

# Wrangle and Analyze Data Project

WRANGLE REPORT

- OMNIA

# #Project Overview

Real-world data rarely comes clean. Using Python and its libraries, we can gather data from a variety of sources and in a variety of formats, assess its quality and tidiness, then clean it. This is called data wrangling. The task is to document our wrangling efforts in a Jupyter Notebook, plus showcase them through analyses and visualizations using Python (and its libraries) . The dataset that we are wrangling (and analyzing and visualizing) is the tweet archive of Twitter user @dog\_rates, also known as WeRateDogs. WeRateDogs is a Twitter account that rates people's dogs with a humorous comment about the dog

# #Step Involved

which regions are involved in Survey?#4 Which regions are involved in Survey? Project Details The tasks in this project are as follows: Data wrangling, which consists of:

1. Gathering data
2. Assessing data
3. Cleaning data
4. Storing, analyzing, and visualizing the wrangled data

# #GATHERING DATA

Data was gathered from 3 different sources:

- 1) The enhanced twitter archive file was provided and downloaded manually which includes various variables for each tweet including tweet id, timestamp, text, rating numerator and denominator, name, etc.
- 2) Additional data, including favorite count and retweet count, were gathered using Twitter API.
- 3) The tweet image predictions file was downloaded programmatically using the Requests library from Udacity's servers.

# #ASSESSING DATA

After the data was gathered, assessment was performed using the following methods: Visual Assessment and Programmatic Assessment

- `.head()`
- `.tail()`
- `.info()`
- `.value_counts()`

Tidiness issues that were cleaned:

- Combining all data frames together as they all contained information about the same tweets
- Combining 4 variables about dog type into 1 column "dog\_stage"

# #ASSESSING DATA

- Name contained various inaccuracies which were regular lowercase words
- Rating numerators which contained decimals were uncorrected exported
- Numerator and Denominator ratings are present differently , combined standard rating need to be provided
- Undesired columns present

# #CLEANING DATA

- The three step Process deployed

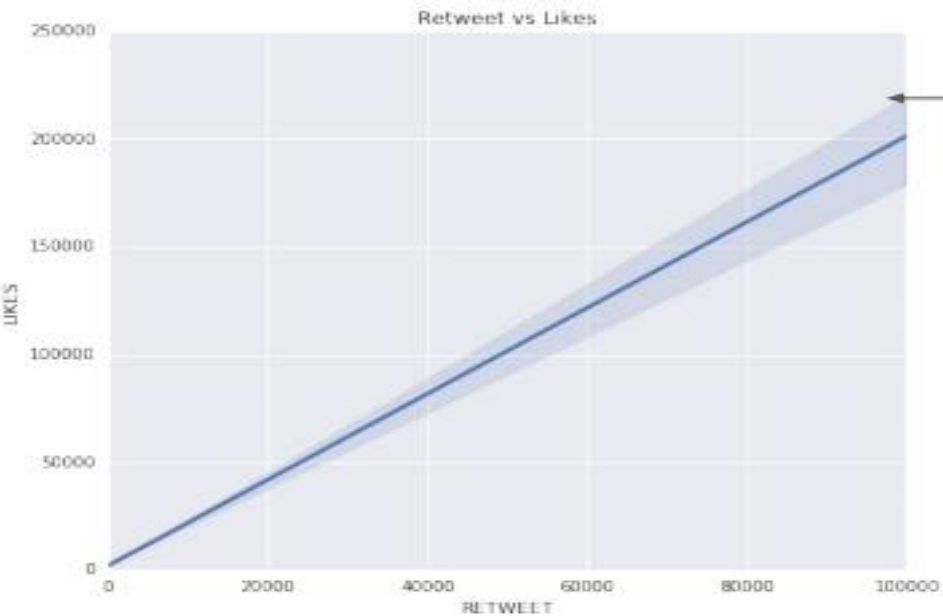
- DEFINE → CODE → TEST

Used following methods to code and test:

