We must set the denominator equal to 0 and solve: $b^4 - 625 = 0$

To find the vertical asymptote :

 $(b^2-25)(b^2+25)=0$ $(b^2 - 25) = 0$ (b-5)(b+5)=0

b=5 or b=-5There is vertical asymptote at b=5 and at b=-5

To find the horizontal asymptote :

First we must compare the degrees of the polynomials. The numerator contains a 3rd degree polynomial while the

denominator contains a 4th degree polynomial. Since the polynomial in the numerator is a lower degree than the denominator,

the horizontal asymptote is located at q=0.

To find the oblique asymptote : Since the degrees of the numerator are less than the degrees of the denominator, this rational does not have an oblique asymptote

-0.2

0.2 -1010