To find the vertical asymptote : We must set the denominator equal to 0 and solve:

u+5=0 u=-5 There is a vertical asymptote at u=-5

To find the horizontal asymptote :

First we must compare the degrees of the polynomials. Both the numerator and denominator are 1<sup>st</sup> degree polynomials.

Since they are the same degree, we must divide the coefficients of the highest terms.

In the numerator, the coefficient of the highest term is 4

In the denominator, the coefficient of the highest term is an understood  $1.\,$ 

The horizontal asymptote is at f=4 To find the oblique asymptote : Since the degrees of the numerator and the denominator are the same, this rational does not have an oblique asymptote  $\int_{20}^{6}$ 

