

CodeMash 2020

Beyond Alt-Text: Trends in Online Accessibility

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Introductions



Beyond Alt-Text

- 1. Terminology
- 2. Why we do this (a history lesson)
- 3. Accessibility's Greatest Hits
- 4. Accessibility culture at your workplace



Beyond Alt-Text

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Terminology

disability: a physical, mental, cognitive, or developmental condition that limits a person's ability to engage in certain tasks or participate in typical daily activities

- https://www.merriam-webster.com/dictionary/disability
- http://www.ohrc.on.ca/en/policy-ableism-and-discrimination-based-disability/2-what-disability

Terminology

assistive technology: tools that help people perform tasks that might otherwise prove challenging or impossible.

https://webaim.org/articles/motor/assistive



Terminology

- a11y
 - accessibility
 - o a********y (11 *'s)
- Legislation:
 - Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) 1990, amended in 2009
- Guidelines:
 - Web Content Accessibility Guidelines (WCAG 2.1)
 - Defines how to make the Web more accessible to people with disabilities
 - A (lowest); AA (mid-tier); AAA (highest)
- Technical specifications:
 - Accessible Rich Internet Applications (ARIA)
 - HTML attributes that define ways to make web content more accessible to people with disabilities



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• In our physical spaces, there are a lot of affordances which exist to help people with disabilities.



- In the 1960s, most of this didn't exist.
- Strong Disability Rights Movement in the 60's & 70's.
 - https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Disability_rights_movement
 - https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ed Roberts (activist)



The world was still not built for people with disabilities.



- So we invented curb cuts!
 - And other things, like basic human decency! (WIP)
- For the first time, wheelchair riders are able to get around cities on their own.



The Curb-Cut Effect: the idea that improvements we make for users with disabilities end up making things better for everyone.

https://99percentinvisible.org/episode/curb-cuts/

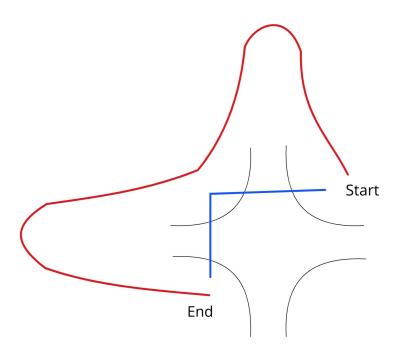


- Tenji Blocks / Tactile Paving
 - https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Tact ile_paving
 - https://www.cnet.com/news/goo gle-doodle-pays-tribute-to-japan ese-inventor-seiichi-miyake/



We're still not perfect...







• We are in the midst of a similar push for disability rights, but this time for our digital spaces.



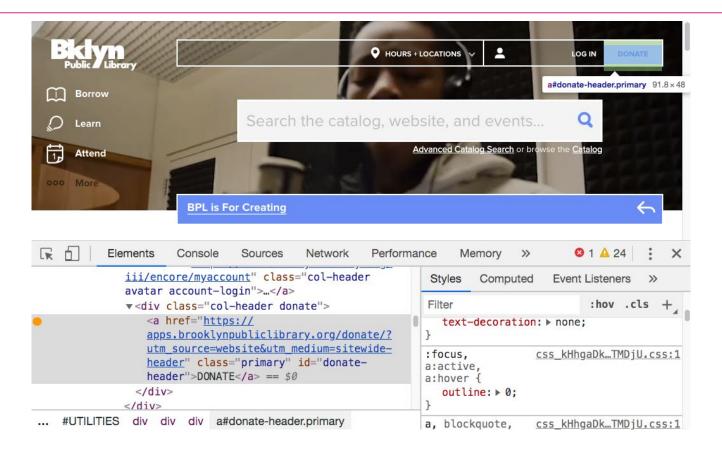
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Focus Management

- Goal: Users are able to tab through a page in a logical order
- Make sure the user can tell what element has focus
 - Show the "blue outline"
 - Use semantic HTML
 - o It is vital that focus is adjusted when certain events happen, e.g. when an overlay pops up
- Bad:
 - https://miss.ent.sirsidynix.net/client/en US/mlsathome/search/results?q=twilight+zone&x=0&y=0
 - https://www.bklynlibrary.org/





http://www.outlinenone.com/

a { outline: none; }

DON'T DO IT!

What does the outline property do?

It provides visual feedback for links that have "focus" when navigating a web document using the TAB key (or equivalent). This is especially useful for folks who can't use a mouse or have a visual impairment. If you remove the outline you are making your site inaccessible for these people.

