

Lab 12 - Preparación de actualizaciones desatendidas

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11 de septiembre de 2023

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1. Actualizaciones desatendidas en Red Hat

Para poder realizar actualizaciones desatendidas instalamos el siguiente paquete.

1 sudo dnf install dnf-automatic

Luego para activar solamente las actualizaciones desatendidas tenemos que ir a la siguiente ruta /etc/dnf/automatic.conf, para poner lo siguiente.



Figura 1: Instalación del paquete.

Figura 2: Permitiendo aplicar las actualizaciones desatendidas.

```
peter@mark-6: ~[Documents/working/b... × root@unatendedupgrades:~ × 

apply_updates = yes

[emitters]
# Name to use for this system in messages that are emitted. Default is the # hostname.
# system_name = hostunatendedpedro
# How to send messages. Valid options are stdio, email and motd. If # emit via includes stdio, messages will be sent to stdout; this is useful # to have cron send the messages. If emit via includes email, this # program will send email listelf according to the configured options.
# If emit via includes command email, then messages will be send via a shell # command compatible with sendmail.
# befault is email, stdio.
# If emit via is None or left blank, no messages will be sent.

emit via = email

[email]
# The address to send email messages from.
email from = root@example.com
-- INSERT --
```

Figura 3: Cambiando el modo de notificación de actualizaciones desatendidas a mail.

```
peter@mark-6: ~/Documents/working/b... × root@unatendedupgrades:~ ✓

# If emit_via is None or left blank, no messages will be sent.

# If emit_via is None or left blank, no messages will be sent.

# If emit_via = email

# The address to send email messages from.

email_from = root@hostunatendedpedro.net

# List of addresses to send messages to.

email_to = pedro@mail.net

# Name of the host to connect to to send email messages.

email_host = mail.net

[command]

# The shell command to execute. This is a Python format string, as used in # str.format(). The format function will pass a shell-quoted argument called # body'.

# Command_format = "cat"

# The contents of stdin to pass to the command. It is a format string with the # same arguments as 'command_format'.

- INSERT --
```

Figura 4: Configurando el email, emisor y receptor.