To find the vertical asymptote: We must set the denominator equal to 0 and solve:

i = -3There is a vertical asymptote at j=-3

To find the horizontal asymptote :

j + 3 = 0

First we must compare the degrees of the polynomials.

Both the numerator and denominator are  $\mathtt{1}^{\mathsf{st}}$  degree polynomials. Since they are the same degree, we must divide the coefficients of the highest terms.

In the numerator, the coefficient of the highest term is 2 In the denominator, the coefficient of the highest term is an understood 1. The horizontal asymptote is at u=2

To find the oblique asymptote : Since the degrees of the numerator and the denominator are the same, this rational does not have an oblique asymptote

