

TTC 2011 Live Contest

Louis Rose

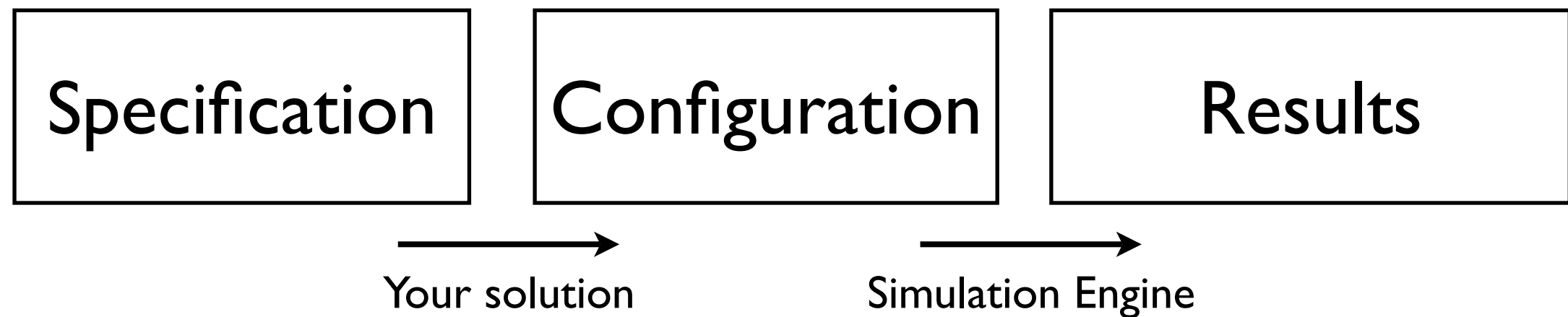
THE UNIVERSITY *of York*

Themes

- Transformation for interoperability
- Behavioural modelling
- Model matching
- (A little) model-based testing

Overview

Metamodels:



Core Task:

Transform specifications to configurations.

Task Resources

- All resources are stored on GitHub:
<https://github.com/louismrose/ttc2011>
- Metamodels.
- Source models.
- Reference target models.
- Instructions and these slides.

