

Bahria University, Islamabad Department of Software Engineering

Data Structre And Algorithms

(Fall-2024)

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Lab Journal: X

Date:

Task No:	Task Wise Marks		Documentation Marks		Total Marks
	Assigned	Obtained	Assigned	Obtained	(20)
1	3				
2	3				
3	3		5		
4	3				
5	3				

Signature	Comments:	
Signature		
		Signature



Lab No: Open Ended

## Task 1: Open Ended

## Code:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
struct TreeNode {
  int data;
  TreeNode* left;
  TreeNode* right;
};
class CustomBinaryTree {
private:
  TreeNode* root;
  TreeNode* createNode(int value) {
    TreeNode* newNode = new TreeNode();
    newNode->data = value;
    newNode->left = newNode->right = nullptr;
    return newNode;
  }
  TreeNode* insertNode(TreeNode* node, int value) {
    if (!node) return createNode(value);
    if (value < node->data) node->left = insertNode(node->left, value);
    else if (value > node->data) node->right = insertNode(node->right, value);
    return node;
  }
  TreeNode* deleteNode(TreeNode* root, int value) {
    if (!root) return root;
    if (value < root->data) root->left = deleteNode(root->left, value);
    else if (value > root->data) root->right = deleteNode(root->right, value);
    else {
      if (!root->left) {
        TreeNode* temp = root->right;
        delete root;
        return temp;
      }
```

```
else if (!root->right) {
        TreeNode* temp = root->left;
        delete root;
        return temp;
      }
      TreeNode* temp = findMinNode(root->right);
      root->data = temp->data;
      root->right = deleteNode(root->right, temp->data);
    return root;
 }
 TreeNode* findMinNode(TreeNode* node) {
    while (node && node->left) node = node->left;
    return node;
 }
 void inorderTraversal(TreeNode* node) {
    if (!node) return;
    inorderTraversal(node->left);
    cout << node->data << " ";
    inorderTraversal(node->right);
 }
 void preorderTraversal(TreeNode* node) {
    if (!node) return;
    cout << node->data << " ";
    preorderTraversal(node->left);
    preorderTraversal(node->right);
 }
 void postorderTraversal(TreeNode* node) {
    if (!node) return;
    postorderTraversal(node->left);
    postorderTraversal(node->right);
    cout << node->data << " ";
 }
public:
 CustomBinaryTree() : root(nullptr) {}
 void insert(int value) {
    root = insertNode(root, value);
    cout << "Value " << value << " inserted.\n";
```

```
}
  void remove(int value) {
    root = deleteNode(root, value);
    cout << "Value " << value << " deleted.\n";</pre>
  }
  void displayInOrder() {
    inorderTraversal(root);
    cout << endl;
  }
  void displayPreOrder() {
    preorderTraversal(root);
    cout << endl;
  }
  void displayPostOrder() {
    postorderTraversal(root);
    cout << endl;
  }
};
class WeightedGraph {
private:
  int vertices;
  int** adjMatrix;
public:
  WeightedGraph(int v): vertices(v) {
    adjMatrix = new int* [vertices];
    for (int i = 0; i < vertices; i++) {
       adjMatrix[i] = new int[vertices];
       for (int j = 0; j < vertices; j++) {
         adjMatrix[i][j] = (i == j) ? 0 : INT_MAX;
       }
    }
  }
  ~WeightedGraph() {
    for (int i = 0; i < vertices; i++) {
       delete[] adjMatrix[i];
    delete[] adjMatrix;
```

```
}
  void addConnection(int src, int dest, int weight) {
    adjMatrix[src][dest] = weight;
    cout << "Connection from " << src << " to " << dest << " with weight " << weight << "
added.\n";
  }
  void findShortestPath(int src, int dest) {
    bool* visited = new bool[vertices];
    int* dist = new int[vertices];
    for (int i = 0; i < vertices; i++) {
       dist[i] = INT MAX;
       visited[i] = false;
    }
    dist[src] = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < vertices - 1; i++) {
       int u = getMinDistance(dist, visited);
      visited[u] = true;
      for (int v = 0; v < vertices; v++) {
         if (!visited[v] && adjMatrix[u][v] != INT MAX &&
           dist[u] != INT_MAX && dist[u] + adjMatrix[u][v] < dist[v]) {
           dist[v] = dist[u] + adjMatrix[u][v];
         }
      }
    }
    if (dist[dest] == INT MAX) {
       cout << "No path from " << src << " to " << dest << endl;
    }
    else {
       cout << "Shortest path from " << src << " to " << dest << " is " << dist[dest] << endl;
    delete[] visited;
    delete[] dist;
  }
private:
  int getMinDistance(int* dist, bool* visited) {
    int min = INT MAX, minIndex = -1;
    for (int v = 0; v < vertices; v++) {
       if (!visited[v] && dist[v] <= min) {
         min = dist[v];
```

```
minIndex = v;
       }
     }
     return minIndex;
  }
};
void mergeArrays(int arr[], int left, int mid, int right, int& comparisons, int& swaps) {
  int n1 = mid - left + 1;
  int n2 = right - mid;
  int* L = new int[n1];
  int* R = new int[n2];
  for (int i = 0; i < n1; i++) L[i] = arr[left + i];
  for (int j = 0; j < n2; j++) R[j] = arr[mid + 1 + j];
  int i = 0, j = 0, k = left;
  while (i < n1 \&\& j < n2) {
     comparisons++;
     if (L[i] <= R[j]) {
       arr[k++] = L[i++];
     }
     else {
       arr[k++] = R[j++];
       swaps++;
     }
  }
  while (i < n1) arr[k++] = L[i++];
  while (j < n2) arr[k++] = R[j++];
  delete[] L;
  delete[] R;
}
void mergeSortArrays(int arr[], int left, int right, int& comparisons, int& swaps) {
  if (left < right) {</pre>
     int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;
     mergeSortArrays(arr, left, mid, comparisons, swaps);
     mergeSortArrays(arr, mid + 1, right, comparisons, swaps);
     mergeArrays(arr, left, mid, right, comparisons, swaps);
  }
}
```

