

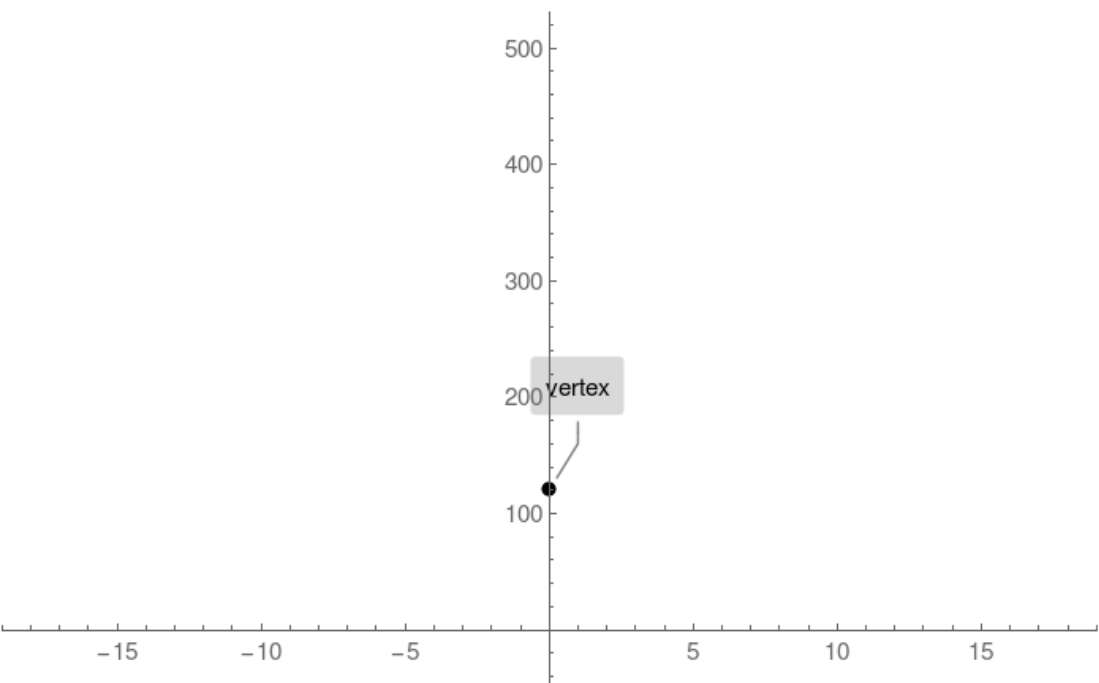
Example 3. Vertex equal to vertical intercept

Plot $m(q) = q^2 + 120$

Step 1.

Compute vertex and plot single point:

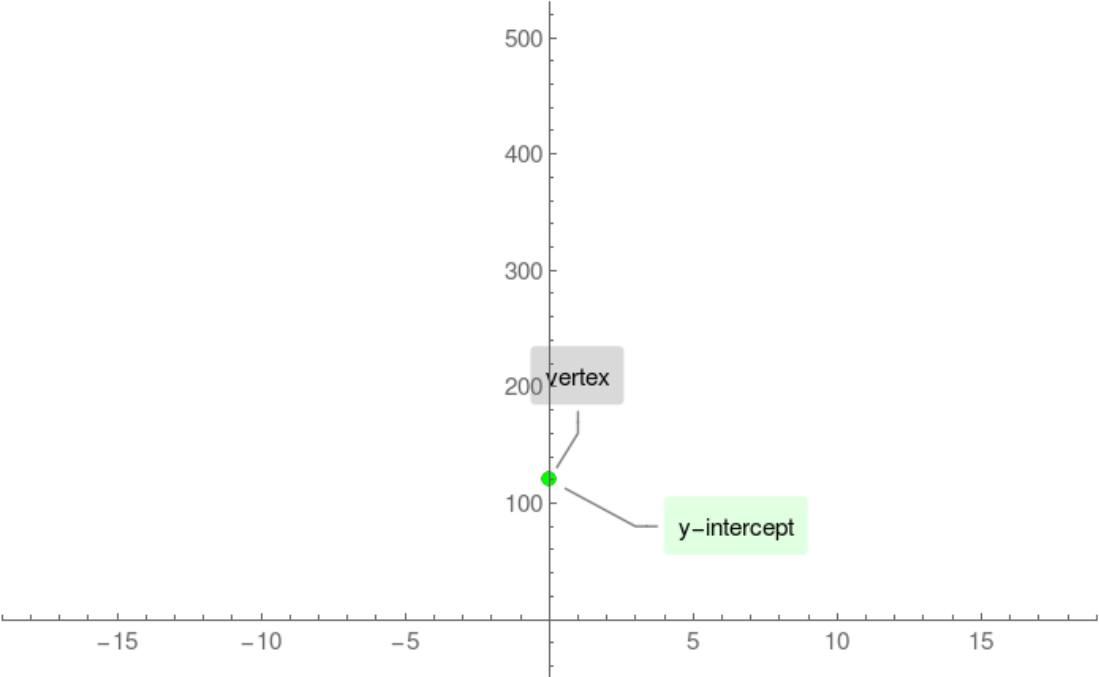
vertex = $(0, 120)$



Step 2.

Compute m-intercept and plot single point:

m-intercept = $(0, 120)$

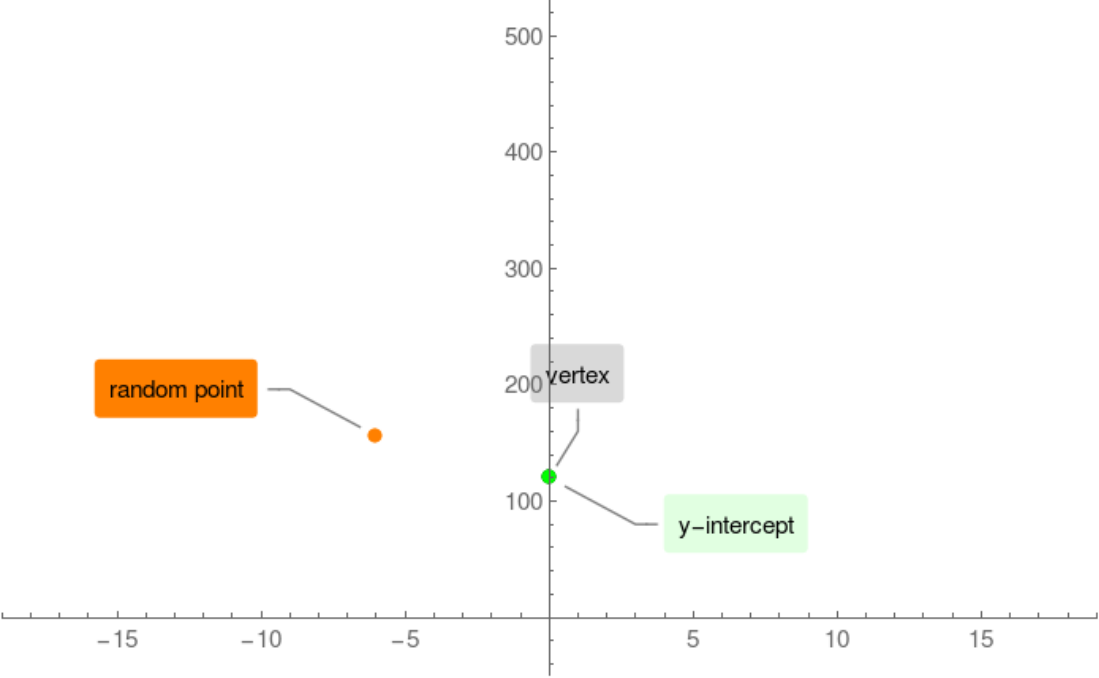


Step 3.

There are no q-intercepts!

Instead compute an arbitrary point on any side of vertex:

