

Exercise 1 – Find the factorial of any given number. An example would be as follows:

Enter the value of N: 6
The factorial of 6 is 720

Program –

```
#include<stdio.h>
int factorial(int n)
{
    if(n==0)
    {
        return 1;
    }
    else
    {
        return n*factorial(n-1);
    }
}
int main()
{
    int n;
    printf("Enter the value of N: ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    if(n<0)
    {
        printf("Invalid");
    }
    else
    {
        printf("The factorial of %d is
%d",n,factorial(n));
    }
    return 0;
}
```

Output –

Enter the value of N: 6
The factorial of 6 is 720

Enter the value of N: -3
Invalid

Exercise 2 – Print the Fibonacci series. An example would be as follows:

Enter the value of N: 5

The series is as follows: 0, 1, 1, 2, 3

Program –

```
#include<stdio.h>
int fibonacci(int n)
{
    if(n==0 || n==1)
    {
        return n;
    }
    else
    {
        return (fibonacci(n-1)+fibonacci(n-2));
    }
}
int main()
{
    int n,i,m=0;
    printf("Enter the value of N: ");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    if(n<0)
    {
        printf("Invalid");
    }
    else
    {
        printf("The series is as follows: ");
        for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
        {
            printf("%d ",fibonacci(m));
            m++;
        }
    }
    return 0;
}
```

Output –

Enter the value of N: 5

The series is as follows: 0 1 1 2 3

Exercise 3 – Find the GCD of two numbers. An example would be as follows:

Enter two integer values: 6 10

GCD of 6 and 10 is 2

Program –

```
#include<stdio.h>
int gcd(int a,int b)
{
    if(a==0)
    {
        return b;
    }
    else if(b==0)
    {
        return a;
    }
    else if (a>b)
    {
        return gcd(a-b,b);
    }
    else
    {
        return gcd(a,b-a);
    }
}
int main()
{
    int a,b;
    printf("Enter two integer values: ");
    scanf("%d%d",&a,&b);
    printf("GCD of %d and %d is %d",a,b,gcd(a,b));
    return 0;
}
```

Output –

Enter two integer values: 6 10

GCD of 6 and 10 is 2

Exercise 4–Find the reverse any given number. An example would be as follows:

Enter any integer number: 3571
Reverse of 3571 is 1753

Program –

```
#include<stdio.h>
int reverse(int a)
{
    static int r=0,b=1;
    if(a>0)
    {
        reverse(a/10);
        r+=(a%10)*b;
        b*=10;
    }
    return r;
}
int main()
{
    int a;
    printf("Enter any number: ");
    scanf("%d",&a);
    printf("Reverse of %d is %d.",a,reverse(a));
    return 0;
}
```

Output –

Enter any integer number: 3571
Reverse of 3571 is 1753