

1. Which of the following are correct calculations for difference quotient of:

$$k(j) = 2j^2 + 6j + 7$$

$$k(j) = 2j^2 + 6j + 7$$

$$k(j+h) = 2(h+j)^2 + 6(h+j) + 7$$

$$= 2h^2 + 4hj + 6h + 2j^2 + 6j + 7$$

$$\frac{k(j+h) - k(j)}{h} = \frac{(2h^2 + 4jh + 6h + 2j^2 + 6j + 7) - (2(j+1)^2 + 6(j+1) + 7)}{h}$$

$$= \frac{2h^2 + 4jh + 6h}{h}$$

$$= \frac{h(2h + 4j + 6)}{h}$$

$$= 2h + 4j + 6$$

$$k(j) = 2j^2 + 6j + 7$$

$$k(j+h) = 2(h+j)^2 + 6(h+j) + 7$$

$$= 2h^2 + 4hj + 10h + 2j^2 + 10j + 15$$

$$\frac{k(j+h) - k(j)}{h} = \frac{(2h^2 + 4jh + 10h + 2j^2 + 10j + 15) - (2j^2 + 6j + 7)}{h}$$

$$= \frac{2h^2 + 4jh + 6h}{h}$$

$$= \frac{h(2h + 4j + 6)}{h}$$

$$= 2h + 4j + 6$$

$$k(j) = 2j^2 + 6j + 7$$

$$k(j+h) = 2(h+j)^2 + 6(h+j) + 7$$

$$= 2h^2 + 4hj + 6h + 2j^2 + 6j + 7$$

$$\frac{k(j+h) - k(j)}{h} = \frac{(2h^2 + 4jh + 6h + 2j^2 + 6j + 7) - (2j^2 + 6j + 7)}{h}$$

$$= \frac{2h^2 + 4jh + 6h}{h}$$

$$= \frac{h(2h + 4j + 6)}{h}$$

$$= 2h + 4j + 6$$

$$k(j) = 2j^2 + 6j + 7$$

$$k(j+h) = 2(h+j)^2 + 6(h+j) + 7$$

$$= 2h^2 + 4hj + 2h + 2j^2 + 2j + 3$$

$$\frac{k(j+h) - k(j)}{h} = \frac{(2h^2 + 4jh + 14h + 2j^2 + 14j + 27) - (2j^2 + 6j + 7)}{h}$$

$$= \frac{2h^2 + 4jh + 6h}{h}$$

$$= \frac{h(2h + 4(j+1) + 6)}{h}$$

$$= 2h + 4j + 6$$

Solution