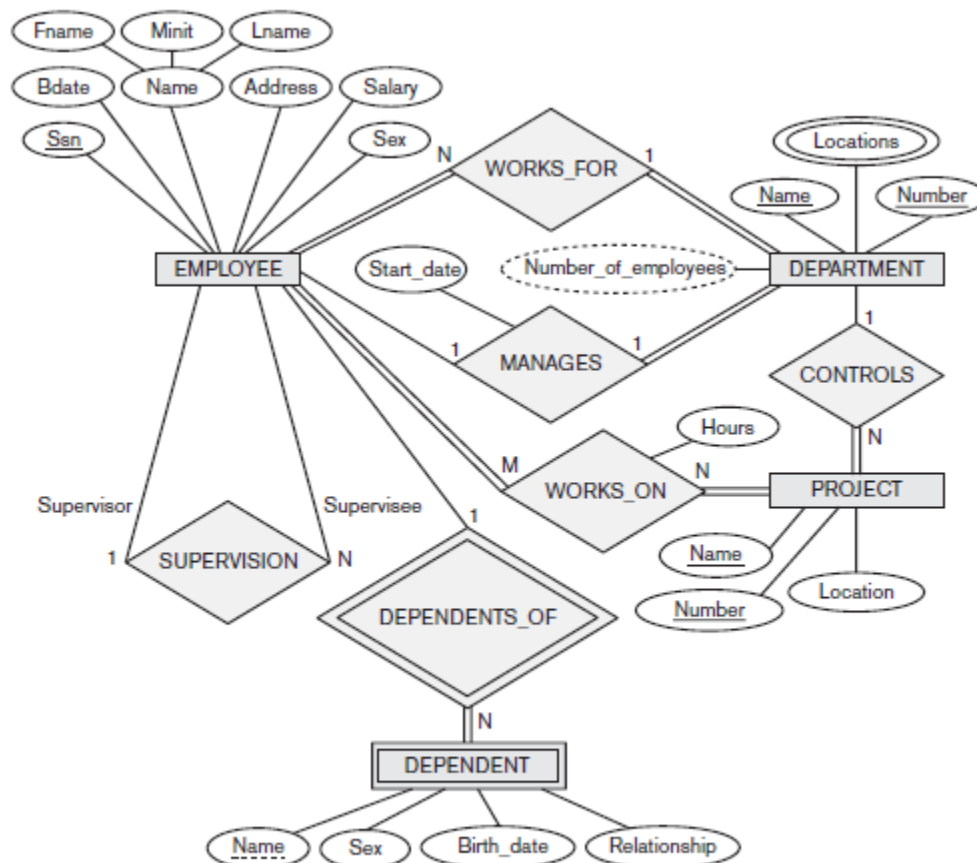




Sheet 2-Answer