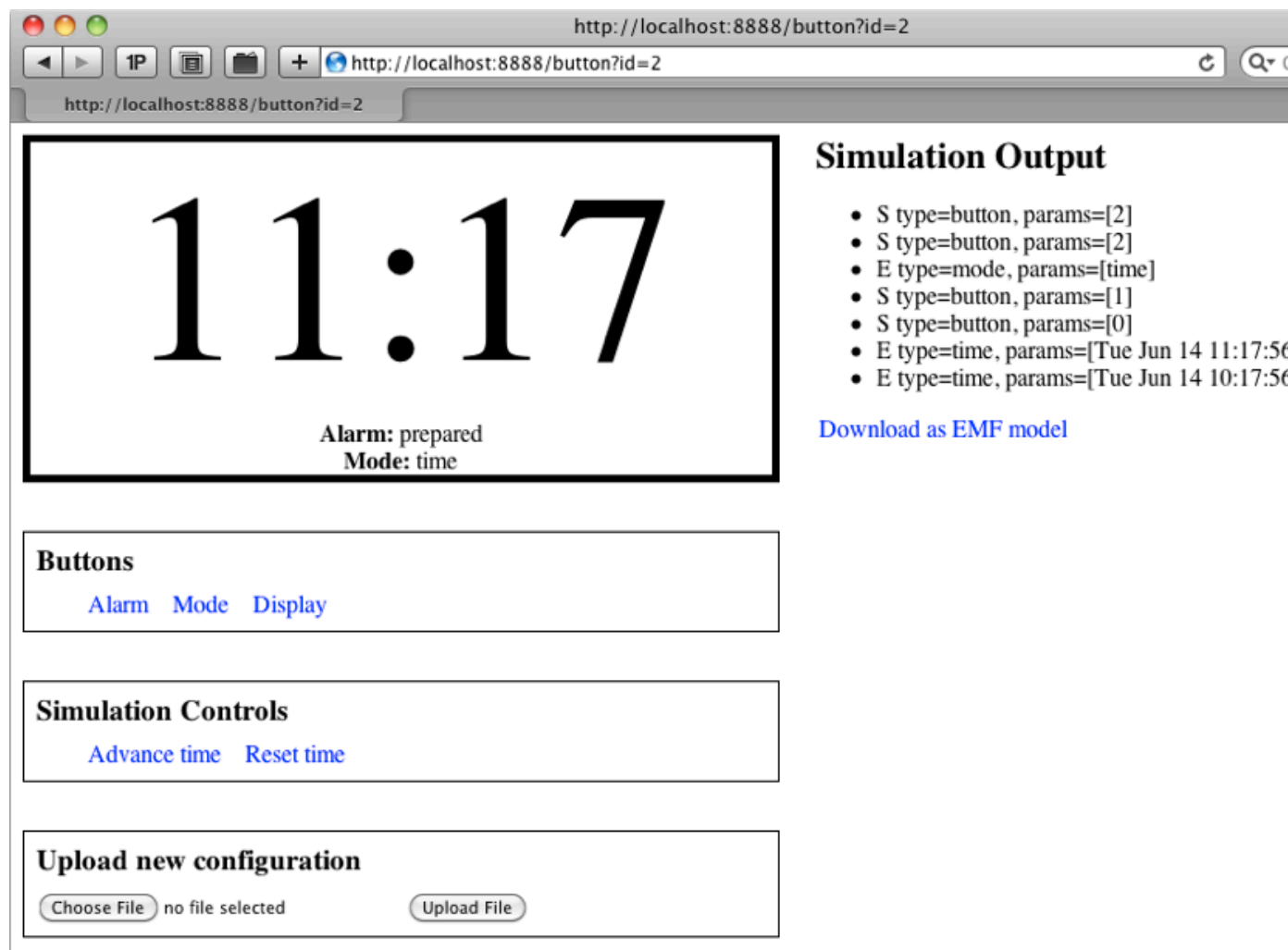


Core Task

Configuring the simulation

The Simulation Engine

Domain: digital watches



- <http://ttcsim.appspot.com>
- **Configured** with an EMF model
- Produces an EMF **results** model

A Simple Specification

Given the watch is in mode “on”
Then the first button must be called “off”

When the watch enters mode "on"
Then the "display" must show "hello"

Given the watch is in mode "on"
When the first button is pressed
Then the watch must be in mode "off"

...

A Simple Specification

...

Given the watch is in mode “on”
Then the first button must be called “off”

When the watch enters mode "on"
Then the "display" must show "hello"

