

4.

Solution

Quadratic function: is a function that can be written in the form:

$e(h) = ah^2 + bh + c$ where a , b , and c are real numbers and $a \neq 0$

we have $e(h) = -3h^2 - 6h - 8$, note: $-3h^2 - 6h - 8$ is in he -plane

Here, we know that $a = -3$, $b = -6$, $c = -8$

Since $a < 0$, we know that the e -coordinate of the vertex is a maximum. However, to find the e -coordinate of our vertex we first need to find the h -coordinate of the vertex by using $h = -\frac{b}{2a} = -1 = -1$ Now that we have the h -coordinate, we can find the e -coordinate

of the vertex by finding $e(-1) = -3(-1)^2 - 6(-1) - 8 = -3 + 6 - 8 = -5$ Maximum = -5