Introduction to SMTP

RES, Lecture 4

Olivier Liechti

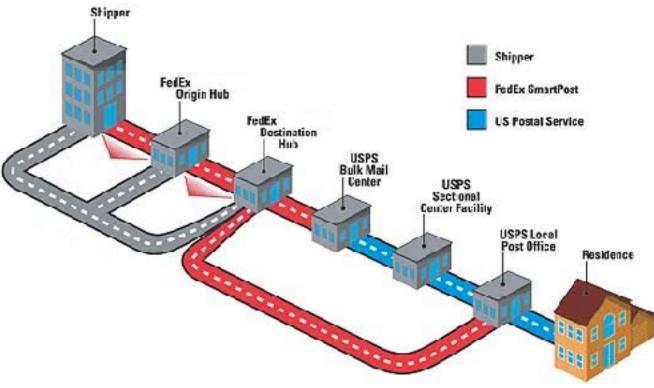


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The slides and the webcasts contain examples and demos with **real SMTP servers**.

The behaviour of these servers may change over time. It may also change depending on the network you are connected to (internal, ISP, other ISP).

The main reason why a server might behave differently is the fight between mail administrators and **spammers**.





It is a good thing to experiment with real SMTP servers.

But remember that they are real servers and act responsibly.

Please avoid launching a surprise denial of service attack with your accidental infinite loop.

May changing your Facebook relationship status as an April Fool's joke not cause the end of your relationship. someecards

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Labo SMTP, part 1

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Labo SMTP, part 2

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18:47

Labo SMTP, part 3

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Labo SMTP, part 4

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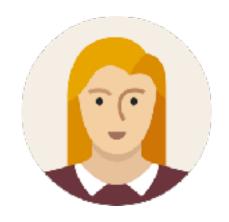
- SMTP demo & hints
- SMTP protocol
- Mock server
- Implementation walk-through

Lecture	Lab A	Lab B
01.04	01.04	04.04
SMTP	Labo SMTP	Labo SMTP
08.04	08.04	11.04
Labo SMTP	Labo SMTP	Labo SMTP
15.04	15.04	18.04
Travail écrit	Labo SMTP	Labo SMTP
Tout, y compris SMTP	Démos "option standard"	Démos "option standard"

Démo (<mark>5 minutes MAX</mark>)		
Le labo est terminé et la démo est faite au plus tard la semaine du 15 avril.	1 pt	
Le groupe arrive à démarrer un serveur mock dans un container Docker et à expliquer à quoi il sert. Le groupe a aussi configuré le service <u>mailtrap.io</u>	1 pt	
Le groupe montre comment configurer la campagne de "pranks" et lance son programme dans un environnement de test (mock mock, mailtrap ou autre). Le groupe explique les résultats.	2 pt	
Le groupe montre son repo GitHub. En regardant les commits, on voit que tout le monde a participé et qu'il n'y a pas seulement un gros commit à la fin.	1 pt	
Une documentation de qualité et conforme aux exigences est fournie dans le repo GitHub.	2 pt	



What happens when Bob wants to **send an e-mail** to Alice?



Bob uses **Thunderbird** to write his mail.



Alice uses **MS Outlook** to check and read her mails.

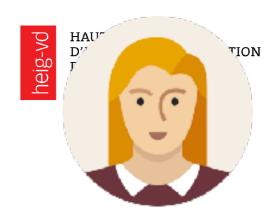




In the technical specs (RFCs), these programs are called Mail User Agents (MUA)









Bob uses his professional email address. His company runs a **MS Exchange Server**.



Alice uses her private address.

She has an account (and a mailbox) on the Google gmail infrastructure.











Mail Submission
Agent (MSA)
TCP/587

Agent (MTA)

— EHLO
— MAIL FROM
— RCPT TO
— DATA
— DATA



Bob writes a message to "alice.res@gmail.com". He pushes on the "Send" button.

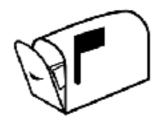
The Exchange Server is made of **2 logical components:** the **MSA** and the **MTA**.

Bob's MUA asks Bob's MSA to deliver the mail. It uses the **SMTP** protocol for that purpose and (should) use TCP port 587.

