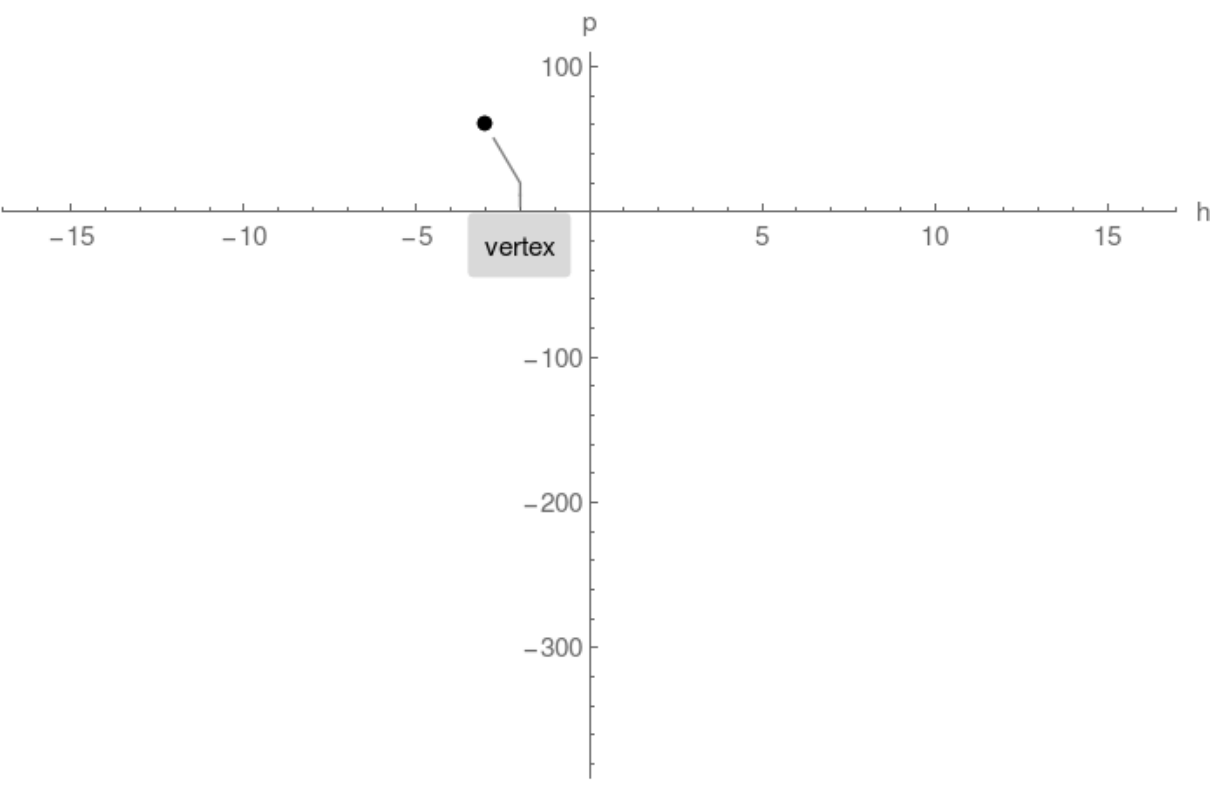
Example 1. 2 horizontal intercepts found

Plot $p(h) = -h^2 - 6h + 51$

Step 1.

Compute vertex and plot single point:

