

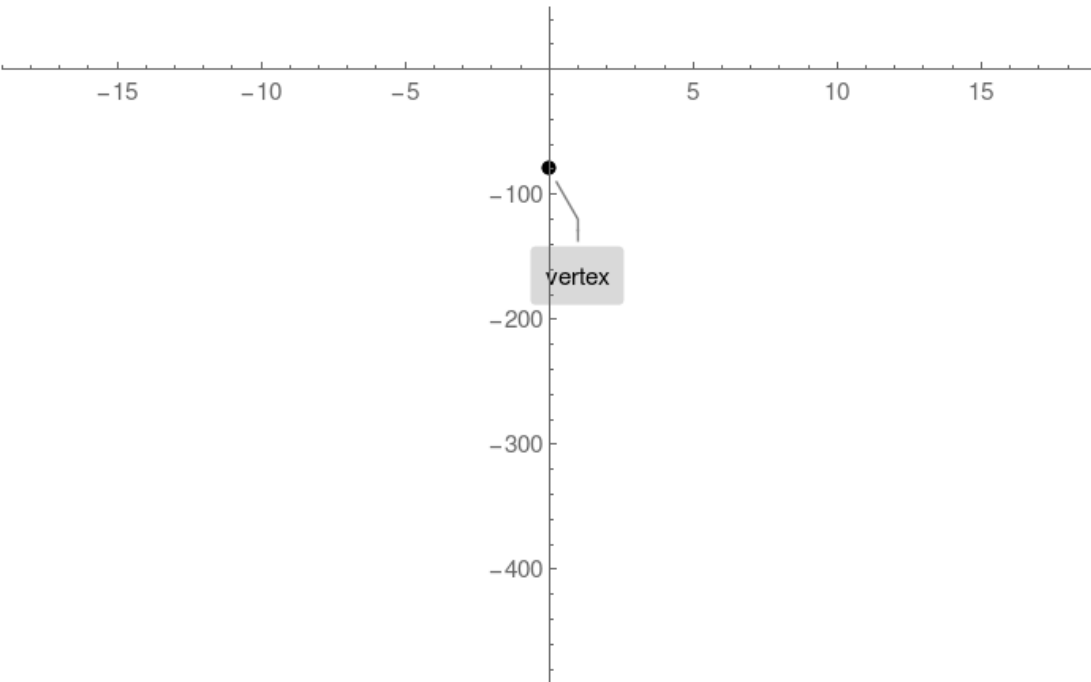
Example 3. Vertex equal to vertical intercept

Plot $n(h) = -h^2 - 80$

Step 1.

Compute vertex and plot single point:

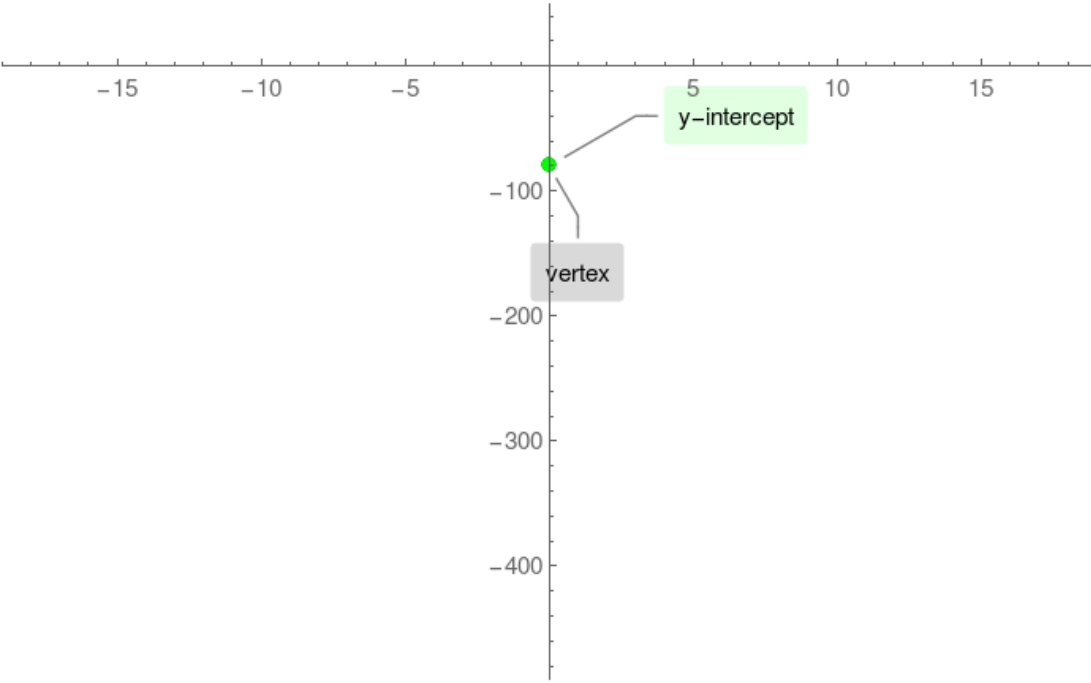
vertex = $(0, -80)$



Step 2.

Compute n-intercept and plot single point:

n-intercept = $(0, -80)$

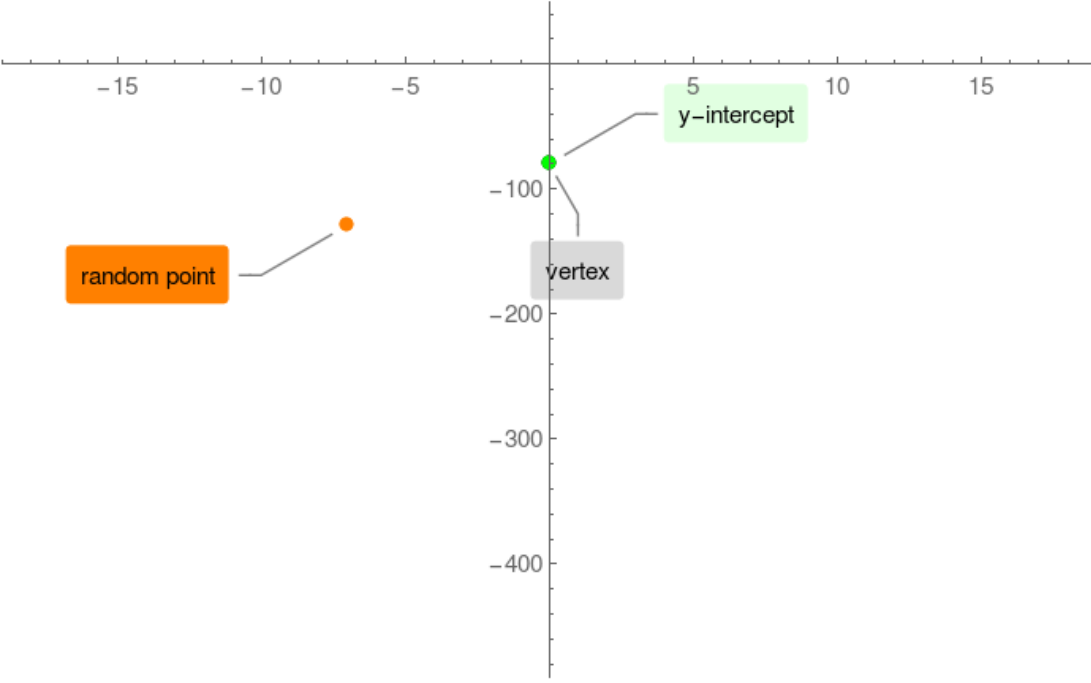


Step 3.

There are no h-intercepts!

Instead compute an arbitrary point on any side of vertex:

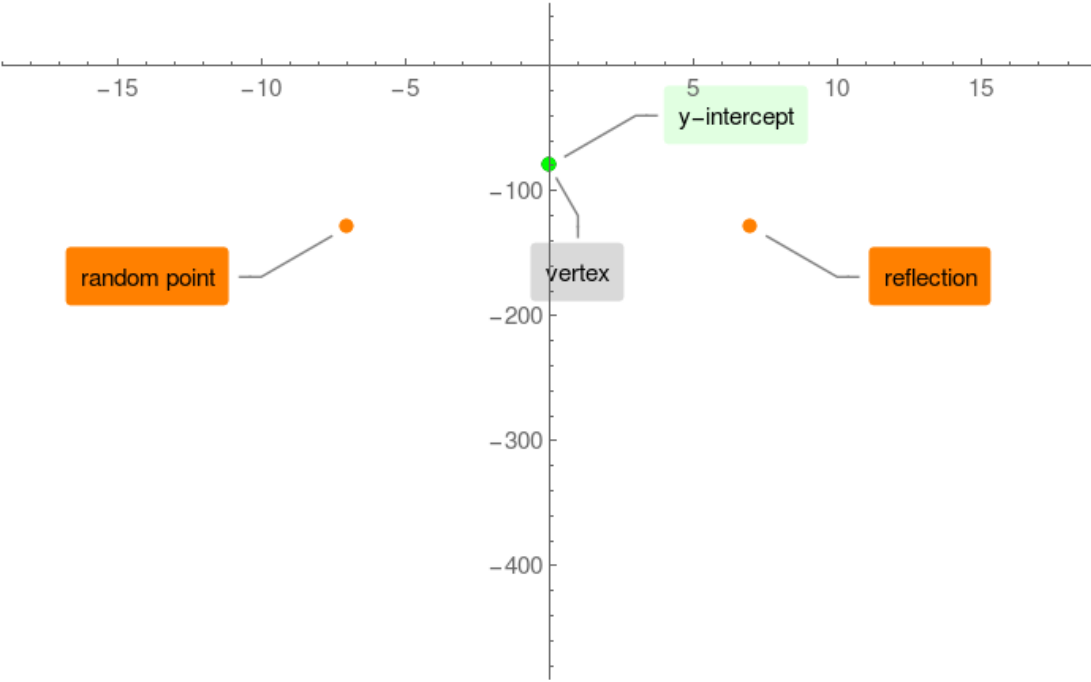
Random point = $(-7, -129)$



Step 4.

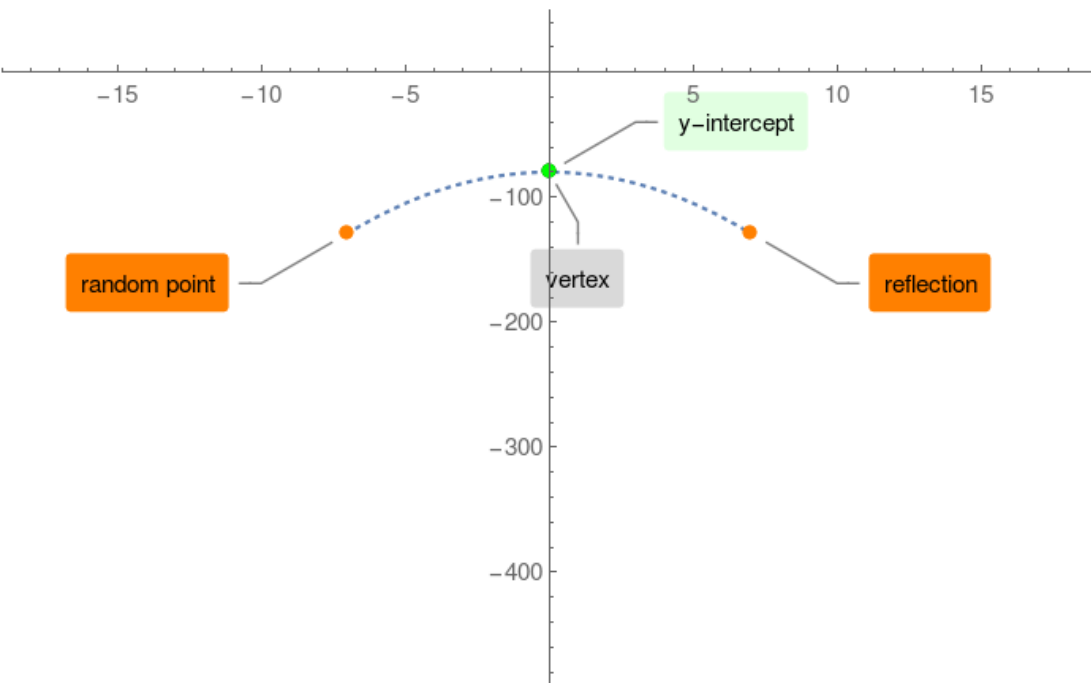
Reflect the point against the vertex's vertical axes:

Reflection = $(7, -129)$



Step 5.

connect the above computed points:



Step 6.

Extend the parabola beyond the range of intercepts