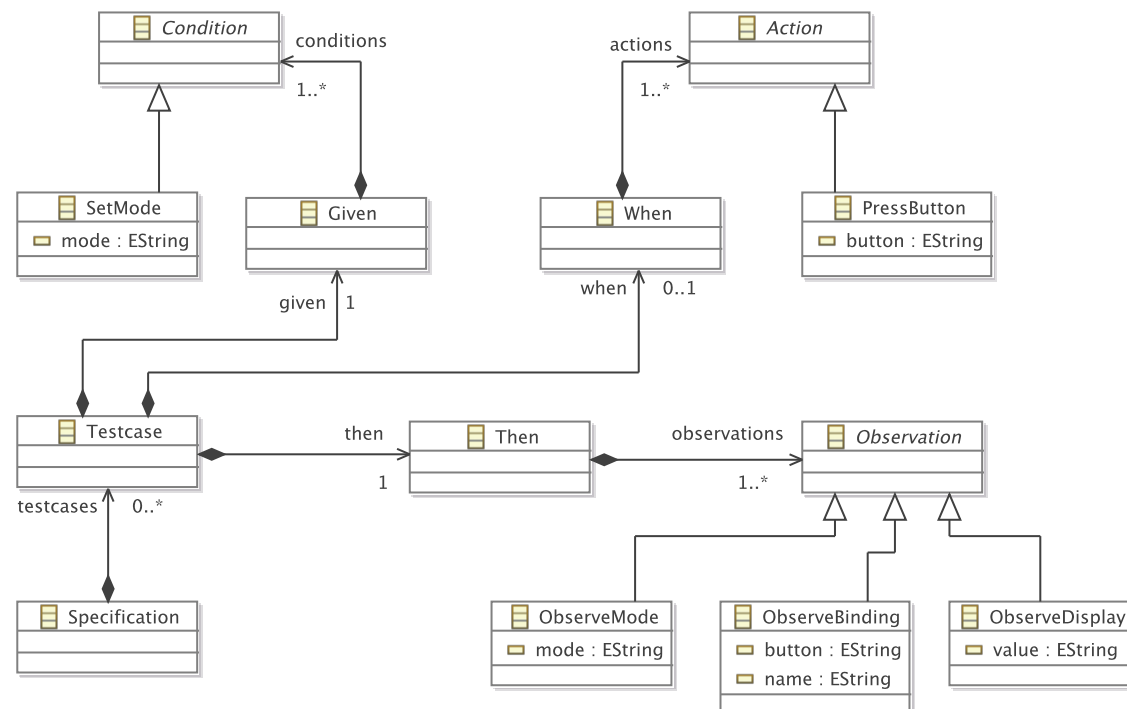
Given the watch is in mode "on"
When the first button is pressed
Then the watch must be in mode "off"

