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To find the vertical asymptote : We must set the denominator equal to 0 and solve: q+1=0 q=-1

There is a vertical asymptote at q=-1 To find the horizontal asymptote :

First we must compare the degrees of the polynomials.

Both the numerator and denominator are 1<sup>st</sup> degree polynomials. Since they are the same degree, we must divide the coefficients of the highest terms.

In the numerator, the coefficient of the highest term is 2

In the denominator, the coefficient of the highest term is an understood 1. The horizontal asymptote is at w=2 To find the oblique asymptote : Since the degrees of the numerator and the denominator are the same,

3.5 3.0 2.5 2.0

5

10

15

1.0

-5

-15

-10

this rational does not have an oblique asymptote