Ι.

z=1 or z=-1

We must set the denominator equal to 0 and solve: $z^4 - 1 = 0$

$$(z^{2}-1) (z^{2}+1) = 0$$

 $(z^{2}-1) = 0$
 $(z-1) (z+1) = 0$

There is vertical asymptote at $z\!=\!1$ and at $z\!=\!-1$ To find the horizontal asymptote :

First we must compare the degrees of the polynomials. The numerator contains a 3rd degree polynomial while the

denominator contains a 5 degree polynomial.

Since the polynomial in the numerator is a lower degree than the denominator,

Since the polynomial in the numerator is a lower degree than the denominator, the horizontal asymptote is located at e=0. To find the oblique asymptote : Since the degrees of the numerator are less than the degrees of the denominator,

> -0.4 +0.6

To find the vertical asymptote :

this rational does not have an oblique asymptote