

Appendices: R code

Appendices for “Dryland rock detention structures increase herbaceous vegetation cover and stabilize shrub cover over 10 years but do not directly affect soil fertility” by Ossanna et al. 2024, *Science of the Total Environment*. Included are code and analysis used to make figures and full model output.

Data can be downloaded from the Zenodo archive at <https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.8310363>. The project’s GitHub repository can be accessed from https://github.com/lossanna/AVCA_ElkLD.

Contact: Lia Ossanna, lossanna@arizona.edu

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Appendices:

- Appendix A: Temporal vegetation trends, Figs 3 & S3
- Appendix B: Coefficient of variation, Figs 4 & S54
- Appendix C: Soil fertility, Figs S5-S7
- Appendix D: Structural equation modeling, models 1-4

Package versions:

- R version 4.3.1
- tidyverse 2.0.0
 - dplyr 1.1.2
 - stringr 1.5.0
 - ggplot 3.4.3
 - tidyr 3.2.1
- agricolae 1.3-6
- plotrix 3.8-2
- ggpubr 0.6.0
- rstatix 0.7.2
- scales 1.2.1
- metagenomeSeq 1.42.0, Biobase 2.60.0, BiocGenerics 0.46.0
- vegan 2.6-4
- dada2 1.28.0, ShortRead 1.58.0, Biostrings 2.68.1 used for DADA2 pipeline (code not included here)
- lavaan 0.6-16

Appendix A: Temporal vegetation trends

Setup

```
library(tidyverse)
library(agricolae)
library(plotrix)
library(ggpubr)
library(rstatix)

# Load data -----

notree.all <- read.csv("Herb-and-shrub-cover_2012-2021.csv")
herb.all <- read.csv("Herb-cover_2012-2021.csv")
shrub.all <- read.csv("Shrub-cover_2012-2021.csv")
invasive.all <- read.csv("Invasive-cover_2012-2021.csv")
plant.all <- read.csv("Species-cover_2012-2021.csv")
per.div <- read.csv("Perennial-plant-diversity_2012-2021.csv")
```

```
# Functions -----

# Convert columns to factor or date as needed
convert.cols <- function(x) {
  x$year.xaxis <- as.Date(x$year.xaxis)

  group.cols <- c("Sample", "Year", "Treatment")

  x[group.cols] <- lapply(x[group.cols], factor)

  return(x)
}
```

```
# Data wrangling -----

notree.all <- convert.cols(notree.all)
herb.all <- convert.cols(herb.all)
shrub.all <- convert.cols(shrub.all)
invasive.all <- convert.cols(invasive.all)
per.div <- convert.cols(per.div)
```

Fig 3a: Grass, forb & shrub cover

```
# Grass, forb, and shrub cover (notree) -----

# Find averages by year
notree.avg <- notree.all %>%
  group_by(Treatment, Year, year.xaxis) %>%
  summarise(mean = mean(Cover),
            SD = sd(Cover),
```

```

SE = std.error(Cover),
.groups = "keep")

# One-way ANOVA for Control
summary(aov(Cover ~ Year, data = filter(notree.all, Treatment == "Control"))) # p = 4.3e-06

```

```

##              Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value    Pr(>F)
## Year           5    7815   1563.0      7.12 4.3e-06 ***
## Residuals     177   38854    219.5
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```

```

notree.ctrl <- notree.all |>
  filter(Treatment == "Control")
anova.notree.ctrl <- aov(notree.ctrl$Cover ~ notree.ctrl$Year)
hsd.notree.ctrl <- HSD.test(anova.notree.ctrl, trt = "notree.ctrl$Year")
hsd.notree.ctrl$groups

```

```

##      notree.ctrl$Cover groups
## 2021         42.41935      a
## 2012         31.73194     ab
## 2014         31.58750     ab
## 2018         27.71774      b
## 2013         27.71250      b
## 2015         20.89315      b

```

```

# One-way ANOVA for Treated
summary(aov(Cover ~ Year, data = filter(notree.all, Treatment == "Treated"))) # p = 0.00304

```

```

##              Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value    Pr(>F)
## Year           5    7804   1560.7      3.739 0.00304 **
## Residuals     178   74291    417.4
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```

```

notree.trt <- notree.all |>
  filter(Treatment == "Treated")
anova.notree.trt <- aov(notree.trt$Cover ~ notree.trt$Year)
hsd.notree.trt <- HSD.test(anova.notree.trt, trt = "notree.trt$Year")
hsd.notree.trt$groups

```

```

##      notree.trt$Cover groups
## 2018         41.69960      a
## 2021         37.47581     ab
## 2014         31.40927    abc
## 2015         30.33669    abc
## 2012         26.72446     bc
## 2013         21.80029      c

```

```

# Plot with one-way ANOVA letters
notree.ctrl.letters <- hsd.notree.ctrl$groups
notree.ctrl.letters <- notree.ctrl.letters |>
  mutate(Year = rownames(notree.ctrl.letters)) |>
  arrange(Year)
notree.trt.letters <- hsd.notree.trt$groups
notree.trt.letters <- notree.trt.letters |>
  mutate(Year = rownames(notree.trt.letters)) |>
  arrange(Year)

letters.notree2t <- data.frame(x = notree.avg$year.xaxis[1:6],
                              y = c(23, 18, 27, 26, 36.5, 32.5),
                              label = notree.trt.letters$groups)
letters.notree2c <- data.frame(x = notree.avg$year.xaxis[1:6],
                              y = c(35.5, 31.5, 36, 24, 31.5, 47),
                              label = notree.ctrl.letters$groups)

ptext.notree2 <- data.frame(x = as.Date("2019-09-01"),
                            y = 22,
                            label = "ANOVA, p < 0.01")
notree.plot2 <- ggplot(notree.avg, aes(x = year.xaxis, y = mean,
                                       color = Treatment)) +

  geom_line() +
  geom_point() +
  geom_pointrange(aes(ymin = mean - SE, ymax = mean + SE)) +
  xlab(NULL) +
  ylab("Cover (%)") +
  ggtitle("Vegetation cover, 2012-2021") +
  scale_color_manual(values = c("red", "#1F78B4")) +
  theme_bw() +
  theme(legend.position = "bottom") +
  geom_text(data = letters.notree2t,
            mapping = aes(x = x, y = y, label = label),
            color = "#1F78B4",
            size = 3) +
  geom_text(data = letters.notree2c,
            mapping = aes(x = x, y = y, label = label),
            color = "red",
            size = 3,
            fontface = "italic") +
  geom_text(data = ptext.notree2,
            aes(x = x, y = y, label = label),
            color = "gray30",
            size = 2.5) +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(color = "black")) +
  theme(plot.margin = margin(t = 0.1, r = 0.1, b = 0.3, l = 0.1, "in")) +
  theme(legend.position = "none")
notree.plot2

```

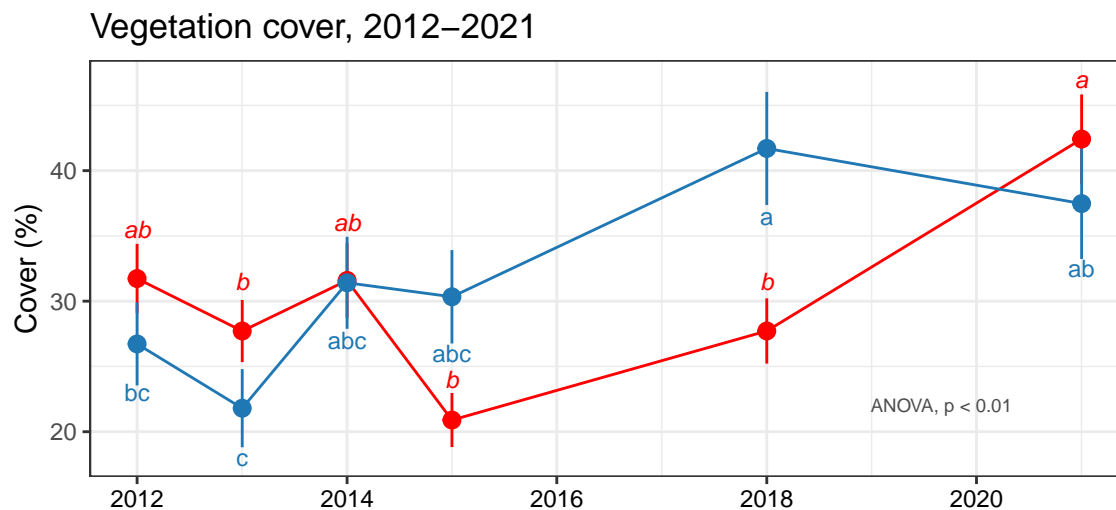


Fig 3b: Herbaceous (grass & forb) cover

```
# Herbaceous cover -----

# Find averages by year
herb.avg <- herb.all %>%
  group_by(Treatment, Year, year.xaxis) %>%
  summarise(mean = mean(Cover),
            SD = sd(Cover),
            SE = std.error(Cover),
            .groups = "keep")

# One-way ANOVA for Control
summary(aov(Cover ~ Year, data = filter(herb.all, Treatment == "Control"))) # 0.00434

##           Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## Year         5   2821    564.3   3.556 0.00434 **
## Residuals  177  28083    158.7
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

herb.ctrl <- herb.all |>
  filter(Treatment == "Control")
anova.herb.ctrl <- aov(herb.ctrl$Cover ~ herb.ctrl$Year)
hsd.herb.ctrl <- HSD.test(anova.herb.ctrl, trt = "herb.ctrl$Year")
hsd.herb.ctrl$groups

##      herb.ctrl$Cover groups
## 2021      26.78629      a
## 2014      22.28333     ab
## 2012      20.03472     ab
## 2018      19.89718     ab
```

```
## 2013      17.41528      b
## 2015      14.21169      b
```

```
# One-way ANOVA for Treated
```

```
summary(aov(Cover ~ Year, data = filter(herb.all, Treatment == "Treated"))) # p = 3.77e-10
```

```
##           Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value    Pr(>F)
## Year         5    6847   1369.5    12.17 3.77e-10 ***
## Residuals   178   20035    112.6
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
herb.trt <- herb.all |>
  filter(Treatment == "Treated")
anova.herb.trt <- aov(herb.trt$Cover ~ herb.trt$Year)
hsd.herb.trt <- HSD.test(anova.herb.trt, trt = "herb.trt$Year")
hsd.herb.trt$groups
```

```
##      herb.trt$Cover groups
## 2018      24.489919      a
## 2021      22.201613     ab
## 2014      15.139113     bc
## 2015      12.368952     cd
## 2012      11.436828     cd
## 2013       6.929598      d
```

```
# Plot with one-way ANOVA letters
```

```
herb.ctrl.letters <- hsd.herb.ctrl$groups
herb.ctrl.letters <- herb.ctrl.letters |>
  mutate(Year = rownames(herb.ctrl.letters)) |>
  arrange(Year)
herb.trt.letters <- hsd.herb.trt$groups
herb.trt.letters <- herb.trt.letters |>
  mutate(Year = rownames(herb.trt.letters)) |>
  arrange(Year)

letters.herb3t <- data.frame(x = herb.avg$year.xaxis[1:6],
                           y = c(9, 5.5, 12.5, 10, 28.5, 18.3),
                           label = herb.trt.letters$groups)
letters.herb3c <- data.frame(x = herb.avg$year.xaxis[1:6],
                           y = c(23.5, 20.5, 26.5, 17, 17, 31),
                           label = herb.ctrl.letters$groups)

ptext.herb3 <- data.frame(x = as.Date("2019-09-01"),
                          y = 8,
                          label = "ANOVA, p < 0.001")
herb.plot3 <- ggplot(herb.avg, aes(x = year.xaxis, y = mean,
                                   color = Treatment)) +
  geom_line() +
  geom_point() +
  geom_pointrange(aes(ymin = mean - SE, ymax = mean + SE)) +
  xlab(NULL) +
```

```

ylab("Cover (%)") +
ggtitle("Herbaceous cover") +
scale_color_manual(values = c("red", "#1F78B4")) +
theme_bw() +
theme(legend.position = "bottom") +
geom_text(data = letters.herb3t,
          mapping = aes(x = x, y = y, label = label),
          color = "#1F78B4",
          size = 3) +
geom_text(data = letters.herb3c,
          mapping = aes(x = x, y = y, label = label),
          color = "red",
          size = 3,
          fontface = "italic") +
geom_text(data = ptext.herb3,
          aes(x = x, y = y, label = label),
          color = "gray30",
          size = 2.5) +
theme(axis.text.x = element_text(color = "black")) +
theme(plot.margin = margin(t = 0.1, r = 0.1, b = 0.3, l = 0.1, "in")) +
theme(legend.position = "none")
herb.plot3

```

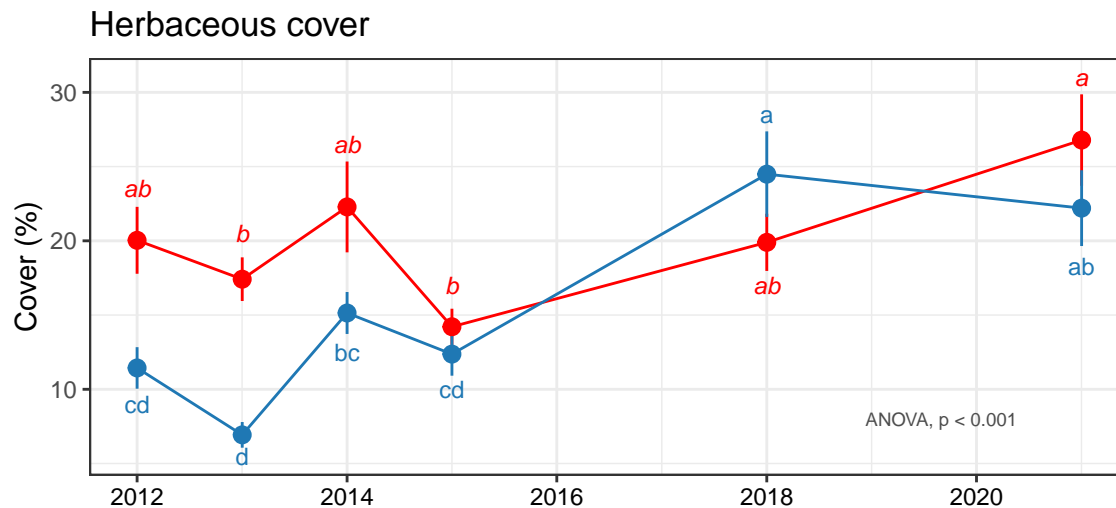


Fig 3c: Shrub cover

```

# Shrub cover -----

# Find averages by year
shrub.avg <- shrub.all %>%
  group_by(Treatment, Year, year.xaxis) %>%
  summarise(mean = mean(Cover),
            SD = sd(Cover),

```

```

SE = std.error(Cover),
.groups = "keep")

# One-way ANOVA for Control
summary(aov(Cover ~ Year, data = filter(shrub.all, Treatment == "Control"))) # p = 0.0112

```

```

##              Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## Year          5    1566    313.1   3.062 0.0112 *
## Residuals    177    18100    102.3
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```

```

shrub.ctrl <- shrub.all |>
  filter(Treatment == "Control")
anova.shrub.ctrl <- aov(shrub.ctrl$Cover ~ shrub.ctrl$Year)
hsd.shrub.ctrl <- HSD.test(anova.shrub.ctrl, trt = "shrub.ctrl$Year")
hsd.shrub.ctrl$groups

```

```

##      shrub.ctrl$Cover groups
## 2021      15.633065      a
## 2012      11.697222     ab
## 2013      10.297222     ab
## 2014       9.304167     ab
## 2018       7.820565      b
## 2015       6.681452      b

```

```

# One-way ANOVA for Treated
summary(aov(Cover ~ Year, data = filter(shrub.all, Treatment == "Treated"))) # NS, p = 0.982

```

```

##              Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## Year          5     232     46.4   0.141 0.982
## Residuals    178    58465    328.5

```

```

# Plot with one-way ANOVA letters
shrub.ctrl.letters <- hsd.shrub.ctrl$groups
shrub.ctrl.letters <- shrub.ctrl.letters |>
  mutate(Year = rownames(shrub.ctrl.letters)) |>
  arrange(Year)

letters.shrub2 <- data.frame(x = shrub.avg$year.xaxis[1:6],
  y = c(9, 8, 7.4, 4.2, 5.5, 11.8),
  label = shrub.ctrl.letters$groups)

ptext.shrub2 <- data.frame(x = as.Date("2019-09-01"),
  y = 6,
  label = "ANOVA, p = 0.982 \nANOVA, p = 0.011")
shrub.plot2 <- ggplot(shrub.avg, aes(x = year.xaxis, y = mean,
  color = Treatment)) +
  geom_line() +
  geom_point() +
  geom_pointrange(aes(ymin = mean - SE, ymax = mean + SE)) +

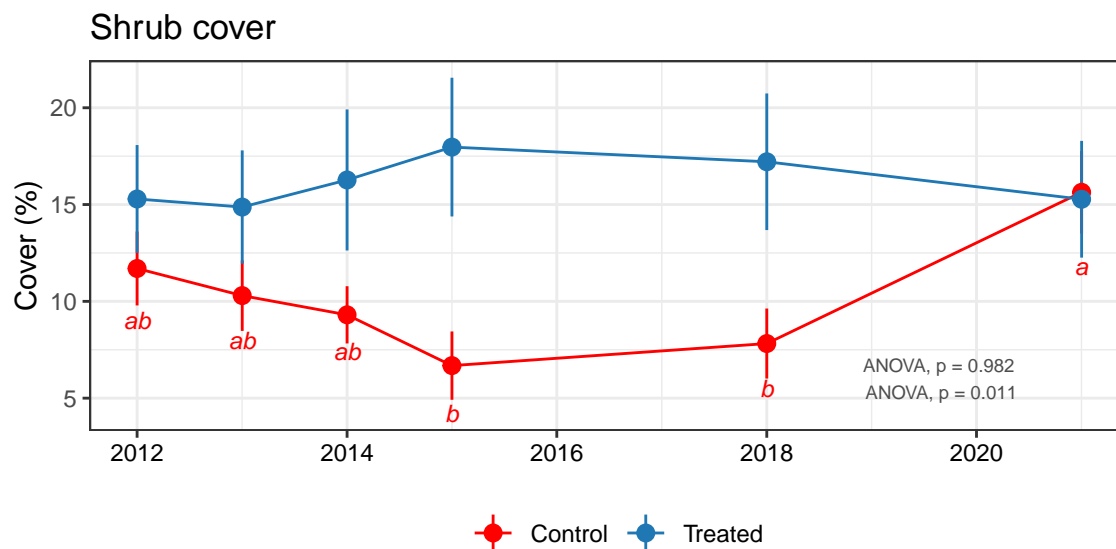
```



```

xlab(NULL) +
ylab("Cover (%)") +
ggtitle("Shrub cover") +
scale_color_manual(values = c("red", "#1F78B4")) +
theme_bw() +
theme(legend.position = "bottom") +
geom_text(data = letters.shrub2,
          mapping = aes(x = x, y = y, label = label),
          color = "red",
          size = 3,
          fontface = "italic") +
geom_text(data = ptext.shrub2,
          aes(x = x, y = y, label = label),
          color = "gray30",
          size = 2.5) +
theme(axis.text.x = element_text(color = "black")) +
theme(plot.margin = margin(t = 0.1, r = 0.1, b = 0, l = 0.1, "in")) +
theme(legend.title = element_blank())
shrub.plot2

```



Combine plots for Fig 3

```

# Combine notree, herb & shrub -----

tiff("figures/2023-12_publish-figures/Fig3_temporal_notree-herb-shrub.tiff", units = "in", height = 8.5)
ggarrange(notree.plot2, herb.plot3, shrub.plot2,
          ncol = 1, nrow = 3,
          labels = c("(A)", "(B)", "(C)"))

dev.off()

```

Supp Fig 3a: Perennial plant species richness

```
# Perennial plant richness -----

# Find averages by year
rich.avg <- per.div %>%
  group_by(Treatment, Year, year.xaxis) %>%
  summarise(mean = mean(rich),
            SD = sd(rich),
            SE = std.error(rich),
            .groups = "keep")

# One-way ANOVA for Control
summary(aov(rich ~ Year, data = filter(per.div, Treatment == "Control"))) # 0.00881

##              Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## Year          5    92.9  18.587    3.189 0.00881 **
## Residuals    177 1031.7    5.829
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

rich.ctrl <- per.div |>
  filter(Treatment == "Control")
anova.rich.ctrl <- aov(rich.ctrl$rich ~ rich.ctrl$Year)
hsd.rich.ctrl <- HSD.test(anova.rich.ctrl, trt = "rich.ctrl$Year")
hsd.rich.ctrl$groups

##      rich.ctrl$rich groups
## 2012    9.866667      a
## 2013    9.133333     ab
## 2018    8.645161     ab
## 2015    8.612903     ab
## 2014    8.200000     ab
## 2021    7.580645      b

# One-way ANOVA for Treated
summary(aov(rich ~ Year, data = filter(per.div, Treatment == "Treated"))) # p = 0.0516

##              Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## Year          5     76  15.207    2.247 0.0516 .
## Residuals    178   1204    6.766
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

# Plot with one-way ANOVA letters
rich.ctrl.letters <- hsd.rich.ctrl$groups
rich.ctrl.letters <- rich.ctrl.letters |>
  mutate(Year = rownames(rich.ctrl.letters)) |>
  arrange(Year)

letters.rich <- data.frame(x = rich.avg$year.xaxis[1:6],
```

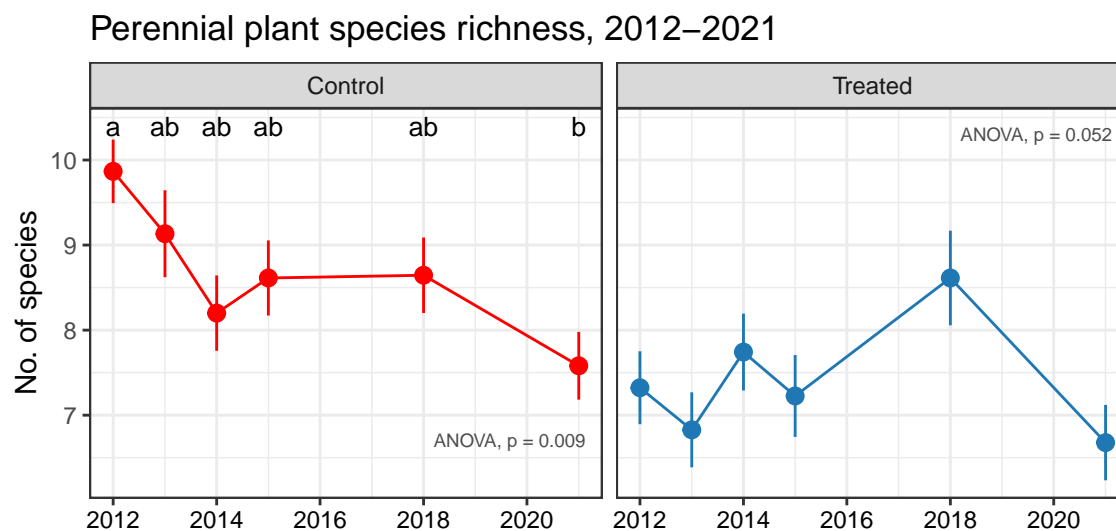
```

y = rep(10.4, 6),
label = rich.ctrl.letters$groups,
Treatment = rep("Control", 6))
ptext.rich <- data.frame(x = rep(as.Date("2019-09-01"), 2),
y = c(6.7, 10.3),
label = c("ANOVA, p = 0.009", "ANOVA, p = 0.052"),
Treatment = c("Control", "Treated"))

rich.plot <- ggplot(rich.avg, aes(x = year.xaxis, y = mean,
group = Treatment,
color = Treatment)) +

geom_line() +
geom_point() +
geom_pointrange(aes(ymin = mean - SE, ymax = mean + SE)) +
facet_wrap(~Treatment) +
xlab(NULL) +
ylab("No. of species") +
ggtitle("Perennial plant species richness, 2012-2021") +
scale_color_manual(values = c("red", "#1F78B4")) +
theme_bw() +
theme(legend.position = "none") +
geom_text(data = letters.rich,
mapping = aes(x = x, y = y, label = label),
color = "black",
size = 3.5) +
geom_text(data = ptext.rich,
aes(x = x, y = y, label = label),
color = "gray30",
size = 2.5) +
theme(axis.text.x = element_text(color = "black")) +
theme(plot.margin = margin(0.1, 0.1, 0.2, 0.1, "in"))
rich.plot

```



Supp Fig 3b: Perennial plant diversity

```
# Perennial plant diversity (Shannon) -----

# Find averages by year
shan.avg <- per.div %>%
  group_by(Treatment, Year, year.xaxis) %>%
  summarise(mean = mean(shan),
            SD = sd(shan),
            SE = std.error(shan),
            .groups = "keep")

# One-way ANOVA for Control
summary(aov(shan ~ Year, data = filter(per.div, Treatment == "Control"))) # p = 0.934

##              Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## Year          5   0.185  0.03702    0.26  0.934
## Residuals    177  25.197  0.14235

# One-way ANOVA for Treated
summary(aov(shan ~ Year, data = filter(per.div, Treatment == "Treated"))) # p = 0.725

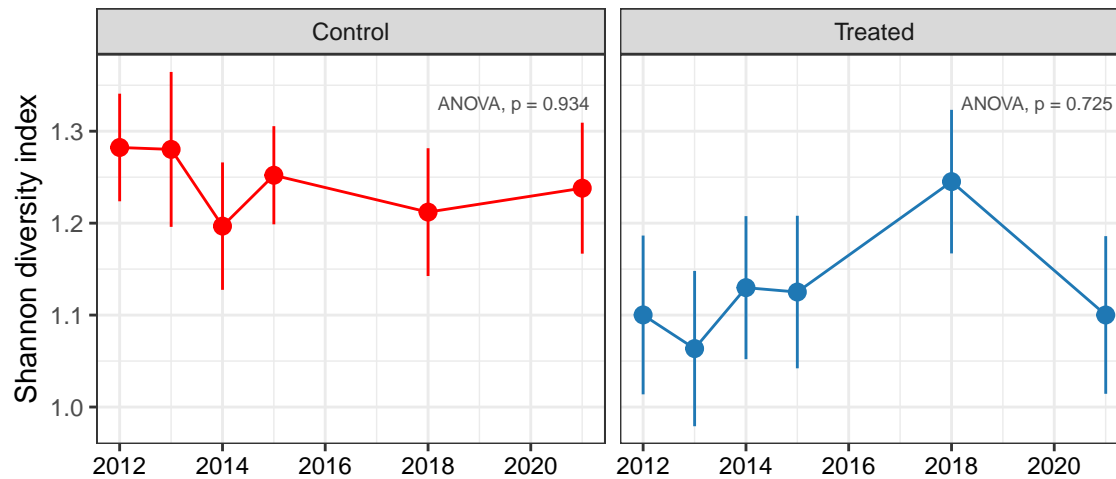
##              Df Sum Sq Mean Sq F value Pr(>F)
## Year          5    0.59  0.1189    0.568  0.725
## Residuals    178  37.27  0.2094

