

我不住上海不住柏林
而我在上網我在博覽。

“比如，要想找带‘门’字旁的汉字，在我的数据库里一搜，就能找到，这是电子化的好处。”—Richard Sears, [link_open?](#)

■美国“汉字叔叔”自费创建汉字网 为此穷困潦倒[link_close?](#) ■

<<{multi-column}>> xxx

■(\\$ eval block\\$) ■

■(\\$ eval block\\$) ■

0.0.1 xxx

这们说时为过她說：「你好。」对还发开经现样动从间长话实头问进车业两给电关见门语 这们说时为过对还发开经现样动从间长话实头问进车业两给电关见门语 这们说时为过对还发开经现样动从间长話实头问进车业两给电关见门语 这们说时为过对还发开经现样动从间长話实头问进车业两给电关见门语 这们说时为过对还发开经现样动从间长話实头问进车业两给电关见门语 这们说时为过对还发开经现样动从间长話实头问进车业两给电关见门语 这们说时为过对还发开经现样动从间长話实头问进车业两给电关见门语 这们说时为过对还发开经现样动从间长話实头问进车业两给电关见门语

xxx 这们说时 xxx

xxx 这们说时 **xxxx**

xxx 这们说时 **xxxx**

MingKwai TypeScript uses three layers of markup.

(1) A macro language which uses double pointy brackets—so called macro brackets—to escape into a meta-language; (3) Markdown as parsed by [link_open?](#) ■[markdown-it](#)[link_close?](#) ■ (which basically means it should be quite close to the [link_open?](#) ■[CommonMark](#)[link_close?](#) ■) specification); and (3) HTML markup.

The ordering in the list above reflects the precedence of the layers: the macro language takes the highest precedence and HTML constructs the lowest. Because Markdown proper takes higher precedence than HTML, its constructs are parsed even if they appear between a pair of HTML tags. Likewise, because the macro language takes the highest priority, it is not possible to inhibit its interpretation by putting a macro inside HTML tags or inside a Markdown fenced code block.

- ★ MKTS allows to use **HTML** in the markup.
- ★ **Regions** are used to markup stretches within a document, be it inline spans, blocks of text or longer portions like sections and chapters. Regions use parentheses to indicate the start and end points.
 - ★ Full Notation: ■[\(name . . . name\)](#) ■
 - ★ Short Notation: ■[\(name . . . \)](#) ■ When used in the long form, the name used in the start tag must match the one in the end tag. As with HTML tags, regions must be properly nested and must not overlap.
- ★ **Actions** allow to execute code snippets inside the document. They come in two flavors: ‘silent’ and ‘vocal’.

Silent actions do not leave a direct trace in the document unless their code calls an API function to do that; vocal actions are replaced by their evaluated value (i.e. whatever `eval("some code")` returns).

★ Silent Actions

★ Full Notation: ■[.action some code](#), ■[.action some code](#)

★ Short Notation: ■[.action some code](#), ■[.action some code](#)

★ Vocal Actions

★ Full Notation: ■[.action some code](#), ■[.action some code](#)

★ Short Notation: ■[.action some code](#), ■[.action some code](#)

As with regions, the rule is that wherever the more explicit long form is used, the action type marker (. (dot) or : (colon)) and the action name of the start and end tags must match.

- ★ To execute an action without further logic code (i.e. a simple function call) in the manuscript, either a silent action ■[.action makeitso 42](#) or the short **Command** notation ■[.command makeitso 42](#) can be used. Observe that commands do not allow for a language annotation; whatever is inside the macro tag will be parsed as CoffeeScript.
- ★ To interpolate the value of a variable into the document, either a vocal action ■[.action foo](#) or the shorter **Value** notation ■[.value foo](#) can be used.
- ★ Finally, there are **Raw** regions that give authors an opportunity to talk directly to the \LaTeX typesetting system. Raw regions are surrounded by triple pointy brackets, e.g. `...raw material...`

□: 最初的, 开始的. 本来. □: 水流所从出的地方. 事物的根由. □: 头、首、始、大. 基本.