## **Vertex of the Quadratic**

 $r_1 = -\frac{b}{2a}$  namely  $t(r_1) = c - \frac{b^2}{4a}$ Now compute the same quadratic at  ${\sf r_{1^+}h}$  , namely

Given a quadratic  $t(r) = a r^2 + b r + c$  compute its value at

 $t(r_1+h) = -\frac{b^2}{4a} + a h^2 + c$ 

Compute  $\triangle = t(r_1 + h) - t(r_1) = a h^2$ Since  $h^2 > 0$ , therefore if a > 0 then  $\triangle > 0$  or vertex is the

global minimum!

## Example 1. $t(r) = 3 r^2 + 40$



