We must set the denominator equal to 0 and solve: q + 5 = 0q = -5

To find the vertical asymptote :

The horizontal asymptote is at p=3

10

5

-10

There is a vertical asymptote at q=-5To find the horizontal asymptote :

First we must compare the degrees of the polynomials.

Both the numerator and denominator are $\mathtt{1}^{\mathsf{st}}$ degree polynomials.

Since they are the same degree, we must divide the coefficients of the highest terms. In the numerator, the coefficient of the highest term is 3

In the denominator, the coefficient of the highest term is an understood $1.\,$

10

To find the oblique asymptote : Since the degrees of the numerator and the denominator are the same, this rational does not have an oblique asymptote 15