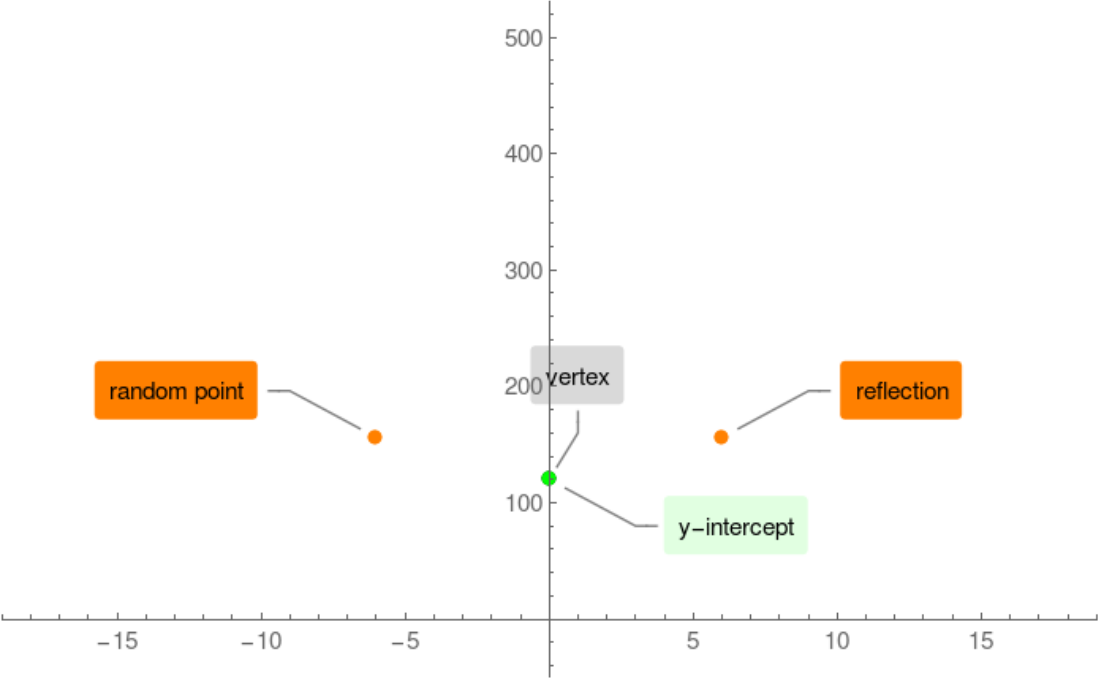
Random point = $(-6, 156)$



Step 4.

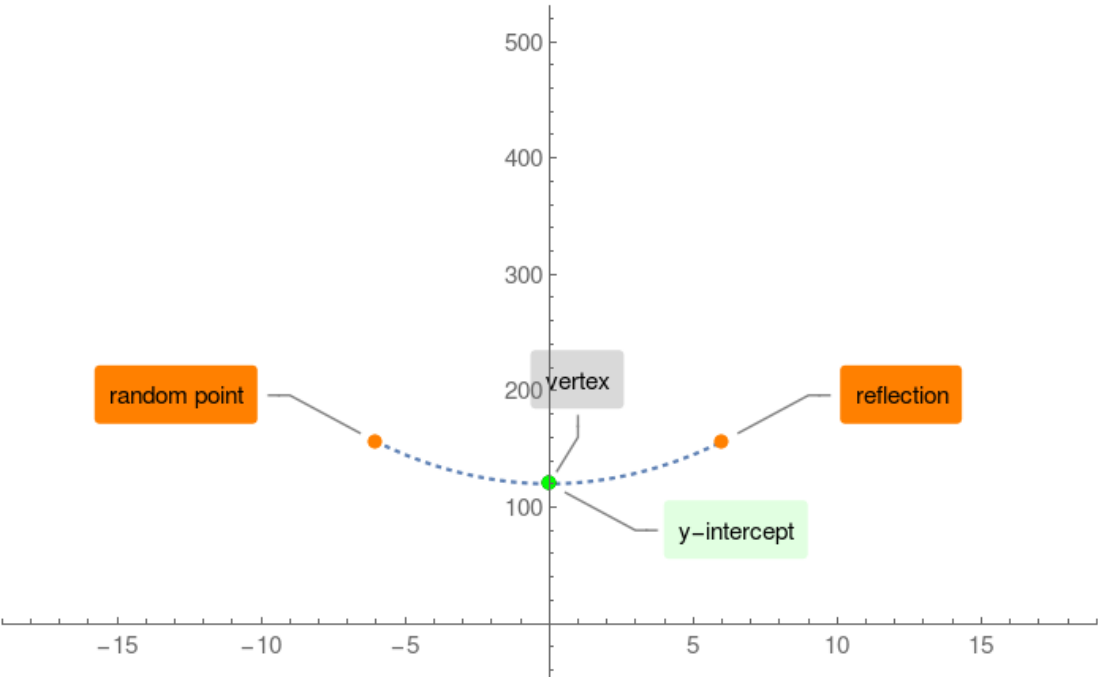
Reflect the point against the vertex's vertical axes:

Reflection = $(6, 156)$



Step 5.

connect the above computed points:



Step 6.

Extend the parabola beyond the range of intercepts

