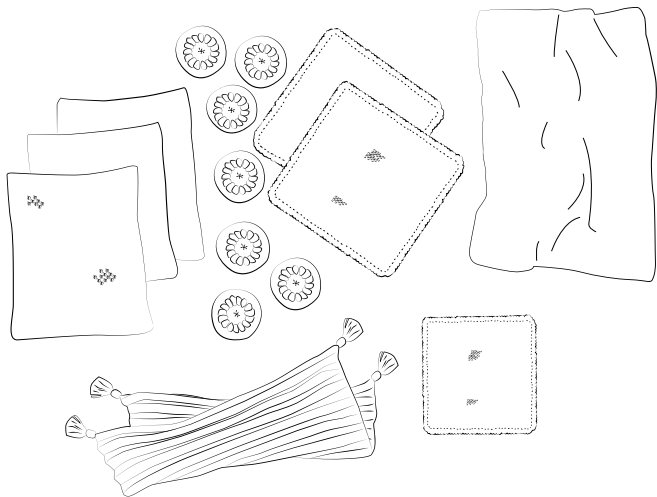


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WOOL AND THE GANG



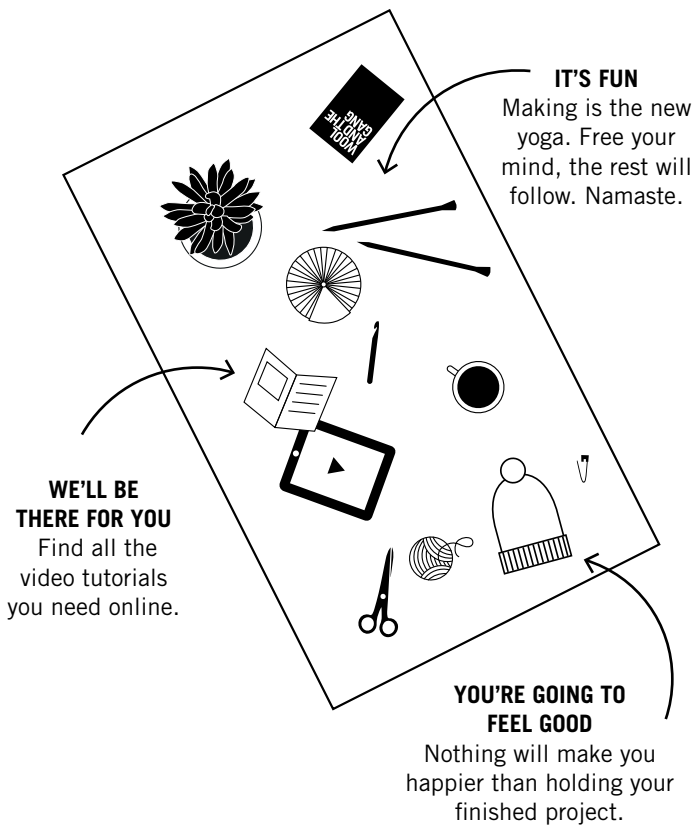
PLANET FRIENDLY PATTERNS

EASY - INTERMEDIATE

**3.5MM (4US) NEEDLES
5MM HOOK**

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YOUR ADVENTURE STARTS NOW



RECIPE FOR SUCCESS

1

GET YOUR TOOLS READY.

Everything you need to get making.

2

FAMILIARISE YOURSELF WITH THE TECHNIQUES.

Everything from the stitches used to the finishing touches for your project.

3

GET TO KNOW YOUR YARN.

Before you start your piece, play around with your new yarn to get used to it, and to check your tension.

4

WOOL SCHOOL

Pick up your tools & yarn and make the magic happen! For a little extra help, check out our Wool School at:

www.woolandthegang.com/t/how-to

5

#WOOLANDTHEGANG

When you're done - let the world know.

LET'S GET MAKING

A collection of DIY projects to make your home a little more sustainable.

Tool kit

- 5 balls of WATG's Buddy Hemp Yarn
- 1 Dish The Dirt Cloth pattern
- 1 The Everything Cloth pattern
- 1 Tassel Towel pattern
- 1 Tea Time! Towel pattern
- 1 Rub A Dub Dub Face Scrubbie pattern
- 1 pair of 3.5mm (4US) knitting needles
- 1 5mm crochet hook
- 1 sewing needle

Not included:

Blocking pins



Help's only a stitch away. Watch the video tutorials online at www.woolandthegang.com/t/how-to

DISH THE DIRT CLOTH

EASY LEVEL

Tool kit

- 1 ball of WATG's Buddy Hemp Yarn
- 1 Dish The Dirt Cloth pattern
- 1 pair of 3.5mm (4US) knitting needles
- 1 sewing needle

Tension

To ensure your knitting has the same measurements as the pattern, it is a good idea to make a tension swatch before you start knitting your project. A tension swatch is a small sample of your knitting where you count the stitches and rows and check them against the measurements (cm/in) given in the pattern. If you get MORE stitches/rows than the pattern's tension, it means your knitting is tighter. If you get FEWER stitches/rows than the pattern, your knitting is looser. Sometimes, it works to knit tighter or looser to compensate.

