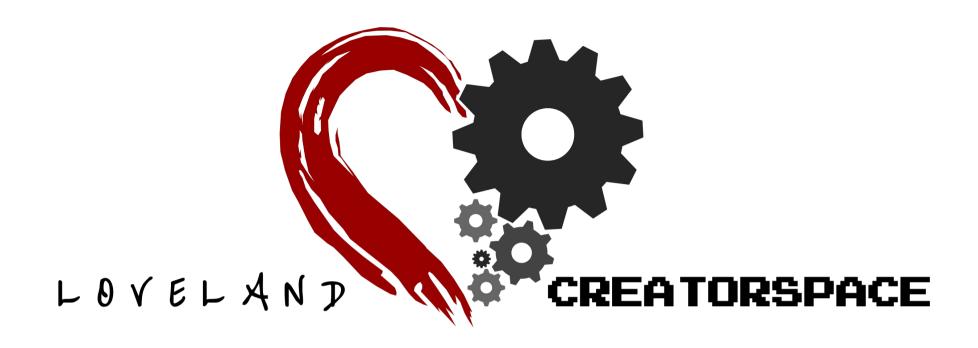


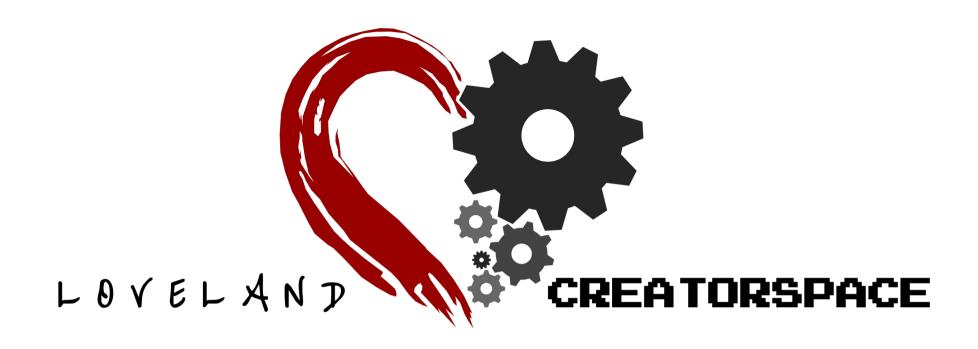
Arduino 101

Creative Commons





A Maker Space for Loveland.



A Maker Space for Loveland.

Special thanks to SparkFun, Ferguson Highschool, and E3 Learning

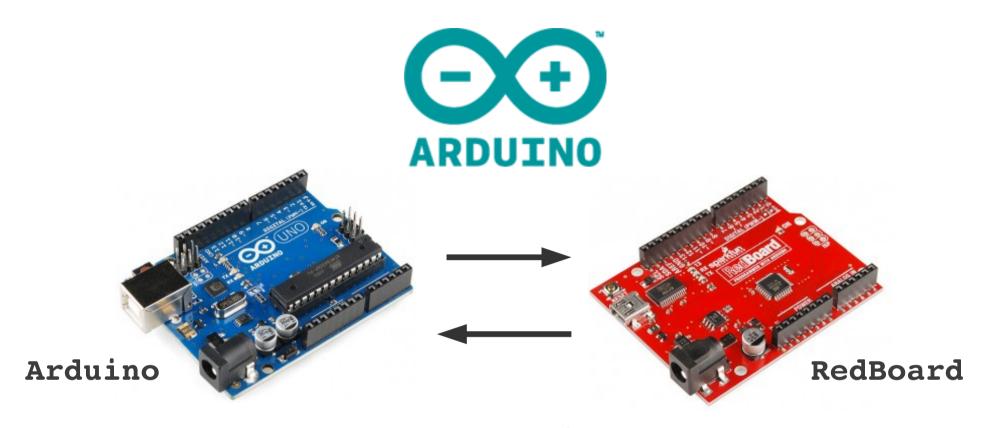








You've been lied to!



