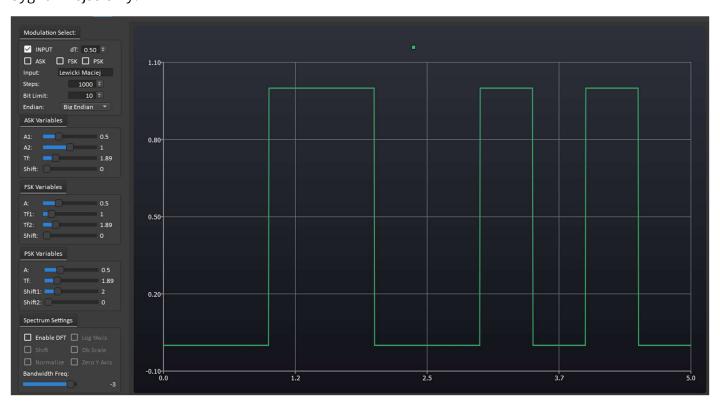
Laboratorium nr 5

1) Napisz funkcję, która na wejściu przyjmuje zadany ciąg znaków ASCII, a na wyjściu zwraca strumień binarny i wypisuje go na konsolę w kolejności little endian lub big endian. Przykład pseudokodu:

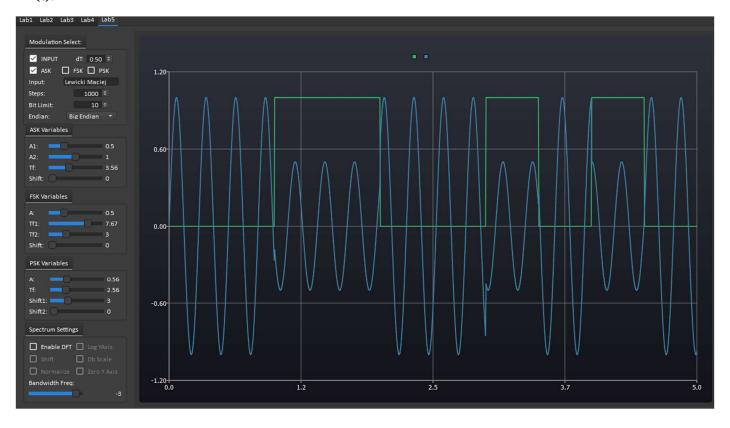
```
QBitArray Lab5_6::bitsFromString(QString s, Endian e)
    QByteArray ba = s.toLocal8Bit();
   const char* c = ba.data();
    QBitArray bitArr = QBitArray::fromBits(c,ba.size()*8);
    if(e == LittleEndian)
        reverseBitsInBytes(&bitArr);
   return bitArr;
void Lab5_6::reverseBitsInBytes(QBitArray* arr)
    //if byte is incomplete we dont reverse it
    for(int j = 0; j<arr->count()/8; j++)
        for(int i=0; i<4;i++)
            auto b = (i + j*8);
            auto o = (j+1)*8 - 1 - i;
           bool bit = arr->at(b);
            arr->setBit(b, arr->at(o));
           arr->setBit(o, bit);
```

Wykresy

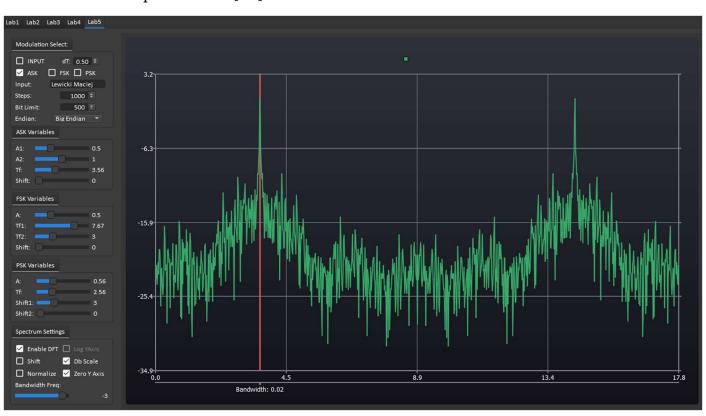
Sygnał wejściowy:



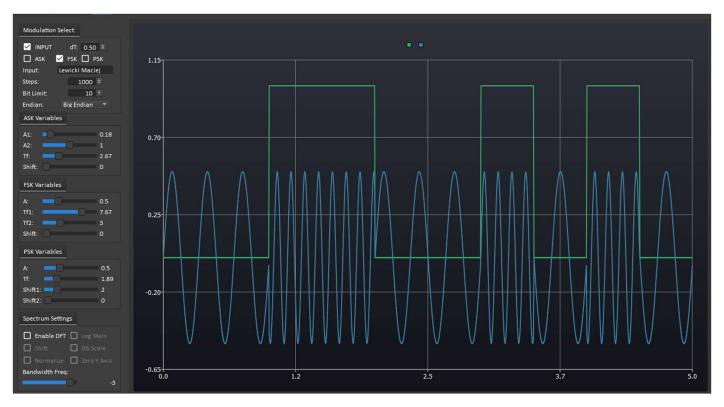
ZA(t):