# Plot with one-way ANOVA
ptext.shan <- data.frame(x = rep(as.Date("2019-09-01"), 2),
                        y = c(1.33, 1.33),
                        label = c("ANOVA, p = 0.934", "ANOVA, p = 0.725"),
                        Treatment = c("Control", "Treated"))

shan.plot <- ggplot(shan.avg, aes(x = year.xaxis, y = mean,
                                group = Treatment,
                                color = Treatment)) +

  geom_line() +
  geom_point() +
  geom_pointrange(aes(ymin = mean - SE, ymax = mean + SE)) +
  facet_wrap(~Treatment) +
  xlab(NULL) +
  ylab("Shannon diversity index") +
  ggtitle("Perennial plant diversity") +
  scale_color_manual(values = c("red", "#1F78B4")) +
  theme_bw() +
  theme(legend.position = "none") +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(color = "black")) +
  geom_text(data = ptext.shan,
            aes(x = x, y = y, label = label),
            color = "gray30",
            size = 2.5) +
  theme(plot.margin = margin(0.1, 0.1, 0.2, 0.1, "in"))
shan.plot
```

Perennial plant diversity



Combine plots for Supp Fig 3

```
# Combine richness & Shannon -----

tiff("FigS3_temporal_richness-Shannon.tiff", units = "in", height = 5.5, width = 6, res = 300)
ggarrange( rich.plot, shan.plot,
  ncol = 1, nrow = 2,
  labels = c("(A)", "(B)"))

dev.off()
```

Invasive cover and most common species

```
# Average cover by year
invasive.all %>%
  select(-year.axis) |>
  group_by(Treatment, Year) %>%
  summarise(mean = mean(Cover),
    SE = std.error(Cover),
    .groups = "keep") |>
  mutate_if(is.numeric, round, digits = 2)

## 'mutate_if()' ignored the following grouping variables:
## * Columns 'Treatment', 'Year'

## # A tibble: 12 x 4
## # Groups:   Treatment, Year [12]
##   Treatment Year   mean   SE
##   <fct>      <fct> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 Control   2012    3.34  0.6
```

```
## 2 Control 2013 2.58 0.66
## 3 Control 2014 2.46 0.98
## 4 Control 2015 2.96 0.69
## 5 Control 2018 5.1 1.17
## 6 Control 2021 7.38 1.23
## 7 Treated 2012 3.29 0.84
## 8 Treated 2013 2.18 0.51
## 9 Treated 2014 3.58 0.8
## 10 Treated 2015 5.1 1.08
## 11 Treated 2018 5.17 1.23
## 12 Treated 2021 4.79 0.85
```

```
# Most common species in Control
plant.all |>
  filter(Native == "Invasive",
         Treatment == "Control") |>
  group_by(Common) |>
  summarise(mean = mean(Cover)) |>
  arrange(desc(mean))
```

```
## # A tibble: 4 x 2
##   Common          mean
##   <chr>          <dbl>
## 1 Lehmann lovegrass 4.49
## 2 Stinkgrass       0.833
## 3 Spreading fantails 0.769
## 4 African lovegrass 0.125
```

```
# Most common species in Treated
plant.all |>
  filter(Native == "Invasive",
         Treatment == "Treated") |>
  group_by(Common) |>
  summarise(mean = mean(Cover)) |>
  arrange(desc(mean))
```

```
## # A tibble: 8 x 2
##   Common          mean
##   <chr>          <dbl>
## 1 Lehmann lovegrass 4.75
## 2 Buffelgrass      3.41
## 3 Boer lovegrass   0.625
## 4 African lovegrass 0.531
## 5 Spreading fantails 0.367
## 6 Barnyard         0.225
## 7 Rose Natal grass 0.125
## 8 Stinkgrass       0.125
```

Appendix B: Coefficient of variation

Setup

```
library(tidyverse)
library(car)
library(scales)
library(ggpubr)
```

```
# Load data -----
```

```
notree.all <- read_csv("Herb-and-shrub-cover_2012-2021.csv")
herb.all <- read_csv("Herb-cover_2012-2021.csv")
shrub.all <- read_csv("Shrub-cover_2012-2021.csv")
per.div <- read_csv("Perennial-plant-diversity_2012-2021.csv")
```

Fig 4a: CV of shrub cover

```
# Shrub cover -----
```

```
# Find CV for each sample over time
```

```
shrub.sample <- shrub.all |>
  group_by(Sample, Treatment) |>
  summarise(CV = sd(Cover) / mean(Cover),
            .groups = "keep") # NaNs produced because some have 0 cover and can't divide by 0
```

```
# Replace NaNs with 0
```

```
shrub.sample[1, 3] <- 0
shrub.sample[5, 3] <- 0
shrub.sample[8, 3] <- 0
```

```
# Compare means
```

```
wilcox.test(filter(shrub.sample, Treatment == "Treated")$CV,
             filter(shrub.sample, Treatment == "Control")$CV,
             exact = FALSE) # p = 0.01429
```

```
##
```

```
## Wilcoxon rank sum test with continuity correction
```

```
##
```

```
## data: filter(shrub.sample, Treatment == "Treated")$CV and filter(shrub.sample, Treatment == "Control")$CV
```

```
## W = 306, p-value = 0.01429
```

```
## alternative hypothesis: true location shift is not equal to 0
```

```
# Plot
```

```
letters.shrub <- data.frame(x = c(1, 2),
                           y = c(2.5, 2.5),
                           label = c("a", "b"))
```

```

shrub.plot.cv <- shrub.sample |>
  ggplot(aes(x = Treatment, y = CV)) +
  geom_boxplot(alpha = 0.3,
    outlier.shape = NA,
    aes(fill = Treatment)) +
  geom_jitter(size = 1,
    alpha = 0.8,
    aes(color = Treatment)) +
  scale_color_manual(values = c("red", "#1F78B4")) +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("red", "#1F78B4")) +
  labs(title = "Shrub cover",
    x = NULL,
    y = "Coefficient of variation") +
  theme_bw() +
  theme(legend.position = "none") +
  scale_y_continuous(labels = percent) +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(color = "black")) +
  geom_text(aes(x = 0.95, y = 2.75, label = "Mann-Whitney, \np = 0.014"),
    color = "gray30",
    size = 2.5) +
  geom_text(data = letters.shrub,
    aes(x = x, y = y, label = label),
    color = "black") +
  theme(plot.margin = margin(0.1, 0, 0.1, 0.1, "in")) +
  stat_summary(fun = mean, geom = "errorbar", aes(ymax = after_stat(y), ymin = after_stat(y)),
    width = 0.75, linetype = "dashed") +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 12))
shrub.plot.cv

```

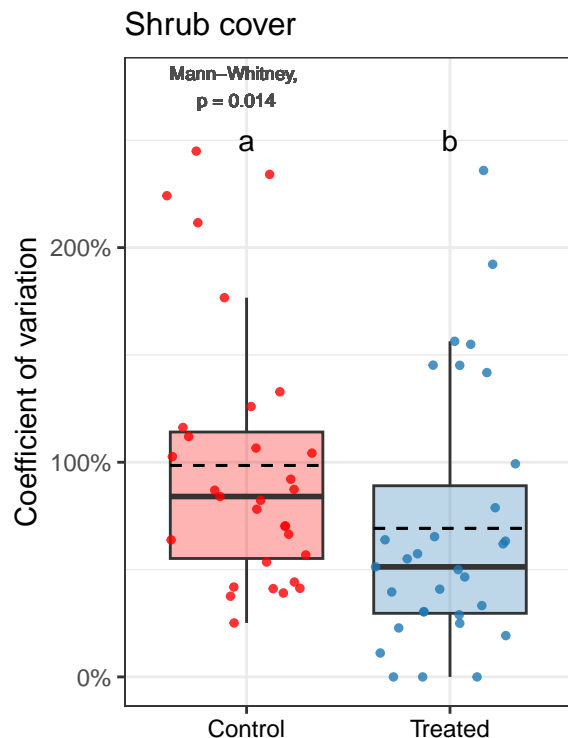


Fig 4b: CV of herbaceous cover

```
# Herb cover -----

# Find CV for each sample over time
herb.sample <- herb.all |>
  group_by(Sample, Treatment) |>
  summarise(CV = sd(Cover) / mean(Cover),
            .groups = "keep")

# Compare means
wilcox.test(filter(herb.sample, Treatment == "Treated")$CV,
            filter(herb.sample, Treatment == "Control")$CV) # NS, p = 0.148

##
## Wilcoxon rank sum exact test
##
## data: filter(herb.sample, Treatment == "Treated")$CV and filter(herb.sample, Treatment == "Control")$CV
## W = 584, p-value = 0.1479
## alternative hypothesis: true location shift is not equal to 0

# Plot
herb.plot.cv <- herb.sample |>
  ggplot(aes(x = Treatment, y = CV)) +
  geom_boxplot(alpha = 0.3,
              outlier.shape = NA,
              aes(fill = Treatment)) +
  geom_jitter(size = 1,
              alpha = 0.8,
              aes(color = Treatment)) +
  scale_color_manual(values = c("red", "#1F78B4")) +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("red", "#1F78B4")) +
  labs(title = "Herbaceous cover",
       x = NULL,
       y = NULL) +
  theme_bw() +
  theme(legend.position = "none") +
  scale_y_continuous(labels = percent) +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(color = "black")) +
  geom_text(aes(x = 0.95, y = 1.18, label = "Mann-Whitney, \np = 0.148"),
            color = "gray30",
            size = 2.5) +
  theme(plot.margin = margin(0.1, 0.1, 0.1, 0.2, "in")) +
  stat_summary(fun = mean, geom = "errorbar", aes(ymax = after_stat(y), ymin = after_stat(y)),
              width = 0.75, linetype = "dashed") +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 12))
herb.plot.cv
```

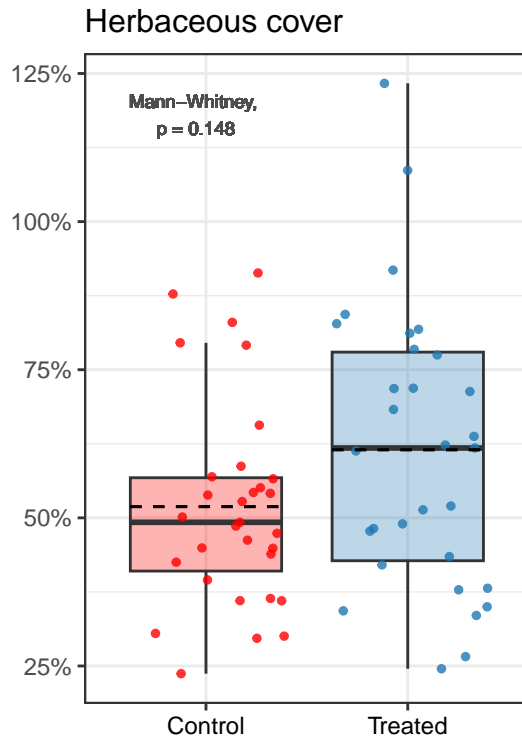


Fig 4c: CV of overall veg cover

```
# Notree cover -----

# Find CV for each sample over time
notree.sample <- notree.all |>
  group_by(Sample, Treatment) |>
  summarise(CV = sd(Cover) / mean(Cover),
    .groups = "keep")

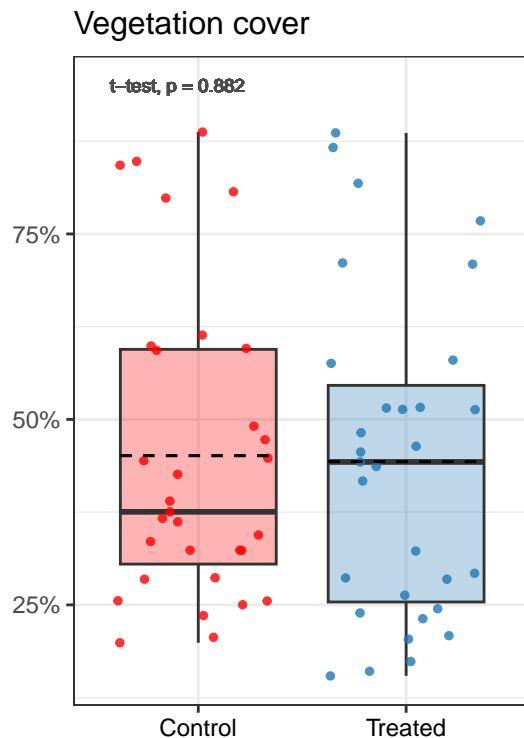
# Compare means
t.test(filter(notree.sample, Treatment == "Treated")$CV,
  filter(notree.sample, Treatment == "Control")$CV) # NS, p = 0.882
```

```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: filter(notree.sample, Treatment == "Treated")$CV and filter(notree.sample, Treatment == "Control")$CV
## t = -0.14868, df = 59.846, p-value = 0.8823
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.11574119 0.09972676
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
## 0.4430859 0.4510931
```

