

# Vertex of the Quadratic

Given a quadratic  $h(n) = an^2 + bn + c$  compute its value at

$$n_1 = -\frac{b}{2a} \text{ namely } h(n_1) = c - \frac{b^2}{4a}$$

Now compute the same quadratic at  $n_1+h$ , namely

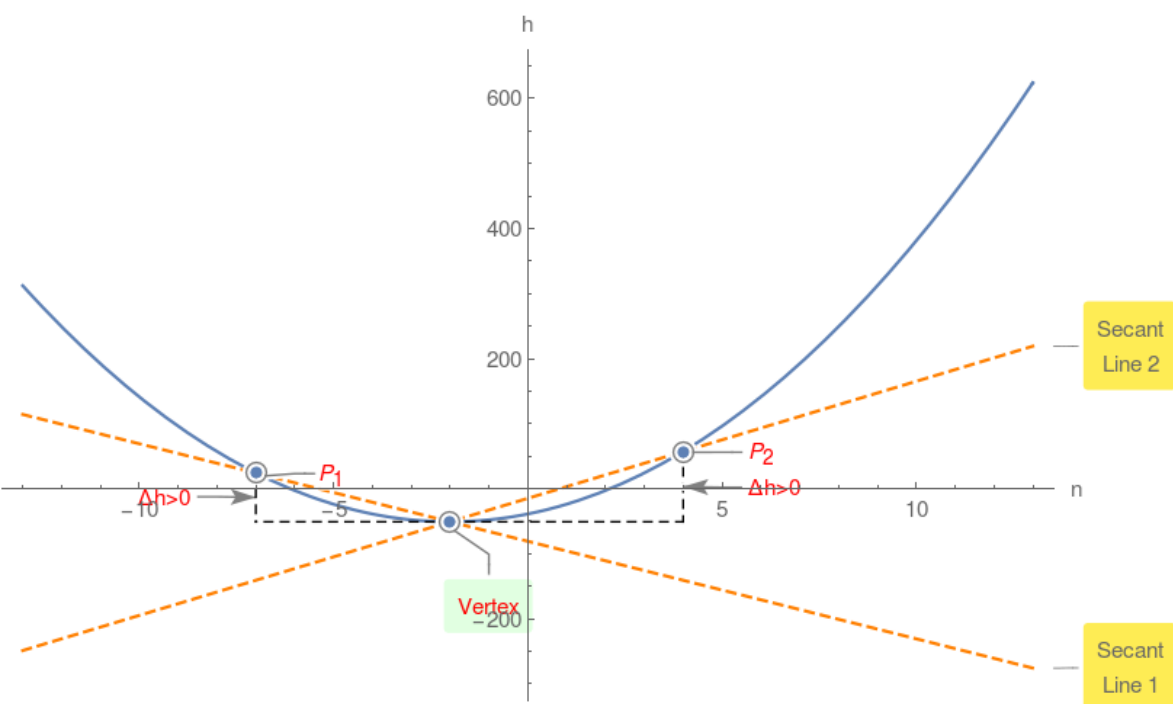
$$h(n_1+h) = -\frac{b^2}{4a} + ah^2 + c$$

$$\text{Compute } \Delta = h(n_1+h) - h(n_1) = ah^2$$

Since  $h^2 > 0$ , therefore if  $a > 0$  then  $\Delta > 0$  or vertex is the global minimum!

## Example 1.

$$h(n) = 3n^2 + 12n - 39$$



However if  $a < 0$  then  $\Delta < 0$  or vertex is the global maximum!

## Example 2.

$$h(n) = -2n^2 - 12n - 58$$

