

Vertex of the Quadratic

Given a quadratic $m(g) = a g^2 + b g + c$ compute its value at

$$g_1 = -\frac{b}{2a} \text{ namely } m(g_1) = c - \frac{b^2}{4a}$$

Now compute the same quadratic at g_1+h , namely

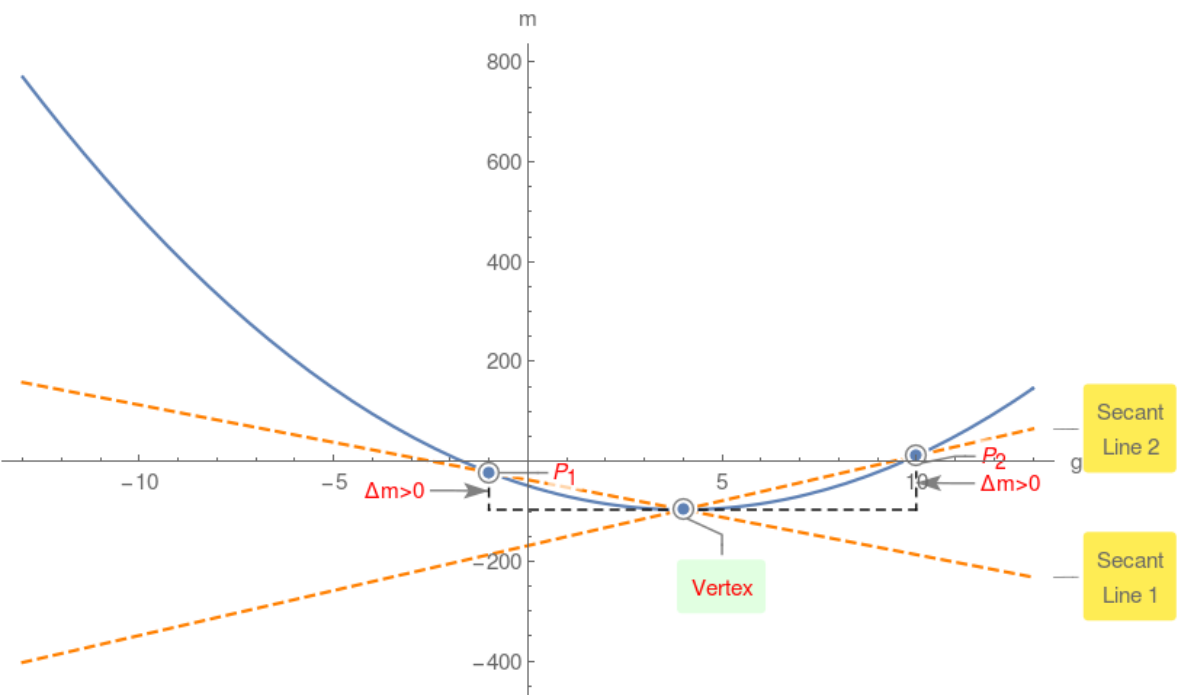
$$m(g_1+h) = -\frac{b^2}{4a} + a h^2 + c$$

$$\text{Compute } \Delta = m(g_1+h) - m(g_1) = a h^2$$

Since $h^2 > 0$, therefore if $a > 0$ then $\Delta > 0$ or vertex is the global minimum!

Example 1.

$$m(g) = 3g^2 - 24g - 49$$



However if $a < 0$ then $\Delta < 0$ or vertex is the global maximum!

Example 2.

$$m(g) = -g^2 + 2g - 53$$

