Road to HKDSE Part B listening聆聽文章格式



A1. Formal Letter (正式信)

i. 不知收件人姓名

Writer's address (寄件人地址) Date of Letter (寄信日期) Full Name of Addressee (收件人全名) Position of Addressee (收件人職位) Name of Organization (收件人工作機構) Address (收件人地址) Dear Sir / Madam, Opening (開端) Body (內文) Closing (禮貌的總結/期望) Yours faithfully, Chris Wong Chris Wong Position (職位)

ii. 知道收件人姓名

Writer's address (寄件人地址) Date of Letter (寄信日期) Full Name of Addressee (收件人全名) Position of Addressee (收件人職位) Name of Organization (收件人工作機構) Address (收件人地址) Dear Mr. Chan, Opening (開端) Body (內文) Closing (禮貌的總結/期望) Yours sincerely, Chris Wong **Chris Wong** Position (職位)

A2. Informal Letter (給親友的非正式信)

Г	
	Writer's address (寄件人地址)
	Date of Letter (寄信日期)
Full Name of Addressee (收件人全名) Address (收件人地址)	
Dear Mary,	
Opening (開端)	
Body (內文)	
Closing (禮貌的總結 + 期望	!)
Γ	Best wishes,
	Chris

Position (職位)

B1. Letter of Reply (回覆信)

i. 不知收件人姓名	
Full Name of Addressee (收件人全名) Position of Addressee (收件人職位) Name of Organization (收件人工作機構) Address (收件人地址) Dear Sir / Madam,	Writer's address (寄件人地址) Date of Letter (寄信日期)
Opening (開端) 所回覆信件的出處、日期、作者和題目	
Body (內文)	
 意見一 回應一 	
│ 意見二□□ 回應二	
│ 意見三□□ 回應三	
	B.
Closing (禮貌的總結/期室 	골)
	Yours faithfully,
	Chris Wong
	Chris Wong

ii. 知道收件人姓名

Writer's address (寄件人地址) Date of Letter (寄信日期)
Full Name of Addressee (收件人全名) Position of Addressee (收件人職位) Name of Organization (收件人工作機構) Address (收件人地址)
Dear Mr. Chan,
Opening (開端) 所回覆信件的出處、日期、作者和題目
Body (內文)
意見一 ② 回應一
意見二□□ 回應二
意見三□□ 回應三
Closing (禮貌的總結/期望)
Yours sincerely,
Chris Wong
Chris Wong
Position (職位)

B2. Letter of invitation (邀請信)

i. 不知收件人姓名

Writer's address (寄件人地址)
Date of Letter (寄信日期)

Full Name of Addressee (收件人全名)
Position of Addressee (收件人職位)
Name of Organization (收件人工作機構)
Address (收件人地址)

Dear Sir / Madam,

Opening (開端)

指出信的目的是邀請對方參加活動,並交代活動的時間、日期和地點

Body (內文)

交代活動目的、細節和對方為何被邀請

Closing (禮貌的總結/期望)

Yours faithfully, Chris Wong Chris Wong Position (職位)

i. 知道收件人姓名

Writer's address (寄件人地址)
Date of Letter (寄信日期)

Full Name of Addressee (收件人全名)
Position of Addressee (收件人職位)
Name of Organization (收件人工作機構)
Address (收件人地址)

Dear Mr. Chan,

Opening (開端)

指出信的目的是邀請對方參加活動,並交代活動的時間、日期和地點

Body (內文)

交代活動目的、細節和對方為何被邀請

Closing (禮貌的總結/期望)

Yours sincerely,
Chris Wong
Chris Wong
Position (職位)

<u>C1. Formal Email (正式電郵)</u>

i. 不知收件人姓名

all bl. L.	
To (收件人):	nadal129@yahoo.com.hk
From (寄件人):	kobebryant0824@yahoo.com.hk
Cc (副本):	michaeliordan23@yahoo.com.hk
Sent(寄件日期):	24 October 2013
Subject (主題)	Invitation to the Graduation dinner
Attachments (附件):	
/ teaderments (PI) /	
Dear Sir / Madam,	
Dear Sir / Widdain,	
	O /88 1 4 4 \
	Opening (開端)
	Body (內文)
	Closing (禮貌的總結/期望)
	Yours faithfully,
	Chris Wong
	Position (職位)
	L FOSITION (相联区)

ii. 知道收件人姓名

To (收件人):	nadal129@yahoo.com.hk
From (寄件人):	kobebryant0824@yahoo.com.hk
Cc (副本):	michaeljordan23@yahoo.com.hk
Sent(寄件日期):	24 October 2013
Subject (主題)	Invitation to the Graduation dinner
Attachments (附件):	
Dear Mr. Wong,	
	Opening (開端)
	Body (內文)
	Closing (禮貌的總結/期望)
	Vours sincoroly
	Yours sincerely,
	Chris Wong
	Position (職位)

