## 3/22/2014



## **Gradiance Online Accelerated Learning**

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**Submission number:** 71307 **Submission certificate:** JA777263

**Submission time:** 2014-03-22 18:23:24 PST (GMT - 8:00)

Number of questions: 6 3.0 Positive points per question: Negative points per question: 1.0 Your score: 18

Based on Chapter 6 of HMU.

- 1. Consider the pushdown automaton with the following transition rules:
  - 1.  $\delta(q,0,Z_0) = \{(q,XZ_0)\}$
  - 2.  $\delta(q,0,X) = \{(q,XX)\}$
  - 3.  $\delta(q,1,X) = \{(q,X)\}$
  - 4.  $\delta(q, \varepsilon, X) = \{(p, \varepsilon)\}\$
  - 5.  $\delta(p,\varepsilon,X) = \{(p,\varepsilon)\}\$
  - 6.  $\delta(p,1,X) = \{(p,XX)\}$
  - 7.  $\delta(p,1,Z_0) = \{(p,\epsilon)\}\$

The start state is q. For which of the following inputs can the PDA first enter state p with the input empty and the stack containing  $XXZ_0$  [i.e., the ID  $(p,\varepsilon,XXZ_0)$ ]?

- a) 0100110
- b) 011011
- c) 111001
- d) 001110

Answer submitted: d)

You have answered the question correctly.

2. Here are the transitions of a deterministic pushdown automaton. The start state is  $q_0$ , and f is the accepting state.

State-Symbol	a	b	3
$q_0$ - $Z_0$	$(q_1,AAZ_0)$	$(q_2,BZ_0)$	(f,ε)
q <sub>1</sub> -A	(q <sub>1</sub> ,AAA)	(q <sub>1</sub> ,ε)	-
$q_1$ - $Z_0$	-	-	$(q_0, Z_0)$

q <sub>2</sub> -B	$(q_3,\varepsilon)$	(q <sub>2</sub> ,BB)	-
$q_2$ - $Z_0$	-	-	$(q_0,Z_0)$
q <sub>3</sub> -B	-	-	$(q_2, \varepsilon)$
$q_3$ - $Z_0$	-	-	$(q_1,AZ_0)$

Describe informally what this PDA does. Then, identify below, the one input string that takes the PDA into state  $q_3$  (with any stack).

- a) bbabbba
- b) aabbbbb
- c) babbbaa
- d) ababba

Answer submitted: a)

You have answered the question correctly.

**3.** If we convert the context-free grammar G:

to a pushdown automaton that accepts L(G) by empty stack, using the construction of Section 6.3.1, which of the following would be a rule of the PDA?

a) 
$$\delta(q, \varepsilon, A) = \{(q, A0), (q, 1B), (q, 1)\}$$

b) 
$$\delta(q, \epsilon, B) = \{(q, 0B), (q, 0)\}$$

c) 
$$\delta(q,\epsilon,A) = \{(q,1)\}$$

d) 
$$\delta(q, \varepsilon, S) = \{(q, AS)\}$$

Answer submitted: **b**)

You have answered the question correctly.

- **4.** Suppose one transition rule of some PDA P is  $\delta(q,0,X) = \{(p,YZ), (r,XY)\}$ . If we convert PDA P to an equivalent context-free grammar G in the manner described in Section 6.3.2 (p. 247), which of the following could be a production of G derived from this transition rule? You may assume s and t are states of P, as well as p, q, and r.
  - a)  $[qXr] \rightarrow 0[rXs][sYr]$
  - b)  $[qXr] \rightarrow [rXs][sYr]$
  - c)  $[qXr] \rightarrow 0[qYs][sZp]$
  - d)  $[qXr] \rightarrow 0[rXs][qYr]$

Answer submitted: a)

You have answered the question correctly.

5. Here are the transitions of a deterministic pushdown automaton. The start state is  $q_0$ , and f is the accepting state.

State-Symbol	a	b	3
$q_0$ - $Z_0$	$(q_1,AAZ_0)$	$(q_2,BZ_0)$	(f,ε)
q <sub>1</sub> -A	(q <sub>1</sub> ,AAA)	(q <sub>1</sub> ,ε)	-
$q_1$ - $Z_0$	-	-	$(q_0,Z_0)$
q <sub>2</sub> -B	(q <sub>3</sub> ,ε)	(q <sub>2</sub> ,BB)	-
$q_2$ - $Z_0$	-	-	$(q_0,Z_0)$
q <sub>3</sub> -B	-	-	(q <sub>2</sub> ,ε)
$q_3$ - $Z_0$	-	-	$(q_1,AZ_0)$

Describe informally what this PDA does. Then, identify below the one input string that the PDA accepts.

- a) bababbbb
- b) bbbab
- c) babbaba
- d) abbbab

Answer submitted: **d**)

You have answered the question correctly.

**6.** Consider the pushdown automaton with the following transition rules:

- 1.  $\delta(q,0,Z_0) = \{(q,XZ_0)\}$
- 2.  $\delta(q,0,X) = \{(q,XX)\}$
- 3.  $\delta(q,1,X) = \{(q,X)\}$
- 4.  $\delta(q, \varepsilon, X) = \{(p, \varepsilon)\}\$
- 5.  $\delta(p,\varepsilon,X) = \{(p,\varepsilon)\}\$
- 6.  $\delta(p,1,X) = \{(p,XX)\}$
- 7.  $\delta(p,1,Z_0) = \{(p,\epsilon)\}\$

From the ID (p,1101,XXZ<sub>0</sub>), which of the following ID's can NOT be reached?

- a)  $(p,01,XXXZ_0)$
- b)  $(p,01,XXXXZ_0)$
- c)  $(p,01,XXZ_0)$
- d)  $(p, \varepsilon, \varepsilon)$

Answer submitted: d)

You have answered the question correctly.