Experiment: Arduino-Based Smoke Sensor Detection

1. Aim

To design and implement a smoke detection system using an **Arduino** and an **MQ-2/MQ-135 smoke sensor**, which triggers an alert when smoke levels exceed a predefined threshold.

2. Components Required

- Arduino Uno (or any compatible board)
- MQ-2/MQ-135 Smoke Sensor
- Buzzer
- LED
- Resistors (220 Ω , 1k Ω)
- Jumper Wires
- Breadboard
- Power Supply (5V from Arduino)

3. Background Theory

The MQ-2/MQ-135 smoke sensor is widely used for gas detection in home safety systems. It can detect gases like LPG, methane, butane, alcohol, smoke, and carbon monoxide. The sensor has a heater element that ionizes gases, changing the resistance of the sensor. This change is converted into an analog voltage, which can be read by the Arduino.

• Working Principle:

- o The sensor outputs an **analog voltage** proportional to the smoke concentration.
- The Arduino processes this voltage and triggers an alert if it crosses the threshold.
- o A **buzzer and LED** provide a visual and audible alert.

4. Circuit Diagram

Connections:

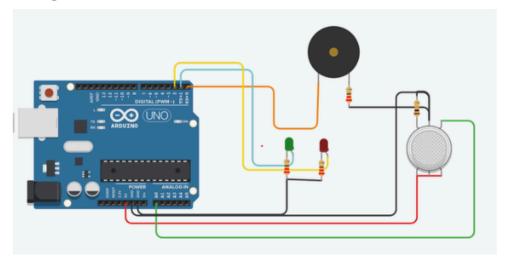
1. MQ-2/MQ-135 Sensor

- o $VCC \rightarrow 5V$ (Arduino)
- o $GND \rightarrow GND$ (Arduino)
- o $A0 \rightarrow A0$ (Arduino)
- o $D0 \rightarrow Digital Pin (Optional, if using digital output)$

2. Buzzer

- o Positive \rightarrow Pin 9 (Arduino)
- o Negative \rightarrow GND
- 3. **LED**
 - o Positive \rightarrow Pin 8 (Arduino)
 - o Negative \rightarrow GND (via a 220 Ω resistor)

Circuit Diagram



5. Arduino Code

```
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const int smokeSensorPin = A0; // Analog input for MQ-2
                               // Buzzer pin
// LED pin
const int buzzerPin = 9;
const int ledPin = 8;
                               // Smoke threshold value
const int threshold = 300;
void setup() {
    pinMode(buzzerPin, OUTPUT);
    pinMode(ledPin, OUTPUT);
    Serial.begin(9600); // Start Serial Monitor
void loop() {
    int sensorValue = analogRead(smokeSensorPin); // Read sensor value
    Serial.print("Smoke Level: ");
    Serial.println(sensorValue); // Display value in serial monitor
    if (sensorValue > threshold) { // If smoke detected
        digitalWrite(buzzerPin, HIGH);
        digitalWrite(ledPin, HIGH);
        Serial.println("WARNING: Smoke Detected!");
    } else {
        digitalWrite(buzzerPin, LOW);
        digitalWrite(ledPin, LOW);
    delay(1000); // Wait 1 second before next reading
}
```

6. Steps

- 1. **Set up the hardware:** Connect the **MQ-2/MQ-135 sensor, buzzer, and LED** to the Arduino as per the circuit diagram.
- 2. **Upload the Code:** Use **Arduino IDE** to upload the above code.
- 3. **Monitor the Serial Output:** Open the **Serial Monitor** (9600 baud rate) to check real-time smoke levels.
- 4. Test with Smoke: Introduce smoke (e.g., from a matchstick) near the sensor.
- 5. Observe the Response: If the smoke level exceeds the threshold, the buzzer and LED turn ON.
- 6. Verify Alert Deactivation: Once the smoke clears, the buzzer and LED should turn OFF.

7. Result

The smoke detection system successfully detects smoke and triggers an **audible and visual alarm**. The sensor readings are displayed on the **Serial Monitor**, and the system functions as expected when exposed to smoke.