C2. Informal Email (給親友的非正式電郵)

To (收件人):	nadal129@yahoo.com.hk
From (寄件人):	kobebryant0824@yahoo.com.hk
Cc (副本):	michaeljordan23@yahoo.com.hk
Sent(寄件日期):	24 October 2013
Subject (主題)	Invitation to the Graduation dinner
Attachments (附件):	
Dear Desmond,	
	Opening (開端)
	Body (內文)
	Closing (禮貌的總結/期望)
	Best wishes,
	Chris

1. Opening (開端)

目的	句式
表明寫信目的	1. I am writing + to + v. + 詳細資料
(Purpose of writing)	Example: I am writing to request a change of performance date in the 2000 Hong Kong Youth Arts Festival.
	2. We would like + to + v. + 詳細資料 Example: We would like to request a change of performance date in the 2000 Hong Kong Youth Arts Festival.
 代表學校或機構,	1. I am writing + on behalf of X + to + v. + 詳細資料
表明寫信目的	Example: Lam writing on behalf of our group "The Image" to request a change
(on behalf of)	of performance date in the 2000 Hong Kong Youth Arts Festival.
	Example: <u>I am writing on behalf of the English Club</u> to book your camp.
請求支持 (request)	1. I am writing to ask your support for + n. + 詳細資料
	Example: <u>I am writing to ask your support for</u> our graduation dinner on 15 th June, 2014.
	2. I am writing to request for your support for + n. + 詳細資料
	Example: Lam writing to request for your support for our school's Charity Day on 25 th November, 2013.
籌款 (funding)	1. I am writing + to + raise funds + for + n. + 詳細資料
	Example: Lam writing to raise funds for the Environmental Society.
	2. We would like + to + raise funds + for + n. + 詳細資料
	Example: We would like to raise funds for the victims of the typhoon disasters in India
通知 (information)	1. I am writing to notify you of the information about + n. + 詳細資料
	Example: I am writing to notify you of the information about the singing contest at 4:30 p.m. in the school hall.
	2. I am writing to inform you of + n. + 詳細資料
	Example: I am writing to inform you of the details of the walkathon.
	3. We are happy to inform you that + SVO
	We are writing to inform you that + SVO
	Example: We are happy to inform you that we have accepted your invitation.
目的	句式
感謝	1. I am writing to express my gratitude to you + for + v. + ing + 詳細資料
(thank you letter	I am writing to express my gratitude to you + for + n. + 詳細資料
/ gratitude / grateful)	
	give a talk to us during the event.
	Example: I am writing to express my gratitude to you for your financial assistance for the exchange tour.
l .	1 addition for the exchange tour

	2. I am writing to thank you for v. + ing + 詳細資料
	I am writing to thank you + for + n. + 詳細資料
	Example: Lam writing to thank you for your generous donation to us last
	month.
邀請	1. I am writing to invite you to + 活動 +日期
(invitation letter)	Example: I am writing to invite you to our 2007 photo exhibition on 6 th
	September, 2013.
	2. I am writing to invite you to come to + 活動 +日期
	Example: I am writing to invite you to come to the Photography Club's annual
	exhibition on 7 July.
	3. I am writing to invite you to participate in + 活動 +日期
	Example: I am writing to invite you to participate in our school's "Skyscraper
	Day 2011".
	3. I am writing to invite you to help us organize + a / an+ 活動
	Example: I am writing to invite you to help us organize a tree-planting activity.
招聘	1. I am writing to + recruit + some students / people + to + v. + 詳細資料
(recruitment)	Example: I am writing to recruit some students to be volunteers in the coming
	Open Day on 25 April.
申請 (application)	1. I am writing to apply for + n. + 詳細資料
	Example: I am writing to apply for the scholarship of your school.
	Example: I am writing to apply for the post of student ambassador in your
	organization.
	2. With reference to + n. +詳細資料, I would like to apply for + n. +詳細資
	料
	Example: With reference to the advertisement on February 12, I would like to
	apply for the job of intern assistant.
自我介紹	1. lam + 姓名, + 職位
(self-introduction)	Example: I am Isabella Chan, president of the Green School Club at St. John's
	Secondary School.

目的	句式
回信 / 回覆	1. I am writing + to reply to + your letter + about + n.
(reply)	Example: Lam writing to reply to your letter about the quality of food in the
` ' ''	school canteen.
	2. I am writing + to reply to + your letter + of + 日期 + about + 名詞片語
	Example: I am writing to reply to your letter of December 24 about the customer
	services of our company.
	3. I am writing + in reply to + your letter + about + n.
	Example: I am writing in reply to your letter about the arrangement of the
	School Open Day.
	4. I am writing + in response to + your letter + of + 日期 + about 名詞片語
	Example: I am writing in response to your letter of November 12 about the
	exchange programme.
	5. With reference to + your letter + on +日期, SVO
	Example: With reference to your letter on January 31, we would like to address
	your concerns.
	6. With reference to + your article + on +日期, SVO
	Example: With reference to your article on March 25, we would like to explain
	the purposes and benefits of the Students' Adventure Day.
	1. Thank you for your letter and we understand the concerns you raised.
(reply to leaders	
reply to audience)	
投訴 (complain)	1. I am writing to complain about + n. + 詳細資料
	Example: I am writing to complain about the poor services of your company
申請資助 (subsidy)	1. I am writing + on behalf of A + to + invite B + to + subsidize +
	n. + 詳細資料
	Example: I am writing on behalf of the Student Union to invite the
	Parent-Teacher Association to subsidize students to attend the "Course on
	Leadership and Teamwork" from 21 August (Friday) to 25 August (Tuesday).
	 2. I am writing + to + request your sponsorship + for + n. + 詳細資料
	Example: I am writing to request your sponsorship for the exchange programme
	organized by the English Society from 20 July (Monday) to 28 July (Tuesday).
	organized by the English Society from 20 July (Monday) to 20 July (McSudy).
	 3. I am writing + to + ask for financial support + for + n. + 詳細資料
	Example: I am writing to ask for financial support for the course on Leadership
	and Teamwork.

2. Closing (禮貌的總結/期望)

<u>2. Closing (禮貌的)</u> 目的	句式	
表示感激	1. I / We + would be + grateful + if + you + could + v. + 詳細資料	
(gratitude / grateful)	Example: I would be grateful if you could arrange an interview for me.	
, ,	Example: We would be grateful if you could give us the confirmation by 15	
	September.	
	Example: We would be grateful if you could accept our invitation.	
叫對方聯絡	1. Please + do not hesitate + to contact me / us + if + SVO	
(contact)	Example: Please do not hesitate to contact me if you have any questions.	
	Example: Please do not hesitate to contact us if our booking is successful.	
	2. Please feel free to contact me if you need further details.	
	3. If you have any enquiries, please feel free to contact + 人	
	Example: If you have any enquiries, please feel free to contact John Chan.	
	4. If you need further information, please feel free to contact +人+at +電話 號碼	
	Example: If you need further information, please feel free to contact Terry Wong at 98765432	
	5. If you need further information, please feel free to contact +人+at+ 電郵 地址	
	Example: If you need further information, please feel free to contact Andy Lim	
	at andylim@kgss.edu.hk.	
	6. If you are interested and need more information, please visit	
	http://www.abc.com.	
希望資訊有用	1. I hope that the above information would be helpful.	
	2. I hope you will find the information useful.	
提醒參加者回信	1. If you are interested, please kindly reply to this email by 10 th May.	
提醒參加者交申請表	2. If you are interested, please submit the application form to 人/機構 by 日期	
	Example: If you are interested, please submit the application form to the Student Union Office by 10 th May.	
回覆讀者/觀眾意見	1. Thank you for your valuable opinions.	
期待對方的回信	1. I look forward to your favourable reply.	
	2. I look forward to hearing from you soon.	
鼓勵對方來臨	1. Come and join us!	
期待對方來臨	2. We look forward to seeing you + in + the+地點	
	Example: We look forward to seeing you in the exhibition.	
期待對方接受邀請	1. I hope you will accept our invitation.	
感謝對方 閱讀信件	1. Thank you for your kind attention.	
附件	1. I have enclosed + the +名詞片語	
(attachment)	Example: I have enclosed the advert of the exhibition.	
	2. Enclosed is + the +名詞片語 + for your reference.	
	Example: Enclosed is the rundown of the walkathon for your reference.	

