ο.

We must set the denominator equal to 0 and solve: $h^4-81=0$ $(h^2-9)(h^2+9)=0$

$$(h^2-9)=0$$

 $(h-3)(h+3)=0$
 $h=3 \text{ or } h=-3$

To find the vertical asymptote :

There is vertical asymptote at h=3 and at h=-3 To find the horizontal asymptote : First we must compare the degrees of the polynomials.

The numerator contains a 3rd degree polynomial while the degree polynomial.

denominator contains a 4° degree polynomial. Since the polynomial in the numerator is a lower degree than the denominator, the horizontal asymptote is located at w=0. To find the oblique asymptote :

