

2.

## Solution

To find the  $z$ -intercept, we set  $n$  equal to 0, so :

$$n(z) = z^2 - 11z + 30 = (-6 + z)(-5 + z) = 0$$

$$-6 + z = 0 \text{ or } -5 + z = 0$$

$$z = 6 \text{ or } z = 5$$

So, the  $z$ -intercepts are at the points  $(6, 0)$  and  $(5, 0)$