## Vertex of the Quadratic

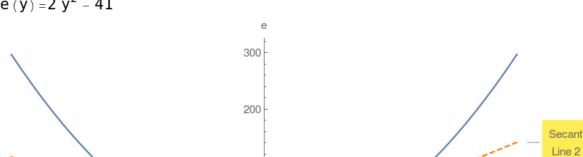
 $y_1 = -\frac{b}{2a}$  namely  $e(y_1) = c - \frac{b^2}{4a}$ Now compute the same quadratic at  $\mathsf{y}_{1^+}\mathsf{h}$ , namely

Given a quadratic  $e(y) = a y^2 + b y + c$  compute its value at

 $e(y_1+h) = -\frac{b^2}{4a} + ah^2 + c$ Compute  $\triangle = e(y_1 + h) - e(y_1) = a h^2$ 

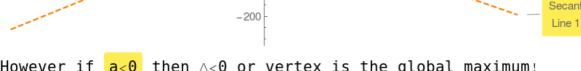
Since  $h^2 > 0$ , therefore if a > 0 then  $\triangle > 0$  or vertex is the global minimum!

## Example 1. $e(y) = 2y^2 - 41$



100

-100



## Example 2.

