

3.

## Solution

To find the vertex, we look at the coefficients in the function  $x(f) = af^2 + bf + c$   
in this equation,  $a = 2$  and  $b = 6$

The first coordinate of the vertex has the formula:  $\frac{-b}{2a}$  now, plugging into formula to get:

$$\frac{-b}{2a} = -\frac{6}{2(2)} = -\frac{3}{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{The second coordinate of the vertex is } x\left(-\frac{3}{2}\right) &= 2\left(-\frac{3}{2}\right)^2 + 6\left(-\frac{3}{2}\right) - 5 \\ &= -\frac{19}{2}\end{aligned}$$

Therefore, the vertex of the graph of  $f$  is  $\left(-\frac{3}{2}, -\frac{19}{2}\right)$