## 1.

We must set the denominator equal to 0 and solve:  $q^3 - 1 = 0$ 

To find the vertical asymptote :

To find the oblique asymptote :

q=1
There is a vertical asymptote at q=1
To find the horizontal asymptote :

First we must compare the degrees of the polynomials. The numerator contains a 2<sup>nd</sup> degree polynomial while the denominator contains a 3<sup>rd</sup> degree polynomial.

the horizontal asymptote is located at t=0.

Since the polynomial in the numerator is a lower degree than the denominator,

Since the degrees of the numerator are less than the degrees of the denominator, this rational does not have an oblique asymptote

10.6
0.4
0.2
10 15 q

-0.4 -0.6