

4.

Solution

To find the v -intercept, we set k equal to 0, so :

$$k(v) = v^2 - 10v + 24 = (-6 + v)(-4 + v) = 0$$

$$-4 + v = 0 \text{ or } -6 + v = 0$$

$$v = 4 \text{ or } v = 6$$

So, the v -intercepts are at the points $(4, 0)$ and $(6, 0)$