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8. Given the function d(f) = 2 f^2 + 3 f,
find an equation of the secant line containing (1,d(1))
and (6,d(6)). Express the equation in slope-intercept form.
q = -22 + 17 f
q = 22 - 17 f
```

$$q = -11 + \frac{86 \text{ f}}{5}$$

Solution

The equation in slope-intercep form:

q-5 = 17(f-1)

q = -12 + 17 f

q = -12 + 17 f

 $\frac{d(6)-d(1)}{6-1}$

The line passing through the two points has the slope:

using one of the points, say (1,5) and the slope to get the equation of the secant line:

 $= \frac{(2(6)^2+3(6))-(2(1)^2+3(1))}{}$

= 17