The Transformation

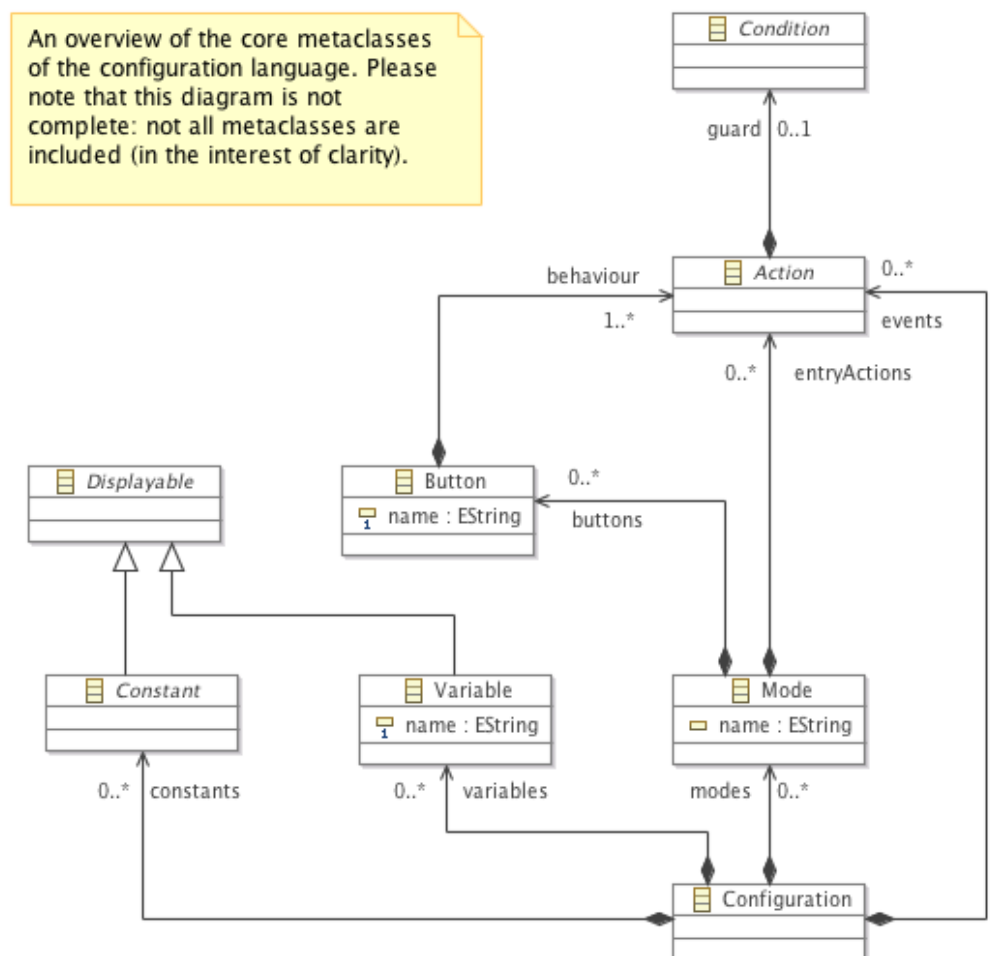
Specification



Simulation
configuration



An overview of the core metaclasses of the configuration language. Please note that this diagram is not complete: not all metaclasses are included (in the interest of clarity).

