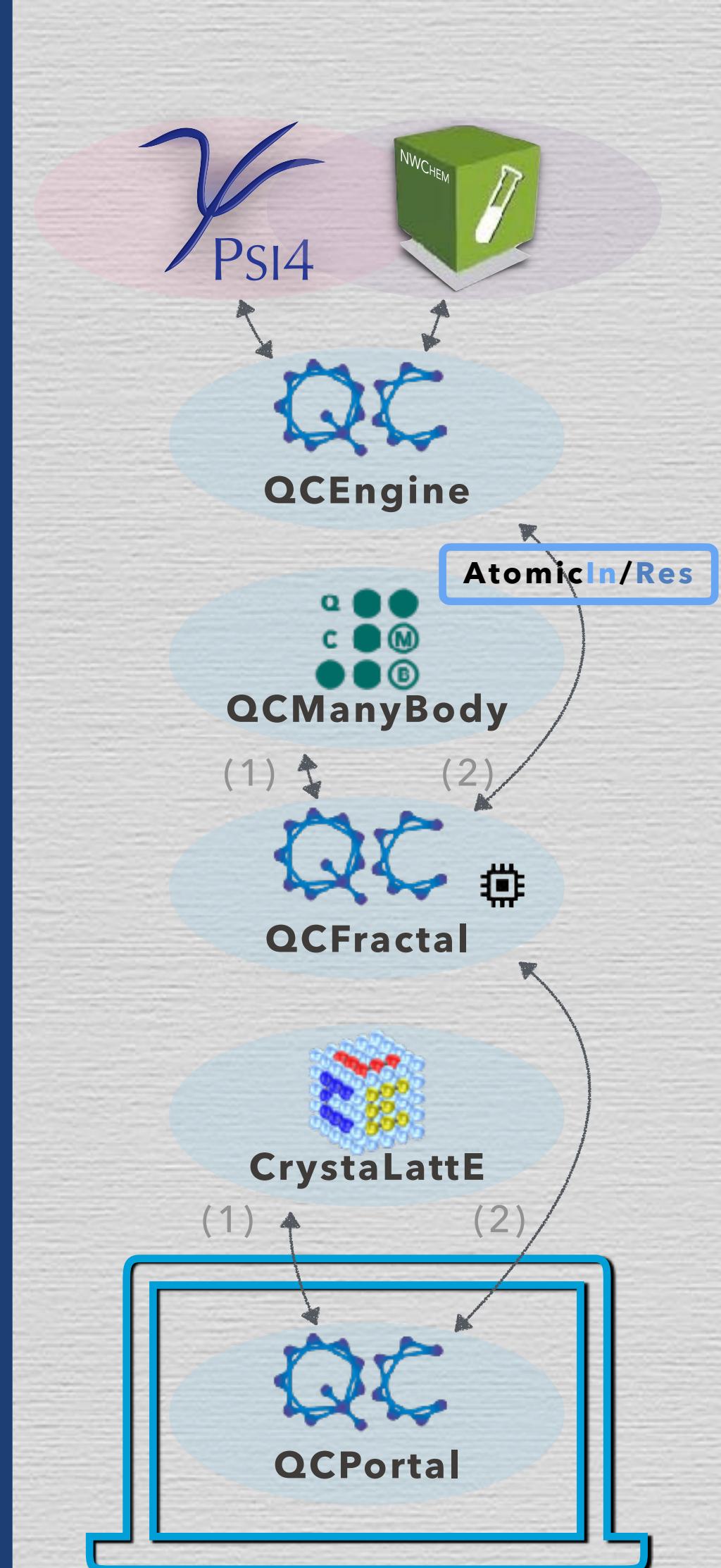
results = cle.analyze_datasets(c, 'Philip Reproduce 1', 'default')
#> Found datasets:
#> [dimers] Philip Reproduce 1: dimers
#> [trimers] Philip Reproduce 1: trimers

```

```
s = cle.results_summary_str(results)
```

N-mer Name	Non-Additive MB Energy (kJ/mol)	Num. Rep.	N-mer Contribution (kJ/mol)	Partial Crystal Lattice Energy (kJ/mol)	Calculation Priority (Arb. Units)	Minimum Monomer Separations (Å)
2mer-0+5	-30.46320108	2	-3.0463e+01	-30.4632	0.0105637	1.651
2mer-0+2	2.89236795	2	2.8924e+00	-27.5708	0.00159929	2.646
2mer-0+1	0.02910461	2	2.9105e-02	-27.5417	0.00146094	2.707
...						
