- The domain is all values that n is allowed to be. Since I can't divide by zero (division by zero isn't allowed, I need to find all values of n that would cause division by zero.
- The domain will then be all other n-values. When is this denominator equal to zero?
- $n^2 1 = 0$
- $\mathsf{n} = \pm \mathbf{1}$ then the domain of k is $\{\mathsf{n} \mid \mathsf{n} \neq \mathbf{1} \text{ or } -\mathbf{1}\}$