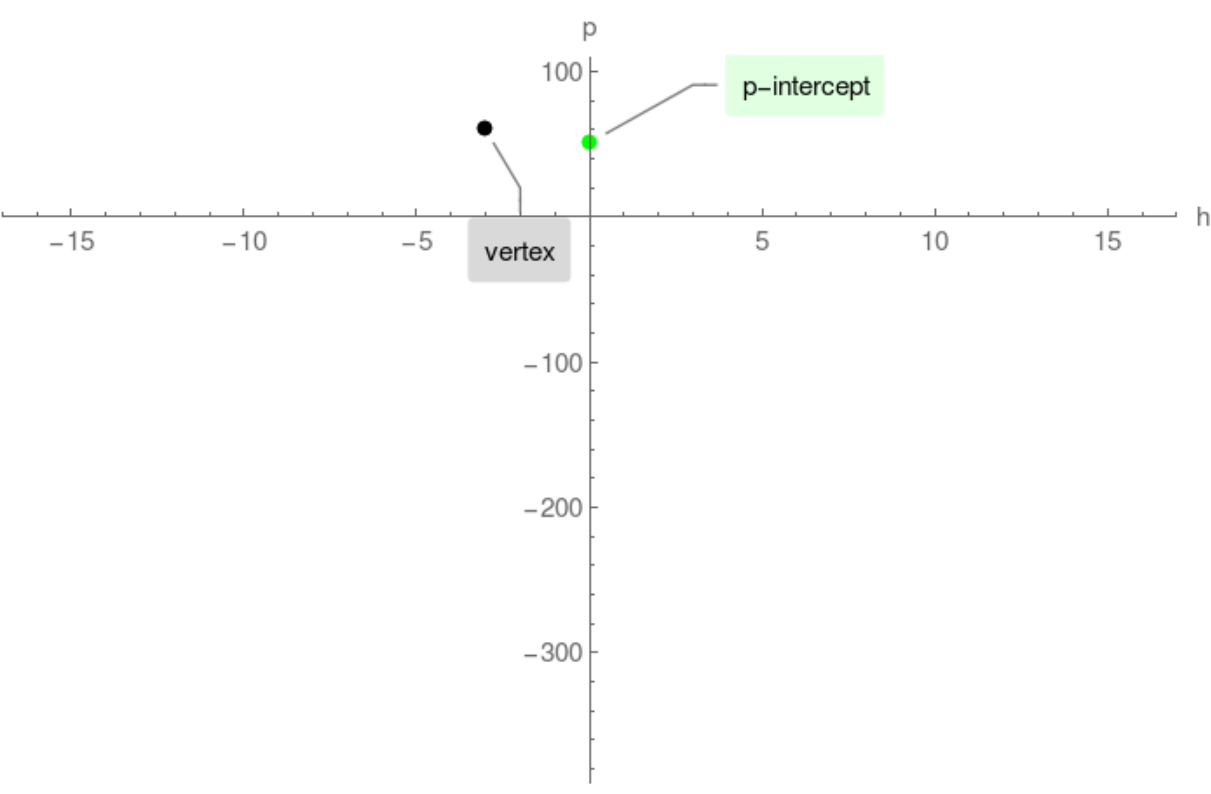
vertex $= (-3, 60)$



Step 2.

Compute p−intercept and plot single point:

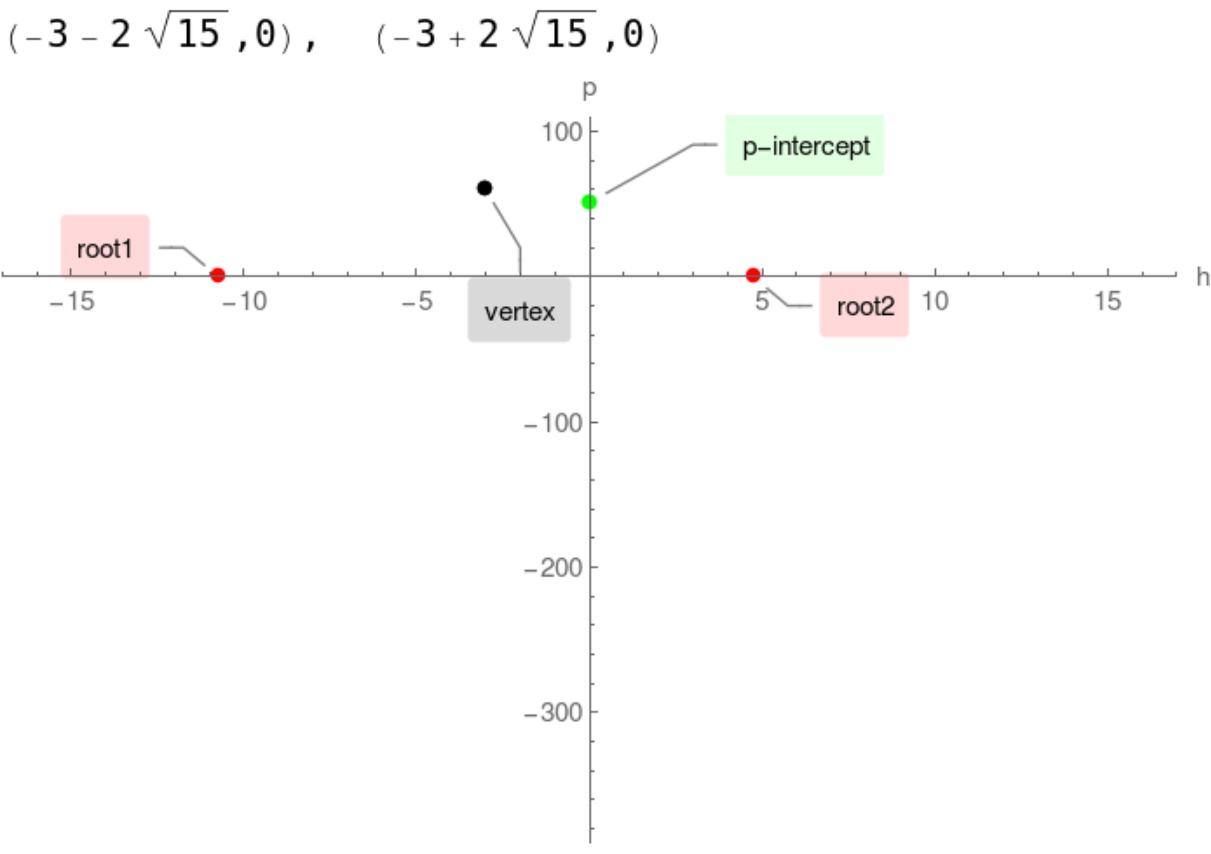
p−intercept $= (0, 51)$



Step 3.

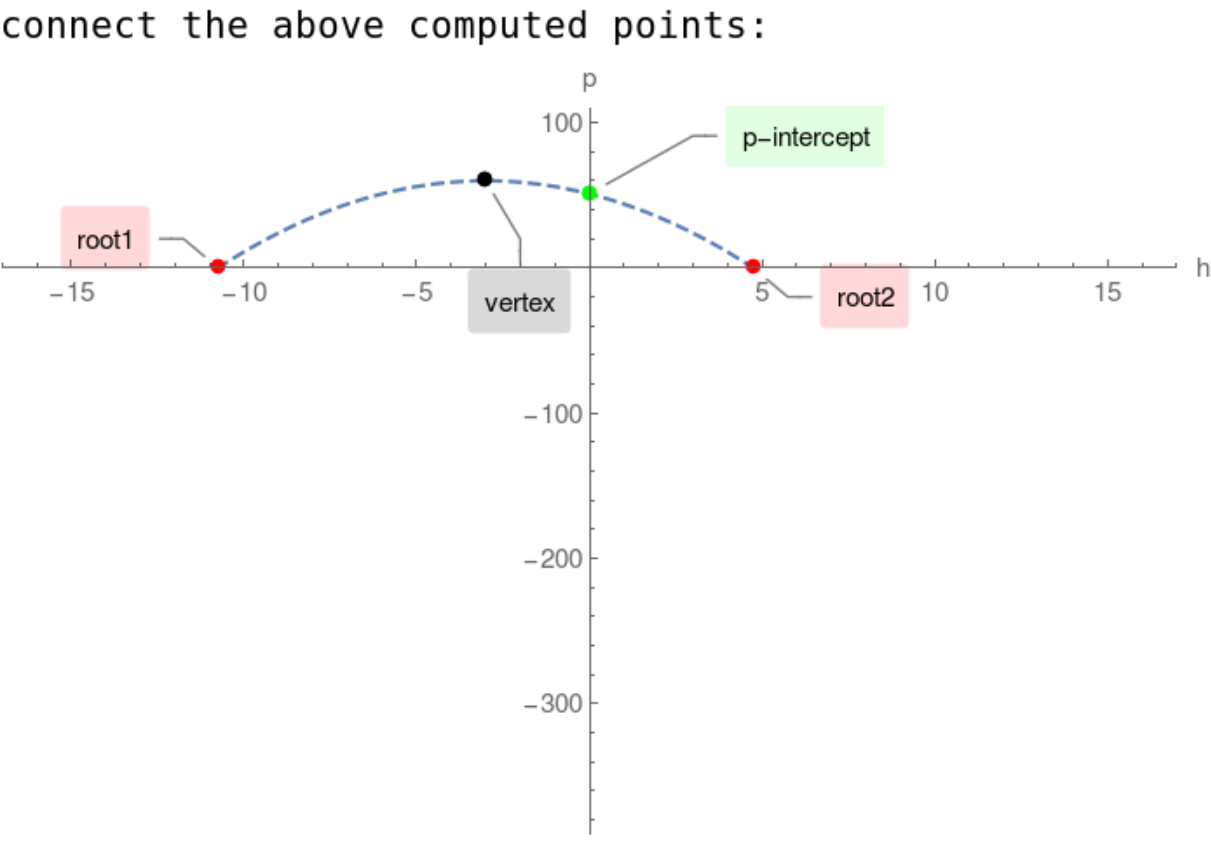
Compute h−intercepts by solving $-h^2 - 6h + 51 = 0$:

$(-3 - 2\sqrt{15}, 0)$, $(-3 + 2\sqrt{15}, 0)$



Step 4.

connect the above computed points:



Step 5.

Extend the parabola beyond the range of intercepts