{renv}

# What is {renv}?

{renv} is an R package for managing project dependencies and creating reproducible environments

# Benefits of using {renv}

- 1. **Isolation:** Creates project-specific environments separate from the global R library.
- 2. **Reproducibility:** Ensures consistent package versions for code reproducibility.
- 3. **Collaboration:** Facilitates sharing and collaborating on projects with others.

# Getting Started with {renv}

1. Install {renv}

```
1 install.packages("renv")
```

2. Initialize a project

```
1 renv::init()
```

3. Install packages

```
1 install.packages("other_package")
2 # only an option when using renv!
3 install.packages("github_user/github_package")
```

4. Track dependencies via a lockfile

```
1 renv::snapshot()
```

#### Behind the scenes

• Your project .Rprofile is updated to include:

```
1 source("renv/activate.R")
```

This is run every time R starts, and does some management of the library paths to make sure when you call install.packges("package") or library(package) it does to the right place (renv/library/R-{version}/{computer-specifics})

• A renv. lock file (really just a text file) is created to store the names and versions of the packages.

### renv.lock

```
"R": {
  "Version": "4.3.0",
  "Repositories": [
      "Name": "CRAN",
      "URL": "https://cran.rstudio.com"
"Packages": {
  "R6": {
    "Package": "R6",
    "Version": "2.5.1",
    "Source": "Repository",
    "Repository": "CRAN",
    "Requirements": [
      "R"
    "Hash": "470851b6d5d0ac559e9d01bb352b4021"
  base64enc": {
    "Package": "base64enc",
    "Version": "0.1-3",
    "Source": "Repository",
    "Repository": "CRAN",
    "Requirements": [
```

```
"R"
],
"Hash": "543776ae6848fde2f48ff3816d0628bc"
},
```

# Using {renv} later

Restore an environment

```
1 renv::restore()
```

Install new packages

```
1 install.packages("other_package")
```

Update the lockfile

```
1 renv::snapshot()
```

### Collaboration with {renv}

- Share the project's renv. lock file with collaborators to ensure consistent environments
- When they run <a href="renv::restore">renv::restore</a>(), the correct versions of the packages will be installed on their computer

```
1 renv::restore()
```

## Other helpful functions

Remove packages that are no longer used:

```
1 renv::clean()
```

Check the status of the project library with respect to the lockfile:

```
1 renv::status()
```

This will tell you to <a href="renv::snapshot">renv::snapshot</a>() to add packages you've installed but haven't snapshotted, or <a href="renv::restore">renv::restore</a>() if you're missing packages you need but which aren't installed

#### Conclusion

{renv} benefits:

- Isolation, reproducibility, and collaboration
- Getting started with {renv}
- 1. Initialize a project using renv::init()
- 2. Install packages and store with renv::snapshot()
- 3. Restore later or elsewhere with renv::restore()

Additional resources

- Official {renv} documentation
- {renv} GitHub repository