

6.

Solution

Quadratic function: is a function that can be written in the form:

$h(v) = av^2 + bv + c$ where a , b , and c are real numbers and $a \neq 0$

we have $h(v) = -3v^2 + 12v + 16$, note: $-3v^2 + 12v + 16$ is in vh -plane

Here, we know that $a = -3$, $b = 12$, $c = 16$

Since $a < 0$, we know that the h -coordinate of the vertex is a maximum. However, to find the h -coordinate of our vertex we first need to find the v -coordinate of the vertex by using $v = -\frac{b}{2a} = -\frac{12}{-6} = 2$ Now that we have the v -coordinate, we can find the h -coordinate

of the vertex by finding $h(2) = -3(2)^2 + 12(2) + 16 = -12 + 24 + 16 = 28$ Maximum = 28