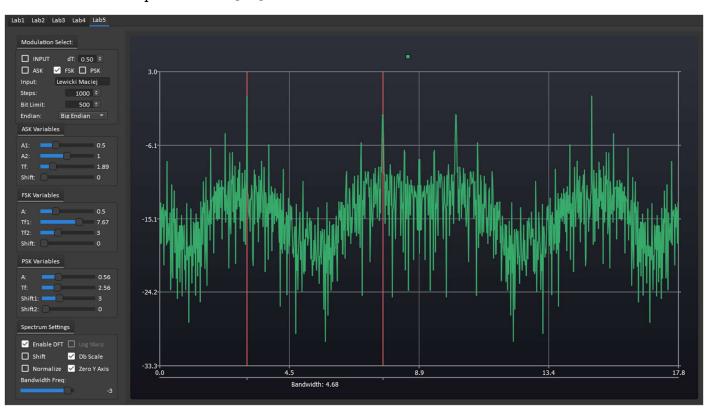
Widmo + szerokość pasma = 0.02[Hz]:



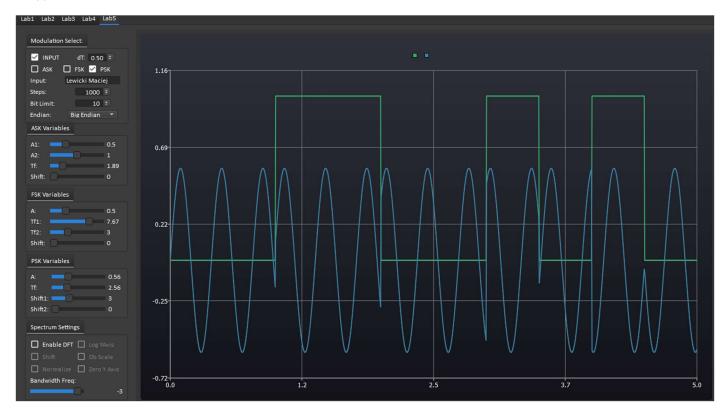
ZF(t):



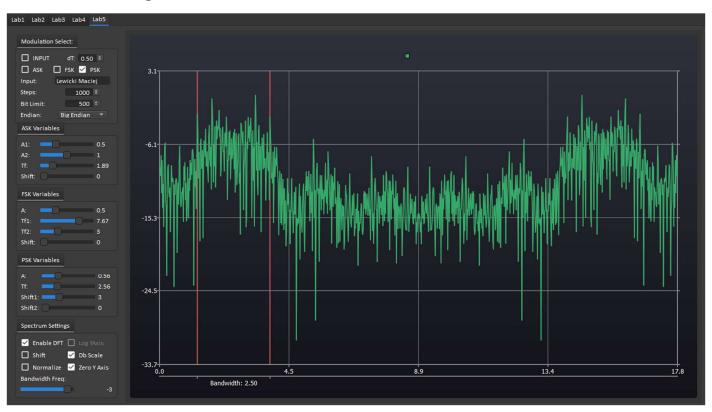
Widmo + szerokość pasma = 4.68[Hz]:



ZP(t):



Widmo + szerokość pasma = 2.50[Hz]:



Fragment kodu odpowiedzialny za modulacje ASK, FSK, PSK:

```
if(ask->checkState()==2)
    double y;
    QLineSeries* series = new QLineSeries(this);
    for(int i=0; i<stepsVal; i++)</pre>
        if(vecY.at(i))
            y = (askAmp1_l)*(sin(2*M_PI*askTargetFreq_l*vecX.at(i)+askShift_l));
            y = (askAmp2_l)*(sin(2*M_PI*askTargetFreq_l*vecX.at(i)+askShift_l));
        series->append(vecX.at(i), y);
    chartView->chart()->addSeries(series);
if(fsk->checkState()==2)
    double y;
    QLineSeries* series = new QLineSeries(this);
    for(int i=0; i<stepsVal; i++)</pre>
        if(vecY.at(i))
            y = (fskAmp_l)*(sin(2*M_PI*fskTargetFreq1_l*vecX.at(i)+fskShift_l));
            y = (fskAmp_l)*(sin(2*M_PI*fskTargetFreq2_l*vecX.at(i)+fskShift_l));
        series->append(vecX.at(i), y);
    chartView->chart()->addSeries(series);
if(psk->checkState()==2)
    double y;
    QLineSeries* series = new QLineSeries(this);
    for(int i=0; i<stepsVal; i++)</pre>
        if(vecY.at(i))
            y = (pskAmp_l)*(sin(2*M_PI*pskTargetFreq_l*vecX.at(i)+pskShift1_l));
        else
            y = (pskAmp_l)*(sin(2*M_PI*pskTargetFreq_l*vecX.at(i)+pskShift2_l));
        series->append(vecX.at(i), y);
    chartView->chart()->addSeries(series);
```