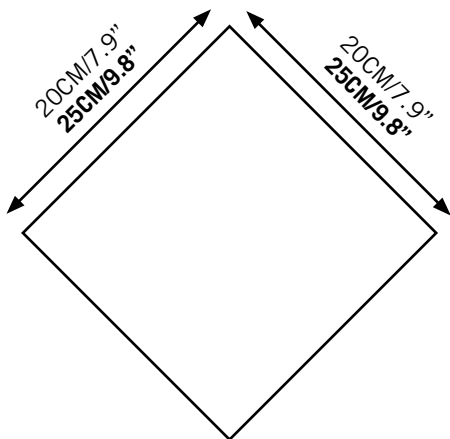
Garter stitch:

10 cm/4" = 21 stitches

10 cm/4" = 42 rows

All knitting techniques can be found at the back of the pattern.

MEASUREMENTS: SIZES 1 & 2



HOW TO KNIT YOUR DISH THE DIRT CLOTH

This cloth can be made in two sizes. Both are knitted from corner to corner. With a small eyelet detail around the edges.

SIZE 1

1 Cast on 4 stitches, using the cable cast on technique.

2 Knit two rows.

3 **Increase row:** Knit 2 stitches, make a yarn over, knit to the end of the row. (5 stitches.)

4 Repeat step 3 a further 51 times. (56 stitches.)

5 **Decrease row:** Knit 1 stitch, make a right-leaning decrease, make a yarn over, make a right-leaning decrease, knit to the end of the row. (55 stitches.)

6 Repeat step 5 a further 51 times. (4 stitches.)

7 Knit 1 row.

8 Cast off and weave in any loose ends.

SIZE 2

- 1 Cast on 4 stitches, using the cable cast on technique.

- 2 Knit two rows.

- 3 **Increase row:** Knit 2 stitches, make a yarn over, knit to the end of the row. (5 stitches.)

- 4 Repeat step 3 a further 65 times. (70 stitches.)

- 5 **Decrease row:** Knit 1 stitch, make a right-leaning decrease, make a yarn over, make a right-leaning decrease, knit to the end of the row. (69 stitches.)

- 6 Repeat step 5 a further 65 times. (4 stitches.)

- 7 Knit 1 row.

- 8 Cast off and weave in any loose ends.

THE EVERYTHING CLOTH

EASY LEVEL

Tool kit

- 1 ball of WATG's Buddy Hemp Yarn
- 1 The Everything Cloth pattern
- 1 5mm crochet hook
- 1 sewing needle

Tension

To ensure your crochet project has the same measurements as the pattern, it is a good idea to make a tension swatch before you start. A tension swatch is a small sample of crochet where you count the stitches and rows and check them against the tension given in the pattern. If you get MORE stitches/rows than the pattern's tension, it means your crochet is TIGHTER. If you get FEWER stitches/rows than the pattern, your crochet is LOOSER. Sometimes, it works to crochet tighter or looser to compensate.

Crochet Linen stitch:

10 cm/4" = 15 stitches

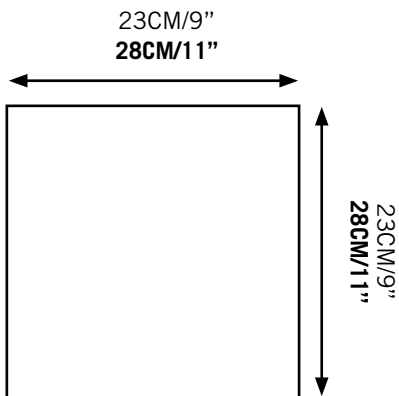
10 cm/4" = 16 rows



Help's only a stitch away. Watch the video tutorials online at www.woolandthegang.com/t/how-to

All crochet techniques can be found at the back of the pattern.

MEASUREMENTS: SIZES 1 & 2



HOW TO CROCHET THE EVERYTHING CLOTH

This cloth can be made in two sizes.

SIZE 1

- 1 Make a foundation chain of 35 stitches.

- 2 Make 1 chain stitch (this is your turning chain), work 1 stitch in single crochet, ★make a chain stitch, skip the next stitch, work 1 stitch in single crochet.★ Repeat the section inside the stars (★) to the end of the row.

- 3 Make 2 chain stitches, (this is your turning chain and first chain space). ★Work 1 stitch in single crochet into the next chain space, make 1 chain stitch.★ Repeat the section inside the stars to the end of the row. Work a single crochet stitch into the space between the last single crochet stitch and the turning chain.

- 4 Repeat step 3 until your piece measures 23cm/9" from the foundation edge. (Approx. a further 35 rows.)

- 5 Cut the yarn and pull through to secure the last stitch.

- 6 Weave in any loose ends.

SIZE 2

- 1 Make a foundation chain of 43 stitches.