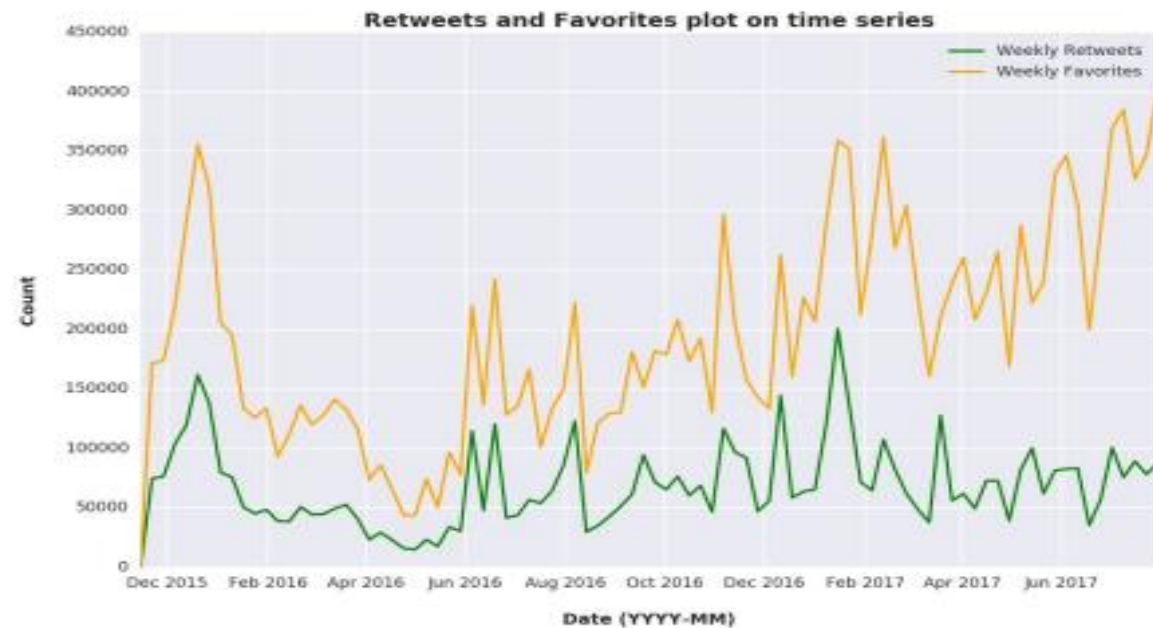
`.unique(), .capitalize(), .drop(), .replace(), .merge(), regex, loops, .info(), .head(),  
.value_counts(), .rename()`

After that merged the data in one table and saved in “twitter-archive-master.csv” And then performed few visualization and analyses.

# #ANALYSIS AND VISUALS

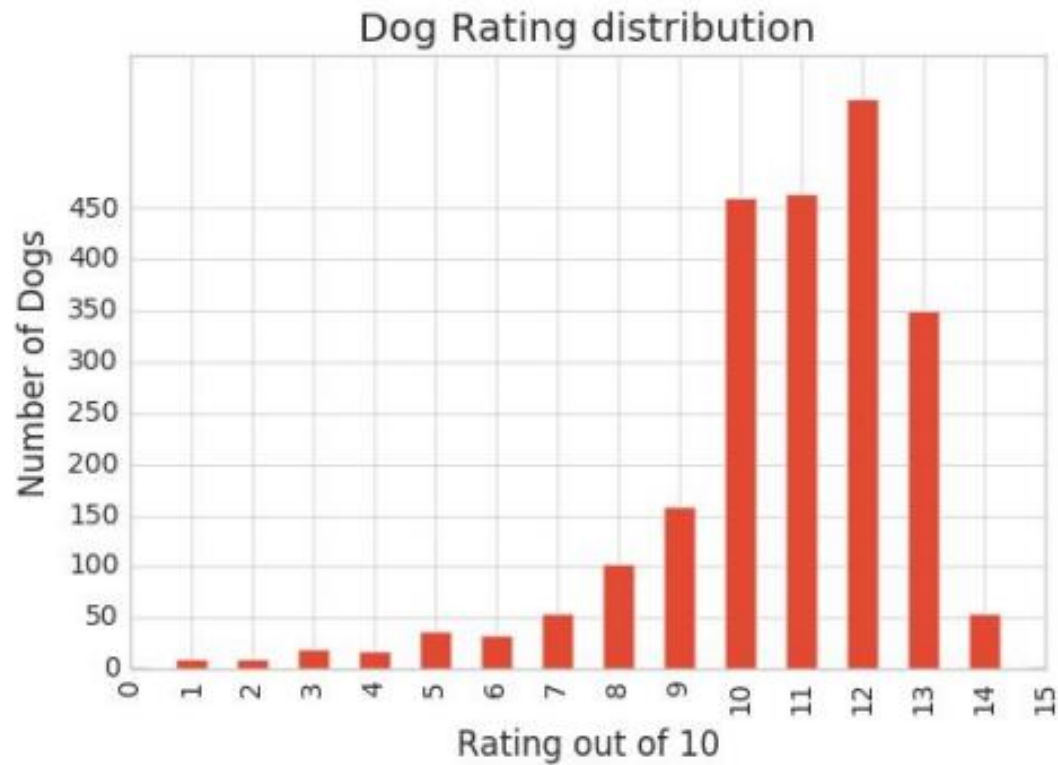


As the retweets increases, so is the likes and vice versa. There is linear correlation here.





# #ANALYSIS AND VISUALS



Most of the dogs are rated on 12 here and the 2nd most rating is 11 and 3rd obviously is 10 as can be visualized here.