Defining focus to navigation elements is an accessibility requirement, it's clearly stated in the Web Content Accessibility Guidelines:

2.4.7 Focus Visible: Any keyboard operable user interface has a mode of operation where the keyboard focus indicator is visible. (Level AA)



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Good:

- https://cml.bibliocommons.com/v2/search?query=kendrick+lamar&searchType=smart
- https://slpl.bibliocommons.com/events/search/index

Skip links

```
.a11y-skip-link:focus {
.a11y-skip-link {
   position: absolute;
                                position: absolute;
   top: -1000px;
                                top: 0;
   left: -1000px;
                                left: 0;
   z-index: 0;
                                background: #fff;
                                display: block;
                                padding: 5px 10px;
                                border: 1px solid #333;
                                z-index: 10000;
```

Focus Management

- Use HTML links, buttons, form elements correctly
 - Buttons trigger interactions / changes on a page
 - Links direct users to new pages / routes
- The tab order will be reflect the order of these elements in the DOM
 - Avoid using tabindex values greater than 0
 - https://adrianroselli.com/2014/11/dont-use-tabindex-greater-than-0.html





<!-- Good! You can still style it! -->
<button class="button">
 View Menu
</button>

Focus Management

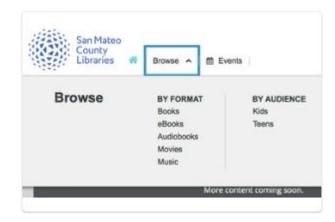
We've come a long way...



Blue outline around active elements in FF



In Firefox the active element on the CMS is outlined in blue. Is it possible to hide this?





Focus Management

- Focus outlines are a default feature in all web browsers
- They are an example of a "digital curb cut"
 - They are helpful for everyone, e.g. tabbing through a form
- Removing them is a reverse curb-cut effect
 - Removing the underline from links is also (usually) a reverse curb-cut effect
 - https://miss.ent.sirsidynix.net/client/en US/mlsathome/search/results?q=twilight+zone&x=0&
 v=0



"I don't like the way curb cuts look so let's remove them to make our intersections more aesthetically pleasing."

Focus Management (Aside)

- It sounds funny, but things like this still happen in physical spaces
- David Lepofsky (legally blind), AODA Alliance and Visiting Professor at Osgoode Hall Law School, on a11y problems at Ryerson University's new Student Learning Centre in Toronto
 - https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4oe4xiKknt0
- See also:
 - https://twitter.com/hashtag/AODAfail?src=hash&lang=en
 - https://twitter.com/hashtag/ADAfail?src=hash&lang=en





When the federal government doesn't follow federal government policy, do you report it to the federal government? #ADAfail @KostelecPlan @BoiseStreetDept



3:10 PM · Apr 27, 2018 · Twitter for iPhone







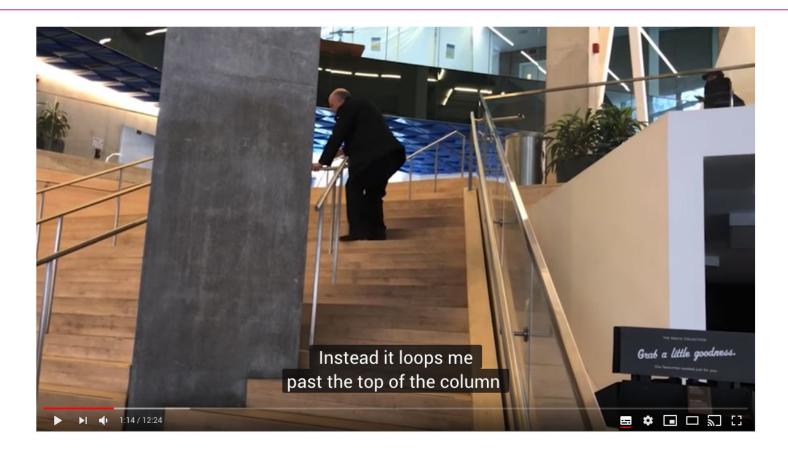
Another one for the #TruncatedDumb files. #ADAfail