- 2 Make 1 chain stitch (this is your turning chain), work 1 stitch in single crochet, ★make a chain stitch, skip the next stitch, work 1 stitch in single crochet.★ Repeat the section inside the stars (★) to the end of the row.

- 3 Make 2 chain stitches, (this is your turning chain and first chain space). ★Work 1 stitch in single crochet into the next chain space, make 1 chain stitch.★ Repeat the section inside the stars to the end of the row. Work a single crochet stitch into the space between the last single crochet stitch and the turning chain.

- 4 Repeat step 3 until your piece measures 28cm/11" from the foundation edge. (Approx. a 43 further rows.)

- 5 Cut the yarn and pull through to secure the last stitch.

- 6 Weave in any loose ends.

TASSEL TOWEL

EASY LEVEL

Tool kit

- 1 ball of WATG's Buddy Hemp Yarn
- 1 Tassel Towel pattern
- 1 pair of 3.5mm (4US) knitting needles
- 1 sewing needle

Not included:

Blocking pins

Tension

To ensure your knitting has the same measurements as the pattern, it is a good idea to make a tension swatch before you start knitting your project. A tension swatch is a small sample of your knitting where you count the stitches and rows and check them against the measurements (cm/in) given in the pattern. If you get MORE stitches/rows than the pattern's tension, it means your knitting is tighter. If you get FEWER stitches/rows than the pattern, your knitting is looser. Sometimes, it works to knit tighter or looser to compensate.

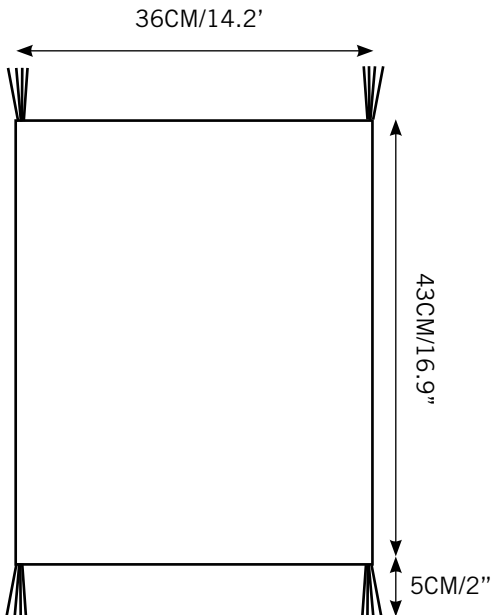
3x3 rib stitch (blocked):

10 cm/4" = 18 stitches

10 cm/4" = 28 rows

All knitting techniques can be found at the back of the pattern.

MEASUREMENTS



Help's only a stitch away. Watch the video tutorials online at www.woolandthegang.com/t/how-to

HOW TO KNIT YOUR TASSEL TOWEL

The tea towel is knitted first, then the tassels are added at the end.

- 1 Cast on 72 stitches using the long-tail cast on technique.

- 2 ★Purl 3 stitches, knit 3 stitches.★ Repeat the section inside the stars (★) to the end of the row.

- 3 Repeat step 2 until your piece measures 36cm/14.2" from the cast on edge.

- 4 Cast off loosely and weave in any loose ends.

ASSEMBLY AND FINISHING

BLOCKING

- 1 Soak your tea towel in cool water.

- 2 Roll your knitted tea towel up in a towel to squeeze out the excess water.

- 3 Lay your knitted tea towel flat on a dry towel, so that it measures 36cm/14.2" by 43cm/18.1".

- 4 Use pins to hold it in shape until it is dry.

- 5 Once it's dry, you can add the tassels!

TASSELS

- 1 Cut a piece of card or thick paper measuring 5cm/2" square.

- 2 Wrap the yarn around the card 20 times, then cut the yarn.

- 3 Cut another piece of yarn measuring 20cm/7.9", thread your needle with this length of yarn and thread it between the card and yarn.



-
- 4 Tie a knot tightly around the yarn, leaving approx. a 10cm/3.9" tail on each side (you will use these to attach your tassel).
-
- 5 Cut the bottom part of the tassel, tidying it up so the threads are all the same length.



- 6** Cut another piece of yarn measuring 20cm/7.9". Wrap this around the tassel a couple of times, approx. a third of the way down.



-
- 7** Tie the two ends of this piece together, and tuck them inside the tassel. Trim them to the same length as the rest of the tassel.



- 8** Secure the tassel to the corner of your tea towel with a couple of small stitches. Knot the two ends together, then thread them back through the tassel to secure.



-
- 9** Repeat steps 1 to 8 for the remaining 3 corners of your tea towel.

TEA TIME! TOWEL

LEVEL EASY

Tool kit

2 balls of WATG's Buddy Hemp Yarn

1 Tea Time! Towel pattern

1 5mm crochet hook

1 sewing needle

Tension

To ensure your crochet project has the same measurements as the pattern, it is a good idea to make a tension swatch before you start. A tension swatch is a small sample of crochet where you count the stitches and rows and check them against the tension given in the pattern. If you get MORE stitches/rows than the pattern's tension, it means your crochet is TIGHTER. If you get FEWER stitches/rows than the pattern, your crochet is LOOSER. Sometimes, it works to crochet tighter or looser to compensate.

