So, the axis of symmetry is: $d = -\frac{5}{2}$

where x is the first coordinate of the vertex, and it is equal: $-\frac{5}{2(1)} = -\frac{5}{2}$

- Solution

- Since the line of symmetry will always be a vertical line in all of our parabolas,
- the general formula for the line will be d = x