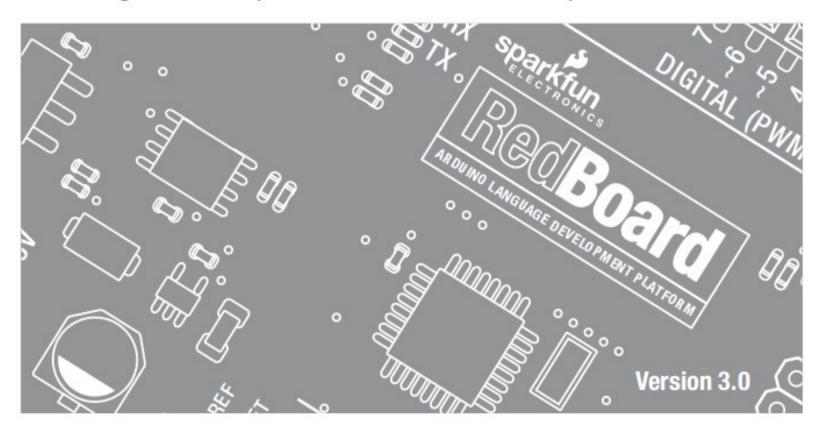
You've been lied to!

This class will use the RedBoard platform from



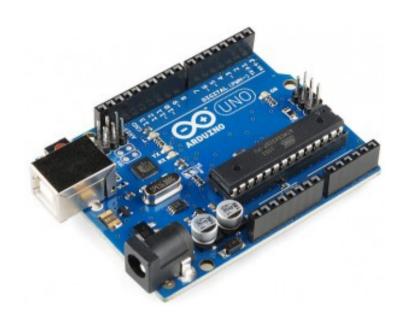
SIK GUIDE

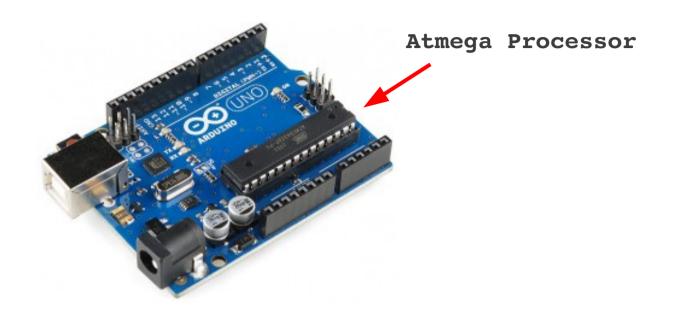
Your guide to the SparkFun Inventor's Kit for the SparkFun RedBoard

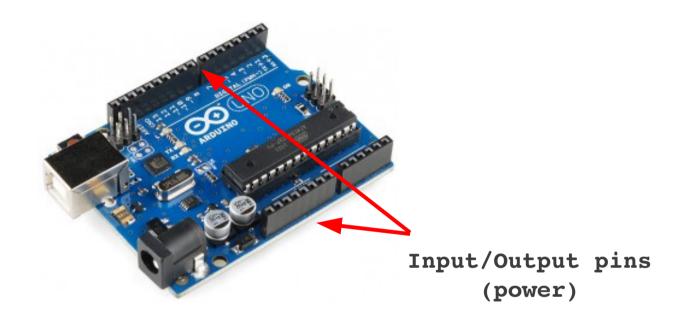


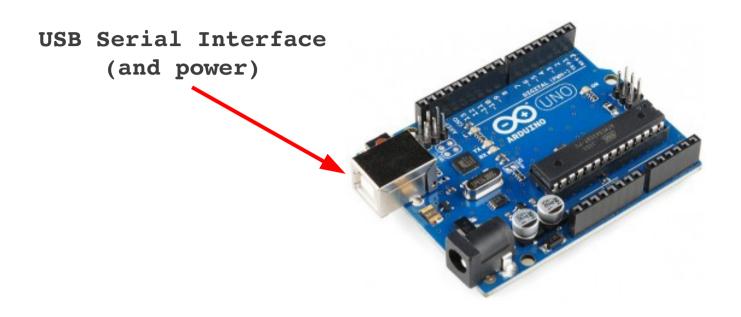
http://dlnmh9ip6v2uc.cloudfront.net/datasheets/Kits/SFE-SIK-RedBoard-Guide-Version3.0-Online.pdf