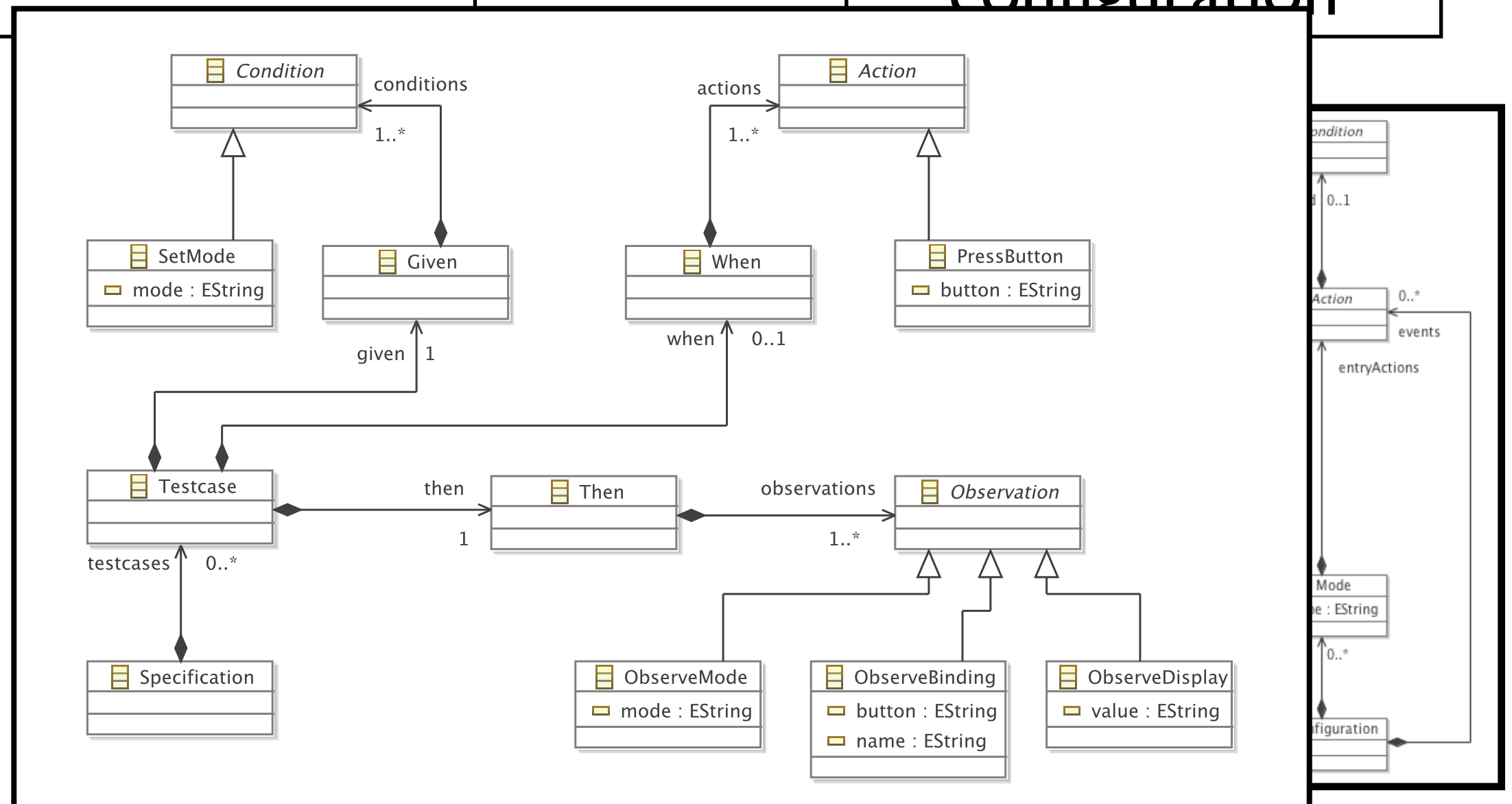


The Transformation

Specification



Simulation
configuration

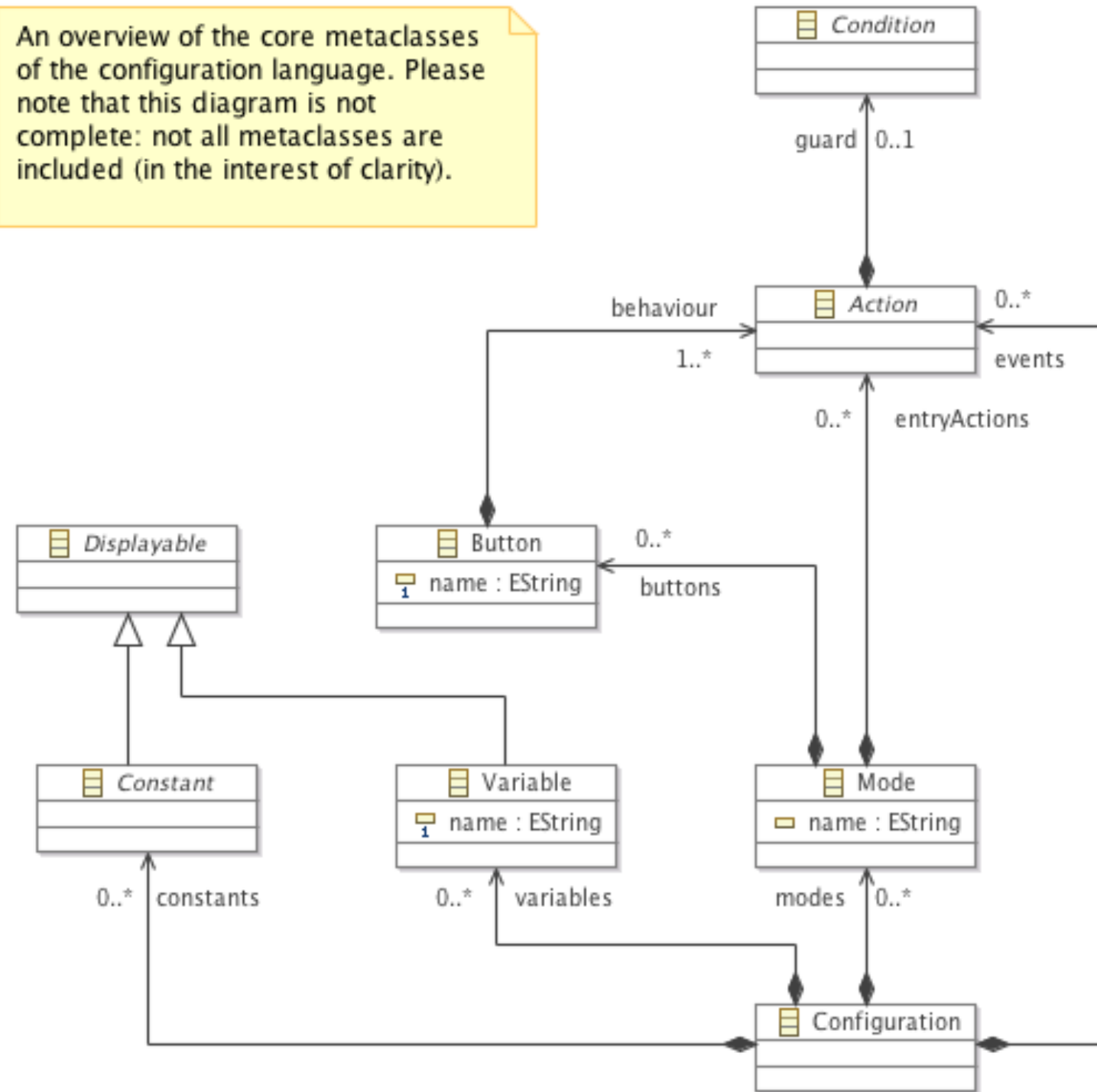


The Transformation

Spec

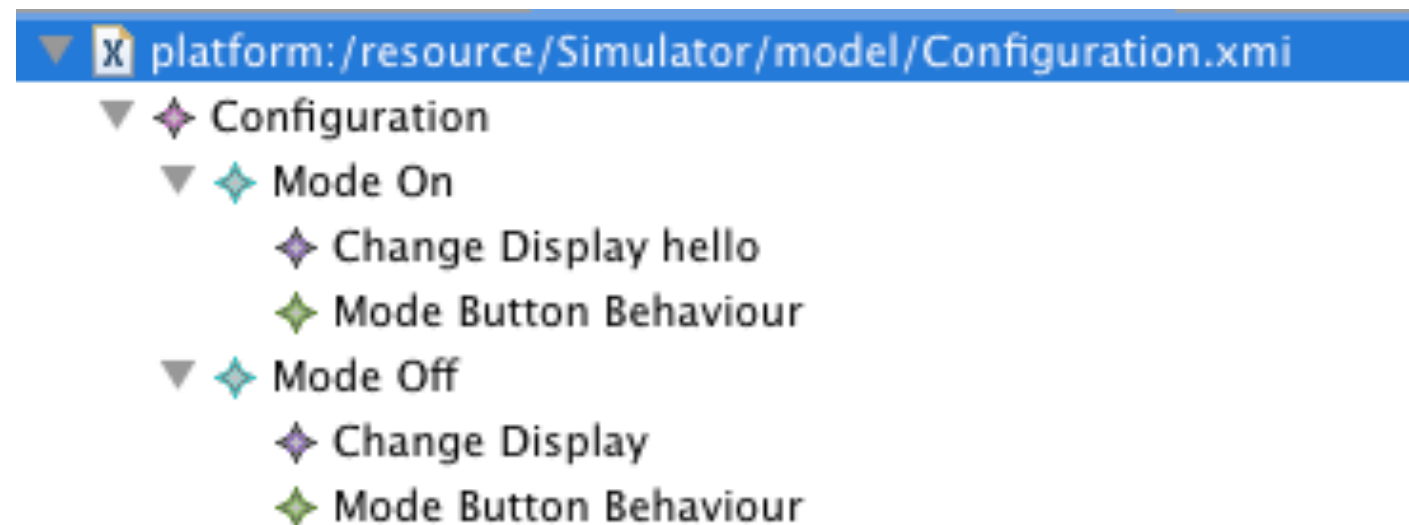
An overview of the core metaclasses of the configuration language. Please note that this diagram is not complete: not all metaclasses are included (in the interest of clarity).

tion
ation



A Configuration

The on/off watch specification should be transformed to produce the following configuration:



Extension I

Robustness of the transformation

Unusual Specifications

Given	the watch is in mode "alarmTime"
Then	the third button must be called "minute" the first button must be called "mode" the second button must be called "hour"

Given	the watch is in mode "time" the "indicator" is showing "unset"
When	the second button is pressed
Then	the "indicator" must show "set" the alarm must ring the display must show "alarm"