```

# Plot
notree.plot.cv <- notree.sample |>
  ggplot(aes(x = Treatment, y = CV)) +
  geom_boxplot(alpha = 0.3,
    outlier.shape = NA,
    aes(fill = Treatment)) +
  geom_jitter(size = 1,
    alpha = 0.8,
    aes(color = Treatment)) +
  scale_color_manual(values = c("red", "#1F78B4")) +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("red", "#1F78B4")) +
  labs(title = "Vegetation cover",
    x = NULL,
    y = NULL) +
  theme_bw() +
  theme(legend.position = "none") +
  scale_y_continuous(labels = percent) +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(color = "black")) +
  geom_text(aes(x = 0.9, y = 0.95, label = "t-test, p = 0.882"),
    color = "gray30",
    size = 2.5) +
  theme(plot.margin = margin(0.1, 0.1, 0.1, 0.2, "in")) +
  stat_summary(fun = mean, geom = "errorbar", aes(ymax = after_stat(y), ymin = after_stat(y)),
    width = 0.75, linetype = "dashed") +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 12))
notree.plot.cv

```



Combine plots for Fig 4

```
# Combine notree, herb, shrub -----

tiff("Fig4_CV_shrub-herb-notree.tiff", units = "in", height = 4, width = 7, res = 1000)
ggarrange(shrub.plot.cv, herb.plot.cv, notree.plot.cv,
           ncol = 3, nrow = 1,
           labels = c("(A)", "(B)", "(C)"))

dev.off()
```

Supp Fig 4a: CV of perennial richness

```
# Richness -----

# Find CV for each sample over time
rich.sample <- per.div |>
  group_by(Sample, Treatment) |>
  summarise(CV = sd(rich) / mean(rich),
            .groups = "keep")

# Compare means
wilcox.test(filter(rich.sample, Treatment == "Treated")$CV,
             filter(rich.sample, Treatment == "Control")$CV) # NS, p = 0.138

## Warning in wilcox.test.default(filter(rich.sample, Treatment == "Treated")$CV,
## : cannot compute exact p-value with ties

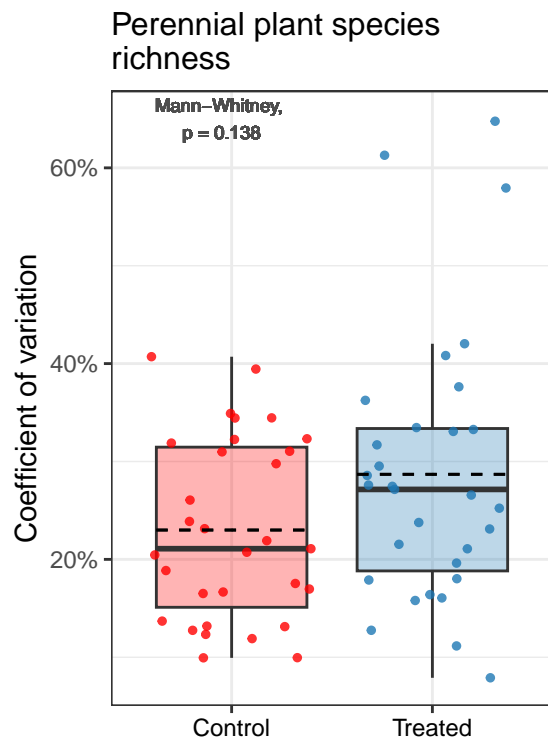
##
## Wilcoxon rank sum test with continuity correction
##
## data: filter(rich.sample, Treatment == "Treated")$CV and filter(rich.sample, Treatment == "Control")$CV
## W = 586.5, p-value = 0.1375
## alternative hypothesis: true location shift is not equal to 0

# Plot
rich.plot.cv <- rich.sample |>
  ggplot(aes(x = Treatment, y = CV)) +
  geom_boxplot(alpha = 0.3,
               outlier.shape = NA,
               aes(fill = Treatment)) +
  geom_jitter(size = 1,
              alpha = 0.8,
              aes(color = Treatment)) +
  scale_color_manual(values = c("red", "#1F78B4")) +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("red", "#1F78B4")) +
  labs(title = "Perennial plant species richness",
       x = NULL,
       y = "Coefficient of variation") +
  theme_bw() +
```

```

theme(legend.position = "none") +
scale_y_continuous(labels = percent) +
theme(axis.text.x = element_text(color = "black")) +
geom_text(aes(x = 0.95, y = 0.65, label = "Mann-Whitney, \np = 0.138"),
  color = "gray30",
  size = 2.5) +
theme(plot.margin = margin(0.1, 0.1, 0.1, 0.1, "in")) +
stat_summary(fun = mean, geom = "errorbar", aes(ymax = after_stat(y), ymin = after_stat(y)),
  width = 0.75, linetype = "dashed") +
theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 12))
rich.plot.cv

```



Supp Fig 4b: CV of perennial diversity

```

# Shannon -----

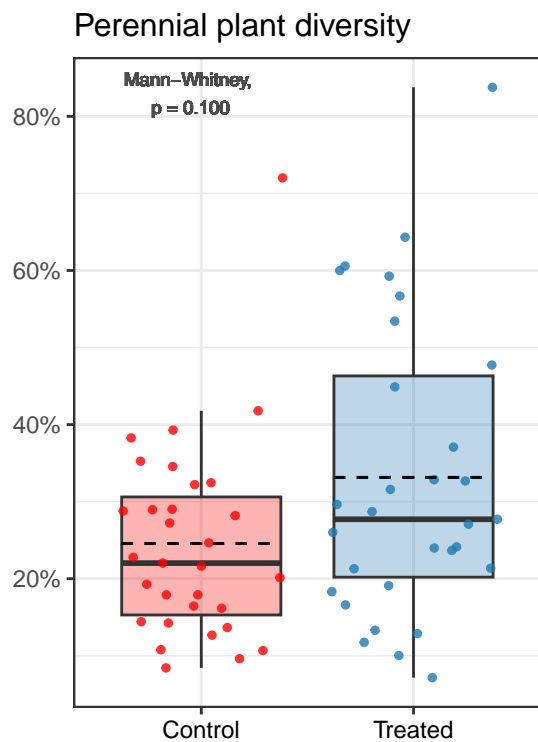
# Find CV for each sample over time
shan.sample <- per.div |>
  group_by(Sample, Treatment) |>
  summarise(CV = sd(shan) / mean(shan),
    .groups = "keep")

# Compare
wilcox.test(filter(shan.sample, Treatment == "Treated")$CV,
  filter(shan.sample, Treatment == "Control")$CV,
  exact = FALSE) # NS, p = 0.100

```

```
##
## Wilcoxon rank sum test with continuity correction
##
## data: filter(shan.sample, Treatment == "Treated")$CV and filter(shan.sample, Treatment == "Control")
## W = 598, p-value = 0.09952
## alternative hypothesis: true location shift is not equal to 0
```

```
# Plot
shan.plot.cv <- shan.sample |>
  ggplot(aes(x = Treatment, y = CV)) +
  geom_boxplot(alpha = 0.3,
    outlier.shape = NA,
    aes(fill = Treatment)) +
  geom_jitter(size = 1,
    alpha = 0.8,
    aes(color = Treatment)) +
  scale_color_manual(values = c("red", "#1F78B4")) +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("red", "#1F78B4")) +
  labs(title = "Perennial plant diversity",
    x = NULL,
    y = NULL) +
  theme_bw() +
  theme(legend.position = "none") +
  scale_y_continuous(labels = percent) +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(color = "black")) +
  geom_text(aes(x = 0.95, y = 0.83, label = "Mann-Whitney, \np = 0.100"),
    color = "gray30",
    size = 2.5) +
  theme(plot.margin = margin(0.1, 0.1, 0.1, 0.15, "in")) +
  stat_summary(fun = mean, geom = "errorbar", aes(ymax = after_stat(y), ymin = after_stat(y)),
    width = 0.75, linetype = "dashed") +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 12))
shan.plot.cv
```



Combine plots for Supp Fig 4

```
# Combine richness & Shannon -----

# Supplemental figure
tiff("FigS4_CV_rich-shan.tiff", units = "in", height = 4, width = 5.5, res = 300)
ggarrange(rich.plot.cv, shan.plot.cv,
  ncol = 2, nrow = 1,
  labels = c("(A)", "(B)"))

dev.off()
```

Appendix C: Soil fertility

Setup

```
library(tidyverse)
library(ggpubr)
library(metagenomeSeq)
library(vegan)

# Load data -----

barc.asv <- read.table("bac-arc_clean_asv.txt", sep = "\t",
                      header = T, row.names = 1)
fungi.asv <- read.table("fungi_clean_asv.txt",
                       sep = "\t", header = T, row.names = 1)
meta <- read.csv("sequencing_metadata.csv")

dat.2021 <- read.csv("Veg-soil-elev_2021.csv")
```

```
# 16S -----

# Normalization
barc.MR <- newMRexperiment(t(barc.asv))
p <- cumNormStat(barc.MR)
```

Default value being used.

```
barc.MR <- cumNorm(barc.MR, p = p)
barc.norm <- t(MRcounts(barc.MR, norm = T, log = F))

# Richness and Shannon
meta$barc.richness <- specnumber(barc.norm)
meta$barc.shannon <- diversity(barc.norm, index = "shannon")

# Bray-Curtis distance
barc.dist <- vegdist(barc.norm, method = "bray")
```

```
# ITS -----

# Normalization
fungi.MR <- newMRexperiment(t(fungi.asv))
p <- cumNormStat(fungi.MR)
```

Default value being used.

```
fungi.MR <- cumNorm(fungi.MR, p = p)
fungi.norm <- t(MRcounts(fungi.MR, norm = T, log = F))

# Richness and Shannon
```



```
meta$fungi.richness <- specnumber(fungi.norm)
meta$fungi.shannon <- diversity(fungi.norm, index = "shannon")

# Bray-Curtis distance
fungi.dist <- vegdist(fungi.norm, method = "bray")
```

Fig 5a: Bacteria & archaea NMDS ordination

Note that PERMANOVA model results (adonis2) will vary slightly each time and will not exactly match values published in the paper.

```
# NMDS ordination
barc.nmds <- metaMDS(barcdist, k = 2)

## Run 0 stress 0.1684425
## Run 1 stress 0.1741199
## Run 2 stress 0.1832087
## Run 3 stress 0.1680461
## ... New best solution
## ... Procrustes: rmse 0.04031523  max resid 0.2924091
## Run 4 stress 0.1703671
## Run 5 stress 0.2005623
## Run 6 stress 0.170816
## Run 7 stress 0.1682434
## ... Procrustes: rmse 0.01454679  max resid 0.09735784
## Run 8 stress 0.1926389
## Run 9 stress 0.1707367
## Run 10 stress 0.1698914
## Run 11 stress 0.1702923
## Run 12 stress 0.1680366
## ... New best solution
## ... Procrustes: rmse 0.002872819  max resid 0.01729991
## Run 13 stress 0.1752061
## Run 14 stress 0.1842293
## Run 15 stress 0.1752072
## Run 16 stress 0.178603
## Run 17 stress 0.1736229
## Run 18 stress 0.1817014
## Run 19 stress 0.1773086
## Run 20 stress 0.167942
## ... New best solution
## ... Procrustes: rmse 0.01258909  max resid 0.07412873
## *** Best solution was not repeated -- monoMDS stopping criteria:
##      1: no. of iterations >= maxit
##     19: stress ratio > sratmax

barc.nmds$stress

## [1] 0.167942
```

```

meta$barc.NMDS1 <- barc.nmds$points[ , 1]
meta$barc.NMDS2 <- barc.nmds$points[ , 2]

# PERMANOVA
adonis2(barc.dist ~ meta$Treatment)

## Permutation test for adonis under reduced model
## Terms added sequentially (first to last)
## Permutation: free
## Number of permutations: 999
##
## adonis2(formula = barc.dist ~ meta$Treatment)
##              Df SumOfSqs      R2      F Pr(>F)
## meta$Treatment  1   0.2559 0.02881 1.7799  0.029 *
## Residual       60   8.6275 0.97119
## Total          61   8.8835 1.00000
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

# Plot (using dat.2021 for same NMDS values presented in paper):
barc.nmds.plot.21 <- dat.2021 %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = barc.NMDS1, y = barc.NMDS2, color = Treatment, shape = Treatment)) +
  geom_point() +
  scale_color_manual(values = c("red", "#1F78B4")) +
  theme_bw() +
  labs(x = "Axis 1",
       y = "Axis 2",
       title = "Bacteria & archaea",
       color = "Treatment",
       shape = "Treatment") +
  theme(legend.position = "bottom") +
  theme(plot.margin = margin(0.1, 0.2, 0.1, 0.1, "in")) +
  theme(legend.title = element_blank()) +
  geom_text(aes(x = 0.2, y = -0.55, label = "PERMANOVA, p = 0.029"),
            size = 2.5, color = "gray30") +
  geom_text(aes(x = 0.25, y = -0.65, label = "Stress = 0.168"),
            size = 2.5, color = "gray30") +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 12))
barc.nmds.plot.21

```

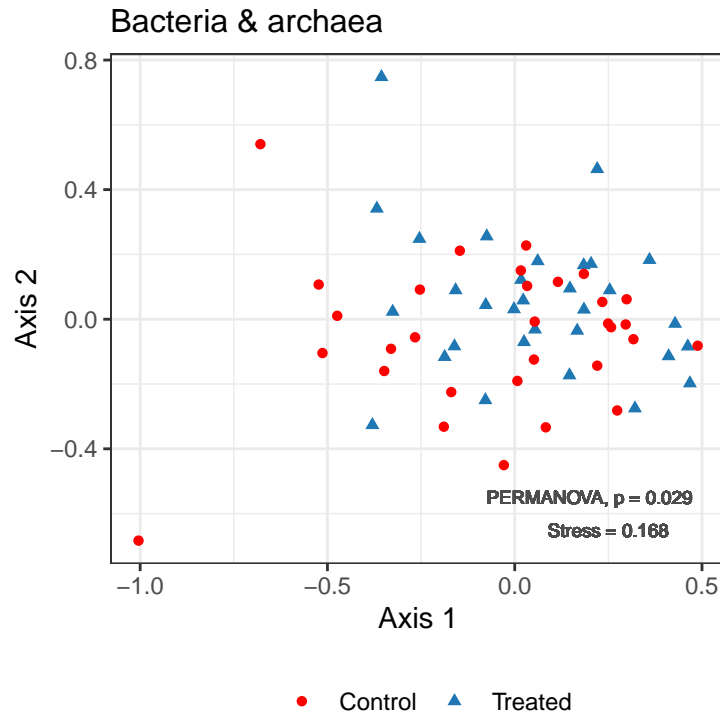


Fig 5b: Fungi NMDS ordination

Note that PERMANOVA model results (`adonis2`) will vary slightly each time and will not exactly match values published in the paper.