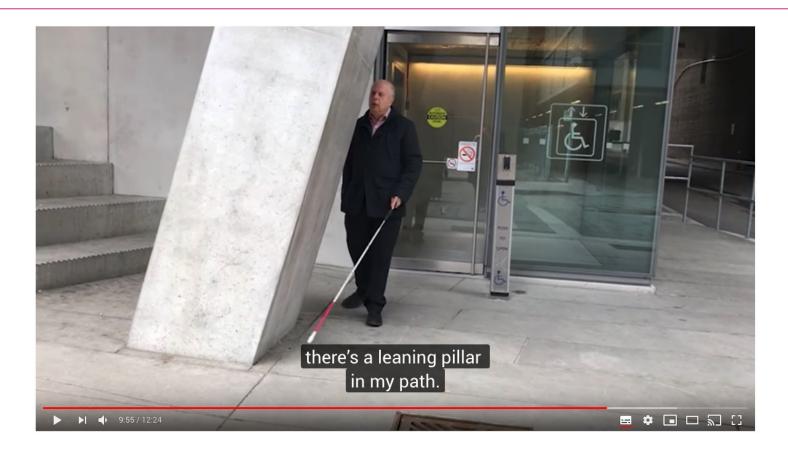
2:20 PM · Aug 28, 2018 · Twitter for iPhone

https://twitter.com/vitruvian_plan/status/989944962685939712







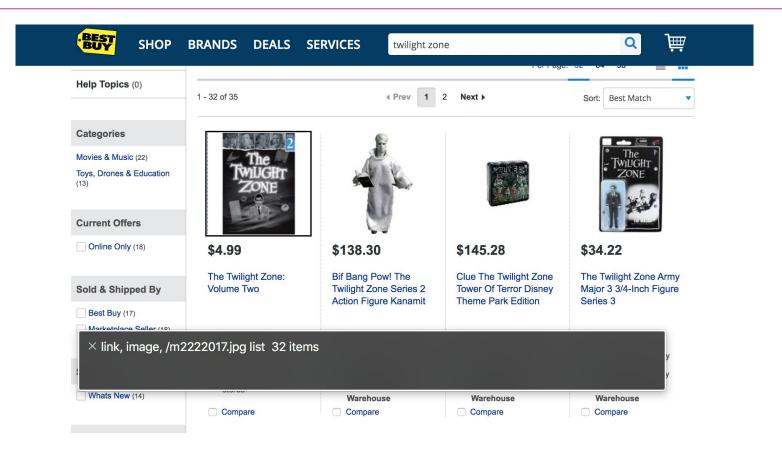




Alt Text and Screen Reader Text

- Goal: Screen reader users can understand what the active element is
 - Context is properly communicated to the user
 - Use semantic HTML
 - For informative images, icons, this means alt text
 - Many images are decorative and should have alt=""
- Bad:
 - https://miss.ent.sirsidynix.net/client/en_US/mlsathome/search/results?qu=x+files&te=ILS
 - Poor pagination, confusing tabbing order, repetition on jacket covers / titles
 - https://www.bestbuy.ca/en-CA/Search/SearchResults.aspx?query=twilight%20zone
 - Alt text







Alt Text and Screen Reader Text

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 - Many images are decorative and should have alt=""
- Good:
 - https://cml.bibliocommons.com/v2/search?query=margaret+atwood&searchType=smart
 - Pagination screen reader text; jacket covers skipped when tabbing



Repetitive links



Repetitive links



Repetitive links

```
<!-- Bad (place a hold on what?) -->
<a href="/the-color-purple">
    Place hold
</a>
<!-- Good! -->
<a href="/the-color-purple">
    Place hold
    <span class="sr-only">on The Color Purple</span>
</a>
```



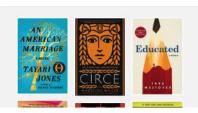
Headings

- Screen reader users rely on HTML headings (H tags) to understand how the content on the page is organized
 - Think of this like a table of contents for the page
- Headings of the same level do not need to be styled the same
 - E.g. it's okay if different H2's on the same page look different
- Good:
 - https://www.chipublib.org/books/
- Bad:
 - https://www2.hm.com/en_us/index.html



Low Vision: Magnification

- Some users need to magnify the page content so that they can read it
 - On the right: new staff list compared to an older version of the same content, both at 200% text zoom
 - Do not use fixed heights in pixels, use rem's



Best Books of 2018: Top Ten»

Chicago Public Library recommends these titles as the top ten books published in 2018.

by ChiPubLib Adults

STAFF LIST / Adults / Books / Staff Picks





Low Vision: Colour Contrast

- Colours should meet WCAG AA requirements for colour contrast
 - https://webaim.org/resources/contrastchecker/
- Digital curb cut: good colour contrast benefits all users
 - Reading on your phone when you're outside on a sunny day
 - Thin, light grey fonts on a white background

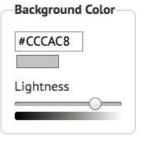


Low Vision

Bad colour contrast









Normal Text

WCAG AAA: Fail
WCAG AAA: Fail

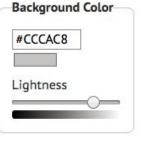
The five boxing wizards jump quickly.

