Vertex of the Quadratic

 $y_1 = -\frac{b}{2a}$ namely $k(y_1) = c - \frac{b^2}{4a}$ Now compute the same quadratic at $\mathsf{y}_{1^+}\mathsf{h}$, namely

Given a quadratic $k(y) = a y^2 + b y + c$ compute its value at

 $k(y_1+h) = -\frac{b^2}{4a} + a h^2 + c$ Compute $\triangle = k(y_1 + h) - k(y_1) = a h^2$

Since $h^2 > 0$, therefore if a > 0 then $\triangle > 0$ or vertex is the

global minimum! Example 1.

$k(y) = 2y^2 - 33$



