



Sheet 5 model answer¹

Q) Using the COMPANY database, write the SQL command that answers the following queries:

1. List the count of employees for each department.

SELECT d.Dname, count(e.Ssn) as EmpNum FROM Employee e, Department d WHERE e.Dno=d.Dno GROUP BY d.Dname	Dname	EmpNum
	Administration	3
	Headquarters	1
	Research	4

2. List the summation of salaries for each department that are paid to their employees.

SELECT d.Dname, sum(e.Salary) as SumSal FROM Employee e, Department d WHERE e.Dno=d.Dno GROUP BY d.Dname	Dname	SumSal
	Administration	93000.00
	Headquarters	55000.00
	Research	133000.00

3. Retrieve the name of department which give their employees' salaries greater than ~~5000~~ 60000

SELECT d.Dname, sum(e.Salary) as SumSalary FROM Employee e, Department d WHERE e.Dno=d.Dno GROUP BY d.Dname HAVING sum(e.Salary)>60000	Dname	SumSal
	Administration	93000.00
	Research	133000.00

4. Retrieve the names of all employees in department 5 who work more than 20 hours per week on the "ProductX" project.

SELECT e.fname FROM Employee e, works_on w ,	Fname	
	John	

project p WHERE e.Ssn=w.Essn and w.Pnumber=p.Pnumber and p.Pname='ProductX'and p.Dno=5 and w.Hours>20	
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5. List the name of each employee and his/her spouse.

SELECT e.Fname,d.Dependent_name FROM employee e,dependent d WHERE e.Ssn=d.Essn and d.Relationship='Spouse'	<table> <tr> <th>Fname</th><th>Dependent_name</th></tr> <tr> <td>John</td><td>Elizabeth</td></tr> <tr> <td>Franklin</td><td>Joy</td></tr> <tr> <td>Jennifer</td><td>Abner</td></tr> </table>	Fname	Dependent_name	John	Elizabeth	Franklin	Joy	Jennifer	Abner
Fname	Dependent_name								
John	Elizabeth								
Franklin	Joy								
Jennifer	Abner								

6. Sort the department name according to their paid salaries.

SELECT d.Dname, sum(e.Salary) as SumSal FROM Employee e, Department d WHERE e.Dno=d.Dno GROUP BY d.Dname ORDER BY 2 OR SELECT d.Dname, sum(e.Salary) as SumSal FROM Employee e, Department d WHERE e.Dno=d.Dno GROUP BY d.Dname ORDER BY SumSal ASC	<table> <tr> <th>Dname</th><th>SumSal</th></tr> <tr> <td>Headquarters</td><td>55000.00</td></tr> <tr> <td>Administration</td><td>93000.00</td></tr> <tr> <td>Research</td><td>133000.00</td></tr> </table>	Dname	SumSal	Headquarters	55000.00	Administration	93000.00	Research	133000.00
Dname	SumSal								
Headquarters	55000.00								
Administration	93000.00								
Research	133000.00								

7. Retrieve the name, salary, and phone of an employee who takes the smallest salary.

**SELECT fname,salary
FROM Employee
WHERE salary =
(SELECT min(salary) FROM EMPLOYEE);**

8. Retrieve each department name and the average of their employees' salaries.

**SELECT AVG(salary), D.Dname
FROM Employee E NATURAL JOIN Department D
GROUP BY D.Dname ;**

9. Retrieve the research department and the average of their employees' salaries.

**SELECT AVG(salary)
FROM Employee E NATURAL JOIN Department D
WHERE D.dname ='Research';**

10. Retrieve the details of each employee who takes salary greater than the average salaries of the research department's employees.

**SELECT fname,salary
FROM Employee
WHERE salary > (SELECT AVG(salary)
FROM Employee E NATURAL JOIN Department D
WHERE D.dname ='Research');**

11. Retrieve the name, salary, project number, project name, and hours of each employee either works on project or not.

**SELECT
E.fname,E.salary,P.Pnumber,P.pname,W.Hours
FROM (Employee E RIGHT OUTER JOIN Works_on W
on E.ssn=W.Essn) JOIN Project p on
W.Pnumber=P.Pnumber**

12. Retrieve the summation of both males' salaries and female' salaries.

**SELECT sex, sum(salary)
FROM Employee
GROUP BY sex**

13. Retrieve each employee name and his/her dependent name (if exist).

**SELECT E.fname,D.Dependent_name
FROM Employee E LEFT OUTER JOIN Dependent D ON
E.ssn=D.Essn**