







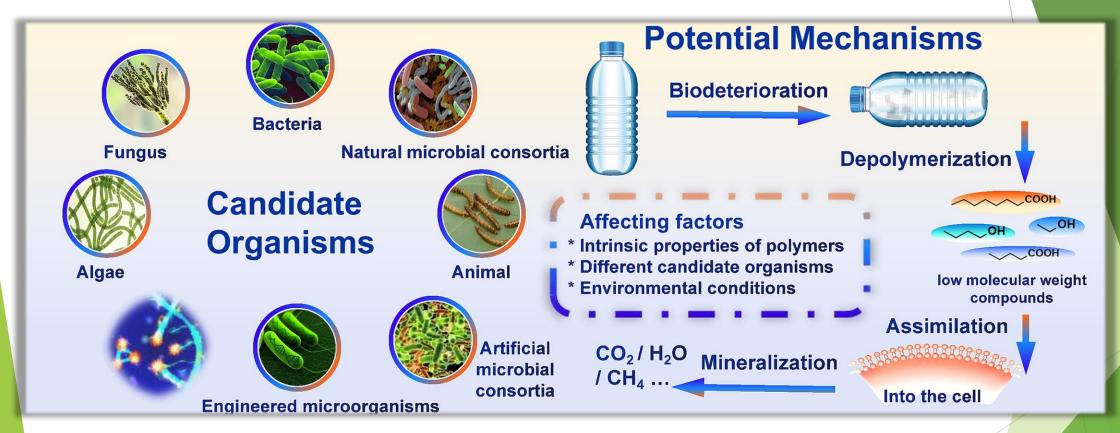
PLASTIC BIODEGRADATION LAB PRACTICES

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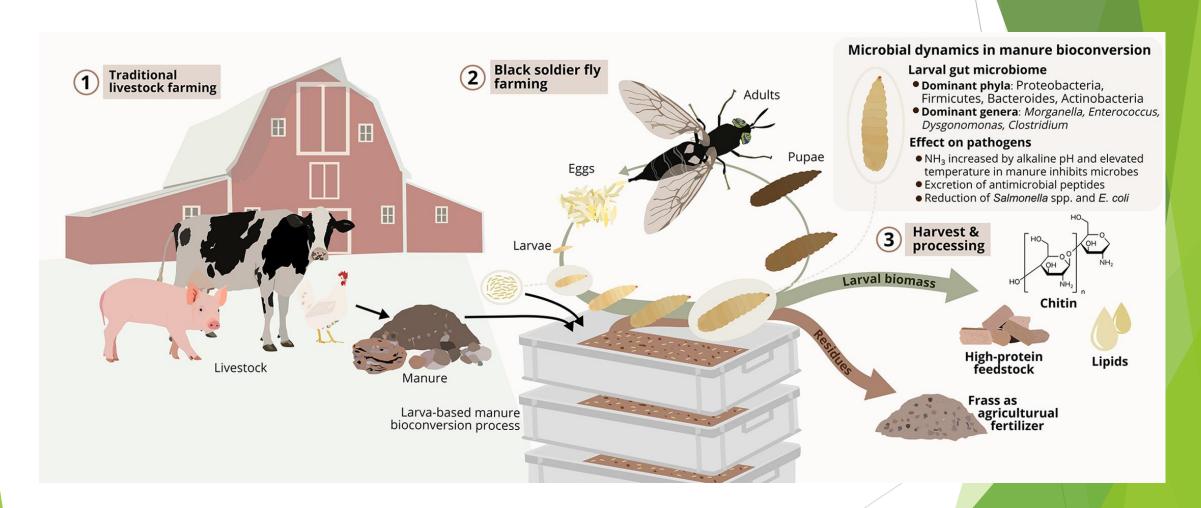
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BIODEGRADATION



