



# Linear Algebra

5 questions

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1.

Let two matrices be

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 3 \\ 6 & 9 \end{bmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 9 \\ -5 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

What is  $A + B$ ?

☐  $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 12 \\ 1 & 11 \end{bmatrix}$

☐  $\begin{bmatrix} 6 & -6 \\ 11 & 7 \end{bmatrix}$

☐  $\begin{bmatrix} 6 & 12 \\ 11 & 11 \end{bmatrix}$

☐  $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 9 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$

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2.

Let  $x = \begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ 2 \\ 5 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$

What is  $2 * x$ ?

☐  $\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 1 & \frac{5}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$

☐  $\begin{bmatrix} 16 \\ 4 \\ 10 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$

☐  $\begin{bmatrix} 16 & 4 & 10 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$

☐  $\begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 1 \\ \frac{5}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$

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3.

Let  $u$  be a 3-dimensional vector, where specifically

$$u = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 5 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

What is  $u^T$ ?☐

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 5 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

☐

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

☐

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 5 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

☐

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 5 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

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Let  $u$  and  $v$  be 3-dimensional vectors, where specifically

$$u = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

and

$$v = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

What is  $u^T v$ ?

(Hint:  $u^T$  is a

1x3 dimensional matrix, and  $v$  can also be seen as a 3x1

matrix. The answer you want can be obtained by taking

4. the matrix product of  $u^T$  and  $v$ .) Do not add brackets to your answer.

Enter answer here

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5.

Let  $A$  and  $B$  be  $3 \times 3$  (square) matrices. Which of the following must necessarily hold true? Check all that apply.

- ☐ If  $B$  is the  $3 \times 3$  identity matrix, then  $A * B = B * A$
- ☐  $A * B = B * A$
- ☐ If  $C = A * B$ , then  $C$  is a  $3 \times 3$  matrix.
- ☐  $A * B * A = B * A * B$

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4 questions unanswered

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