

4.

## Solution

To find the vertex, we look at the coefficients in the function  $s(e) = ae^2 + be + c$  in this equation,  $a = 3$  and  $b = 3$

The first coordinate of the vertex has the formula:  $\frac{-b}{2a}$  now, plugging into formula to get:

$$\frac{-b}{2a} = -\frac{3}{2(3)} = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\text{The second coordinate of the vertex is } s\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) &= 3\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 + 3\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) - 6 \\ &= -\frac{27}{4}\end{aligned}$$

Therefore, the vertex of the graph of  $f$  is  $\left(-\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{27}{4}\right)$