$$(k-1) k (k+2)$$
 $(k-4) (k-1) k$
 $(k-2) (k-1)^{2}$

2. $k^3 - 4 k^2 + 5 k - 2$ has a factor (k-1) compute all other factors:

Solution

Apply Long Division.

(k-3) (k-1) (k+3)

 $(k-2)(k-1)^2$