```
int partitionArray(int arr[], int low, int high, int& comparisons, int& swaps) {
  int pivot = arr[high];
  int i = low - 1;
  for (int j = low; j <= high - 1; j++) {
    comparisons++;
    if (arr[i] < pivot) {
       swaps++;
       swap(arr[++i], arr[j]);
    }
  }
  swaps++;
  swap(arr[i + 1], arr[high]);
  return i + 1;
}
void quickSortArrays(int arr[], int low, int high, int& comparisons, int& swaps) {
  if (low < high) {
    int pi = partitionArray(arr, low, high, comparisons, swaps);
    quickSortArrays(arr, low, pi - 1, comparisons, swaps);
    quickSortArrays(arr, pi + 1, high, comparisons, swaps);
  }
}
int getValidInteger() {
  int value;
  while (!(cin >> value)) {
    cin.clear();
    cin.ignore(numeric limits<streamsize>::max(), '\n');
    cout << "Invalid input. Please enter an integer: ";
  }
  return value;
}
int main() {
  CustomBinaryTree tree;
  WeightedGraph* graph = nullptr;
  int userChoice;
  while (true) {
    cout << "\nChoose an option:\n";</pre>
    cout << "1. Binary Tree Operations\n";</pre>
    cout << "2. Graph Shortest Path Calculation\n";</pre>
    cout << "3. Array Sorting Algorithms\n";</pre>
    cout << "4. Exit Program\n";</pre>
```

```
cout << "Enter your choice: ";
    userChoice = getValidInteger();
    switch (userChoice) {
    case 1: {
      int treeChoice, value;
      cout << "1. Insert Value\n2. Delete Value\n3. Inorder Traversal\n4. Preorder
Traversal\n5. Postorder Traversal\nChoose an operation: ";
      treeChoice = getValidInteger();
      switch (treeChoice) {
      case 1:
         cout << "Enter value to insert: ";
         value = getValidInteger();
         tree.insert(value);
         break;
      case 2:
         cout << "Enter value to delete: ";
         value = getValidInteger();
         tree.remove(value);
         break;
      case 3:
         tree.displayInOrder();
         break;
      case 4:
         tree.displayPreOrder();
         break;
      case 5:
         tree.displayPostOrder();
         break;
      default:
         cout << "Invalid choice.\n";</pre>
      }
      break;
    case 2: {
      int vertices, src, dest, weight;
      if (!graph) {
         cout << "Enter number of vertices: ";
         vertices = getValidInteger();
         graph = new WeightedGraph(vertices);
      cout << "1. Add Connection\n2. Find Shortest Path\nEnter choice: ";</pre>
      int graphChoice = getValidInteger();
      switch (graphChoice) {
```

```
case 1:
         cout << "Enter source, destination, and weight: ";
         src = getValidInteger();
         dest = getValidInteger();
         weight = getValidInteger();
         graph->addConnection(src, dest, weight);
         break:
      case 2:
         cout << "Enter source and destination: ";
         src = getValidInteger();
         dest = getValidInteger();
         graph->findShortestPath(src, dest);
         break:
      default:
         cout << "Invalid choice.\n";
      }
      break;
    }
    case 3: {
      int n;
      cout << "Enter number of elements in the array: ";
      n = getValidInteger();
      int* arr1 = new int[n];
      int* arr2 = new int[n];
      cout << "Enter array elements: ";
      for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
         cin >> arr1[i];
         arr2[i] = arr1[i];
      }
      int comparisons = 0, swaps = 0;
      mergeSortArrays(arr1, 0, n - 1, comparisons, swaps);
      cout << "Merge Sort: Comparisons = " << comparisons << ", Swaps = " << swaps <<
"\n";
      comparisons = swaps = 0;
      quickSortArrays(arr2, 0, n - 1, comparisons, swaps);
      cout << "Quick Sort: Comparisons = " << comparisons << ", Swaps = " << swaps <<</pre>
"\n";
      delete[] arr1;
      delete[] arr2;
      break;
    }
    case 4:
      cout << "Exiting program.\n";</pre>
      delete graph;
```

```
return 0;

default:

cout << "Invalid choice.\n";
}
}
}
```

## GitHub-Link: <a href="https://github.com/lotfullahmsl/DSA-Lab-FA2024">https://github.com/lotfullahmsl/DSA-Lab-FA2024</a>

## **Screenshot:**

```
Choose an option:

    Binary Tree Operations
    Graph Shortest Path Calculation

Array Sorting Algorithms
4. Exit Program
Enter your choice: 1
1. Insert Value
2. Delete Value
3. Inorder Traversal

    Preorder Traversal

5. Postorder Traversal
Choose an operation: 1
Enter value to insert: 17
Value 17 inserted.
Choose an option:

    Binary Tree Operations
    Graph Shortest Path Calculation

Array Sorting Algorithms
4. Exit Program
Enter your choice: 3
Enter number of elements in the array: 1
Enter array elements: 17
Merge Sort: Comparisons = 0, Swaps = 0
Quick Sort: Comparisons = 0, Swaps = 0
```

```
Choose an option:

1. Binary Tree Operations

2. Graph Shortest Path Calculation

3. Array Sorting Algorithms

4. Exit Program

Enter your choice: 2

Enter number of vertices: 2

1. Add Connection

2. Find Shortest Path
Enter choice: 2

Enter source and destination: 2 3

Shortest path from 2 to 3 is 0
```