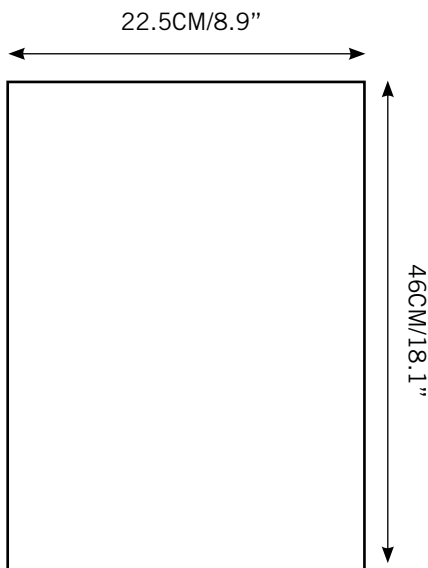
Lemon peel stitch:

10 cm/4" = 21 stitches

10 cm/4" = 42 rows

All crochet techniques can be found at the back of the pattern.

MEASUREMENTS



HOW TO CROCHET YOUR TEA TIME! TOWEL

This tea towel is created using Lemon Peel stitch, a textured stitch that uses a combination of single crochet and double crochet stitches.

- 1 Make a foundation chain of 47 stitches.

- 2 Make 3 chain stitches (this is your turning chain and counts as your first stitch), work a single crochet stitch into the next stitch. ★ Work a double crochet stitch into the next stitch, work a single crochet stitch into the next stitch. ★ Repeat the section inside the stars (★) to the end of the row. (48 stitches.)

- 3 Make 2 chain stitches (this is your turning chain and counts as your first stitch), work a single crochet stitch into the top of the first double crochet stitch. ★ Work a double crochet stitch into the next stitch, work a single crochet stitch into the next stitch. ★ Repeat the section inside the stars to the end of the row.

- 4 Repeat step 3 until your piece measures 46cm/18.1" from the foundation edge.

- 5 Cut the yarn and pull through to secure the last stitch.

- 6 Weave in any loose ends.

RUB A DUB DUB FACE SCRUBBIE

INTERMEDIATE LEVEL

Tool kit

Scraps of WATG's Buddy Hemp Yarn

1 Rub A Dub Dub Face Scrubbie pattern

1 5mm crochet hook

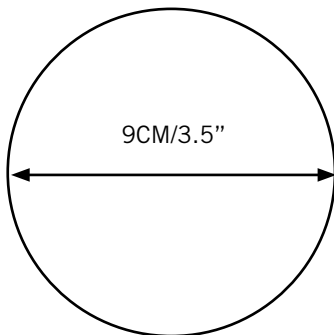
1 sewing needle

Tension

Normally, we'd tell you about the importance of swatching to check your tension. But since this is such a quick project, there's no need to worry about it this time! If your finished scrubbie is too big, you can try crocheting a little tighter, if it's too small, try crocheting a little looser.

All crochet techniques can be found at the back of the pattern.

MEASUREMENTS



HOW TO CROCHET YOUR RUB A DUB DUB FACE SCRUBBIE

- 1 Start by creating a magic loop and working 3 chain stitches (this is your turning chain and counts as your first double crochet stitch) and 15 double crochet stitches around it. Join the round by making a slip stitch into the third chain stitch. (16 stitches.)

- 2 **Increase round:** Work a puff stitch into each of the 16 stitches of your round (each puff stitch counts as 2 stitches). Join your round with a slip stitch. (32 stitches.)

- 3 Make 1 chain stitch (this is your turning chain). Work 32 stitches in single crochet. Join your round with a slip stitch.

- 4 **Increase round:** Make 1 chain stitch (this is your turning chain). ★Work 9 stitches in single crochet, work 2 single crochet stitches into the next stitch.★ Repeat the section inside the stars (★) once more, work in single crochet to the end of the round. Join your round with a slip stitch. (34 stitches.)

- 5 Cut the yarn and pull through to secure the last stitch.

- 6 Weave in any loose ends.

KNITTING TECHNIQUES



Help's only a stitch away. Watch the video tutorials online at www.woolandthegang.com/t/how-to

KNITTING TECHNIQUES

Work! Work! Work!

There are two main ways to 'work' stitches: they can be knitted or purled. When the pattern asks you to 'work' a number of stitches/rows/cm, it will always specify which stitch pattern to work in.

Long-tail cast on / [Online video tutorial](#)

This creates a nice elastic edge, suitable for stretchy items like hats. To make sure that the edge isn't too tight, you can cast on over two knitting needles held together.