3mer-0+128+463	0.00000598	3	5.9819e-06	-32.8002	6.439e-15	11.783 19.965 19.971
3mer-0+285+549	0.00001801	3	1.8006e-05	-32.8002	6.439e-15	14.453 19.965 19.971
3mer-0+20+552	-0.00043743	3	-4.3743e-04	-32.8006	6.439e-15	6.898 19.966 19.971
Crystal Lattice Energy (kJ/mol) =	-32.80060084					
Crystal Lattice Energy (kcal/mol) =	-7.83953175					

Burns, Sherrill, & Pritchard, J. Chem. Phys. 161, 152101 (2024).



QCFractal frontend

to CrystaLattE

- uses QCMB core intf
- parallel
- multi CMS backends

PSI4



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PROCEDURES



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Jonathon Misiewicz
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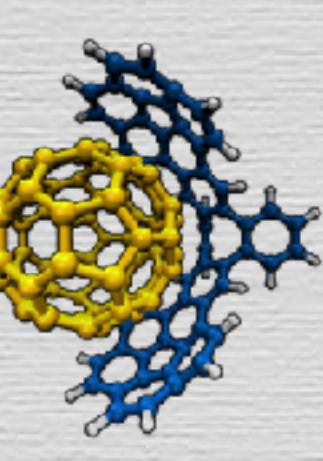


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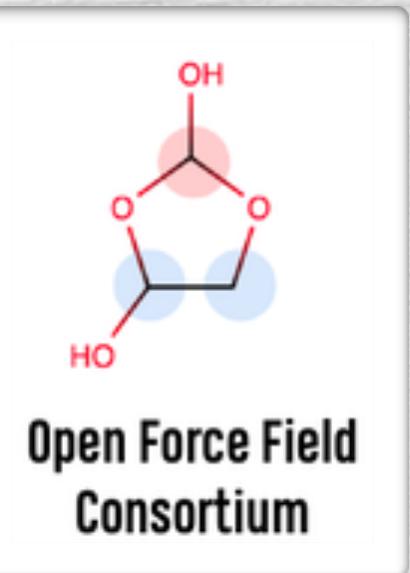
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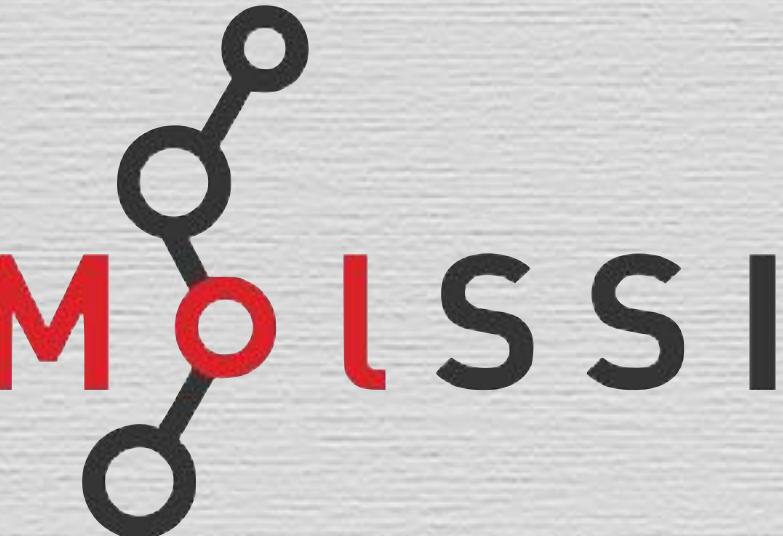
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**Open Force Field
Consortium**



psicode.org



molssi.github.io/QCFractal

QCSHEMA



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