After enforcing **usage policies**, the MSA delegates the work to the MTA. We don't know how.









Mail Transfer Agent (MTA)

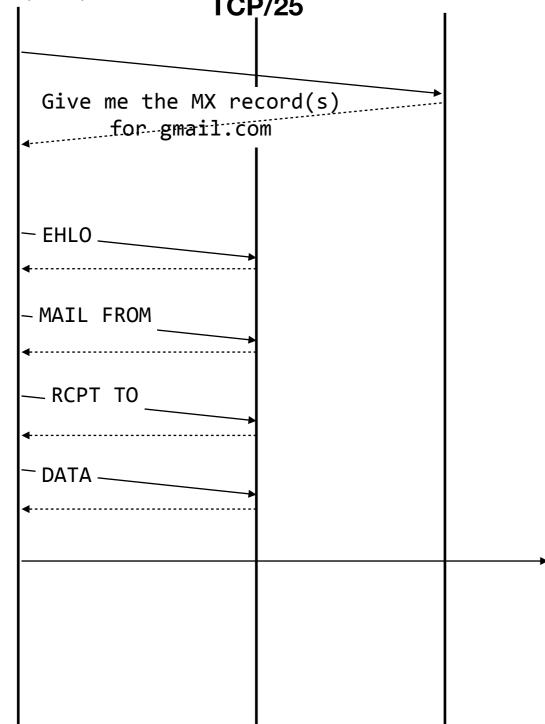
DNS Agent (MTA) **TCP/25**

Bob's MTA initially does not know where to forward the mail...

It issues a **DNS** query to get a list of **MX records** for Alice's domain (gmail.com).

When Bob's MTA knows the IP address of Alice's MTA, it uses the **SMTP** protocol once more to forward the message. TCP port 25 is used in this case.

When Alice's MTA receives the mail, it stores it in Alice's mailbox (for later retrieval).





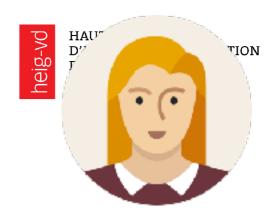
nslookup is another command for querying DNS

dig -t ANY heig-vd.ch

```
HAUTE ÉCOLE
                                                                                                          D'INGÉNIEDIE ET DE GESTION
                                                   ↑ admin — -bash --login — 120×30
$ dig -t ANY heig-vd.ch
 <>>> DiG 9.8.3-P1 <<>> -t ANY heig-vd.ch
;; global options: +cmd
 ; Got answer:
;; ->>HEADER<<- opcode: QUERY, status: NOERROR, id: 62138
;; flags: qr aa rd ra; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 9, AUTHORITY: 0, ADDITIONAL: 0
;; QUESTION SECTION:
;heig-vd.ch.
                                 IIN
                                         ANY
;; ANSWER SECTION:
heig-vd.ch.
                                                 ns01.heig-vd.ch.
                        3600
                                 ΙN
                                         NS
heig-vd.ch.
                                                 ns02.heig-vd.ch.
                        3600
                                         NS
                                 ΙN
heig-vd.ch.
                        3600
                                 ΙN
                                                 193,134,220,23
heig-vd.ch.
                        3600
                                 ΙN
                                         TXT
                                                 "MS=ms50694826"
                                                 "v=spf1 ip4:193.134.216.180/30 mx ~all"
heig-vd.ch.
                        3600
                                 ΙN
                                         TXT
heig-vd.ch.
                                                 10 mailcl2.heig-vd.ch.
                        3600
                                 ΙN
                                         MΧ
heig-vd.ch.
                        3600
                                 ΙN
                                         MΧ
                                                 10 mailcl1.heig-vd.ch.
heig-vd.ch.
                                                 10 mailcl0.heig-vd.ch.
                         3600
                                 ΙN
                                         MX
heig-vd.ch.
                                         SOA
                                                 ns01.heig-vd.ch. domain.heig-vd.ch. 2014141923 10800 3600 2419200 900
                        3600
                                 ΙN
;; Query time: 2 msec
;; SERVER: 10.192.22.5#53(10.192.22.5)
;; WHEN: Tue Apr 5 13:20:45 2016
;; MSG SIZE rcvd: 273
```

MX records point to the SMTP servers for the domain







SMTP 587 In the last step, Alice's MUA uses another protocol (e.g. IMAP, POP3) to fetch mails from the mailbox.