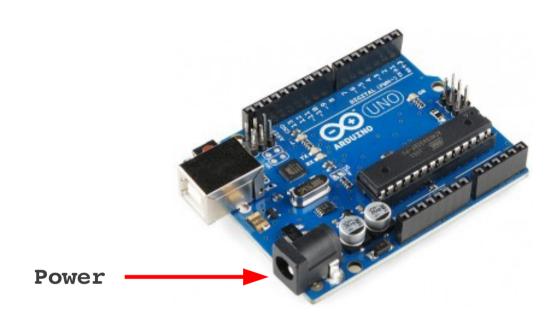


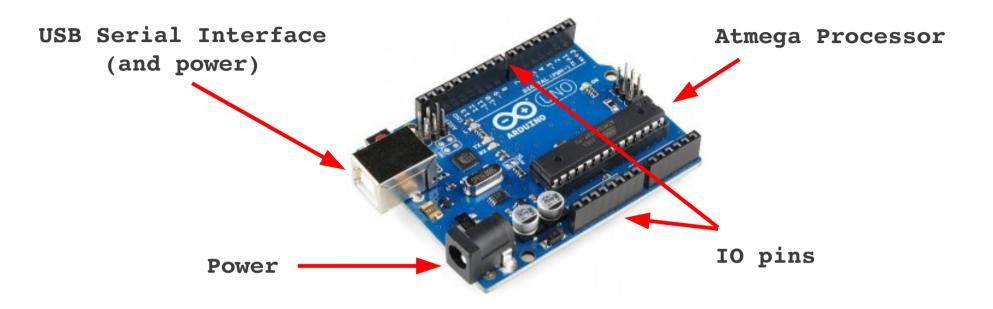


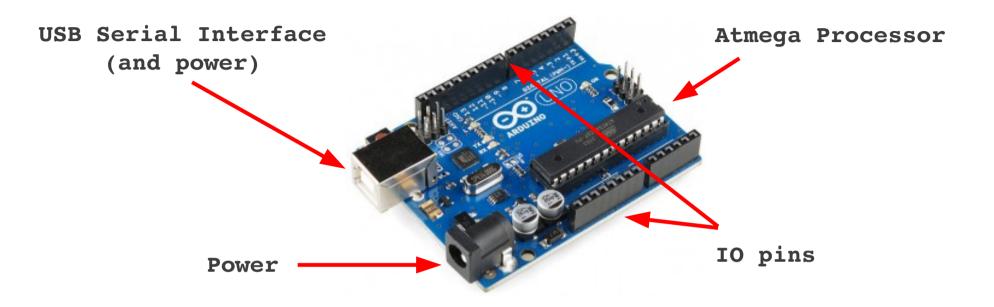












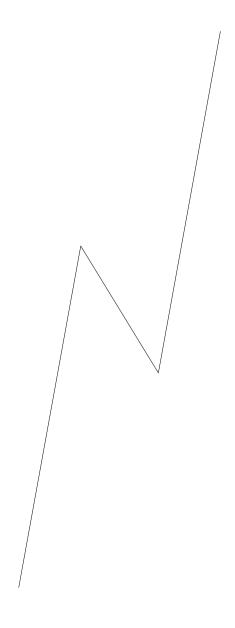
A programmable micro-controller.

But the best way to explain the Arduino is with some examples:

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6mXM-oGggrM http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yuKcLG1tqks

http://www.instructables.com/id/20-Unbelievable-Arduino-Projects/

Programmable Circuits



Programmable Circuits

Build a simple circuit
 (electronics)

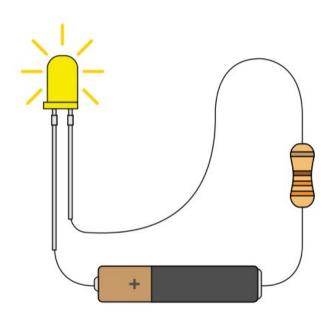


Image attributed to SparkFun Electronics

Programmable Circuits

Build a simple circuit (electronics)

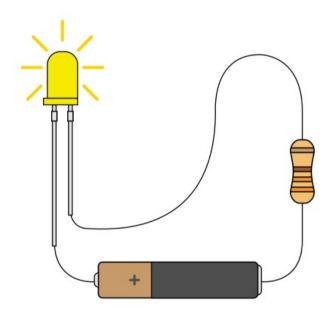


Image attributed to SparkFun Electronics

Write a control program (software)

Arduino 101

Installation:

Windows and Mac users:

Download the installer from:

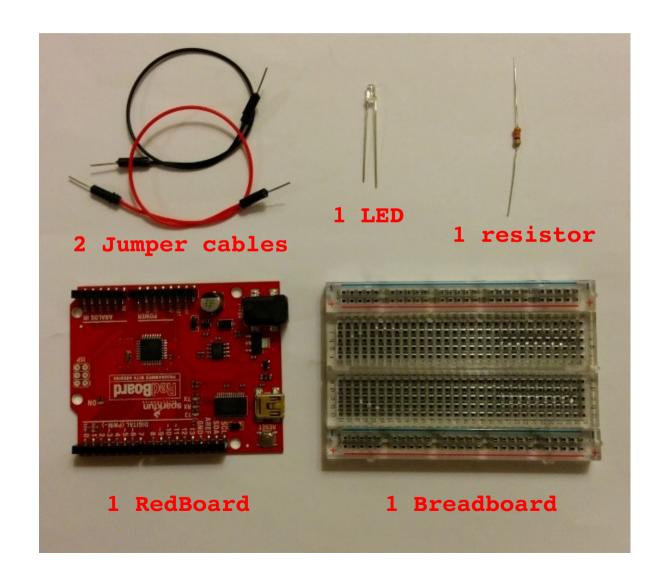
http://arduino.cc

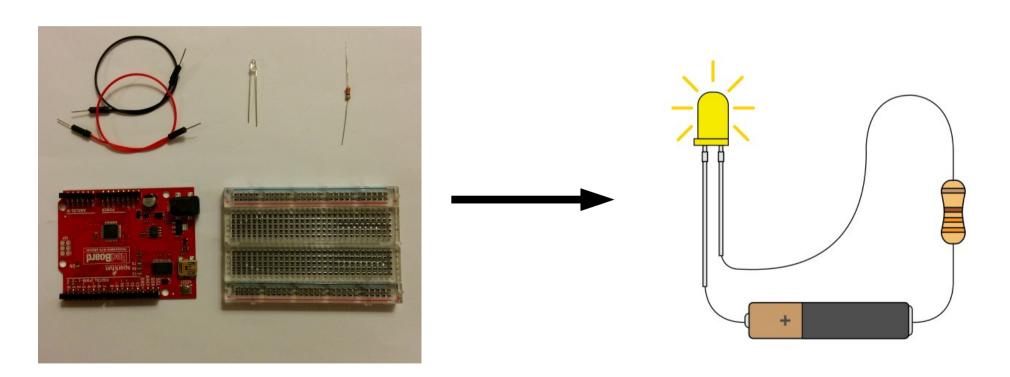
Linux users (specifically Debian):

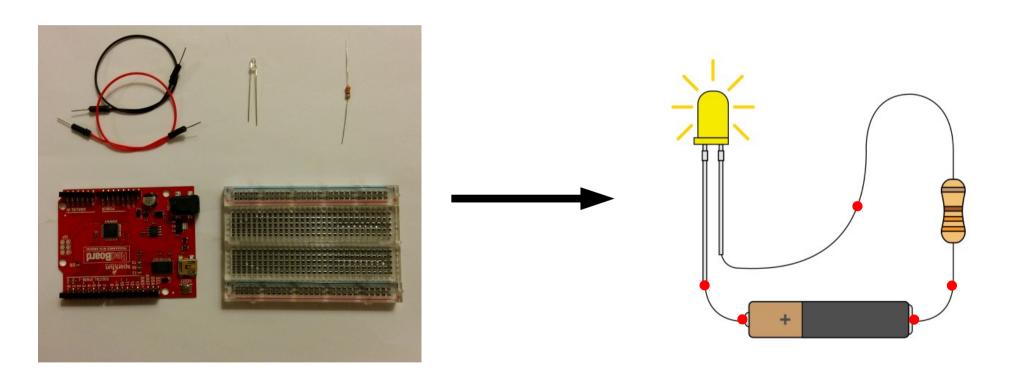
In a terminal:

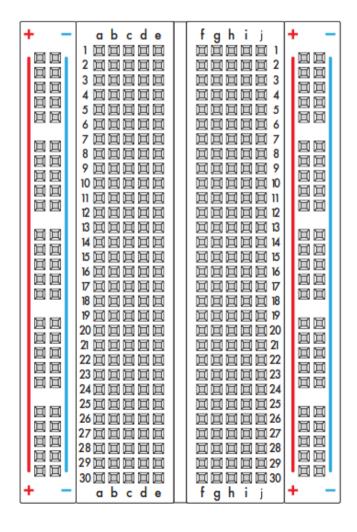
- sudo apt-get install arduino
- sudo usermod -aG dialout <user>
- Logout, and log back in for changes to take effect.

