- Solution

- Since the line of symmetry will always be a vertical line in all of our parabolas,

- the general formula for the line will be u = s
- where s is the first coordinate of the vertex, and it is equal: $-\frac{3}{2\sqrt{2x}} = -\frac{1}{2}$

- So, the axis of symmetry is: $u = -\frac{1}{2}$