IMAP/POP3



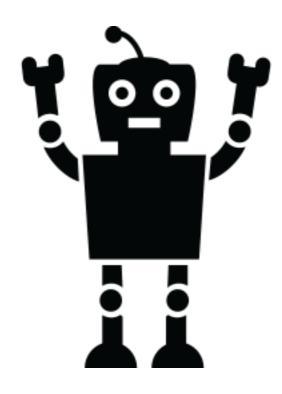
SMTP 25





Let's be human Exchange Servers (and play the role of Bob's MTA).

But instead of forwarding the mail to gmail, let's forward the mail via the **HEIG-VD's SMTP** server.



dig -t MX heig-vd.ch

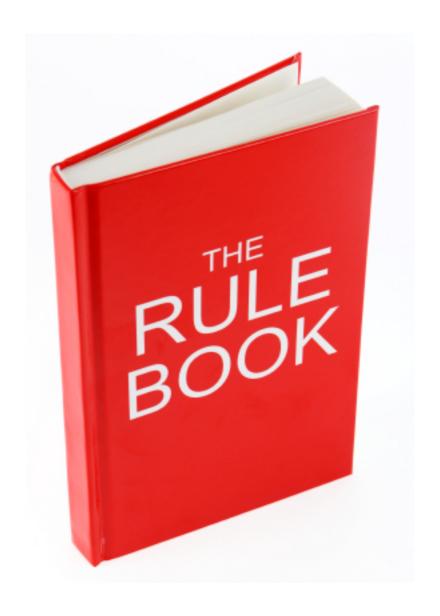
heig-vd.ch. 600 IN MX 10 mail01.heig-vd.ch.

telnet mailcl0.heig-vd.ch 25

openssl s_client -starttls smtp -crlf -connect mail01.heig-vd.ch:25 (or use 465)

EHLO mycompany.com

```
$ telnet mailcl10.heig-vd.ch 25
mailcl10.heig-vd.ch: nodename nor servname provided, or not known
$ telnet mailcl0.heig-vd.ch 25
Trying 193.134.216.181...
Connected to mailcl0.heig-vd.ch.
Escape character is '^]'.
220 heig-vd.ch ESMTP MailCleaner (Enterprise Edition 2016.01) Tue, 05 Apr 2016 14:18:24
+0200
EHLO mycompany.com
250-heig-vd.ch Hello mbp-de-admin.einet.ad.eivd.ch [10.192.116.92]
250-SIZE 20480000
250-8BITMIME
250-PIPELINING
                                                 SMTP command
250-AUTH PLAIN LOGIN
250-STARTTLS
250 HELP
MAIL FROM: bob@bob.com
250 OK
                                                 Message header
RCPT TO: olivier.liechti@wasabi-tech.com
250 Accepted
DATA
354 Enter message, ending with "." on a line by itself
From: bob@areyousure.com
To: olivier.liechti@wasabi-tech.com
Subject: demo
Ok. Cool. Bye.
250 OK id=1anPx9-0003KC-BC
quit
221 heig-vd.ch closing connection
Connection closed by foreign host.
```



The Specs

https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc5321

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<u>RFC 5321</u> SMTP October 2008