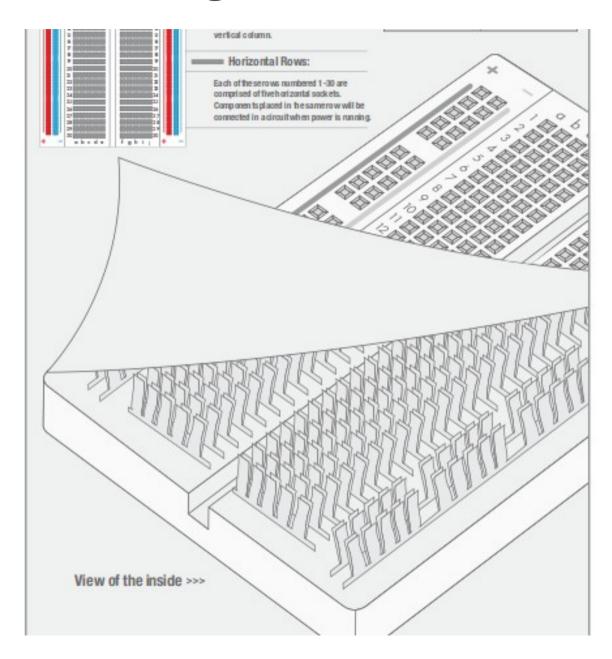
Inside your kit, you'll find:

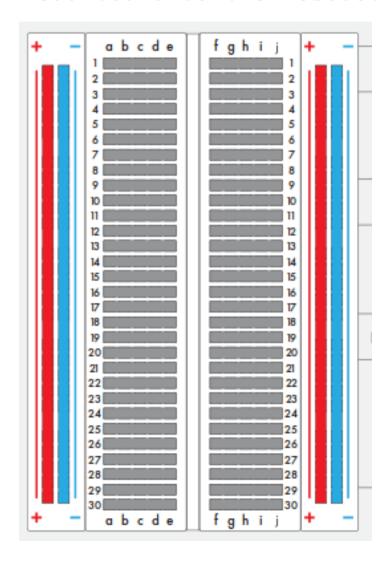


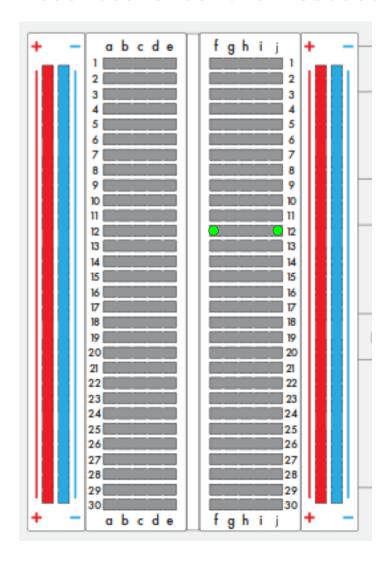


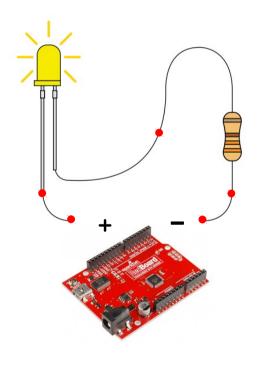


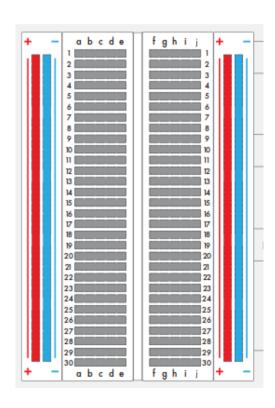


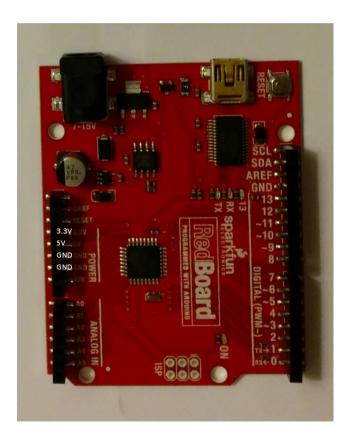


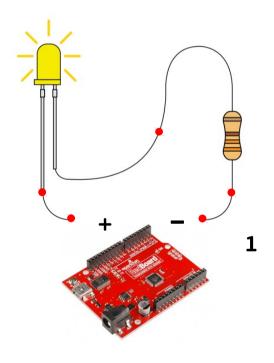


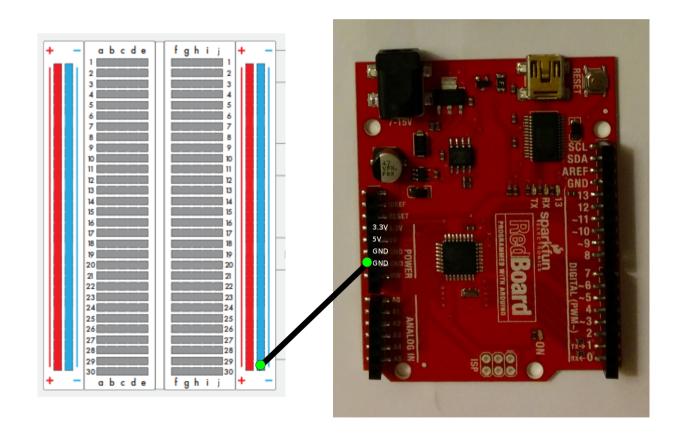


