Solution Quadratic function: is a function that can be written in the form: r(z)=az2+bz+c where a, b, and c are real numbers and a=0 we have r(z)=3 z2 + 12 z + 20, note: 3 z2 + 12 z + 20 is in zr-plane Here we know that a-3, b-12, c-20 Since ab 8, we know that the r-coordinate of the vertex is a minimum. However, to find the r-coordinate of our vertex we first need to find the z-coordinate of the vertex by using z=- b- = - 12 = - 2 Now that we have the z-coordinate, we can find the r-coordinate of the vertex by using z=- b- = - 12 = - 2 Now that we have the z-coordinate, we can find the r-coordinate of the vertex by using z=- b- = - 12 = - 2 Now that we have the z-coordinate, we can find the r-coordinate of the vertex by using z=- b- = - 12 = - 2 Now that we have the z-coordinate of the vertex by using z=- b- = - 12 = - 2 Now that we have the z-coordinate of the vertex by using z=- b- = - 12 = - 2 Now that we have the z-coordinate of the vertex by using z=- b- = - 12 = - 2 Now that we have the z-coordinate of the vertex by using z=- b- = - 12 = - 2 Now that we have the z-coordinate of the vertex by using z=- b- = - 12 = - 2 Now that we have the z-coordinate of the vertex by using z=- b- = - 12 = - 2 Now that we have the z-coordinate of the vertex by using z=- b- = - 12 = - 2 Now that we have the z-coordinate of the vertex by using z=- b- = - 12 = - 2 Now that we have the z-coordinate of the vertex by using z=- b- = - 12 = - 2 Now that we have the z-coordinate of the vertex by using z=- b- = - 2 of the vertex by finding  $r(-2)=3(-2)^2+12(-2)+29-12-24+20-8$  Minimum-8