1. Start by making a slipknot - the 'yarn tail' needs to be quite long for this cast on, hence the name! Place the slipknot on your knitting needle, and hold the needle in your right hand, with the yarn hanging straight down.

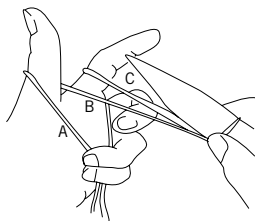
2. Now insert the thumb and index finger of your left hand between the two strands of yarn hanging from the needle, and then close your ring finger and little finger around the yarn to trap it. Stretch out your thumb and index finger as far from each other as possible, stretching the yarn taut.

3. You will be using three separate strands of yarn:

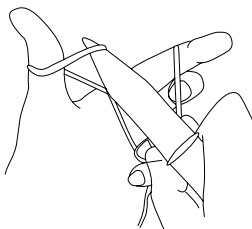
A: the strand which sits closest to you, in front of the thumb

B: the strand that goes from the thumb to the slipknot on the needle

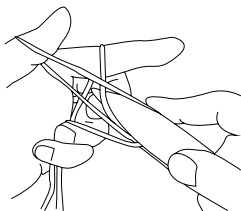
C: the strand that goes from the needle to your index finger



4. Place the needle in front of A, then bring it under A and let it come up between A and B.



5. Now bring the needle over and behind C, and scoop the yarn (C) up with the tip of your needle.



6. Bring the needle tip with the yarn back between A and B (the same way you came before), so that it ends up in front of A. Now pull your thumb out from the yarn that's looped around it. Tug on the yarn to tighten up the new loop on your knitting needle.

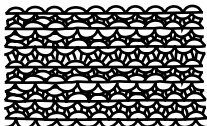
7. Repeat steps 2-6 to continue casting on stitches.

Cable cast on / [▶ Online video tutorial](#)

Create a slipknot on the left hand needle. Work a knit stitch, but do not slip the stitch off the left needle. Bring the right needle up and place the stitch onto the left needle. Pull out the right needle. Now you will have two stitches on your left needle. Now insert the right needle between the two stitches, wrap and bring through. Transfer the newly created stitch onto the left hand needle. Repeat until you have the number of stitches needed.

Garter stitch / [Online video tutorial](#)

A reversible stitch pattern where all stitches are knitted on every row. Both sides of the fabric look like a series of waves.\



Yarn over / [Online video tutorial](#)

Bring the yarn to the front of your work by bringing it BETWEEN the two needles. Next, return the yarn to the back of the work by bringing it OVER the right needle.

Right-leaning decrease / [Online video tutorial](#)

Instead of knitting only one stitch at a time, knit two stitches together. Insert the front of your right needle through the first two stitches on the left needle, then knit them together as a single stitch.

3x3 rib stitch

When working over a multiple of 6 stitches, repeat the following row:

Row 1: Purl 3 stitches, knit 3 stitches. Continue repeating these 6 stitches to the end of the row.

Casting off / [Online video tutorial](#)

To complete your project, you need to cast off your last row of stitches in order to make an edge that won't unravel. For your final row, knit the first two stitches. Using the tip of the left needle, lift the first stitch up and over the second stitch and then slip it off the right needle. Now you have only one stitch on your right needle. Knit the next stitch from the left needle, then lift the previous stitch over it and off the needle as before. Do this with each stitch until there are no stitches on the left needle and just one stitch on the right needle. Cut the yarn, leaving a 15 cm/6" end. Pull on the last loop until the end pops through - you've now secured the last stitch.

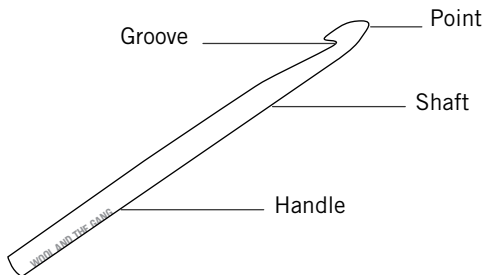
CROCHET TECHNIQUES



Help's only a stitch away. Watch the video tutorials online at www.woolandthegang.com/t/how-to

Crochet hook

The crochet hook is your tool on the path to greatness! Your pattern may refer to different parts of the crochet hook - here is an illustration to help you understand it all a little better.

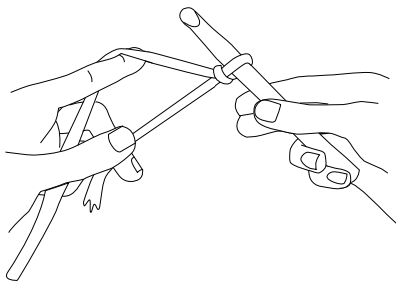


Turning Chains

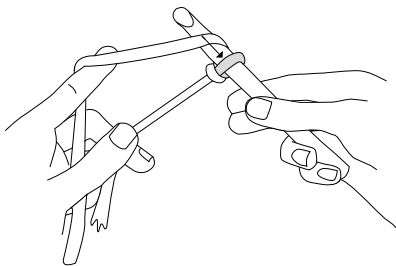
When working in crochet, you often need to do a 'turning chain' at the beginning of your row. This creates a stitch that 'lifts' you up to the next level, so you're ready to crochet the next row. The turning chain is made up of chain stitches, and the number of stitches varies between different types of stitches. (Your pattern will tell you how many stitches to use for the stitch you're working in.)

