

# Computer Vision HW2

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In this homework, I use python3 and from PIL import Image and ImageDraw to read and write images and to draw the bounding blocks and the + on the picture. Matplotlib.pyplot to draw the histogram. To run my code, use command line and enter python3 [hw2.py](http://hw2.py) (<http://hw2.py>) .

( a )a binary image (threshold at 128)

Searching for the whole lena.bmp, if pixel value  $\geq 128$ , then set the pixel to value 255. if pixel value  $< 128$  then set the pixel to value 0.

```
def binarize(threshold):
    for i in range(width):
        for j in range(height):
            pixel = im.getpixel((i, j))
            if pixel < threshold:
                new.putpixel((i, j), 0)
            else:
                new.putpixel((i, j), 255)

    new.save("binarize.bmp")

threshold = 128
binarize(threshold)
```

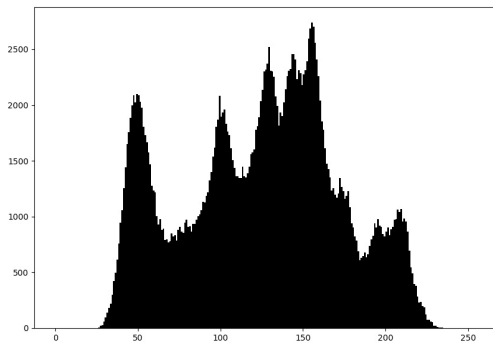


### ( b )a histogram

First, get all the pixel values for the whole lena.bmp and convert them into a list. For plotting the histogram, use the plt.hist function to set the list range from 0 to 255 and plot.

```
def histogram(im):  
    width, height = im.size  
    pixel_values = list(im.getdata())  
    plt.figure(figsize=(10,7))  
    plt.hist(pixel_values,range(0,255), color = "black")  
    plt.savefig("plt.jpg")
```

histogram(im)



### ( c )connected components

In this part, I use the algorithm shown in 2.3.3 of the class ppt and the "4 connectivity" method to find the connected component. First, initialization of each pixel to a unique label then, iteration of top-down followed by bottom-up passes until no change.

(For the page concerned, I put the result here first, and the function and code are on next page)



```
def connect(i, j):
    pixel_values = new.getpixel((i, j))
    if(i - 1 < 0) :
        if(j - 1 < 0):
            return -1
        elif(new.getpixel((i, j-1))== pixel_values):
            return label[i][j-1]
        else:
            return -1
    elif(j - 1 < 0):
        if (new.getpixel((i-1, j))== pixel_values):
            return label[i-1][j]
        else:
            return -1
    else:
        if(new.getpixel((i-1, j))!= pixel_values and new.getpixel((i, j-1))
            return -1
        elif(new.getpixel((i-1, j)) != pixel_values
            and new.getpixel((i, j-1)) == pixel_values):
            return label[i][j-1]
        elif(new.getpixel((i-1, j)) == pixel_values
            and new.getpixel((i, j-1)) != pixel_values):
            return label[i-1][j]
        else:
            maxx = max(label[i][j-1],label[i-1][j])
            minn = min(label[i][j-1],label[i-1][j])
            if maxx == minn:
                return minn
            else:
                pairs[maxx] = minn
                return minn
```

```

def check(i, j):
    pixel_values = new.getpixel((i, j))
    if(i + 1 > width-1 and j + 1 < height
        and new.getpixel((i, j+1)) == pixel_values):
        label[i][j] = label[i][j+1]
    elif(i + 1 < width and j + 1 > height-1 and new.getpixel((i+1, j)) == pixel
        label[i][j] = label[i + 1][j]
    elif(i+1 < width and j+1 < height):
        if (new.getpixel((i, j+1))!= pixel_values
            and new.getpixel((i+1, j)) == pixel_values):
            label[i][j] = label[i+1][j]
        elif (new.getpixel((i, j+1)) == pixel_values
            and new.getpixel((i+1, j)) != pixel_values):
            label[i][j] = label[i][j+1]
        elif (new.getpixel((i, j+1)) == pixel_values and new.getpixel((i+1,
            maxx = max(label[i+1][j],label[i][j+1])
            minn = min(label[i+1][j],label[i][j+1])
            label[i][j] = minn
            if maxx!=minn:
                pairs[maxx] = minn

for j in range(height):
    for i in range(width):
        if(new.getpixel((i, j))== 255):
            connected = connect(i, j)
            if(connected == -1):
                current += 1
                label[i][j] = current
            else:
                label[i][j] = connected
    if(len(pairs) > 0):
        for i in range(width):
            if (pairs.__contains__(label[i][j])):
                label[i][j] = pairs.get(label[i][j])
    pairs.clear()

for j in range(height):
    for i in range(width):
        if(new.getpixel((width-i-1, height-j-1))) == 255:
            check(width-i-1, height-j-1)
    if (len(pairs) > 0):
        for i in range(width):
            if (pairs.__contains__(label[width-i-1][height-j-1])):
                label[width-i-1][height-j-1] =
                    pairs.get(label[width-i-1][height-j-1])
    pairs.clear()

```