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5. Given the function z(s) = 2s^2 + s,
find an equation of the secant line containing (2,z(2))
and (5,z(5)). Express the equation in slope-intercept form.
j = -40 + 15 s
j = 40 - 15 s
j = -20 + 15 s
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Solution

The line passing through the two points has the slope:

 $\mathbf{j-10} = \mathbf{15}(\mathbf{s-2})$ 

j = -20 + 15 s

The equation in slope-intercep form:

$$\frac{z(5)-z(2)}{5-2}$$
=\frac{(2(5)^2+1(5))-(2(2)^2+1(2))}{3}

$$= \frac{(2(5)^2+1(5))-(2(2)^2+1(2))}{3}$$

$$= \frac{55-10}{3}$$

$$= 15$$
using one of the points, say (2,10) and the slope to get the equation of the secant line: