$$\begin{split} g(p) &= 3 \ p^2 + 4 \ p + 8 \\ g(p) &= 3 \ p^2 + 4 \ p + 8 \\ g(p+h) &= 3 \ (h+p)^2 + 4 \ (h+p) + 8 \\ &= 3 \ h^2 + 6 \ h \ p + 4 \ h + 3 \ p^2 + 4 \ p + 8 \\ &= \frac{g(p+h) - g(p)}{h} = \frac{\left(3 \ h^2 + 6 \ p \ h + 4 \ h + 3 \ p^2 + 4 \ p + 8\right) - \left(3 \ (p+1)^2 + 4 \ (p+1) + 8\right)}{h} \\ &= \frac{3 \ h^2 + 6 \ p \ h + 4 \ h}{h} \\ &= \frac{h(3 \ h + 6 \ p + 4)}{h} \end{split}$$

difference quotient of:

=3h+6p+4

6. Which of the following are correct calculations for

```
\begin{split} g\left(p\right) &= 3\ p^2 + 4\ p + 8 \\ g\left(p + h\right) &= 3\ \left(h + p\right)^2 + 4\ \left(h + p\right) + 8 \\ &= 3\ h^2 + 6\ h\ p + 10\ h + 3\ p^2 + 10\ p + 15 \\ &\frac{g\left(p + h\right) - g\left(p\right)}{h} = \frac{\left(3\ h^2 + 6\ p\ h + 10\ h + 3\ p^2 + 10\ p + 15\right) - \left(3\ p^2 + 4\ p + 8\right)}{h} \\ &= \frac{3\ h^2 + 6\ p\ h + 4\ h}{h} \\ &= \frac{h\left(3\ h + 6\ p + 4\right)}{h} \\ &= 3\ h + 6\ p + 4 \end{split}
```

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\begin{split} g\left(p\right) &= 3\ p^2 + 4\ p + 8 \\ g\left(p + h\right) &= 3\ \left(h + p\right)^2 + 4\ \left(h + p\right) + 8 \\ &= 3\ h^2 + 6\ h\ p + 4\ h + 3\ p^2 + 4\ p + 8 \\ \frac{g\left(p + h\right) - g\left(p\right)}{h} &= \frac{\left(3\ h^2 + 6\ p\ h + 4\ h + 3\ p^2 + 4\ p + 8\right) - \left(3\ p^2 + 4\ p + 8\right)}{h} \\ &= \frac{3\ h^2 + 6\ p\ h + 4\ h}{h} \\ &= \frac{h\left(3\ h + 6\ p + 4\right)}{h} \\ &= 3\ h + 6\ p + 4 \end{split}
```

$$\begin{split} g\left(p\right) &= 3\ p^2 + 4\ p + 8 \\ g\left(p+h\right) &= 3\ \left(h+p\right)^2 + 4\ \left(h+p\right) + 8 \\ &= 3\ h^2 + 6\ h\ p - 2\ h + 3\ p^2 - 2\ p + 7 \\ &\frac{g\left(p+h\right) - g\left(p\right)}{h} = \frac{\left(3\ h^2 + 6\ p\ h + 16\ h + 3\ p^2 + 16\ p + 28\right) - \left(3\ p^2 + 4\ p + 8\right)}{h} \\ &= \frac{3\ h^2 + 6\ p\ h + 4\ h}{h} \\ &= \frac{h\left(3\ h + 6\ \left(p + 1\right) + 4\right)}{h} \\ &= 3\ h + 6\ p + 4 \end{split}$$

Solution