Unusual Specifications

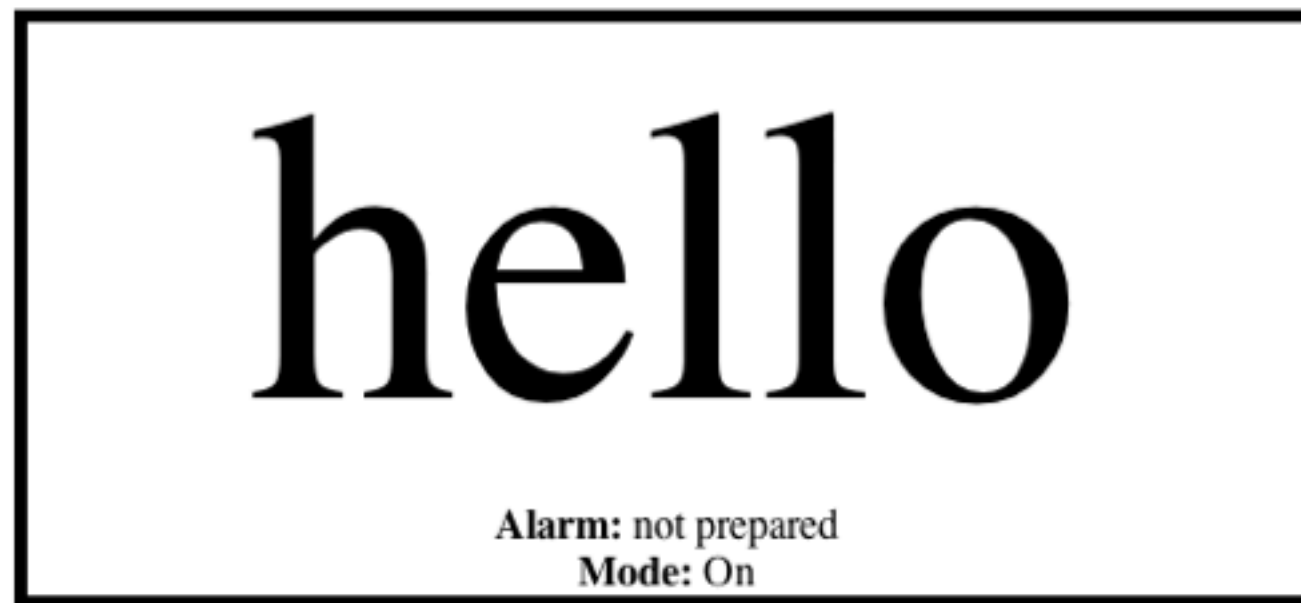
- Can your transformation manage these unusual specifications?
- Can you define further types of (valid and consistent) specification that all solutions should aim to tolerate?

Extension 2

Matching test results with specifications

Simulation Results

The simulation provides a results model:



Simulation Output

- E type=mode, params=[On]
- E type=display, params=[hello]
- S type=button, params=[0]
- E type=mode, params=[Off]
- E type=display, params=[]
- S type=button, params=[0]

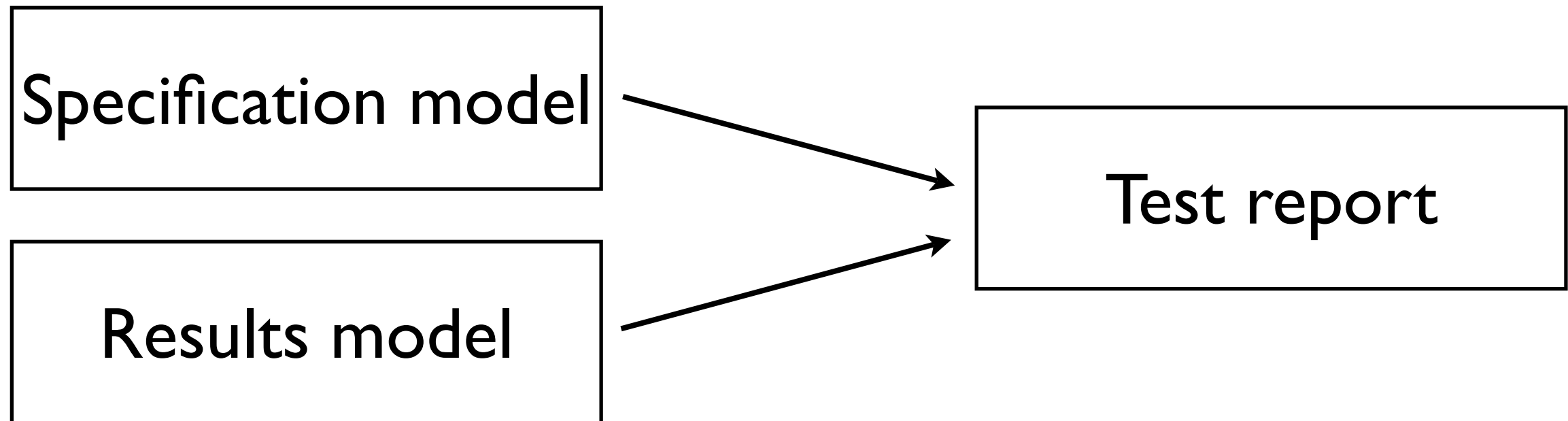
[Download as EMF model](#)

