

面向对象

对象：属性、方法。

table , function。

```
student = {name = "张三",age = 18,
gotoSchool = function(name)
    print(name.."上学")
end}
--[[
student.gotoSchool = function(name)
    print(name.."上学")
end

function student.gotoSchool(name)
    print(name.."上学")
end
]]--

print("学生姓名："..student.name.."年龄是："..student.age)
student.gotoSchool(student.name)
```

技巧冒号

1. 类比：一个类，实例化多个对象。