

3.

The domain is all values that  $n$  is allowed to be.

Since I can't divide by zero (division by zero isn't allowed,  
I need to find all values of  $n$  that would cause division by zero.

The domain will then be all other  $n$ -values.

When is this denominator equal to zero?

$$n^2 - 3n + 2 = 0$$

$n = 2$  or  $1$  then the domain of  $f$  is  $\{n \mid n \neq 2 \text{ or } 1\}$