Solution

To find the h-intercept, we set m equal to 0, so :

 $m(h) = h^2 + h - 6 = (-2 + h) (3 + h) = 0$ 

-2 + h = 0 or 3 + h = 0

h = 2 or h = -3

So, the h-intercepts are at the points (2,0) and (-3,0)