```
# NMDS ordination
fungi.nmms <- metaMDS(fungi.dist, k = 2)

## Run 0 stress 0.2461785
## Run 1 stress 0.2468725
## Run 2 stress 0.2743682
## Run 3 stress 0.2383982
## ... New best solution
## ... Procrustes: rmse 0.105665 max resid 0.4568876
## Run 4 stress 0.2462807
## Run 5 stress 0.2628147
## Run 6 stress 0.2374924
## ... New best solution
## ... Procrustes: rmse 0.05403049 max resid 0.1819509
## Run 7 stress 0.2469342
## Run 8 stress 0.237575
## ... Procrustes: rmse 0.0540305 max resid 0.2373218
## Run 9 stress 0.2514936
## Run 10 stress 0.2408483
## Run 11 stress 0.2449272
## Run 12 stress 0.2414653
## Run 13 stress 0.2414881
## Run 14 stress 0.2554275
```

```
## Run 15 stress 0.24388
## Run 16 stress 0.2718033
## Run 17 stress 0.2787875
## Run 18 stress 0.2483354
## Run 19 stress 0.2442429
## Run 20 stress 0.2418738
## *** Best solution was not repeated -- monoMDS stopping criteria:
##      3: no. of iterations >= maxit
##     17: stress ratio > sratmax
```

```
fungi.nmds$stress
```

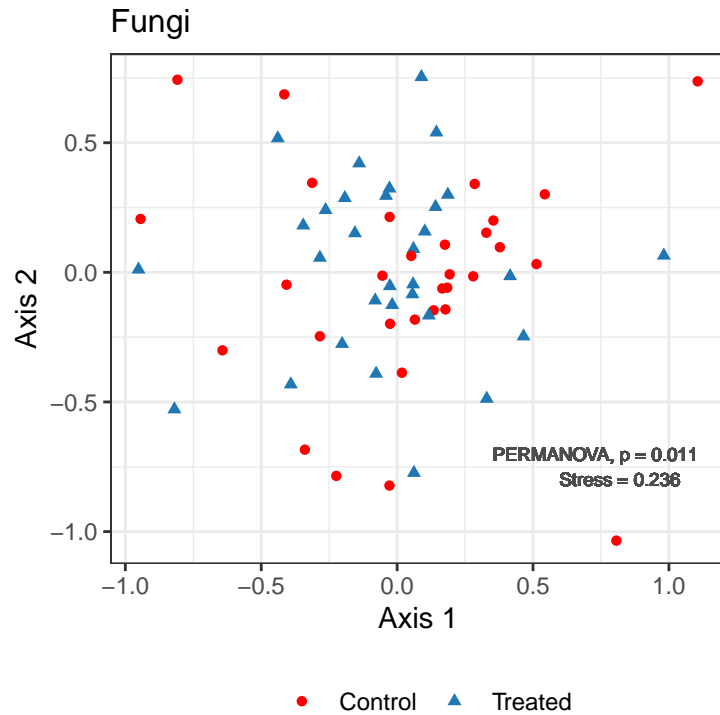
```
## [1] 0.2374924
```

```
meta$fungi.NMDS1 <- fungi.nmds$points[, 1]
meta$fungi.NMDS2 <- fungi.nmds$points[, 2]
```

```
# PERMANOVA
adonis2(fungi.dist ~ meta$Treatment)
```

```
## Permutation test for adonis under reduced model
## Terms added sequentially (first to last)
## Permutation: free
## Number of permutations: 999
##
## adonis2(formula = fungi.dist ~ meta$Treatment)
##              Df SumOfSqs      R2      F Pr(>F)
## meta$Treatment  1   0.4511 0.02371 1.457  0.012 *
## Residual       60  18.5783 0.97629
## Total          61  19.0294 1.00000
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
```

```
# Plot (using dat.2021 for same NMDS values presented in paper):
fungi.nmds.plot.21 <- dat.2021 %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = fungi.NMDS1, y = fungi.NMDS2, color = Treatment, shape = Treatment)) +
  geom_point() +
  scale_color_manual(values = c("red", "#1F78B4")) +
  theme_bw() +
  labs(x = "Axis 1",
       y = "Axis 2",
       title = "Fungi",
       color = "Treatment",
       shape = "Treatment") +
  theme(legend.position = "bottom") +
  theme(legend.title = element_blank()) +
  theme(plot.margin = margin(0.1, 0.2, 0.1, 0.1, "in")) +
  geom_text(aes(x = 0.73, y = -0.7, label = "PERMANOVA, p = 0.011"),
            size = 2.5, color = "gray30") +
  geom_text(aes(x = 0.82, y = -0.8, label = "Stress = 0.236"),
            size = 2.5, color = "gray30") +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 12))
fungi.nmds.plot.21
```



Combine plots for Fig 5

```
# Combine NMDS -----

tiff("Fig5_Soil-NMDS.tiff", height = 4, width = 7, units = "in", res = 1000)
ggarrange(barc.nmds.plot.21, fungi.nmds.plot.21,
  nrow = 1, ncol = 2,
  labels = c("(A)", "(B)"),
  common.legend = TRUE, legend = "bottom")
dev.off()
```

Supp Fig 5a: Total soil nitrogen

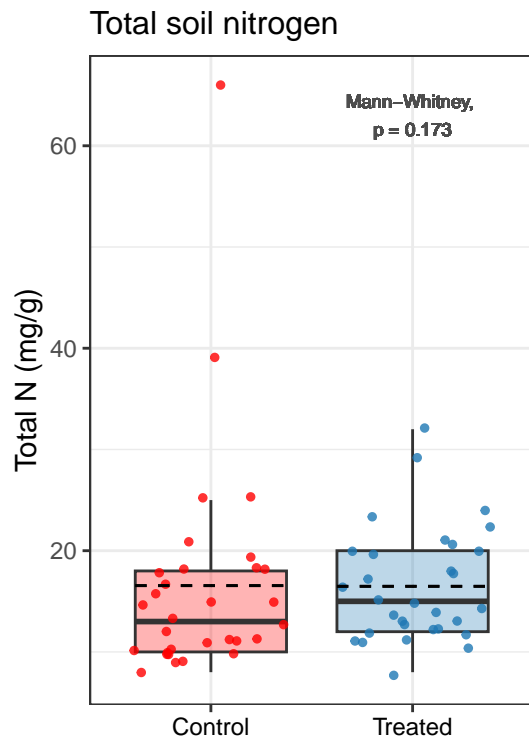
```
# Total N -----

# Mann-Whitney
wilcox.test(filter(dat.2021, Treatment == "Control")$TN_ppt,
  filter(dat.2021, Treatment == "Treated")$TN_ppt,
  exact = FALSE) # p-value = 0.1731
```

```
##
## Wilcoxon rank sum test with continuity correction
##
## data: filter(dat.2021, Treatment == "Control")$TN_ppt and filter(dat.2021, Treatment == "Treated")$
```

```
## W = 383.5, p-value = 0.1731
## alternative hypothesis: true location shift is not equal to 0
```

```
# Plot
tn.plot.21 <- dat.2021 |>
  ggplot(aes(x = Treatment, y = TN_ppt)) +
  geom_boxplot(alpha = 0.3,
    outlier.shape = NA,
    aes(fill = Treatment)) +
  geom_jitter(size = 1,
    alpha = 0.8,
    aes(color = Treatment)) +
  scale_color_manual(values = c("red", "#1F78B4")) +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("red", "#1F78B4")) +
  labs(title = "Total soil nitrogen",
    x = NULL,
    y = "Total N (mg/g)") +
  theme_bw() +
  theme(legend.position = "none") +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(color = "#000000")) +
  theme(plot.margin = margin(0.1, 0.2, 0.1, 0.1, "in")) +
  geom_text(aes(x = 2, y = 63, label = "Mann-Whitney, \np = 0.173"),
    color = "gray30",
    size = 2.5) +
  stat_summary(fun = mean, geom = "errorbar", aes(ymax = after_stat(y), ymin = after_stat(y)),
    width = 0.75, linetype = "dashed") +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 12))
tn.plot.21
```



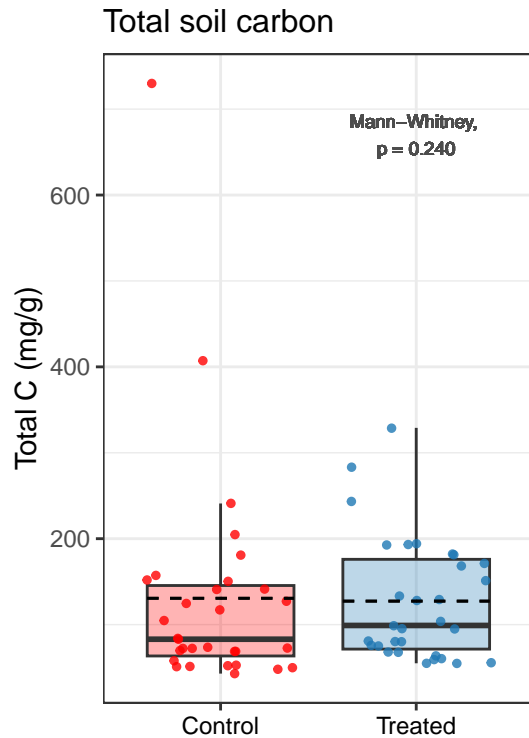
Supp Fig 5b: Total soil carbon

```
# Total C -----

# Mann-Whitney
wilcox.test(filter(dat.2021, Treatment == "Control")$TC_ppt,
            filter(dat.2021, Treatment == "Treated")$TC_ppt,
            exact = FALSE) # p-value = 0.2397

##
## Wilcoxon rank sum test with continuity correction
##
## data: filter(dat.2021, Treatment == "Control")$TC_ppt and filter(dat.2021, Treatment == "Treated")$
## W = 396.5, p-value = 0.2397
## alternative hypothesis: true location shift is not equal to 0

# Plot
tc.plot.21 <- dat.2021 |>
  ggplot(aes(x = Treatment, y = TC_ppt)) +
  geom_boxplot(alpha = 0.3,
               outlier.shape = NA,
               aes(fill = Treatment)) +
  geom_jitter(size = 1,
              alpha = 0.8,
              aes(color = Treatment)) +
  scale_color_manual(values = c("red", "#1F78B4")) +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("red", "#1F78B4")) +
  labs(title = "Total soil carbon",
       x = NULL,
       y = "Total C (mg/g)") +
  theme_bw() +
  theme(legend.position = "none") +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(color = "#000000")) +
  theme(plot.margin = margin(0.1, 0.2, 0.1, 0.1, "in")) +
  geom_text(aes(x = 2, y = 670, label = "Mann-Whitney, \np = 0.240"),
            color = "gray30",
            size = 2.5) +
  stat_summary(fun = mean, geom = "errorbar", aes(ymax = after_stat(y), ymin = after_stat(y)),
              width = 0.75, linetype = "dashed") +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 12))
tc.plot.21
```



Supp Fig 5c: Soil organic matter

```
# Organic matter -----

# Mann-Whitney
wilcox.test(filter(dat.2021, Treatment == "Control")$OM_perc,
             filter(dat.2021, Treatment == "Treated")$OM_perc) # p-value = 0.4332
```

```
##
## Wilcoxon rank sum exact test
##
## data: filter(dat.2021, Treatment == "Control")$OM_perc and filter(dat.2021, Treatment == "Treated")$OM_perc
## W = 424, p-value = 0.4332
## alternative hypothesis: true location shift is not equal to 0
```

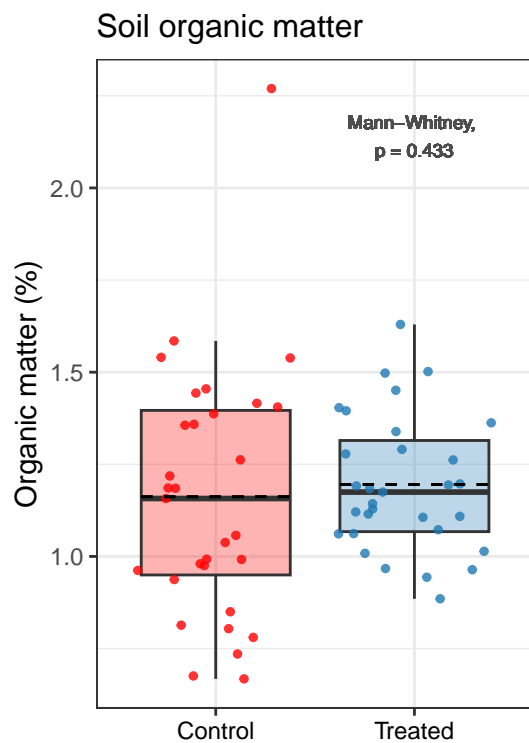
```
# Plot
om.plot.21 <- dat.2021 |>
ggplot(aes(x = Treatment, y = OM_perc)) +
  geom_boxplot(alpha = 0.3,
               outlier.shape = NA,
               aes(fill = Treatment)) +
  geom_jitter(size = 1,
              alpha = 0.8,
              aes(color = Treatment)) +
  scale_color_manual(values = c("red", "#1F78B4")) +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("red", "#1F78B4")) +
```



