



École Polytechnique Fédérale de Lausanne

Recovering type information from compiled binaries to aid in instrumentation

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Master Thesis

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Nobody tosses a dwarf! — Gimli, son of Glóin

TODO Dedication

Acknowledgments

TODO Acknowledments

Lausanne, July 6, 2021

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Abstract

The abstract serves as an executive summary of your project. Your abstract should cover at least the following topics, 1-2 sentences for each: what area you are in, the problem you focus on, why existing work is insufficient, what the high-level intuition of your work is, maybe a neat design or implementation decision, and key results of your evaluation.

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Introduction

Work on C++ began in 1979, as a "C with classes" [7]. Since then, the language has grown in popularity, and even surpassed C itself [6]. Nevertheless, reverse-engineering efforts have been focused towards C binaries, because analysis methods found this way will often work on C++ binaries too.

The recent RetroWrite [2] project by the HexHive lab is a static rewriting tool for x86_64 position-independent binaries. It enables the instrumentation of projects when we do not have access to the source code. This can include a legacy project, a closed-source product or even malware.

This has meant reverse engineering tools like ghidra [4], IDA Pro [5] or Binary Ninja [1] have treated non-C binaries as second-class citizen.

In this thesis we would like to present the **dis-cover** [3] static analysis tool, as well as improvements made to RetroWrite to support C++ binaries.

The dis-cover tool is able to extract information from a C++ binary, and re-inject it as debug information using the DWARF format into the binary. This enables other debugging tools to see and display this information.

[IF WE SUCCEEDED] In this thesis we would like to show how we brought C++ support to RetroWrite, and what research opportunities this will create.

[IF WE FAILED] In this thesis we will detail how we tried to bring C++ support to RetroWrite, and what remains to be done for the implementation to work.

Background

The background section introduces the necessary background to understand your work. This is not necessarily related work but technologies and dependencies that must be resolved to understand your design and implementation.

This section is usually 3-5 pages.

Design

Introduce and discuss the design decisions that you made during this project. Highlight why individual decisions are important and/or necessary. Discuss how the design fits together.

This section is usually 5-10 pages.

Implementation

The implementation covers some of the implementation details of your project. This is not intended to be a low level description of every line of code that you wrote but covers the implementation aspects of the projects.

This section is usually 3-5 pages.

Evaluation

In the evaluation you convince the reader that your design works as intended. Describe the evaluation setup, the designed experiments, and how the experiments showcase the individual points you want to prove.

This section is usually 5-10 pages.

Related Work

The related work section covers closely related work. Here you can highlight the related work, how it solved the problem, and why it solved a different problem. Do not play down the importance of related work, all of these systems have been published and evaluated! Say what is different and how you overcome some of the weaknesses of related work by discussing the trade-offs. Stay positive!

This section is usually 3-5 pages.

Conclusion

In the conclusion you repeat the main result and finalize the discussion of your project. Mention the core results and why as well as how your system advances the status quo.

Bibliography

- [1] Vector 35. Binary Ninja. https://binary.ninja/. Accessed: 2021-06-06.
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- [5] Hex Rays. IDA Pro. https://hex-rays.com/IDA-pro/. Accessed: 2021-06-06.
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