PyNeutron

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CHAPTER

ONE

SRC

1.1 main module

1.2 neutron module

```
class neutron.Neutron(board, position)
```

Bases: neutron. Soldier

A special case of a Soldier.

A Neutron is different from a Soldier only by having a unique color value.

VALUE = 1

class neutron.NeutronBoard(starting_grid=None)

Bases: object

The Neutron game board.

It is represented by a 5x5 NumPy array. The purpose of this class is to manage the array, ensuring it doesn't get into an invalid state, and to provide useful functions for the game's logic.

Parameters starting_grid (numpy.array) - array representing starting board data.

grid

the array containing raw data of this board. Only for testing purposes

Type numpy.array

white_soldiers

list of Soldier objects representing white soldiers.

Type list

black_soldiers

list of Soldier objects representing black soldiers.

Type list

furthest_empty_spot (pos, dir)

Get the furthest empty position one can get by moving in direction dir from position pos without colliding with anything.

Implemented as a while loop checking following conditions:

- if the position after a step in the given direction is still in the board's bounds,
- if the position after the step is empty.

While those conditions are met, the step is performed, adding direction to position. If, after executing the loop, the resulting position is different from the starting position, we return it. Else, the move could not be made, and we return None.

Parameters

- pos (util. Vec) starting position.
- dir(str or util. Vec) direction in which to move.

Returns position of the furthest empty spot in the line of sight of source position, or None if the movement cannot be made.

Return type util. Vec

get_soldiers(color)

Get all soldiers of a given color present on the board.

Parameters color (int) – color of the soldiers.

Returns a list of *Soldier* objects containing all soldiers of a given color.

Return type list

Raises ValueError – if the color given is not a valid soldier color.

neighbors (pos)

Get values of board cells neighboring cell with position pos.

It iterates over coordinates from x-1 to x+1 and y-1 to y+1, making sure they are not out of the bounds of the board, and appends values at those positions to the resulting list. The source position itself is not included.

Parameters pos (util. Vec) - position of the cell.

Returns list of neighboring cells' values, without the source cell

Return type list

```
class neutron.NeutronGame (board, first_player, second_player)
```

Bases: object

The main Neutron game class.

Parameters

- board (neutron.NeutronBoard) the game board to be used by this game instance
- first_player (player.Player) the player who will start the game
- second player (player.Player) the second player

check_won()

Checks if the game was won, updating self.winner variable with the color of the winning player.

Returns winning player's color

Return type int

play_round()

Plays one round, swapping players afterwards.

start()

Starts the game, playing rounds until the game is won by either of the players.

1.2. neutron module 2

```
class neutron.Soldier(board, position, color)
```

Bases: object

Class representing a soldier on the board.

Its main task is to enforce proper movement rules, to prevent the board from getting into an invalid state from the point of view of the game's rules.

Parameters

- board (neutron. NeutronBoard) home board of this Soldier.
- **position** (util.Vec) position of this Soldier on the board.
- color (int) color of this Soldier.

move (direction)

Tries to move this *Soldier* in the given direction.

This method will fail if the given direction is not in possible_directions.

Works by calling <code>NeutronBoard.furthest_empty_spot()</code>, setting the position returned by this function to this <code>Soldier</code>'s color, and the original position to 0.

Parameters direction (str) – direction in which to move this *Soldier*.

Raises ValueError – if the given direction is not in possible_directions.

move_to_pos (position)

Tries to move this Soldier to a given position.

This method will fail if the given position is not in possible_moves.

Parameters position (util. Vec) - position to which move this Soldier.

Raises ValueError – if the given position is not in possible_moves.

property neighbors

List of neighboring cells of this Soldier. A thin wrapper around NeutronBoard.neighbors ().

property possible_directions

List of directions this Soldier can move.

Works by calling <code>NeutronBoard.furthest_empty_spot()</code> for this Soldier's position and filtering out <code>None</code> results.

property possible_moves

List of positions this Soldier can be after one move.

Works by supplying NeutronBoard.furthest_empty_spot() with all possible directions, then filtering out None results.

1.3 player module

```
class player.HumanPlayer (board, color, home_row)
    Bases: player.Player

move_neutron()
    Method called by the game when it's this player's turn to move the neutron.
move_soldier()
```

1.3. player module 3

Method called by the game when it's this player's turn to move one of their soldiers.

class player.Player (board, color, home_row)

Bases: abc.ABC

Abstract base class of all Neutron game players. Defines methods called by the game to allow players to make decisions about the next move.

Parameters

- board (neutron. NeutronBoard) board of the game played by this player.
- color (int) color of this player's soldiers.
- home_row (int) index of this player's home row on board.

abstract move_neutron()

Method called by the game when it's this player's turn to move the neutron.

```
abstract move_soldier()
```

Method called by the game when it's this player's turn to move one of their soldiers.

```
class player.RandomPlayer(board, color, home_row)
```

Bases: player.Player

A player that plays the game by randomly moving his soldiers around the board. The randomness has one exception: the player won't move the neutron into the enemy row, unless forced to.

```
move neutron()
```

Method called by the game when it's this player's turn to move the neutron.

```
move_soldier()
```

Method called by the game when it's this player's turn to move one of their soldiers.

```
class player.StrategyPlayer(board, color, home_row)
```

Bases: player.RandomPlayer

A player that tries to apply some simple rules to increase its winning chance. If no rule can be applied in the current situation, it falls back to random movement.

```
avoid_enemy_row()
```

block_enemy_row(soldiers)

Tries to block an empty spot in enemy's home row by putting one of the soldiers in there.

Parameters

- **soldiers** (*list*) list of this player's soldiers.
- enemy_row (int) index of the enemy player's row.

Returns True if the move was successful, False otherwise

Return type bool

block_neutron(soldiers)

Tries to completely block neutron from moving, if there's only one direction the neutron can move.

Returns True if the move was successful, False otherwise

Return type bool

move_into_home()

Tries to move the neutron into the home row

Returns True if the move was successful, False otherwise

Return type bool

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```
move neutron()
```

Method called by the game when it's this player's turn to move the neutron.

```
move_soldier()
```

Method called by the game when it's this player's turn to move one of their soldiers.

1.4 util module

```
class util.Color
   Bases: object

BLACK = 3
WHITE = 2
color_names = {2: 'white', 3: 'black'}

class util.Vec(x, y)
   Bases: object
```

A very simple implementation of a 2D vector, used to facilitate operations on positions and directions.

Parameters

- **x** (int) vector's x coordinate.
- **y** (*int*) vector's y coordinate.

```
static fromtuple(tuple_pos)
```

Creates a Vec from tuple (y, x). This order of coordinates was chosen to be compatible with NumPy's way of indexing multidimensional arrays.

Parameters tuple_pos (tuple) – a (y, x) tuple representing vector's coordinates.

Returns a newly created Vec.

Return type Vec

x

У

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