4.

- 15

We must set the denominator equal to 0 and solve: $d^3 = 64=0$

d=4 There is a vertical asymptote at d=4

To find the horizontal asymptote : First we must compare the degrees of the polynomials.

To find the vertical asymptote :

The numerator contains a 2nd degree polynomial while

the denominator contains a 3rd degree polynomial. Since the polynomial in the numerator is a lower degree than the denominator,

the horizontal asymptote is located at j=0. To find the oblique asymptote :

To find the oblique asymptote : Since the degrees of the numerator are less than the degrees of the denominator, this rational does not have an oblique asymptote

-10 -5 5 10 15 d