So, the axis of symmetry is:  $n = -\frac{3}{2}$ 

where s is the first coordinate of the vertex, and it is equal:  $-\frac{3}{2(1)} = -\frac{3}{2}$ 

- Solution

- Since the line of symmetry will always be a vertical line in all of our parabolas,

- the general formula for the line will be n = s