```
— Module Serializability
EXTENDS Naturals, Sequences, FiniteSets, TLC
CONSTANTS Tr, Obj., Val.,
                Open, Committed, Aborted,
                Ok,
               Flip, Flop,
                Vinit, T0, None
 To check refinement in TLC, we need to specify these as constants
 T0 \stackrel{\Delta}{=} \text{ CHOOSE } t: t \notin Tr
 None \stackrel{\Delta}{=} CHOOSE \ v : v \notin Obj \cup (Obj \times Val) \cup Pred
VARIABLES
           externally visible variables
           op,
                    operation
            arq,
                    operation argument
           rval.
                    operation return value
           tr,
                    transaction
           internal variables
           tstate, state of transaction (open, committed, aborted)
                       the ultimate fate of each transaction:
                committed or aborted
           to,
                       transaction order: a sequence that indicates
               the commit order of committed transactions
            tenv,
                       value of variables for each transaction
            benv,
                       sequence: beginning state of the i'th transaction
           ff
                      flip/flop
v \triangleq \langle tr, op, arg, rval, tstate, fate, to, tenv, benv, ff \rangle
committed transactions
CT \triangleq \{t \in Tr : fate[t] = Committed\}
N \triangleq Cardinality(CT)
Generate all permuted sequences of the set S
Orderings(S) \triangleq \{seq \in [1 .. Cardinality(S) \rightarrow S] : \forall i, j \in DOMAIN \ seq : seq[i] = seq[j] \Rightarrow i = j\}
the ordinal value (e.g., 1,2,3) of a committed transaction
Ord(t) \stackrel{\Delta}{=} CHOOSE \ i \in DOMAIN \ to : to[i] = t
```

 $\begin{array}{ccc} Toggle(f) & \stackrel{\Delta}{=} & \text{CASE } f = Flip \ \rightarrow Flop \\ & \Box & f = Flop \ \rightarrow Flip \end{array}$ 

```
Init \stackrel{\triangle}{=} \wedge tr = T0
            \wedge op = "r"
            \land arg \in Obj
            \land rval = Vinit
            \land \ tstate = [t \in \mathit{Tr} \mapsto \mathit{Open}]
            \land fate \in [Tr \rightarrow \{Committed, Aborted\}]
            \land to \in Orderings(CT)
            \land benv \in [1 ... N + 1 \rightarrow [Obj \rightarrow Val]]
            \land tenv \in \{f \in [CT \to [Obj \to Val]] : \forall t \in CT : f[t] = benv[Ord(t)]\}
            \land ff \in \{Flip, Flop\}
Read(t, obj, val) \stackrel{\Delta}{=} \wedge tstate[t] = Open
                               \land \lor fate[t] = Aborted for aborted commits, we don't care what the read value is
                                  \vee fate[t] = Committed \wedge val = tenv[t][obj]
                               \wedge tr' = t
                               \wedge op' = \text{"r"}
                               \land arg' = obj
                               \land \mathit{rval'} = \mathit{val}
                               \wedge ff' = Toggle(ff)
                               ∧ UNCHANGED ⟨tstate, fate, to, tenv, benv⟩
Write(t, obj, val) \triangleq \wedge tstate[t] = Open
                                \wedge tr' = t
                                \wedge op' = \text{``w''}
                                \land arg' = \langle obj, val \rangle
                                \wedge rval' = Ok
                                \land tenv' = \text{if } fate[t] = Committed \text{ then } [tenv \text{ except } ![t][obj] = val] \text{ else } tenv
                                \wedge ff' = Toggle(ff)
                                \land UNCHANGED \langle tstate, fate, to, benv \rangle
Commit(t) \stackrel{\triangle}{=} \wedge tstate[t] = Open
                      \wedge fate[t] = Committed
                      \wedge tenv[t] = benv[Ord(t) + 1]
                      \wedge tr' = t
                      \land op' = \text{``c"}
                      \land arg' = None
                      \wedge rval' = Ok
                      \land tstate' = [tstate \ EXCEPT \ ![t] = Committed]
                      \land UNCHANGED \langle fate, to, tenv, benv, ff \rangle
Abort(t) \triangleq \wedge tstate[t] = Open
                  \wedge fate[t] = Aborted
                  \wedge tr' = t
                  \wedge op' = \text{``a"}
                   \land arg' = None
```

```
\wedge rval' = Ok
                 \land tstate' = [tstate \ EXCEPT \ ![t] = Aborted]
                 \land UNCHANGED \langle fate, to, tenv, benv, ff \rangle
Termination \triangleq \land \forall t \in Tr : tstate[t] \in \{Committed, Aborted\}
                       \wedge UNCHANGED v
Next \triangleq \lor \exists t \in Tr:
                 \vee Commit(t)
                 \vee Abort(t)
                 \forall \exists obj \in Obj, val \in Val:
                      \vee Read(t, obj, val)
                      \vee Write(t, obj, val)
            \vee Termination
Number of variables with the same values in environments e1 and e2
M(e1, e2) \stackrel{\Delta}{=} Cardinality(\{obj \in Obj : e1[obj] = e2[obj]\})
W(j, k) is true if there's a transaction t doing a write where:
1. the number of variables in the 1st state that are equal to the expected values is j
2. the number of variables in the 2nd state that are equal to the expected values is k
W(j, k) \triangleq \exists t \in CT, obj \in Obj, val \in Val:
                  \land Write(t, obj, val)
                  \wedge M(tenv[t], benv[Ord(t) + 1]) = j
                  \wedge M(tenv'[t], benv[Ord(t) + 1]) = k
L \triangleq \wedge \mathrm{WF}_v(\exists t \in \mathit{Tr} : Abort(t))
        \wedge \operatorname{SF}_{v}(\exists t \in Tr : Commit(t))
        \wedge \operatorname{WF}_{v}(W(0, 1))
        \land \forall i \in 1 ... Cardinality(Obj) - 1 : SF_v(W(i, i + 1))
Spec \triangleq Init \wedge \Box [Next]_v \wedge L
```