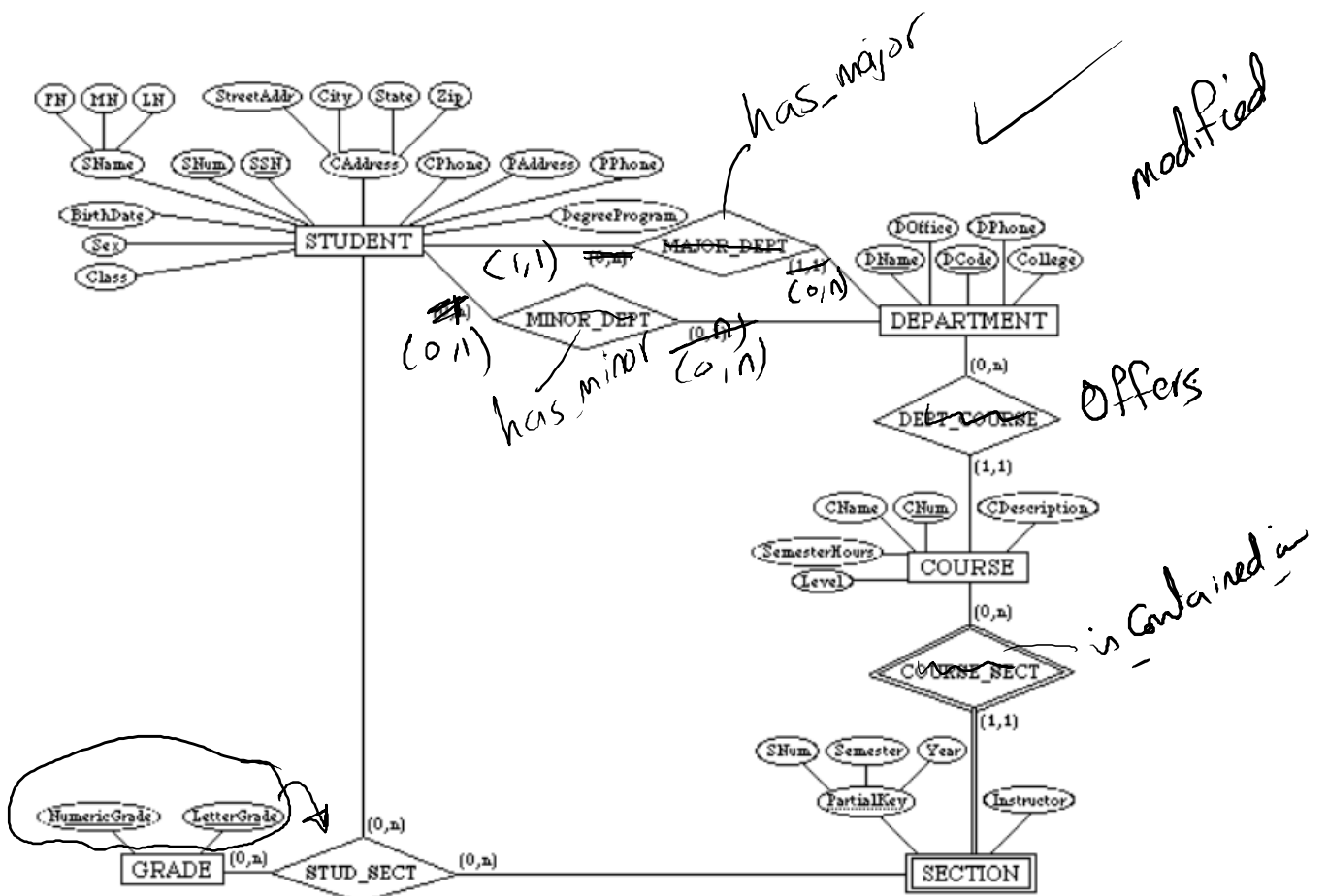
Q1)