D. Article (文章)

Title (大標題)
Introduction(介紹)
Introduction
♦ Reason for writing (寫作原因)♦ Purpose of writing (寫作目的
The service of the se
Body (內文)
小標題 1
 小標題 2
小標題3
小標題4
小標題5
Conclusion (總結+對讀者的期望)
Conclusion

E1. Report (調查報告)

Title (大標題)

Introduction(介紹)

Introduction

- ◆ Introduction of the issue (研究議題介紹)
- ♦ Reason for writing (寫作原因)
- ◆ Purpose of writing (寫作目的)

Body (內文)

小標題 1 (Data Collection and Research methods 資料蒐集及研究方法)

- ◆ Source of information (資料來源)
- ♦ How to conduct the survey (怎樣進行調查)
- ◆ How to analyze the information obtained (怎樣分析得到的數據)

小標題2 (Findings 研究結果)

- ♦ State the findings (列出數據)
- ♦ Analyze the findings (分析數據)

小標題3 (Potential Problems and Solutions 問題及解決方法)

- ◆ A list of problems (列出問題)
- ◆ Suggestions / Actions to be taken to solve each problem (解決每一個問題的建議)

Conclusion (總結 +期望)

E2. Report of an activity(活動報告)

Title (大標題)

Introduction(介紹)

Introduction

- ♦ Introduction of activities (活動介紹)
- ♦ Reason for writing (寫作原因)
- ◆ Purpose of writing (寫作目的)

	_ , ,2, _,
小標題 1	Body (內文)
小標題 2	
小標題3	
小標題4	
小標題5	

Recommendations (建議+對讀者的期望)

Recommendations

目的	句式
引用數據	1. According to the survey, + SVO
	Example: According to the survey, 30% of the students in Hong Kong do not
	exercise at all.
	2. The majority of respondents + v. + 詳細資料
	Example: The majority of respondents (88%) come across challenges in finding
	somewhere to live.
	3. XX% of people in the survey + point out that / disagree that
	Example: 87% of people in the survey point out that heavy schoolwork leads
	to the lack of exercise.
	4. Over XX% of people in the survey + point out that / disagree that
	Example: Over 60% of people in the survey disagree that the school should
	increase the air-conditioning fee.
	5. The total number of + 名詞片語 + 時間 + is + 數字
	Example: The total number of our Photography Club members this year is 55.
	6. There are +數字 +名詞片語 +時間
	Example: There are 55 English Club members this year.
表明活動目的	1. The purpose of + the event / the activity + is to + v. +名詞片語
	Example: The purpose of the event is to raise students' awareness of personal
	hygiene.
	2. We/The event / The activity + aim(s) to + v. +名詞片語
	Example: The event aims to improve students' English oral skills.
	Example: We aim to raise the living conditions of people in developing
	countries.
說明活動的時間、	1. The event / The activity + will start + at + 時間
日期和地點	Example: The talk will start at 3:00 p.m.
	2. The venue will be + 地點
	Example: The venue will be the school hall.
	3. The event / The activity + will take place + at/in +地點
	Example: The activity will take place at the Convention and Exhibition Centre.
	4. The event / The activity + will be held + at + 時間 + on + 日期
	Example: The event will be held at 3:00 p.m. on 12 th December, 2013.
	5. The event / The activity + will be held + in / at + 地點
	Example: The activity will be held in the school hall.
	Example: The activity will be held in the school hall at our college.
	6. The event / The activity + will be held + in / at + 地點 + at + 時間 + on +
	日期
	Example: The graduation ceremony will be held at the school hall at 3:00 p.m.
	on 31 st May, 2013.
	7. The programme / The project will last for維持時間 from日期一 to 日期
	Example: The project will last for 3 weeks from 5 th July to 26 th July.
目的	句式

