1. Which of the following are correct calculations for difference quotient of: $z\left(u\right)$ =3 u + 2

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 \begin{split} z &(u) = 3 \ u + 2 \\ z &(u+h) = 3 \ (h+u) + 2 \\ = 3 \ h + 3 \ u + 2 \\ \frac{z &(u+h) - z &(u)}{h} &= \frac{(3 \ h + 3 \ u + 2) - (3 \ (u+1) + 2)}{h} \\ &= \frac{3 \ h}{h} \\ &= \frac{h &(3)}{h} \\ &= 3 \end{split}
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$$z(u) = 3 u + 2$$

$$z(u+h) = 3 (h + u) + 2$$

$$= 3 h + 3 u + 5$$

$$\frac{z(u+h) - z(u)}{h} = \frac{(3 h+3 u+5) - (3 u+2)}{h}$$

$$= \frac{3 h}{h}$$

$$= \frac{h(3)}{h}$$

$$= 3$$

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 \begin{split} z &(u) = 3 \ u + 2 \\ z &(u+h) = 3 \ (h+u) + 2 \\ = 3 \ h + 3 \ u + 2 \\ \frac{z &(u+h) - z &(u)}{h} &= \frac{(3 \ h + 3 \ u + 2) - (3 \ u + 2)}{h} \\ &= \frac{3 \ h}{h} \\ &= \frac{h &(3)}{h} \\ &= 3 \end{split}
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Z(u) = 3 u + 2
Z(u+h) = 3 (h + u) + 2
= 3 h + 3 u - 1
\frac{Z(u+h) - Z(u)}{h} = \frac{(3h+3u+8) - (3u+2)}{h}
= \frac{3h}{h}
= \frac{h(3)}{h}
= 3
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Solution