Average Rate of Change & Secant Line

Average Rate of Change is a single number indicating a rough amount computed for some measurablte entity that changes or varies with time.

Average Rate of Change = $\frac{f(x_2) - f(x_1)}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{f(x_1) - f(x_2)}{x_1 - x_2}$

A **Secant Line**, also simply called a secant, is a line passing through

two points of a curve.

Therefore slope of a secant line is the same as the Average Rate of Change. Equation for Secant Line, if A indicates Average Rate of Change

while ${f f}({\sf x})$ indicates horizontal axis value for secant line

computes as follows:

 $A = \frac{f(x) - f(x_1)}{x - x_1} \Longrightarrow A(x - x_1) = f(x) - f(x_1) \Longrightarrow A(x - x_1) + f(x_1) = f(x)$

 $f(x) = Ax + (f(x_1) - Ax_1)$

Example 1.

 $h = -\frac{19 e^2}{10} - \frac{17}{10}$ average between -2, 3

-2

Secant Slope=Tan $(\theta) = \frac{h(3) - h(-2)}{3 - (-2)} = -\frac{19}{10}$

h could be speed of a car and e time.

Average Rate of Change= $A=-\frac{19}{10}$

Secant Line: $h = \frac{-\frac{19}{10}}{e} + (-\frac{131}{10})$

0

-20

-30

-40

 $\Delta h = h(3) - h(-2) = -\frac{19(3)^2}{10} - \frac{17}{10} - \left(-\frac{19}{10}(-2)^2 - \frac{17}{10}\right) = -\frac{19}{2}$

h could be temperature of a cup of tea and e time.

h could be gasoline amount and e distance traveled.

2

Secant