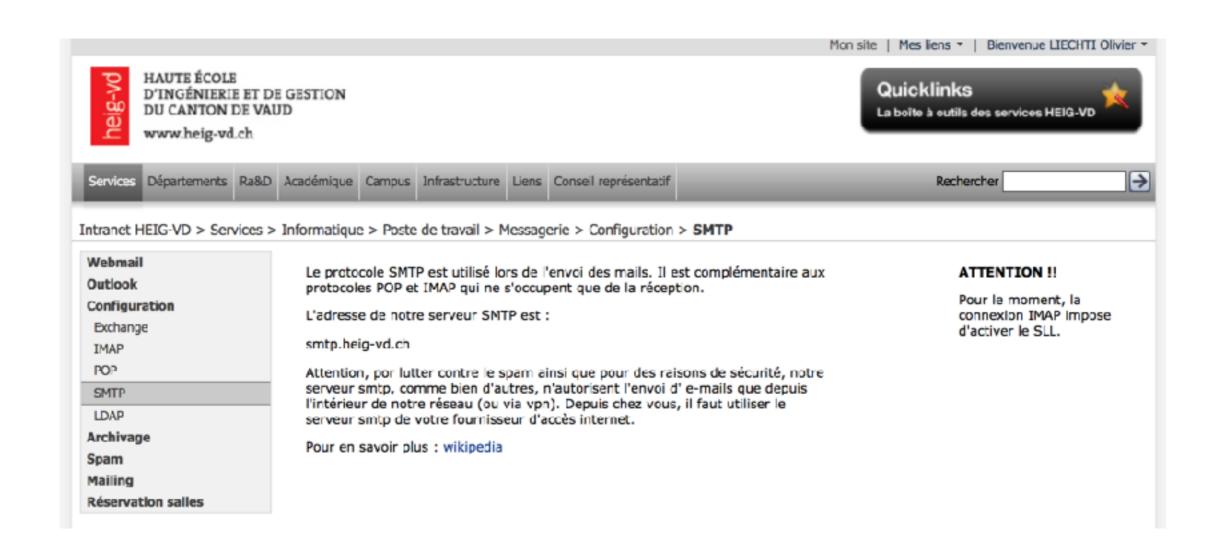
D.1. A Typical SMTP Transaction Scenario

This SMTP example shows mail sent by Smith at host bar.com, and to Jones, Green, and Brown at host foo.com. Here we assume that host bar.com contacts host foo.com directly. The mail is accepted for Jones and Brown. Green does not have a mailbox at host foo.com.

```
S: 220 foo.com Simple Mail Transfer Service Ready
C: EHLO bar.com
S: 250-foo.com greets bar.com
S: 250-8BITMIME
S: 250-SIZE
S: 250-DSN
S: 250 HELP
C: MAIL FROM:<Smith@bar.com>
S: 250 OK
C: RCPT TO:<Jones@foo.com>
S: 250 OK
C: RCPT TO:<Green@foo.com>
S: 550 No such user here
C: RCPT TO:<Brown@foo.com>
S: 250 OK
C: DATA
S: 354 Start mail input; end with <CRLF>.<CRLF>
C: Blah blah blah...
C: ...etc. etc. etc.
C: .
S: 250 OK
C: QUIT
S: 221 foo.com Service closing transmission channel
```



