

4.

## Solution

To find the  $s$ -intercept, we set  $d$  equal to 0, so :

$$d(s) = s^2 - 9 = (-3 + s)(3 + s) = 0$$

$$-3 + s = 0 \text{ or } 3 + s = 0$$

$$s = 3 \text{ or } s = -3$$

So, the  $s$ -intercepts are at the points  $(3, 0)$  and  $(-3, 0)$