**Why would these data sets be used together?**

* Overview of agricultural production for a given country.
* View the consumption.
* Understand the export and import of veal and meat.
* In the broad sense, the two datasets compare consumption and production.
* Production of agricultural products to livestock products.
* Data would be compared based on country.
* Country ISO code is needed as an import.

**Data Cleanup & Analysis**

Once you have identified your datasets, perform ETL on the data. Make sure to plan and document the following:

* The sources of data that you will extract from.
* The type of transformation needed for this data (cleaning, joining, filtering, aggregating, etc).

Foods CSV – FAO.csv

* Confirm each field imports with the correct data type.

Cleanup for LivestockMeat\_Yearly

* Create tables for descriptive data (meat type, trade type, meat description, country.
* For each table above, create a column where the data is referenced by the ID number.
* Yearly values should all be float (no commas)
* Do not import totals
* Confirm each field imports with the correct data type.
* The type of final production database to load the data into (relational or non-relational).

SQL

* The final tables or collections that will be used in the production database.

You will be required to submit a final technical report with the above information and steps required to reproduce your ETL process.