Exercise 1 – Write a user defined function to swap two numbers using call by address concept. An example would be as follows:

```
Enter two numbers: 25 45
               Before swapping 25 , 45
               After Swapping 45, 25
Program -
     #include<stdio.h>
     void swap(int a, int b)
     {
          int *p,*q,temp;
          p=&a;
          q=&b;
          printf("Enter two numbers: ");
          scanf("%d%d",&a,&b);
          printf("Before swapping %d , %d\n", a,b);
          temp=*q;
          *q=*p;
          *p=temp;
          printf("After Swapping %d , %d\n", a, b);
     int main()
     {
          int a,b;
          swap(a,b);
          return 0;
     }
```

Output –

Enter two numbers: 25 45
Before swapping 25 , 45
After Swapping 45 , 25

Exercise 2 – Store n no. of data during the execution of the program and print them in reverse order. An example would be as follows:

Enter no. of elements: 6

6 elements in the list in reverse order 67 56 45 34 23 12

```
Program -
#include<stdio.h>
#define SIZE 1000
int main()
    int max, a, array[SIZE];
    int *ptr;
    ptr = &array[0];
    printf("\nEnter no. of elements: ");
    scanf("%d", &max);
    printf("\nEnter data\n");
        for (a = 0; a < max; ++a)
        {
            scanf("%d", ptr);
            ++ptr;
    ptr = &array[max - 1];
    printf("\n%d elements in the list in reverse order\n",
max);
    for (a = max - 1; a >= 0; a--)
        printf("%d ",*ptr);
        --ptr;
    return 0;
}
Output –
     Enter no. of elements: 6
     Enter data
     12
     23
     34
     45
     56
     67
     6 elements in the list in reverse order
     67 56 45 34 23 12
```