So, the axis of symmetry is:  $g = -\frac{5}{6}$ 

where t is the first coordinate of the vertex, and it is equal:  $-\frac{5}{2(2)} = -\frac{5}{6}$ 

## Solution

- the general formula for the line will be g = t

- Since the line of symmetry will always be a vertical line in all of our parabolas,