

6.

Solution

Since the line of symmetry will always be a vertical line in all of our parabolas, the general formula for the line will be $n = e$

where e is the first coordinate of the vertex, and it is equal: $-\frac{2}{2(2)} = -\frac{1}{2}$

So, the axis of symmetry is: $n = -\frac{1}{2}$