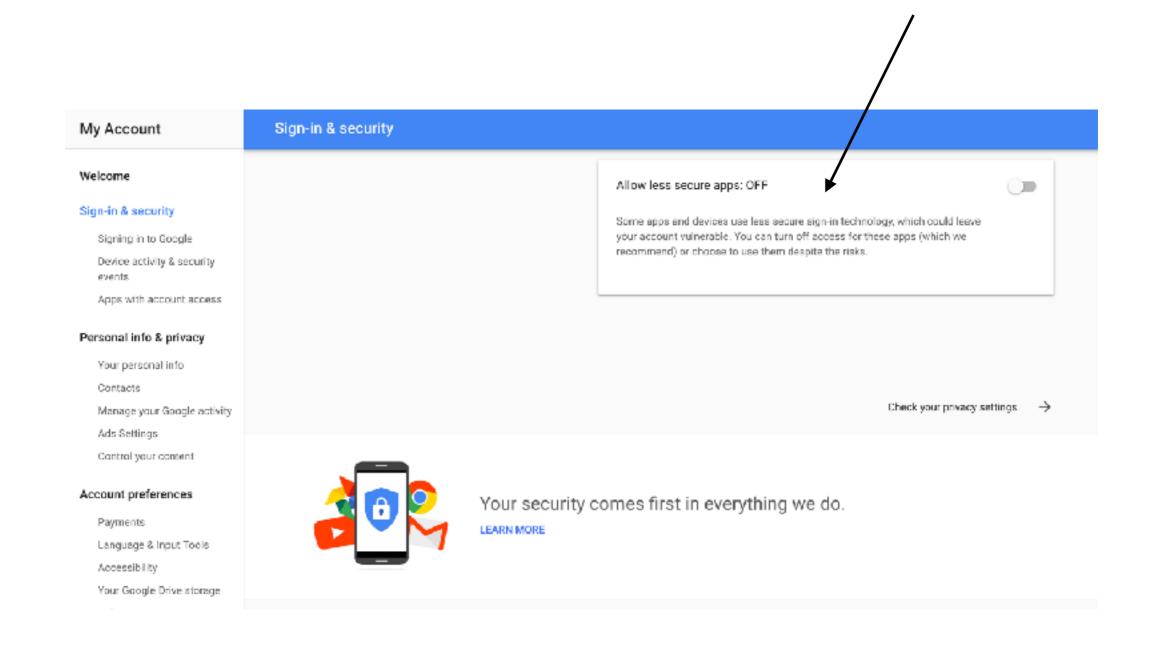
SMTP Servers for experiments

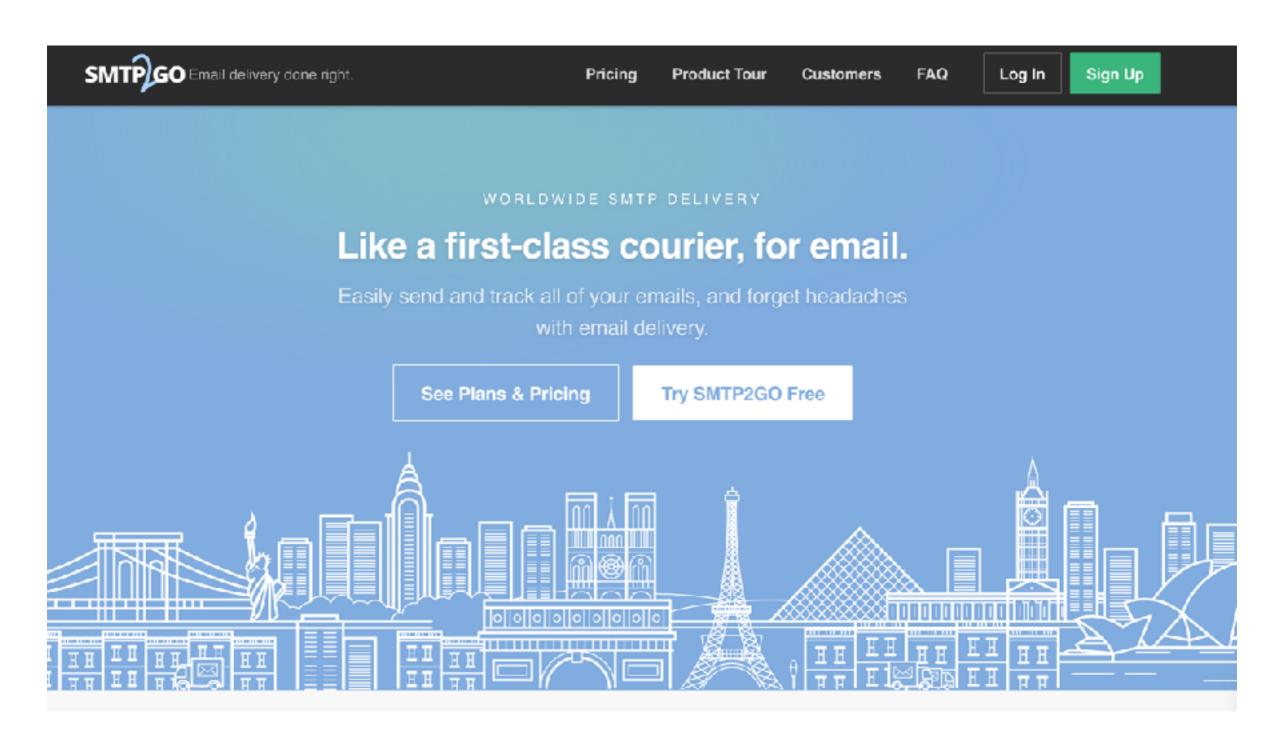




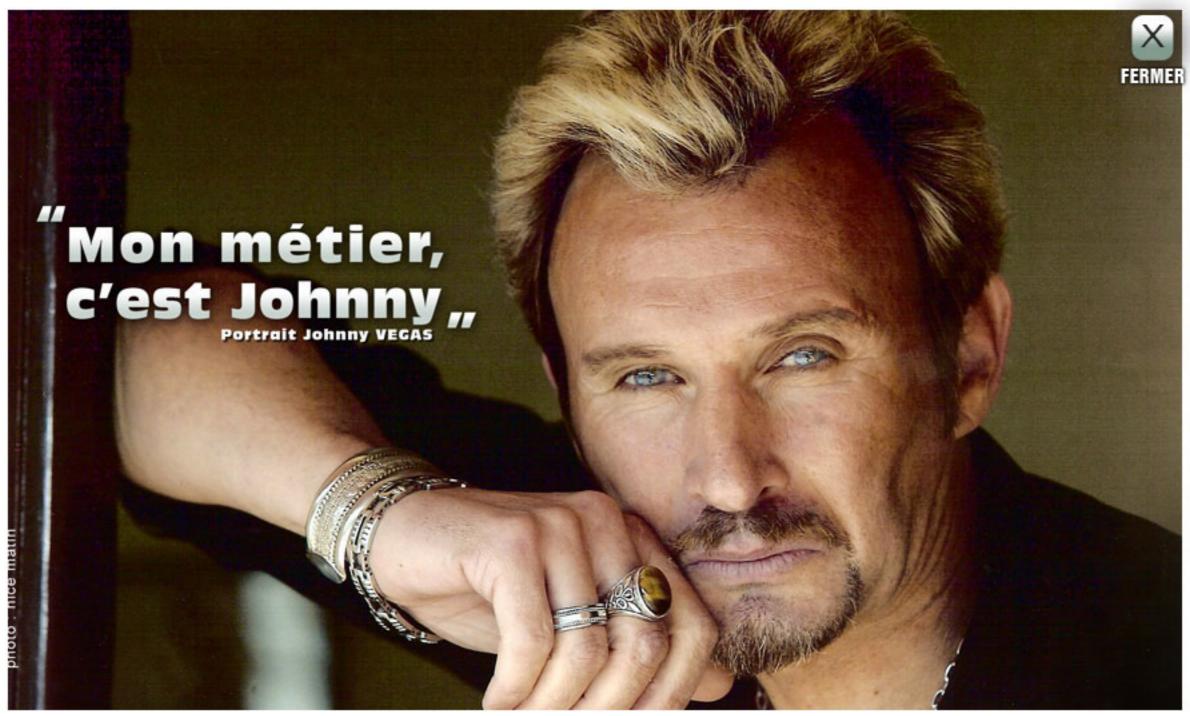


With this default setup, you will not be able to login with your user id / password.









Mock Servers



A mock SMTP server built with Java

MockMock Home MockMock on Github

I've got 24 mails for you. Nice! Delete all

From	То	Subject
John Doe <someone@example.org></someone@example.org>	Some Dude <:dude@examp	Well, this is a nice subject
John Doe <someone@example.org></someone@example.org>	Some Dude <dude@examp< td=""><td>LOL omg!</td></dude@examp<>	LOL omg!
John Doe <someone@example.org></someone@example.org>	Some Dude <dude@examp< td=""><td>The iPhone 5 is huge!</td></dude@examp<>	The iPhone 5 is huge!
John Doe <someone@example.org></someone@example.org>	Some Dude <:dude@examp	Did you see the new MockMock version already?
John Doe <someone@example.org></someone@example.org>	Some Dude <dude@examp< td=""><td>Well, this is a nice subject</td></dude@examp<>	Well, this is a nice subject
John Doe <someone@example.org></someone@example.org>	Some Dude <dude@examp< td=""><td>Well, this is a nice subject</td></dude@examp<>	Well, this is a nice subject
John Doe <someone@example.org></someone@example.org>	Some Dude <dude@examp< td=""><td>Did you see the new MockMock version already?</td></dude@examp<>	Did you see the new MockMock version already?

