$$(w-3) \ w \ (w+2)$$
 $(w-3) \ (w+2) \ (w+3)$
 $(w-4) \ (w-3)^2$

Solution
Apply Long Division.
 $(w-3) \ (w+2) \ (w+3)$

(w-3)(w+1)(w+3)

2. $w^3 + 2w^2 - 9w - 18$ has a factor (w - (-3)) compute all other factors: