

5.

## Solution

To find the  $r$ -intercept, we set  $e$  equal to 0, so :

$$e(r) = r^2 - 10r + 24 = (-6 + r)(-4 + r) = 0$$

$$-4 + r = 0 \text{ or } -6 + r = 0$$

$$r = 4 \text{ or } r = 6$$

So, the  $r$ -intercepts are at the points  $(4, 0)$  and  $(6, 0)$