(j-4)(j-3)(j+1) $(j-3)^2 (j-1)$ $(j-1) \ j \ (j+1)$ $(j-3)(j+1)^2$

2. $j^3 - j$ has a factor (j - (-1)) compute all other factors:

Solution

Apply Long Division. $(j-1) \ j \ (j+1)$