## Solution

To find the vertex, we look at the coefficients in the function  $y(p) = ap^2 + bp + c$ in this equation, a = 3 and b = 4

The first coordinate of the vertex has the formula:  $\frac{-b}{2a}$  now, plugging into formula to get:

 $=-\frac{19}{2}$ 

Therefore, the vertex of the graph of f is  $(-\frac{2}{3}, -\frac{19}{3})$ 

 $\frac{-b}{2a} = -\frac{4}{2(3)} = -\frac{2}{3}$ The second coordinate of the vertex is  $y(-\frac{2}{3}) = 3(-\frac{2}{3})^2 + 4(-\frac{2}{3}) - 5$