2. 
$$p^3 + 3p^2 - p - 3$$
 has a factor  $(p - (-3))$  compute all other factors: 
$$(p-2)^2 \ (p+1)$$
 
$$(p-4) \ (p-3) \ (p+1)$$
 
$$(p-1) \ (p+1) \ (p+3)$$
 
$$(p+1) \ (p+2) \ (p+4)$$

## Solution

Apply Long Division. (p-1) (p+1) (p+3)