Buttons

[Mode](#)

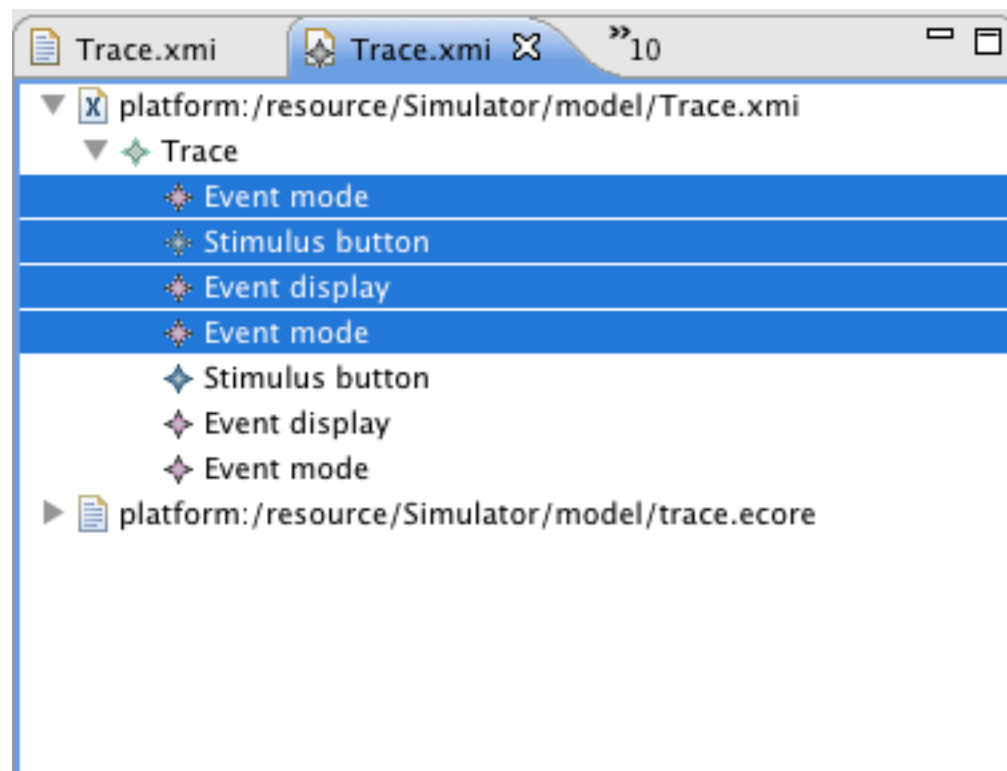
Extension 2 (Matching)

Match the specification and results models
to produce a test report



Matching Example

Given the watch is in mode “off”
When the first button is pressed
Then the mode must be “on”
the display must show “hello”



Matching Example

Given the watch is in mode “on”
When the first button is pressed
Then the mode must be “off”
the display must show “”

