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6. Which of the following are correct calculations for difference quotient of: e(d)=3\ d+1 e(d)=3\ d+1 e(d+h)=3\ (d+h)+1 =3\ d+3\ h+1 \frac{e(d+h)-e(d)}{h}=\frac{(3\ d+3\ h+1)-(3\ (d+1)+1)}{h}
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$$= \frac{h(3)}{h}$$
=3
$$e(d) = 3d + 1$$

$$e(d+h) = 3(d+h) + 1$$

$$= 3d + 3h + 4$$

$$\frac{e(d+h) - e(d)}{h} = \frac{(3d+3h+4) - (3d+1)}{h}$$

$$= \frac{3h}{h}$$

$$= \frac{h(3)}{h}$$
=3

e(d) = 3d + 1

=3 d + 3 h + 1

e(d+h) = 3(d+h) + 1

 $=\frac{3 h}{1}$

$$= \frac{3h}{h}$$

$$= \frac{h(3)}{h}$$

$$= 3$$

$$e(d) = 3d + 1$$

$$e(d+h) = 3(d+h) + 1$$

$$= 3d + 3h - 2$$

$$\frac{e(d+h) - e(d)}{h} = \frac{(3d+3h+7) - (3d+1)}{h}$$

$$= \frac{3h}{h}$$

 $\frac{e\,(d\!+\!h)\,-e\,(d)}{=}\,\frac{(3\,d\!+\!3\,h\!+\!1)\,-\,(3\,d\!+\!1)}{}$

Solution

 $=\frac{h(3)}{1}$

=3