

Vertex of the Quadratic

Given a quadratic $x(d) = a d^2 + b d + c$ compute its value at

$$d_1 = -\frac{b}{2a} \text{ namely } x(d_1) = c - \frac{b^2}{4a}$$

Now compute the same quadratic at d_1+h , namely

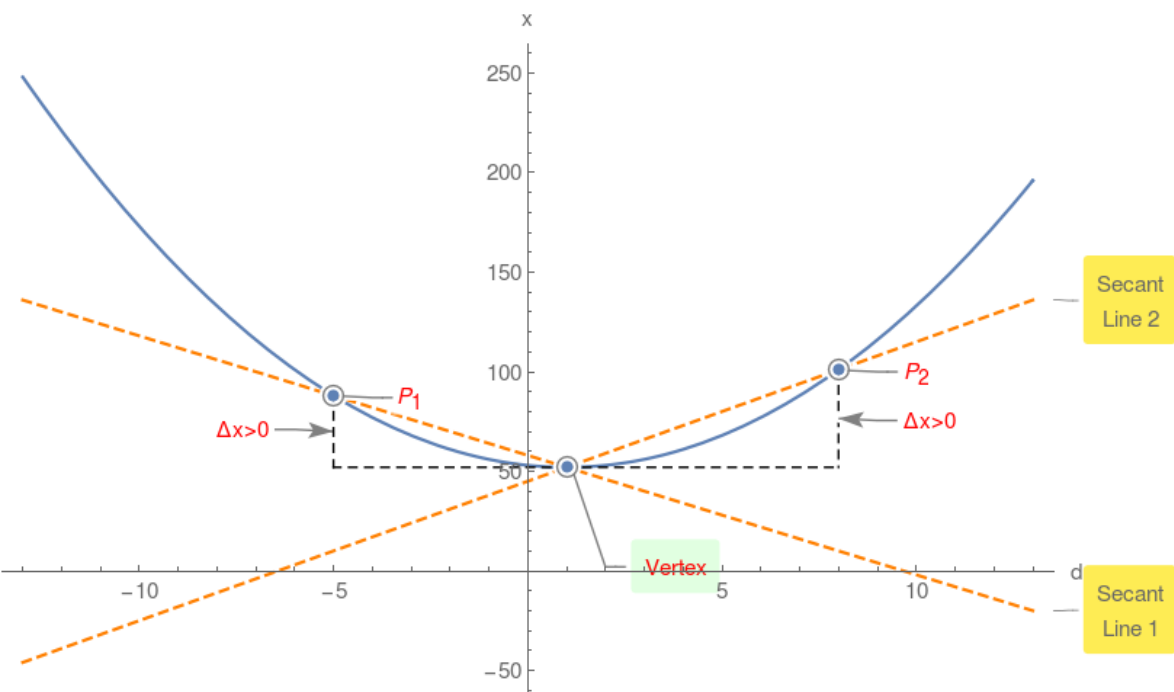
$$x(d_1+h) = -\frac{b^2}{4a} + a h^2 + c$$

$$\text{Compute } \Delta = x(d_1+h) - x(d_1) = a h^2$$

Since $h^2 > 0$, therefore if $a > 0$ then $\Delta > 0$ or vertex is the global minimum!

Example 1.

$$x(d) = d^2 - 2d + 53$$



However if $a < 0$ then $\Delta < 0$ or vertex is the global maximum!

Example 2.

$$x(d) = -4d^2 - 49$$

