$$(k-2)^{2}(k+3)$$
 $(k-2)(k+3)^{2}$ 
 $(k-2)^{2}(k-1)$ 

1.  $k^3 - 5 k^2 + 8 k - 4$  has a factor (k-1) compute all other factors:

## Solution

(k-2) k (k+4)

Apply Long Division.  $(k-2)^2(k-1)$