Chain stitch / [▶ Online video tutorial](#)

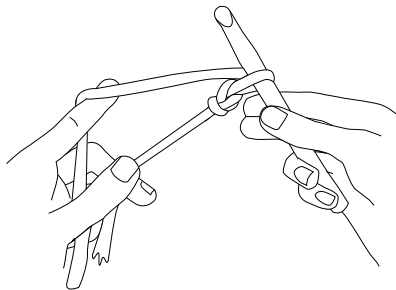
This is the foundation of most crochet work and can also be used as a technique on its own.



1. Make a slipknot and place it on the shaft of your crochet hook. Hold the hook in your right hand and the yarn in your left hand.

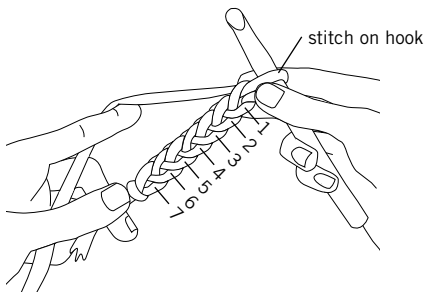


2. Move the point of the crochet hook UNDER the yarn from left to right, then move it OVER the yarn from right to left. The yarn is now looped around your crochet hook.



3. Scoop up the yarn with the groove of the hook, and pull it through the loop already on your hook. Slide the new stitch towards the shaft of the hook. You've now made one chain stitch.

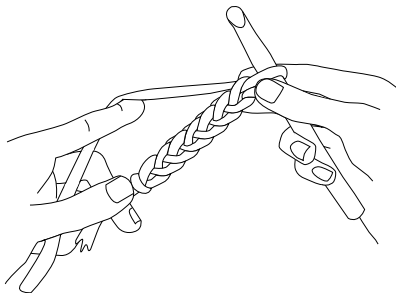
Repeat steps 2 and 3 to keep creating new stitches. Take care not to pull your stitches too tightly! When counting your stitches, count each of the loops except the one on your hook.



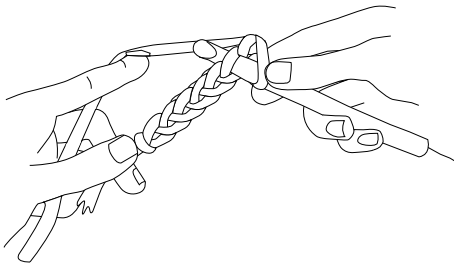
To make a chain stitch in the main body of your piece (for example, to make a turning chain), repeat steps 2 and 3.

Single crochet / [▶ Online video tutorial](#)

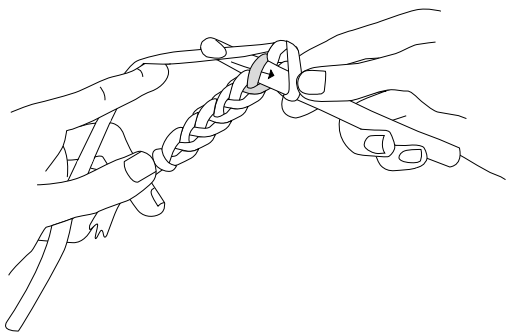
This stitch is one of the most basic crochet stitches. It uses a turning chain of 1 stitch.



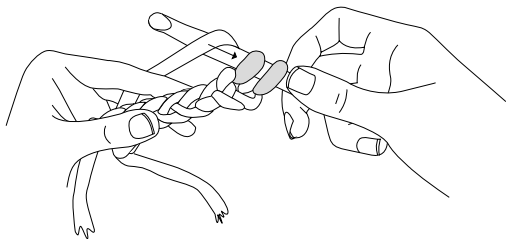
To work into a foundation chain at the beginning of your work, start with your hook in your right hand and the work in the left. Work across your foundation chain from right to left.



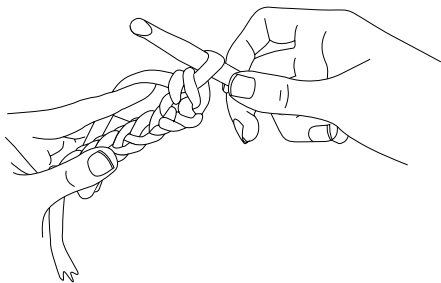
1. Insert your crochet hook into the middle of the second stitch from the hook (not counting the stitch on the hook!).



