5.

We must set the denominator equal to 0 and solve: $d^3 - 8 = 0$

d=2 There is a vertical asymptote at d=2

Since the polynomial in the numerator is a lower degree than the denominator,

10

To find the horizontal asymptote : First we must compare the degrees of the polynomials. The numerator contains a 2nd degree polynomial while

the denominator contains a 3rd degree polynomial.

To find the vertical asymptote :

the horizontal asymptote is located at h=0. To find the oblique asymptote : Since the degrees of the numerator are less than the degrees of the denominator, this rational does not have an oblique asymptote $2 \begin{bmatrix} h & h \\ 2 & h \end{bmatrix}$