A GUIDE TO INSECT REGULATIONS

What insects can eat



vegetal substrates, e.g. fruit and grain waste



unprocessed former foodstuff, e.g. dairy and eggs



unprocessed former foodstuff, e.g. meat and fish

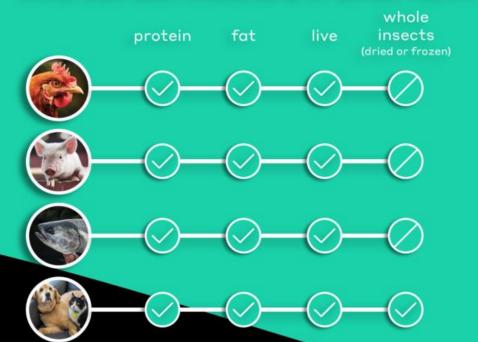


slaughterhouse waste or animal manure

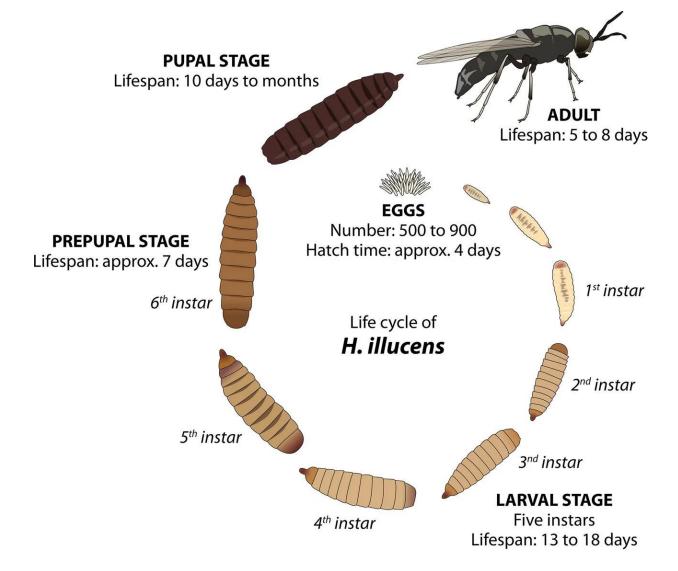


post-consumer waste, e.g. municipal or household waste

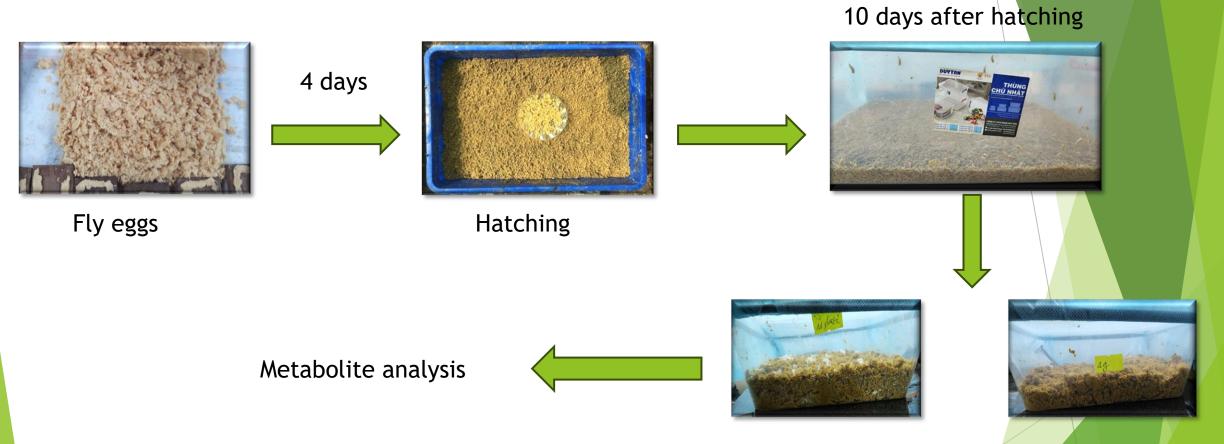
Who can eat insects & in what form



BETTER ORIGIN

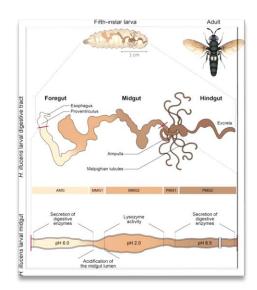


RESEARCH METHODS

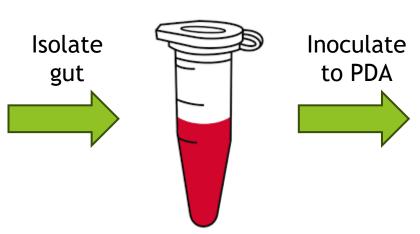


Add plastic, and microplastic to the standard diet

RESEARCH METHODS



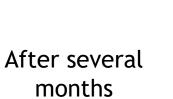
https://animalmicrobiome.biome dcentral.com/articles/10.1186/s4 2523-023-00261-9

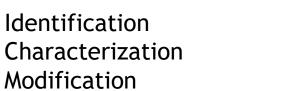


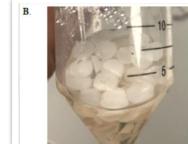
5 days after inoculated



Inoculate to carbon-free media









Day 1:

- ▶ Prepare a standard diet.
- ► Hatching egg.
- ▶ Prepare the potato dextrose agar.
- ▶ Prepare carbon-free media.

Day 2:

- Prepare a standard diet and a plastic diet.
- Feed larvae with a standard diet and a plastic diet.
- ► Take larvae gut and inoculate to PDA.

- ►Standard diet: Chicken feed/water (1:1, w/v)
- ▶Plastic diet: Chicken feed/water (1:1, w/v) + 0.5-1% plastic
- PDA:
 - □ 200g potato + 500ml H₂O: Boiling for 10 minutes and filter to collect broth.
 - 20g Dextrose
 - 20g agar
 - □ pH 7.0
 - □ dH₂O adjust to 1000ml



- ► Carbon-free media:
 - □ 5.14mM KH₂PO₄
 - 4.02mM K₂HPO₄
 - 2.84mM MgSO₄
 - □ 12.37mM NH₄NO₃
 - □ 85.6µM NaCl
 - ☐ 7.19µM FeSO₄
 - 6.96µM ZnSO₄
 - □ 5.92µM MnSO₄

All stock were prepared at 100mM