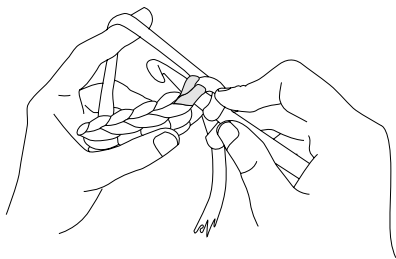
2. Move the hook under and then over the yarn. Scoop the yarn with the groove of your hook, and pull it through the stitch. There are now two loops on your hook.



3. Loop the yarn around the hook again, and pull the yarn through BOTH of the loops on your hook. You have now worked one stitch in single crochet, and there's a single stitch on your hook again.



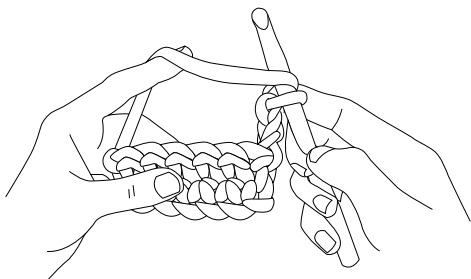
4. To continue working in single crochet, insert the hook into the next stitch of your row and repeat steps 2 and 3.



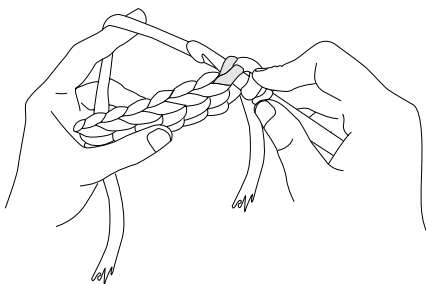
To work into a stitch that was crocheted on the previous row, insert your crochet hook underneath **both strands** of the sideways 'V' at the top of the next stitch, then repeat steps 2 and 3.

Double crochet [Online video tutorial](#)

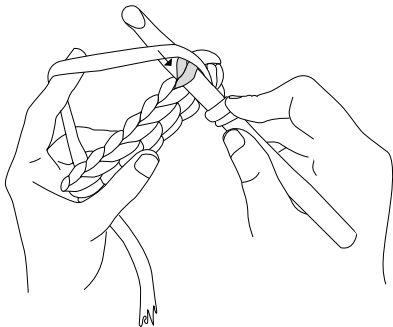
This stitch is a taller version of the single crochet. It uses a turning chain of 3 stitches.



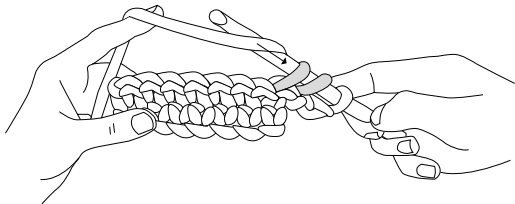
1. Make 3 chain stitches (this is your turning chain). Starting with the hook in front of the yarn, move the hook underneath the yarn, and then over it, so the yarn ends up looped around the shaft of the hook.



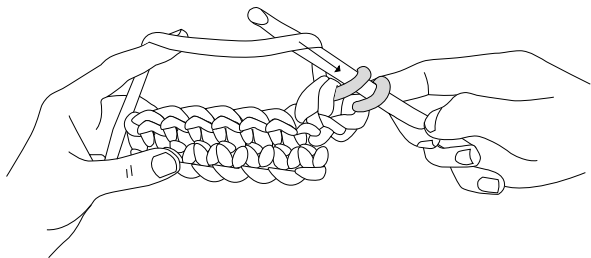
2. Insert the hook into the middle of the next stitch, underneath both strands of the sideways 'V' at the top.



3. Loop the yarn around the groove of the hook, and pull it through the stitch and up onto the shaft of the hook. There are now three loops on your hook.



4. Loop the yarn around the hook again, and pull the yarn through two of the three loops on your hook. You now have two loops left on your hook.



5. Loop the yarn around your hook once more and draw through BOTH of the loops on your hook. There is now a single loop left on your hook and you have worked one stitch in double crochet.
6. To continue working in double crochet, loop the yarn around the hook again, and repeat steps 2 to 5.

Slip stitch / [▶ Online video tutorial](#)

Insert your crochet hook into the next stitch. Starting with the hook in front of the yarn, move the hook under and then over the yarn, so the yarn ends up looped around the shaft of the hook. Scoop up the yarn with the groove of your hook and pull it through both the stitch and the loop on your hook. You now have a single loop on your hook. You have worked one slip stitch.

Chain Spaces / [Online video tutorial](#)

On the first row, you create the 'space' by skipping stitches in your row and instead, working some stitches in chain stitch this creates a loop in your crochet. On the next row, instead of inserting your hook into stitches in the regular way, you insert your hook into the space between the chain of stitches and the row below, so the chain ends up being covered by the new stitches.

Crochet Linen Stitch

This textured stitch is created by combining single crochet and chain spaces to create a texture similar to knitted linen stitch.

Worked over an uneven number of stitches, work the following set up row, then repeat the pattern row.