	-
根據	1. According to + 名詞, +SVO
	Example: According to the audience, the programme was funny and
	entertaining.
比較	1. Compared to +名詞片語 + 詳細資料, +SVO
	Example: Compared to the average revenue of programmes in the same
	time slot, the advertising revenue from the programme was generally
	greater.
比較數據	1. The number of +名詞片語 + has increased from 細數字 + 時間 大數字 + 時間
	The number of +名詞片語 + has risen from 細數字 + 時間 大數字 + 時間
	Example: The number of Economics Society members has increased from
	21 last year <u>to</u> 51 this year.
	2. The number of +名詞片語 + has decreased from 大數字 + 時間 小數字 + 時間
	The number of +名詞片語 + has reduced from 大數字 + 時間 小數字 + 時間
	The number of +名詞片語 + has declined from 大數字 + 時間 小數字 + 時間
	Example: The number of participants has decreased from 71 last year to
	51 this year.
 宗旨	1. Our club's mission is to + v. +詳細資料
	Our organization's mission is to + v. +詳細資料
	Example: Our club's mission is to enable the school and all the students
	to go green.

<u>描述data的實用字眼</u>

Percentage (%)	Word	Example
100%	All (of)	All (of) the students in the school like sports.
90% or above	Almost all (of)	Almost all (of) the students like sports.
66%-90%	Most (of the)	Most (of the) students like sports.
Above 50%	More than half of the	More than half of the students like sports.
50%	Half of the	<u>Half of the</u> students like sports.
45%-55%	About half of the	About half of the students like sports.
30%-44%	Less than half of the	<u>Less than half of the</u> students like sports.
20%-30%	Some of the	<u>Some of the</u> students like sports.
Below 20%	Few (of the)/ Little (of the)	Few of the students like sports.
0%	None of the / No	None of the students like sports.
		<u>No</u> students like sports.

<u>描述趨勢</u>

增加 / 減少	幅度	例子
1. 增加	slowly (緩慢地)	The number of members has increased slightly
increase	slightly (輕微地)	from 25 last year to 30 this year.
rise	gradually (逐漸地)	The cost <u>has risen sharply</u> from \$10,000 to
climb	steadily (持續地)	\$50,000.
2. 減少	quickly (快速地)	The number of classes has fallen gradually from 30
decrease	rapidly (迅速地)	last year to 26 this year.
reduce	sharply (急劇地)	The percentage share of teenage audience <u>has</u>
decline	drastically (急劇地)	declined drastically from 60% last month to 20%
fall	dramatically (急劇地)	this month.
drop		
3. 保持不變		The number of members <u>remains the same</u> .
remain the same		

F. Proposal (建議書)

Proposal for + 名詞片語 / v. + ing

Introduction(介紹)

Introduction

- ◆ Reason for the proposal (寫作建議書的原因)
- ◆ Purpose of the proposal (寫作建議書的目的)

Body (內文)

小標題1

建議1(建議原因+實行細節)

小標題2

建議2 (建議原因+實行細節)

小標題3

建議3 (建議原因+實行細節)

小標題4

建議4 (建議原因+實行細節)

小標題5

建議5 (建議原因+實行細節)

Conclusion (總結+希望讀者接納建議)

Conclusion

目的	句式
給建議	We suggest + that + SVO Example: We suggest that the radio station should broadcast more diversified programmes.
	2. We recommend + that + SVO Example: We recommend that the school should build more recreational facilities for students.
	3. It is suggested + that + SVO Example: It is suggested that the school should buy more computers for students.
	4. It is recommended + that + SVO Example: It is recommended that the show should have a more serious and mature presenter.

G. Speech (演說)

Greeting (打招呼)

Self-introduction + Topic Introduction (自我介紹+演說目的+演說簡述)

Body (內文)

段落1

◆ 標題句+詳細內容

段落2

◆ 標題句+詳細內容

段落3

◆ 標題句+詳細內容

段落4

Conclusion (總結+對讀者的期望+結束演說)

