

4.

## Solution

To find the  $j$ -intercept, we set  $t$  equal to 0, so :

$$t(j) = j^2 - 10j + 24 = (-6 + j)(-4 + j) = 0$$

$$-6 + j = 0 \text{ or } -4 + j = 0$$

$$j = 6 \text{ or } j = 4$$

So, the  $j$ -intercepts are at the points  $(6, 0)$  and  $(4, 0)$