Set up row: Make 1 chain stitch (this is your turning chain), work 1 stitch in single crochet, ★make a chain stitch, skip the next stitch, work 1 stitch in single crochet.★ Repeat the section inside the stars to the end of the row.

Pattern row: Make 2 chain stitches, (this is your turning chain and first chain space). ★Work 1 stitch in single crochet into the next chain space, make 1 chain stitch.★ Repeat the section inside the stars to the end of the row. Work a single crochet stitch into the space between the last single crochet stitch and the turning chain.

Lemon Peel Stitch

Lemon Peel stitch is a simple stitch pattern made up of single crochet and double crochet stitches.

Working over a foundation chain with an uneven number of stitches, work the following set up row, then repeat the pattern row.

Set up row: Make 3 chain stitches (this counts as your first stitch), work a single crochet stitch into the next stitch.

★Work a double crochet stitch into the next stitch, work a single crochet stitch into the next stitch.★ Repeat the section inside the stars to the end of the row.

Pattern row: Make 2 chain stitches (this counts as your first stitch), work a single crochet stitch into the top of the first double crochet stitch. ★Work a double crochet stitch into the next stitch, work a single crochet stitch into the next stitch.★ Repeat the section inside the stars to the end of the row.

Adding a new ball of yarn / [Online video tutorial](#)

To add a new ball of the same colour, start your stitch in the regular way, but stop before working the final wrap-around (for single crochet: insert the hook, loop your yarn, pull the yarn through and then stop!) At this point, loop your new yarn around the hook, leaving a long tail of the new yarn, and pull the new yarn through the remaining two loops to finish the stitch.

Puff stitch

This stitch creates thick, textured bobbles that are double sided. To work puff stitch, you do not need a turning chain.

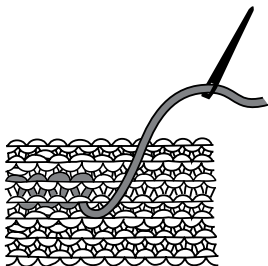
1. Wrap the yarn around your hook to create a loop. You now have 2 loops on your hook.
2. Insert your hook into the stitch and pull through a loop, pull this slightly away from your work to make it larger.
3. Wrap the yarn around your hook to create another loop.
3. Repeat steps 2 and 3 once more, so you now have 6 loops on your hook. Insert your hook back into the stitch once more and pull through another loop. You now have 7 loops on your hook.
4. Wrap the yarn around the hook once more, and pull this through all 7 of the loops on your hook, so you now only have 1 loop on your hook.
5. Make a chain stitch to secure your puff stitch.

Each puff stitch comprises of a stitch and a chain stitch, this counts as 2 crochet stitches.

FINISHING TECHNIQUES

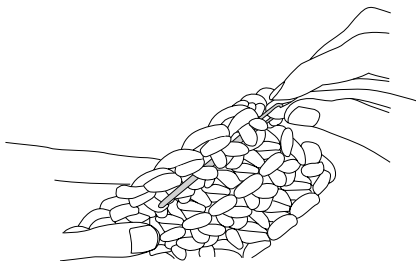
Weaving in the ends / [▶ Online video tutorial](#)

Weave the ends of your yarn into your knitting to finish it off and stop it from unravelling. Thread the tail onto the sewing needle. Weave the yarn along the edge of your knitting as shown in the illustration. Where you have started a new ball, weave one tail in one direction and the other tail in the opposite direction. Weave in approximately 10 cm/4", then cut the tail.



Hiding your yarn ends / [▶ Online video tutorial](#)

To hide the tail of your yarn, turn your work so the wrong side is facing you. Thread your sewing needle with the yarn end, and sew horizontally across your work, inserting needle and yarn underneath the back two strands of your crocheted stitches. Work like this for a few stitches, then move down a row and work back in the opposite direction. Finally, cut the yarn close to the fabric.



MAKING MEMOIRS

STARTED ON

FINISHED ON

WHERE I MADE IT

-

-

-

MADE FOR

☐ Me ☐

COLOUR COMBO

THIS PROJECT WAS

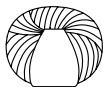
() easy peasy () nice () challenging () hardcore

I FEEL    

OTHER THOUGHTS

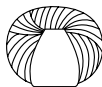
[illegible]

YOUR PROJECT DESERVES SOME SEXY YARN



CRAZY SEXY WOOL

100% Peruvian Wool



HEAL THE WOOL

100% Recycled Wool



LIL' HEAL THE WOOL

100% Recycled Wool



JERSEY BE GOOD

98% Cotton
2% Elastane



MIXTAPE YARN

80% Cotton
20% Polyester



BILLIE JEAN

100% Upcycled Denim



TAKE CARE MOHAIR

78% Kid Mohair
13% Wool / 9% Polyamide



FEELING GOOD

70% Baby Alpaca
7% Merino / 23% Nylon



SHINY HAPPY COTTON

100% Peruvian
Pima Cotton



SUGAR BABY ALPACA

100% Baby Alpaca



TINA TAPE YARN

100% Tencel®

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