```

labs(title = "Soil organic matter",
      x = NULL,
      y = "Organic matter (%)") +
theme_bw() +
theme(legend.position = "none") +
theme(axis.text.x = element_text(color = "#000000")) +
theme(plot.margin = margin(0.1, 0.2, 0.1, 0.1, "in")) +
geom_text(aes(x = 2, y = 2.14, label = "Mann-Whitney, \np = 0.433"),
          color = "gray30",
          size = 2.5) +
stat_summary(fun = mean, geom = "errorbar", aes(ymax = after_stat(y), ymin = after_stat(y)),
            width = 0.75, linetype = "dashed") +
theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 12))
om.plot.21

```



Combine plots for Supp Fig 5

```

# Combine soil chem -----

# TN, TC, OM
tiff("FigS5_Soil-chem.tiff", units = "in", height = 4, width = 7, res = 300)
ggarrange(tn.plot.21, tc.plot.21, om.plot.21,
          ncol = 3, nrow = 1,
          labels = c("(A)", "(B)", "(C)"))

dev.off()

```

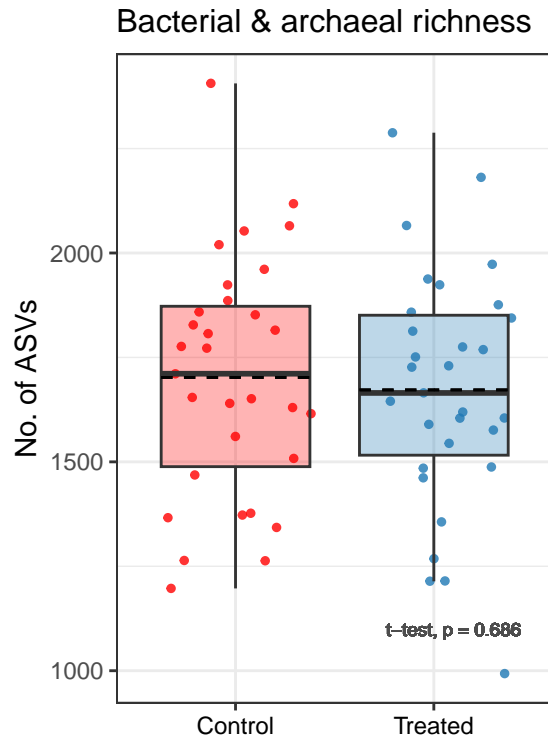
Supp Fig 6a: Bacterial & archaeal richness

```
# Barc richness -----

# T-test
t.test(filter(dat.2021, Treatment == "Control")$barc.richness,
        filter(dat.2021, Treatment == "Treated")$barc.richness) # NS, p = 0.686

##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: filter(dat.2021, Treatment == "Control")$barc.richness and filter(dat.2021, Treatment == "Treated")$barc.richness
## t = 0.40607, df = 59.999, p-value = 0.6861
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -116.6407 176.0601
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
## 1702.065 1672.355

# Plot
barc.rich.plot.21 <- dat.2021 |>
  ggplot(aes(Treatment, barc.richness)) +
  geom_jitter(aes(color = Treatment),
              alpha = 0.8,
              size = 1) +
  geom_boxplot(aes(fill = Treatment),
               alpha = 0.3,
               outlier.shape = NA) +
  xlab(NULL) +
  ylab("No. of ASVs") +
  ggtitle("Bacterial & archaeal richness") +
  scale_color_manual(values = c("red", "#1F78B4")) +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("red", "#1F78B4")) +
  theme_bw() +
  theme(legend.position = "none") +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(color = "#000000")) +
  geom_text(aes(x = 2.1, y = 1100, label = "t-test, p = 0.686"),
            color = "gray30",
            size = 2.5) +
  theme(plot.margin = margin(0.1, 0.1, 0.1, 0.1, "in")) +
  stat_summary(fun = mean, geom = "errorbar", aes(ymax = after_stat(y), ymin = after_stat(y)),
              width = 0.75, linetype = "dashed") +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 11.5))
barc.rich.plot.21
```



Supp Fig 6b: Fungal richness

```
# Fungi richness -----
# T-test
t.test(filter(dat.2021, Treatment == "Control")$fungi.richness,
       filter(dat.2021, Treatment == "Treated")$fungi.richness) # NS,  $p = 0.938$ 
```

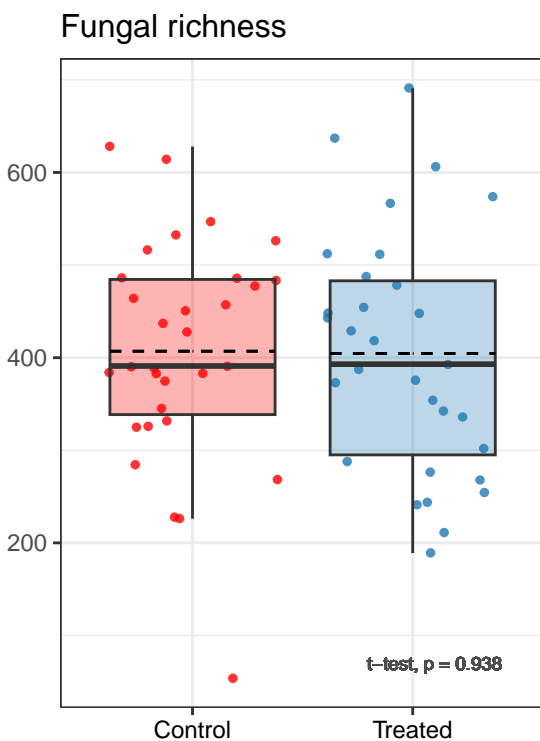
```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: filter(dat.2021, Treatment == "Control")$fungi.richness and filter(dat.2021, Treatment == "Treated")$fungi.richness
## t = 0.078, df = 59.653, p-value = 0.9381
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -61.22215 66.18989
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
## 406.9677 404.4839
```

```
# Plot
fungi.rich.plot.21 <- dat.2021 %>%
  ggplot(aes(Treatment, fungi.richness)) +
  geom_jitter(aes(color = Treatment),
             alpha = 0.8,
             size = 1) +
```

```

geom_boxplot(aes(fill = Treatment),
             alpha = 0.3,
             outlier.shape = NA) +
xlab(NULL) +
ylab(NULL) +
ggtitle("Fungal richness") +
scale_color_manual(values = c("red", "#1F78B4")) +
scale_fill_manual(values = c("red", "#1F78B4")) +
theme_bw() +
theme(legend.position = "none") +
theme(axis.text.x = element_text(color = "#000000")) +
geom_text(aes(x = 2.1, y = 70, label = "t-test, p = 0.938"),
          color = "gray30",
          size = 2.5) +
theme(plot.margin = margin(0.1, 0.1, 0.1, 0.1, "in")) +
stat_summary(fun = mean, geom = "errorbar", aes(ymax = after_stat(y), ymin = after_stat(y)),
            width = 0.75, linetype = "dashed") +
theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 12))
fungi.rich.plot.21

```



Combine plots for Supp Fig 6

```

# Combine soil richness -----

tiff("FigS6_Soil-richness.tiff", units = "in", height = 4, width = 5.5, res = 300)
ggarrange(barc.rich.plot.21, fungi.rich.plot.21,

```

```

ncol = 2, nrow = 1,
labels = c("(A)", "(B)"))

dev.off()

```

Supp Fig 7a: Chemoheterotrophic bacteria & archaea

```

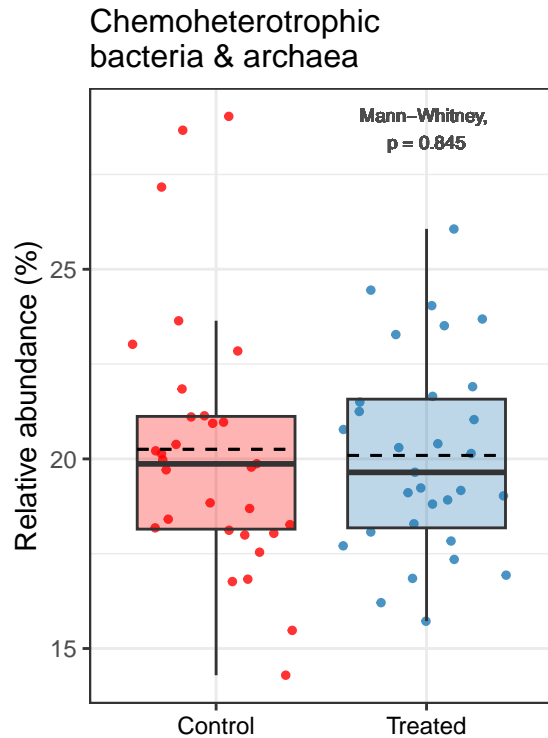
# Chemoheterotrophs -----

# Mann-Whitney
wilcox.test(filter(dat.2021, Treatment == "Control")$chemoheterotrophy_perc,
             filter(dat.2021, Treatment == "Treated")$chemoheterotrophy_perc) # p = 0.8449

##
## Wilcoxon rank sum exact test
##
## data: filter(dat.2021, Treatment == "Control")$chemoheterotrophy_perc and filter(dat.2021, Treatment == "Treated")$chemoheterotrophy_perc
## W = 466, p-value = 0.8449
## alternative hypothesis: true location shift is not equal to 0

# Plot
chemohet.plot.21 <- dat.2021 %>%
  ggplot(aes(Treatment, chemoheterotrophy_perc)) +
  geom_jitter(aes(color = Treatment),
              alpha = 0.8,
              size = 1) +
  geom_boxplot(aes(fill = Treatment),
               alpha = 0.3,
               outlier.shape = NA) +
  xlab(NULL) +
  ylab("Relative abundance (%)") +
  ggtitle("Chemoheterotrophic \nbacteria & archaea") +
  scale_color_manual(values = c("red", "#1F78B4")) +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("red", "#1F78B4")) +
  theme_bw() +
  theme(legend.position = "none") +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(color = "#000000")) +
  theme(plot.margin = margin(0.1, 0.1, 0.1, 0.1, "in")) +
  geom_text(aes(x = 2, y = 28.7, label = "Mann-Whitney, \np = 0.845"),
            color = "gray30",
            size = 2.5) +
  stat_summary(fun = mean, geom = "errorbar", aes(ymax = after_stat(y), ymin = after_stat(y)),
              width = 0.75, linetype = "dashed") +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 12))
chemohet.plot.21

```



Supp Fig 7b: Nitrogen-cycling bacteria & archaea

```
# N-cyclers -----
# Mann-Whitney
wilcox.test(filter(dat.2021, Treatment == "Control")$n.cycler_perc,
             filter(dat.2021, Treatment == "Treated")$n.cycler_perc) # p-value = 0.5854
```

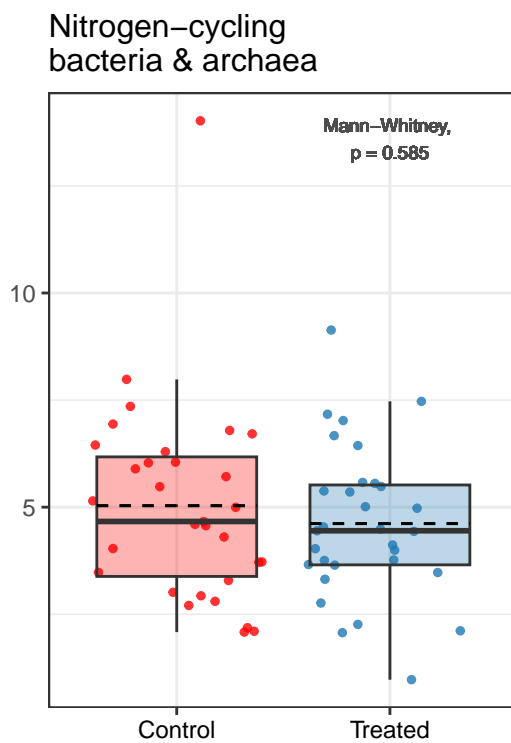
```
##
## Wilcoxon rank sum exact test
##
## data: filter(dat.2021, Treatment == "Control")$n.cycler_perc and filter(dat.2021, Treatment == "Treated")$n.cycler_perc
## W = 520, p-value = 0.5854
## alternative hypothesis: true location shift is not equal to 0
```

```
# Plot
ncycler.plot.21 <- dat.2021 %>%
  ggplot(aes(Treatment, n.cycler_perc)) +
  geom_jitter(aes(color = Treatment),
              alpha = 0.8,
              size = 1) +
  geom_boxplot(aes(fill = Treatment),
               alpha = 0.3,
               outlier.shape = NA) +
  xlab(NULL) +
  ylab(NULL) +
```

```

ggtitle("Nitrogen-cycling \nbacteria & archaea") +
scale_color_manual(values = c("red", "#1F78B4")) +
scale_fill_manual(values = c("red", "#1F78B4")) +
theme_bw() +
theme(legend.position = "none") +
theme(axis.text.x = element_text(color = "#000000")) +
theme(plot.margin = margin(0.1, 0.1, 0.1, 0.25, "in")) +
geom_text(aes(x = 2, y = 13.6, label = "Mann-Whitney, \np = 0.585"),
          color = "gray30",
          size = 2.5) +
stat_summary(fun = mean, geom = "errorbar", aes(ymax = after_stat(y), ymin = after_stat(y)),
            width = 0.75, linetype = "dashed") +
theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 12))
ncycler.plot.21

```



Supp Fig 7c: Saprotrophic fungi