Greeting	1. Good morning / afternoon, everyone.
dieeting (打招呼)	2. Good morning / afternoon, everyone. 2. Good morning / afternoon. principal, teachers, parents and
(1)1D*T)	schoolmates.
Self-introduction	1. Welcome to I am XXX, the president of YYY.
(自我介紹)	Example: Welcome to the opening ceremony of the Environmental
(日	Week. I am Peter Chan, the Principal of ABC Secondary School.
	Example: Welcome to the assembly today. I am Chris Wong, the
	President of Student Union.
	President of Student official.
	2. It is a great pleasure to greet and welcome all of you to attend
	today's XXX.
	Example: It is a great pleasure to greet and welcome all of you to
	attend today's ceremony .
	accord code, o coronian,
	3. It is my honour to greet and welcome all of you to attend
	today's XXX.
	Example: It is my honour to greet and welcome all of you to attend
	today's ceremony.
	4. Thank you very much for coming to + the +活動
	Example: Thank you very much for coming to the exhibition.
Topic Introduction	1. I would like to share with you + 名詞片語 / v. + ing
(帶出講題)	Example: I would like to share with you the importance of protecting
	the environment.
	2. I would like to introduce +名詞片語
	Example: I would like to introduce the activities of the Dancing Club.
Conclusion	1. I sincerely hope that you will find the speech meaningful/
(總結)	educational/useful / inspiring.
	2. I sincerely hope that you will find the activities meaningful/
	educational/useful / inspiring.
	3. I believe you can learn a lot and have great fun by joining the
	Dancing Club.
	4. Take action now. Let's save our planet.
	5. Don't hesitate. Come and join us now.
	6. That's the end of my speech. Thank you very much.
	7. Thank you.

H. Biography/Profile/Biodata/Background/Description of people (人物介紹)

Title (大標題)

Introduction(介紹)

Introduction

- ◆ Age (年齢)
- ◆ School / Work (學校/工作)
- ◆ Family (家庭)

Body (內文)

小標題1

◆ Hobbies and interests (嗜好與興趣)

小標題2

◆ Past experiences (以前經歷)

小標題3

◆ Special experiences and what the person has learnt (特別經歷和學會甚麼道理)

小標題3

◆ What is the person doing? (正在做甚麼?)

小標題4

◆ What will the person do? (將會做甚麼?)

Conclusion (總結+祝願)

節例

_ <u>乾例</u>	
Introduction	1. Age (年齡)
/ Background	Ricky Wong is <u>16 years old</u> .
(介紹)	
	2. Role (身分)/ Job (職業)
	Ricky Wong is a student.
	David Chan is <u>a famous artist</u> in Hong Kong.
	3. School (學校) / Place of work (工作機構)
	He studies in Fanling Government Secondary School.
	He has worked for the TVB for 20 years.
	4. Place of living (居住地方)
	He <u>lives in Shatin</u> .
	5. Family(家庭)
	Ricky has two brothers and sisters.
	Ricky has two siblings.
	David has a wife and two daughters.
	Ricky's mother works at a stall in a wet market.
Hobbies and	Fencing is his greatest interest.
interests	He also <u>likes playing table tennis</u> and <u>chatting with his friends online</u> .
嗜好與興趣	
Past experiences	Ricky was seriously injured in a traffic accident.
以前經歷	As for <u>achievements</u> , Ricky <u>represented</u> Hong Kong and <u>won the Asian Junior</u>
	Foil Championship.
	David <u>acted</u> in a number of films when he was a child.
-	
Special experiences	1. Special experiences (特別經歷)
特別經歷	Ricky <u>has been paralyzed from waist down</u> since he <u>was</u> four.
	Ricky <u>has been practicing wheelchair fencing</u> since he <u>joined</u> Fanling
	Government Secondary School.
	2 2 C. 1. /47 唐红 图 会 45 学 TEV
	2. Benefits and Lessons (好處和學會的道理)
	To begin with, fencing has made him stronger.
	Besides, it <u>has made</u> him more <u>focused</u> and <u>self-confident</u> .
	In fact, his schoolwork <u>has improved</u> .
	Lastly, he has met many interesting and nice people.

What is the person doing? 現在做甚麼?	Ricky <u>practises very hard</u> every day. Ricky <u>is focusing on passing his HKDSE</u> . David <u>is acting in a Hollywood film</u> .
What will the person do? (將會做甚麼?)	Ricky <u>will represent</u> Hong Kong <u>in the 2016 Brazil Paralympics.</u> In the long term, Ricky <u>hopes</u> to <u>help other people with disabilities.</u>

<u>I. Memo (便條)</u>

機構名稱 Memo

From (寄件人): Jennifer Tang

To (收件人): All committee members

Date (日期): 11 April 2014

Re (標題): Arrangements for Bowling Week

Opening (開端)

簡介會面討論事項

會面細節

Date (日期): 14 April 2014

Time (時間): 4 p.m.

Venue (地點): Activity Room

Closing (禮貌的總結+期待見面)