It so happens that this function can be simplified as:  $Z(C) = \frac{-10-19 c+15 c^2}{2+5 c}$  $=\frac{(3 c-5) (5 c+2)}{5 c+2}$ =3 c - 5 To find the vertical asymptote :

There is no vertical asymptote To find the horizontal asymptote :

First we must compare the degrees of the polynomials. The numerator contains a 2<sup>nd</sup> degree polynomial while the

-15

denominator contains a 1<sup>st</sup> degree polynomial. Since the polynomial in the numerator is a higher degree than the denominator, there is no horizontal asymptote. To find the oblique asymptote :

we must divide the numerator by the denominator and so the oblique asymptote s=3 c - 540 20 -10-5 5 10 15 -20 -40