```

# Saprotrophs -----

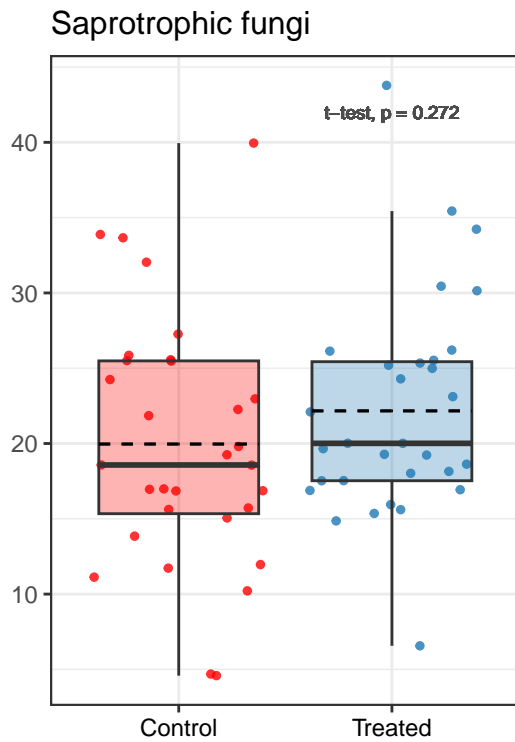
# T-test
t.test(filter(dat.2021, Treatment == "Control")$saprotroph,
        filter(dat.2021, Treatment == "Treated")$saprotroph) # NS, p = 0.272

##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##

```

```
## data: filter(dat.2021, Treatment == "Control")$saprotroph and filter(dat.2021, Treatment == "Treated")$saprotroph
## t = -1.1097, df = 59.068, p-value = 0.2716
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -6.168384  1.767276
## sample estimates:
## mean of x mean of y
## 19.96490  22.16546
```

```
# Plot
sapro.plot.21 <- dat.2021 %>%
  ggplot(aes(Treatment, saprotroph)) +
  geom_jitter(aes(color = Treatment),
              alpha = 0.8,
              size = 1) +
  geom_boxplot(aes(fill = Treatment),
               alpha = 0.3,
               outlier.shape = NA) +
  xlab(NULL) +
  ylab(NULL) +
  ggtitle("Saprotrophic fungi") +
  scale_color_manual(values = c("red", "#1F78B4")) +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("red", "#1F78B4")) +
  theme_bw() +
  theme(legend.position = "none") +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(color = "#000000")) +
  theme(plot.margin = margin(0.1, 0.1, 0.1, 0.25, "in")) +
  geom_text(aes(x = 2, y = 42, label = "t-test, p = 0.272"),
            color = "gray30",
            size = 2.5) +
  stat_summary(fun = mean, geom = "errorbar", aes(ymax = after_stat(y), ymin = after_stat(y)),
              width = 0.75, linetype = "dashed") +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 12))
sapro.plot.21
```

Combine plots for Supp Fig 7

```
# Combine FAPROTAX and FUNGuild -----
tiff("FigS7_Soil-functional.tiff", units = "in", height = 4, width = 7, res = 300)
ggarrange(chemohet.plot.21, ncycler.plot.21, sapro.plot.21,
  ncol = 3, nrow = 1,
  labels = c("(A)", "(B)", "(C)"))
dev.off()
```

Appendix D: Structural equation modeling

Setup

```
library(lavaan)
library(tidyverse)

# Load data -----

dat.2021 <- read.csv("Veg-soil-elev_2021.csv")

# Data wrangling -----

# Add Control/Treated as binary variable and select only variables needed for SEM
sem.dat.unscaled <- dat.2021 |>
  mutate(rocks = case_when(
    Treatment == "Control" ~ 0,
    Treatment == "Treated" ~ 1)) |>
  select(Sample, rocks, notree, notree.18, herb, herb.18, tree, perveg.richness, perveg.shannon,
    TN_log, TC_log, OM_log, barc.richness, fungi.richness,
    chemoheterotrophy_log, n.cycler_log, saprotroph)

# Center and scale continuous variables
sem.dat <- sem.dat.unscaled |>
  mutate(rocks = as.character(rocks),
    Sample = as.character(Sample)) |>
  mutate_if(is.numeric, scale) |>
  mutate(rocks = as.numeric(rocks))
```

Latent variables

Soil microbiome

```
lvmod.soimic <- '
  # latent variable model
  soil_microbe =~ barc.richness + fungi.richness + chemoheterotrophy_log + n.cycler_log + saprotroph
'

fit.soimic <- sem(lvmod.soimic, data = sem.dat)
summary(fit.soimic, fit.measures = TRUE, standardized = TRUE)

## lavaan 0.6.16 ended normally after 18 iterations
##
##   Estimator                      ML
##   Optimization method          NLMINB
##   Number of model parameters    10
##
##   Number of observations        62
##
## Model Test User Model:
```

```

##
## Test statistic 2.723
## Degrees of freedom 5
## P-value (Chi-square) 0.743
##
## Model Test Baseline Model:
##
## Test statistic 52.070
## Degrees of freedom 10
## P-value 0.000
##
## User Model versus Baseline Model:
##
## Comparative Fit Index (CFI) 1.000
## Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI) 1.108
##
## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria:
##
## Loglikelihood user model (H0) -412.677
## Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1) -411.315
##
## Akaike (AIC) 845.354
## Bayesian (BIC) 866.625
## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (SABIC) 835.162
##
## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation:
##
## RMSEA 0.000
## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.000
## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.125
## P-value H_0: RMSEA <= 0.050 0.800
## P-value H_0: RMSEA >= 0.080 0.134
##
## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual:
##
## SRMR 0.044
##
## Parameter Estimates:
##
## Standard errors Standard
## Information Expected
## Information saturated (h1) model Structured
##
## Latent Variables:
## Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|) Std.lv Std.all
## soil_microbe =~
## barc.richness 1.000 0.853 0.860
## fungi.richness 0.342 0.168 2.033 0.042 0.291 0.294
## chmhttrtrphy_lg 0.158 0.164 0.962 0.336 0.135 0.136
## n.cycler_log 0.892 0.241 3.699 0.000 0.761 0.767
## saprotroph 0.461 0.172 2.675 0.007 0.393 0.397
##
## Variances:
## Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|) Std.lv Std.all

```

```
##      .barc.richness      0.256      0.184      1.392      0.164      0.256      0.260
##      .fungi.richness    0.899      0.165      5.448      0.000      0.899      0.914
##      .chmhttrtrphy_lg   0.966      0.174      5.545      0.000      0.966      0.982
##      .n.cycler_log       0.405      0.160      2.538      0.011      0.405      0.412
##      .saprotroph         0.829      0.156      5.321      0.000      0.829      0.843
##      soil_microbe        0.728      0.247      2.951      0.003      1.000      1.000
```

```
modindices(fit.soimic, sort = TRUE, minimum.value = 3.5)
```

```
## [1] lhs      op      rhs      mi      epc      sepc.lv  sepc.all sepc.nox
## <0 rows> (or 0-length row.names)
```

```
# No paths to add.
```

Soil chemistry

- Soil chemistry does not do well as a latent variable because TN, TC, and OM are collinear and must be modeled separately.

```
lvmod.soichem <- '
# latent variable model
soil_chem =~ TN_log + OM_log
'
fit.soichem <- sem(lvmod.soichem, data = sem.dat)
```

```
## Warning in lav_model_vcov(lavmodel = lavmodel, lavsamplestats = lavsamplestats, : lavaan WARNING:
##      Could not compute standard errors! The information matrix could
##      not be inverted. This may be a symptom that the model is not
##      identified.
```

```
summary(fit.soichem)
```

```
## lavaan 0.6.16 ended normally after 13 iterations
##
##      Estimator                      ML
##      Optimization method           NLMINB
##      Number of model parameters     4
##
##      Number of observations         62
##
## Model Test User Model:
##
##      Test statistic                  NA
##      Degrees of freedom              -1
##      P-value (Unknown)              NA
##
## Parameter Estimates:
##
##      Standard errors                Standard
##      Information                    Expected
##      Information saturated (h1) model Structured
```

```
##
## Latent Variables:
##           Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
##   soil_chem =~
##     TN_log      1.000
##     OM_log      0.874      NA
##
## Variances:
##           Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|)
##     .TN_log      0.139      NA
##     .OM_log      0.338      NA
##     soil_chem    0.845      NA
```

Model 1

Model for Supp Fig 8.

```
mod1 <- '
# latent variables
soil_microbe =~ barc.richness + fungi.richness + chemoheterotrophy_log + n.cycler_log + saprotroph

# structure
notree ~ rocks + notree.18 + tree
OM_log ~ rocks
soil_microbe ~ rocks
notree.18 ~ rocks

# covariance
OM_log ~~ soil_microbe
OM_log ~~ notree
soil_microbe ~~ notree
'

fit1 <- sem(mod1, data = sem.dat)
summary(fit1, fit.measures = TRUE, standardized = TRUE)
```

```
## lavaan 0.6.16 ended normally after 27 iterations
##
##      Estimator                      ML
##      Optimization method          NLMINB
##      Number of model parameters      22
##
##      Number of observations          62
##
## Model Test User Model:
##
##      Test statistic                  26.242
##      Degrees of freedom              30
##      P-value (Chi-square)            0.663
##
## Model Test Baseline Model:
##
##      Test statistic                  124.316
##      Degrees of freedom              44
```

```

##      P-value                                0.000
##
## User Model versus Baseline Model:
##
##      Comparative Fit Index (CFI)                1.000
##      Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI)                  1.069
##
## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria:
##
##      Loglikelihood user model (H0)              -650.724
##      Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1)       -637.603
##
##      Akaike (AIC)                              1345.448
##      Bayesian (BIC)                            1392.245
##      Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (SABIC)      1323.026
##
## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation:
##
##      RMSEA                                    0.000
##      90 Percent confidence interval - lower      0.000
##      90 Percent confidence interval - upper      0.080
##      P-value H_0: RMSEA <= 0.050                0.829
##      P-value H_0: RMSEA >= 0.080                0.049
##
## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual:
##
##      SRMR                                    0.076
##
## Parameter Estimates:
##
##      Standard errors                        Standard
##      Information                          Expected
##      Information saturated (h1) model      Structured
##
## Latent Variables:
##      Estimate  Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|)  Std.lv  Std.all
##      soil_microbe =~
##      barc.richness      1.000
##      fungi.richness     0.361    0.165    2.194    0.028    0.305    0.308
##      chmhttrtrphy_lg    0.192    0.164    1.167    0.243    0.162    0.163
##      n.cycler_log        0.908    0.194    4.675    0.000    0.768    0.774
##      saprotroph          0.442    0.165    2.680    0.007    0.374    0.377
##
## Regressions:
##      Estimate  Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z|)  Std.lv  Std.all
##      notree ~
##      rocks      -0.615    0.239   -2.567    0.010   -0.615   -0.307
##      notree.18    0.535    0.107    5.011    0.000    0.535    0.530
##      tree       -0.037    0.106   -0.347    0.728   -0.037   -0.036
##      OM_log ~
##      rocks        0.249    0.250    0.996    0.319    0.249    0.126
##      soil_microbe ~
##      rocks       -0.106    0.237   -0.446    0.656   -0.125   -0.063
##      notree.18 ~

```

```
##      rocks          0.674    0.237    2.844    0.004    0.674    0.340
##
## Covariances:
##           Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|) Std.lv Std.all
## .soil_microbe ~~
## .OM_log          0.370    0.129    2.861    0.004    0.439    0.446
## .notree ~~
## .OM_log          0.332    0.115    2.877    0.004    0.332    0.393
## .soil_microbe ~~
## .notree          0.213    0.107    1.991    0.046    0.252    0.294
##
## Variances:
##           Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|) Std.lv Std.all
## .barc.richness    0.269    0.138    1.955    0.051    0.269    0.274
## .fungi.richness   0.891    0.164    5.442    0.000    0.891    0.905
## .chmhttrtrphy_lg 0.958    0.173    5.535    0.000    0.958    0.973
## .n.cycler_log     0.395    0.129    3.067    0.002    0.395    0.401
## .saprotroph       0.844    0.157    5.367    0.000    0.844    0.858
## .notree           0.740    0.133    5.568    0.000    0.740    0.737
## .OM_log           0.968    0.174    5.568    0.000    0.968    0.984
## .notree.18        0.870    0.156    5.568    0.000    0.870    0.885
## .soil_microbe     0.712    0.213    3.349    0.001    0.996    0.996
```

```
modindices(fit1, sort = TRUE, minimum.value = 3.5)
```

```
##           lhs op   rhs   mi   epc sepc.lv sepc.all sepc.nox
## 50          saprotroph ~~ OM_log 4.331 -0.213 -0.213 -0.235 -0.235
## 43 chemoheterotrophy_log ~~ OM_log 3.616 0.203 0.203 0.211 0.211
```

```
# OM already covaries with soil microbiome latent variable;
# does not make sense to add paths for saprotrophs or chemoheterotrophs.
```

Model 2

Model for Supp Fig 9.

```
mod2 <- '
# latent variables
soil_microbe =~ barc.richness + fungi.richness + chemoheterotrophy_log + n.cycler_log + saprotroph

# structure
notree ~ rocks + notree.18 + tree
TN_log ~ rocks
soil_microbe ~ rocks
notree.18 ~ rocks

# covariance
TN_log ~~ soil_microbe
TN_log ~~ notree
soil_microbe ~~ notree
'

fit2 <- sem(mod2, data = sem.dat)
summary(fit2, fit.measures = TRUE, standardized = TRUE)
```

```

## lavaan 0.6.16 ended normally after 32 iterations
##
## Estimator ML
## Optimization method NLMINB
## Number of model parameters 22
##
## Number of observations 62
##
## Model Test User Model:
##
## Test statistic 31.847
## Degrees of freedom 30
## P-value (Chi-square) 0.375
##
## Model Test Baseline Model:
##
## Test statistic 164.607
## Degrees of freedom 44
## P-value 0.000
##
## User Model versus Baseline Model:
##
## Comparative Fit Index (CFI) 0.985
## Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI) 0.978
##
## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria:
##
## Loglikelihood user model (H0) -633.381
## Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1) -617.457
##
## Akaike (AIC) 1310.762
## Bayesian (BIC) 1357.559
## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (SABIC) 1288.340
##
## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation:
##
## RMSEA 0.032
## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.000
## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.103
## P-value H_0: RMSEA <= 0.050 0.595
## P-value H_0: RMSEA >= 0.080 0.165
##
## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual:
##
## SRMR 0.079
##
## Parameter Estimates:
##
## Standard errors Standard
## Information Expected
## Information saturated (h1) model Structured
##
## Latent Variables:
## Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|) Std.lv Std.all

```



```
## soil_microbe =~
##   barc.richness      1.000                0.808    0.815
##   fungi.richness     0.455    0.167    2.719    0.007    0.367    0.370
##   chmhttrtrphy_lg    0.284    0.169    1.679    0.093    0.229    0.231
##   n.cycler_log        0.948    0.163    5.802    0.000    0.766    0.772
##   saprotroph          0.464    0.167    2.777    0.005    0.375    0.378
##
## Regressions:
##           Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|) Std.lv Std.all
## notree ~
##   rocks      -0.651    0.237   -2.744    0.006   -0.651   -0.315
##   notree.18    0.593    0.099    6.011    0.000    0.593    0.570
##   tree       -0.033    0.098   -0.336    0.737   -0.033   -0.032
## TN_log ~
##   rocks      0.177    0.251    0.706    0.480    0.177    0.089
## soil_microbe ~
##   rocks     -0.102    0.230   -0.444    0.657   -0.126   -0.063
## notree.18 ~
##   rocks      0.674    0.237    2.844    0.004    0.674    0.340
##
## Covariances:
##           Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|) Std.lv Std.all
## .soil_microbe ~~
##   .TN_log      0.602    0.145    4.157    0.000    0.747    0.756
## .notree ~~
##   .TN_log      0.454    0.123    3.696    0.000    0.454    0.532
## .soil_microbe ~~
##   .notree      0.214    0.104    2.054    0.040    0.266    0.308
##
## Variances:
##           Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|) Std.lv Std.all
## .barc.richness  0.331    0.100    3.310    0.001    0.331    0.337
## .fungi.richness 0.849    0.157    5.398    0.000    0.849    0.863
## .chmhttrtrphy_lg 0.931    0.169    5.508    0.000    0.931    0.947
## .n.cycler_log    0.397    0.103    3.867    0.000    0.397    0.404
## .saprotroph      0.843    0.156    5.389    0.000    0.843    0.857
## .notree          0.746    0.134    5.568    0.000    0.746    0.699
## .TN_log          0.976    0.175    5.568    0.000    0.976    0.992
## .notree.18       0.870    0.156    5.568    0.000    0.870    0.885
## .soil_microbe    0.650    0.184    3.529    0.000    0.996    0.996
```

```
modindices(fit2, sort = TRUE, minimum.value = 3.5)
```

```
##           lhs op           rhs    mi    epc sepc.lv sepc.all sepc.nox
## 43 chemoheterotrophy_log ~~ TN_log 6.485 0.207    0.207    0.217    0.217
## 29      barc.richness ~~ n.cycler_log 4.776 0.303    0.303    0.835    0.835
## 38      fungi.richness ~~ TN_log 4.552 0.170    0.170    0.187    0.187
## 39      fungi.richness ~~ notree.18 4.096 0.224    0.224    0.260    0.260
```

```
# TN already covaries with soil microbiome latent variable;
# does not make sense to add path.
# Prior veg (notree.18) is too far removed to have a plausible
```

Model 3

Model for Supp Fig 10.

```
mod3 <- '
  # latent variables
  soil_microbe =~ barc.richness + fungi.richness + chemoheterotrophy_log +
  n.cyclor_log + saprotroph

  # structure
  herb ~ rocks + herb.18 + tree
  OM_log ~ rocks
  soil_microbe ~ rocks
  herb.18 ~ rocks

  # covariance
  OM_log ~~ soil_microbe
  OM_log ~~ herb
  soil_microbe ~~ herb
'
```

```
fit3 <- sem(mod3, data = sem.dat)
summary(fit3, fit.measures = TRUE, standardized = TRUE)
```

```
## lavaan 0.6.16 ended normally after 27 iterations
##
##      Estimator                      ML
##      Optimization method          NLMINB
##      Number of model parameters      22
##
##      Number of observations          62
##
## Model Test User Model:
##
##      Test statistic                21.703
##      Degrees of freedom              30
##      P-value (Chi-square)           0.865
##
## Model Test Baseline Model:
##
##      Test statistic                113.947
##      Degrees of freedom              44
##      P-value                        0.000
##
## User Model versus Baseline Model:
##
##      Comparative Fit Index (CFI)    1.000
##      Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI)      1.174
##
## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria:
##
##      Loglikelihood user model (H0)  -653.639
##      Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1) -642.787
##
##      Akaike (AIC)                  1351.278
```

```

## Bayesian (BIC) 1398.075
## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (SABIC) 1328.856
##
## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation:
##
## RMSEA 0.000
## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.000
## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.052
## P-value H_0: RMSEA <= 0.050 0.946
## P-value H_0: RMSEA >= 0.080 0.011
##
## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual:
##
## SRMR 0.069
##
## Parameter Estimates:
##
## Standard errors Standard
## Information Expected
## Information saturated (h1) model Structured
##
## Latent Variables:
## Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|) Std.lv Std.all
## soil_microbe =~
## barc.richness 1.000 0.850 0.857
## fungi.richness 0.351 0.163 2.151 0.031 0.298 0.301
## chmhttrtrphy_lg 0.194 0.163 1.194 0.233 0.165 0.167
## n.cycler_log 0.899 0.189 4.762 0.000 0.764 0.770
## saprotroph 0.442 0.163 2.703 0.007 0.375 0.378
##
## Regressions:
## Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|) Std.lv Std.all
## herb ~
## rocks -0.485 0.234 -2.070 0.038 -0.485 -0.250
## herb.18 0.391 0.102 3.839 0.000 0.391 0.400
## tree -0.102 0.106 -0.965 0.335 -0.102 -0.104
## OM_log ~
## rocks 0.249 0.250 0.996 0.319 0.249 0.126
## soil_microbe ~
## rocks -0.106 0.238 -0.443 0.658 -0.124 -0.062
## herb.18 ~
## rocks 0.334 0.248 1.347 0.178 0.334 0.169
##
## Covariances:
## Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|) Std.lv Std.all
## .soil_microbe ~~
## .OM_log 0.371 0.130 2.867 0.004 0.438 0.445
## .herb ~~
## .OM_log 0.349 0.118 2.954 0.003 0.349 0.405
## .soil_microbe ~~
## .herb 0.268 0.112 2.404 0.016 0.316 0.361
##
## Variances:
## Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|) Std.lv Std.all

```

```
##      .barc.richness      0.261      0.135      1.936      0.053      0.261      0.266
##      .fungi.richness     0.895      0.164      5.451      0.000      0.895      0.910
##      .chmhttrtrphy_lg    0.957      0.173      5.535      0.000      0.957      0.972
##      .n.cycler_log        0.400      0.126      3.172      0.002      0.400      0.407
##      .saprotroph          0.843      0.157      5.369      0.000      0.843      0.857
##      .herb                0.766      0.138      5.568      0.000      0.766      0.813
##      .OM_log              0.968      0.174      5.568      0.000      0.968      0.984
##      .herb.18             0.956      0.172      5.568      0.000      0.956      0.972
##      .soil_microbe        0.720      0.212      3.401      0.001      0.996      0.996
```

```
modindices(fit3, sort = TRUE, minimum.value = 3.5)
```

```
##      lhs op      rhs      mi      epc sepc.lv sepc.all sepc.nox
## 50 saprotroph ~~ OM_log 4.195 -0.21  -0.21  -0.232  -0.232
```

```
# OM already covaries with soil microbiome latent variable;
# does not make sense to add path for saprotrophs.
```

Model 4

Model for Fig 6.

```
mod4 <- '
# latent variables
soil_microbe =~ barc.richness + fungi.richness + chemoheterotrophy_log +
n.cycler_log + saprotroph

# structure
herb ~ rocks + herb.18 + tree
TN_log ~ rocks
soil_microbe ~ rocks
herb.18 ~ rocks

# covariance
TN_log ~~ soil_microbe
TN_log ~~ herb
soil_microbe ~~ herb
'

fit4 <- sem(mod4, data = sem.dat)
summary(fit4, fit.measures = TRUE, standardized = TRUE)
```

```
## lavaan 0.6.16 ended normally after 30 iterations
##
##      Estimator                      ML
##      Optimization method          NLMINB
##      Number of model parameters          22
##
##      Number of observations          62
##
## Model Test User Model:
##
##      Test statistic                  25.702
```

```

## Degrees of freedom          30
## P-value (Chi-square)       0.690
##
## Model Test Baseline Model:
##
## Test statistic             148.339
## Degrees of freedom         44
## P-value                    0.000
##
## User Model versus Baseline Model:
##
## Comparative Fit Index (CFI)      1.000
## Tucker-Lewis Index (TLI)        1.060
##
## Loglikelihood and Information Criteria:
##
## Loglikelihood user model (H0)    -638.442
## Loglikelihood unrestricted model (H1) -625.591
##
## Akaike (AIC)                  1320.884
## Bayesian (BIC)                 1367.681
## Sample-size adjusted Bayesian (SABIC) 1298.463
##
## Root Mean Square Error of Approximation:
##
## RMSEA                        0.000
## 90 Percent confidence interval - lower 0.000
## 90 Percent confidence interval - upper 0.077
## P-value H_0: RMSEA <= 0.050      0.847
## P-value H_0: RMSEA >= 0.080      0.042
##
## Standardized Root Mean Square Residual:
##
## SRMR                        0.066
##
## Parameter Estimates:
##
## Standard errors              Standard
## Information                  Expected
## Information saturated (h1) model Structured
##
## Latent Variables:
##      Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|) Std.lv Std.all
## soil_microbe =~
##   barc.richness    1.000
##   fungi.richness   0.451    0.167    2.711    0.007    0.366    0.369
##   chmhttrtrphy_lg  0.273    0.168    1.623    0.105    0.222    0.224
##   n.cycler_log     0.940    0.163    5.764    0.000    0.763    0.770
##   saprotroph       0.467    0.166    2.810    0.005    0.379    0.383
##
## Regressions:
##      Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|) Std.lv Std.all
## herb ~
##   rocks          -0.495    0.233   -2.121    0.034   -0.495   -0.253

```

```

##      herb.18          0.413    0.098    4.236    0.000    0.413    0.418
##      tree            -0.106    0.101   -1.043    0.297   -0.106   -0.107
##      TN_log ~
##      rocks           0.177    0.251    0.706    0.480    0.177    0.089
##      soil_microbe ~
##      rocks           -0.102    0.231   -0.439    0.660   -0.125   -0.063
##      herb.18 ~
##      rocks           0.334    0.248    1.347    0.178    0.334    0.169
##
## Covariances:
##              Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|) Std.lv Std.all
##      .soil_microbe ~~
##      .TN_log          0.604    0.145    4.162    0.000    0.745    0.754
##      .herb ~~
##      .TN_log          0.442    0.123    3.589    0.000    0.442    0.512
##      .soil_microbe ~~
##      .herb            0.256    0.108    2.374    0.018    0.316    0.362
##
## Variances:
##              Estimate Std.Err z-value P(>|z|) Std.lv Std.all
##      .barc.richness    0.325    0.101    3.225    0.001    0.325    0.330
##      .fungi.richness   0.850    0.157    5.397    0.000    0.850    0.863
##      .chmhttrtrphy_lg 0.935    0.170    5.511    0.000    0.935    0.950
##      .n.cycler_log     0.401    0.104    3.873    0.000    0.401    0.408
##      .saprotroph       0.840    0.156    5.383    0.000    0.840    0.854
##      .herb             0.765    0.137    5.568    0.000    0.765    0.798
##      .TN_log           0.976    0.175    5.568    0.000    0.976    0.992
##      .herb.18          0.956    0.172    5.568    0.000    0.956    0.972
##      .soil_microbe     0.656    0.185    3.541    0.000    0.996    0.996

```

```
modindices(fit4, sort = TRUE, minimum.value = 3.5)
```

```

##              lhs op              rhs   mi   epc sepc.lv sepc.all sepc.nox
## 38      fungi.richness ~~      TN_log 7.073 0.220   0.220   0.241   0.241
## 29      barc.richness ~~ n.cycler_log 4.802 0.309   0.309   0.855   0.855
## 43 chemoheterotrophy_log ~~      TN_log 4.418 0.177   0.177   0.186   0.186

```

```

# TN already covaries with soil microbiome latent variable;
# does not make sense to add path for chemoheterotrophs or fungal richness.
# Effect of soil microbiome is modeled as a single latent variable,
# so bacterial/archeal richness and N-cyclers do not need to covary.

```