Low Vision

Good colour contrast











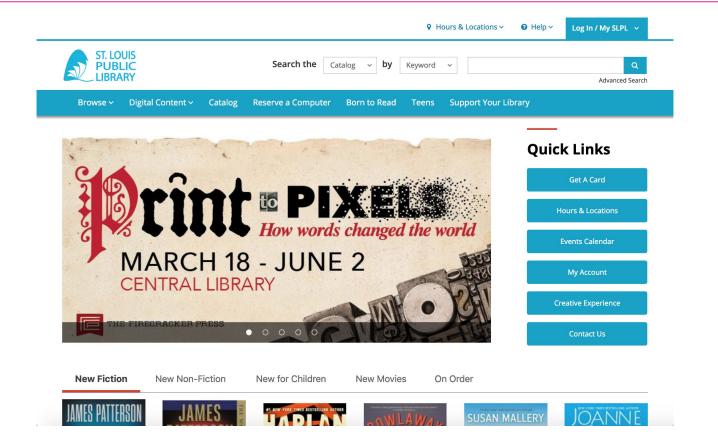


The five boxing wizards jump quickly.

Low Vision: High Contrast Themes

- Goal: Users with low vision are able to use your site with a high contrast theme.
 - Often this is done with a high contrast theme on Windows.





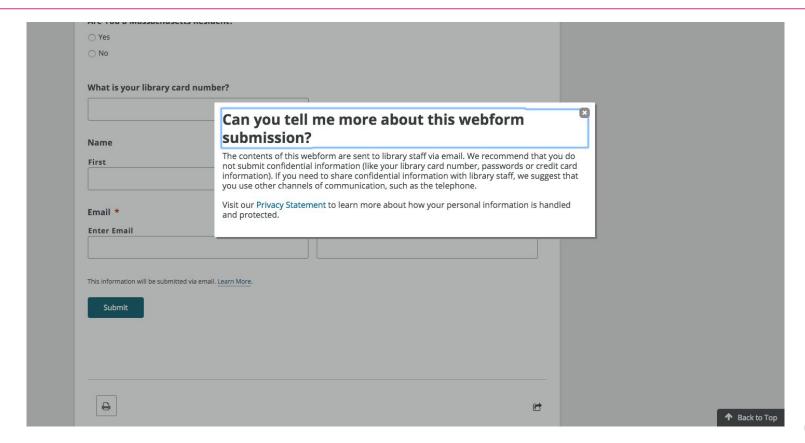




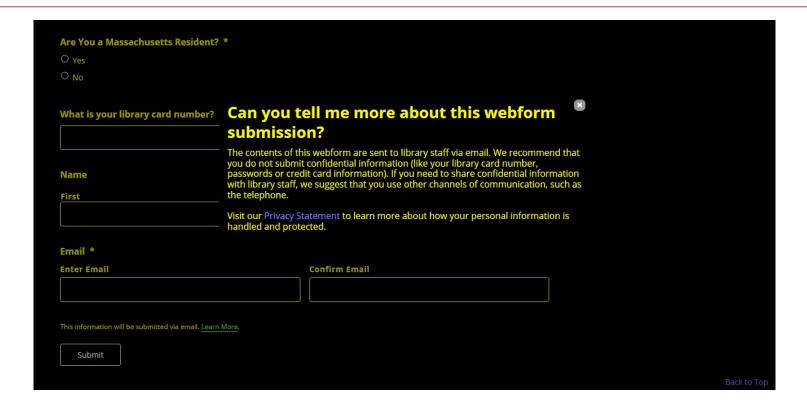


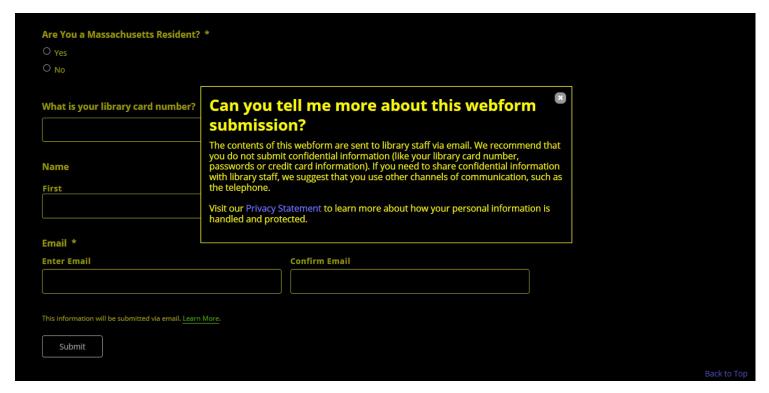












border: 1px solid transparent;