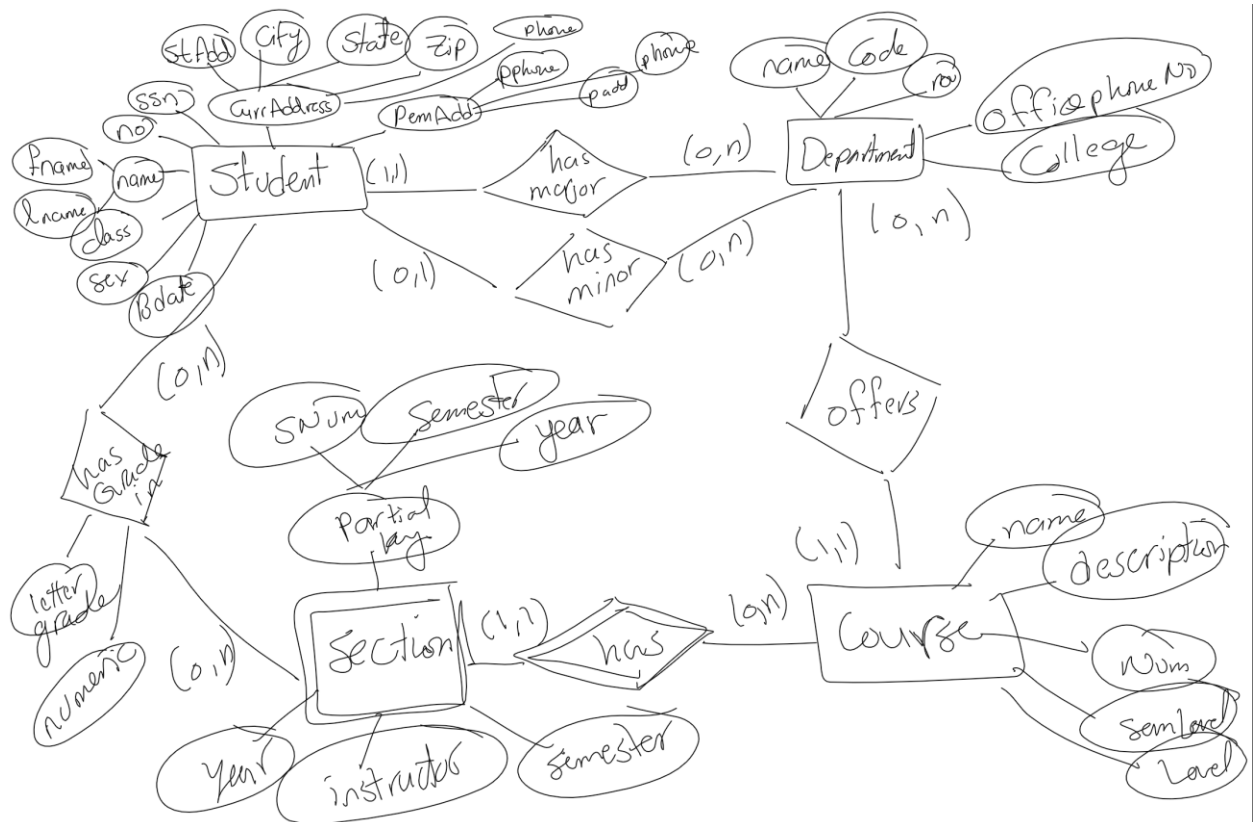
Figure

An ER schema diagram for the COMPANY database. The diagrammatic notation is introduced gradually throughout this chapter and is summarized in Figure 7.14.

Q2)



ER Schema Diagram for Exercise 3.16



Q3)

(a) Entity types: BANK, ACCOUNT, CUSTOMER, LOAN

(b) Weak entity type: BANK-BRANCH. Partial key: BranchNo.

Identifying relationship: BRANCHES.

(c) The partial key BranchNo in BANK-BRANCH specifies that the same BranchNo value may occur under different BANKs. The identifying relationship BRANCHES specifies that BranchNo values are uniquely assigned for those BANK-BRANCH entities that are related to the same BANK entity. Hence, the combination of BANK Code and BranchNo together constitute a full identifier for a BANK-BRANCH.

(d) Relationship Types: BRANCHES, ACCTS, LOANS, A-C, L-C. The (min, max) constraints are shown below.

(e) The requirements may be stated as follows: Each BANK has a unique Code, as well as a Name and Address. Each BANK is related to one or more BANK-BRANCHes, and the BranchNo is unique among each set of BANK-BRANCHes that are related to the same BANK. Each BANK-BRANCH has an Address. Each BANK-BRANCH has zero or more LOANS and zero or more ACCTS. Each

ACCOUNT has an AcctNo (unique), Balance, and Type and is related to exactly one BANK-BRANCH and to at least one CUSTOMER. Each LOAN has a LoanNo (unique), Amount, and Type and is related to exactly one BANK-BRANCH and to at least one CUSTOMER. Each CUSTOMER has an SSN (unique), Name, Phone, and Address, and is related to zero or more ACCOUNTs and to zero or more LOANS.

(f) The (min, max) constraints would be changed as follows:



With my best wishes
 Dr. Wael Zakaria