the general formula for the line will be d = q

So, the axis of symmetry is:  $d = -\frac{3}{2}$ 

Since the line of symmetry will always be a vertical line in all of our parabolas,

where q is the first coordinate of the vertex, and it is equal:  $-\frac{6}{2(2)} = -\frac{3}{2}$ 

## Solution