Cognitive Accessibility

- We need to remember that your users are varied in terms of reading level or cognitive abilities.
- If a user cannot understand the sentences on your site, it is likely an accessibility issue (for the content writers).
- If a user cannot understand how to use your site, it might be an accessibility issue (for the developers or designers).
 - o It could also be the case that the user doesn't know how to use their assistive technology.



Cognitive Accessibility

- HemingwayApp is a tool that you can use to test the readability of your sentences or paragraphs. Content writers often use this as a text editor.
 - http://www.hemingwayapp.com/
 - Also a desktop app
- Example: TPL kids blog post:
 - https://kids.tpl.ca/posts/9



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EVERYBODY NEEDS TRAINING

Accessibility Training

- At BiblioCommons, all Full-Stack developers take the free online course "Web Accessibility By Google: Developing with Empathy"
 - https://www.udacity.com/course/web-accessibility--ud891
- Frontend Masters: Accessibility in JavaScript Applications by Marcy Sutton
 - https://frontendmasters.com/courses/javascript-accessibility/

TEST FOR A11Y

Accessibility Testing

- BiblioCommons works with Level Access to get a11y feedback on features as we build them.
- They are great, and they employ people with disabilities who are experts with their assistive technology.



Accessibility Testing

 We have an internal a11y dashboard for tracking a11y metrics for our builds:

Uses: http://pa11y.org/

Similar to: http://wave.webaim.org/

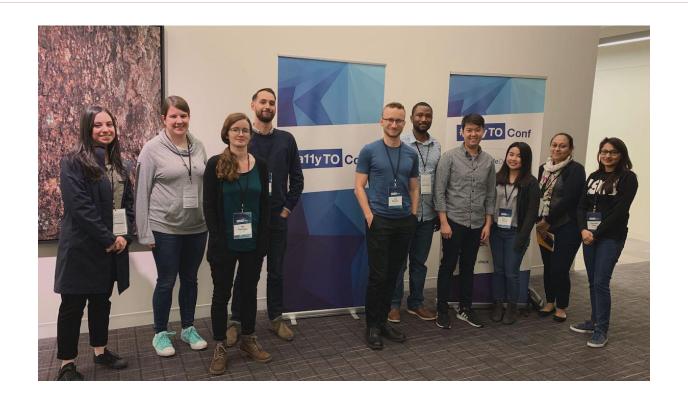


LOCAL A11Y COMMUNITIES

Local Accessibility Communities

- Cleveland Accessibility Meetup
 - https://www.meetup.com/Cleveland-Accessibility-Meetup/
- Applicable to Product, UX, Engineering, everyone.
- If you're from elsewhere:
 - https://www.meetup.com/topics/web-accessibility/





SHARE YOUR KNOWLEDGE

Accessibility Slack Channel

- We use Slack for internal communication.
- We have a channel #guild-a11y dedicated to web accessibility.



Documentation

- As we made many a11y improvements over the past couple years... we have code patterns documented in Confluence.
- This is internal, but other companies have made similar documentation public:
 - https://ebay.gitbook.io/mindpatterns/

Documentation (example)

Every control must have a label

Every control should have an associated label, even if you do not want it visible. To hide it from visual users use an appropriate "visually hidden" class. If you are going to rely on the placeholder attribute for sighted users, ensure that the placeholder font colour has sufficient contrast (http://webaim.org/resources/contrastchecker/).

```
<!-- bad -->
<input type="text" name="firstname" placeholder="First Name">

<!-- good -->
<label class="sr-only" for="firstname">First Name</label>
<input type="text" name="firstname" id="firstname" placeholder="First Name">
```

Closing Thoughts

- Accessible patterns benefit everybody, but are essential for the people that need them the most.
- Accessibility is about more than screen readers.
- Show some damn empathy, this has an effect on real people.



THE END

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