or and a second second

To find the vertical asymptote : We must set the denominator equal to 0 and solve:  $c_{+}1_{=}0$ 

C+1=0 C=-1

There is a vertical asymptote at c=-1 To find the horizontal asymptote :

The horizontal asymptote is at g=1

First we must compare the degrees of the polynomials.

Both the numerator and denominator are 1<sup>st</sup> degree polynomials.

Both the numerator and denominator are 1° degree polynomials. Since they are the same degree, we must divide the coefficients of the highest terms.

In the numerator, the coefficient of the highest term is 1

In the denominator, the coefficient of the highest term is an understood 1.

To find the oblique asymptote :
Since the degrees of the numerator and the denominator are the same,
this rational does not have an oblique asymptote