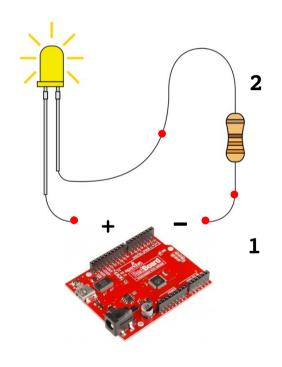


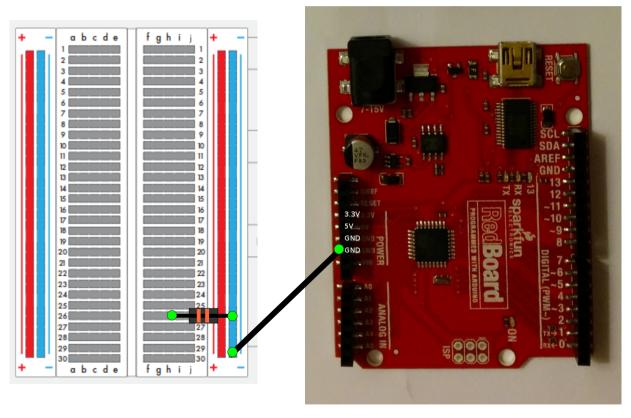




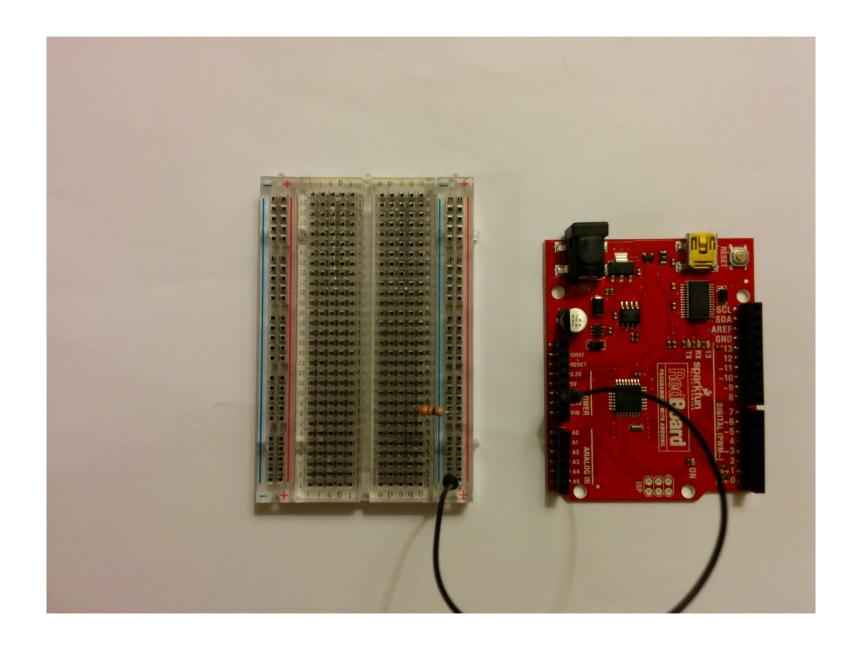


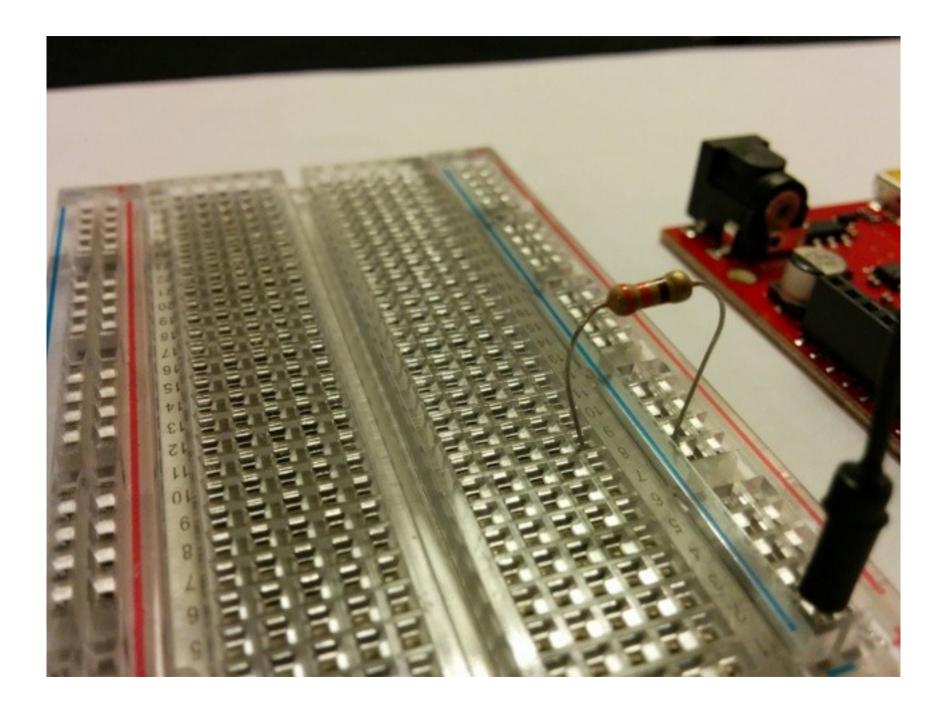


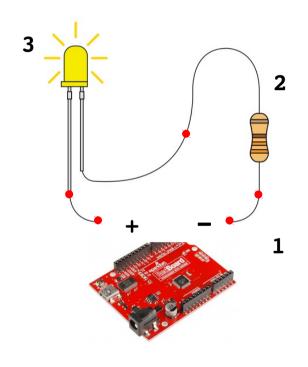


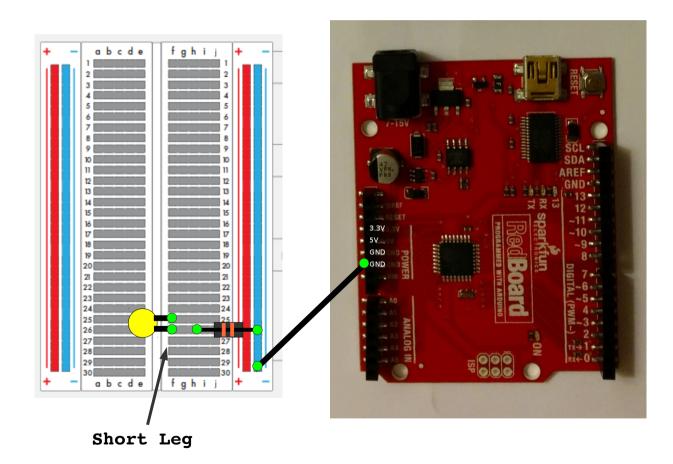


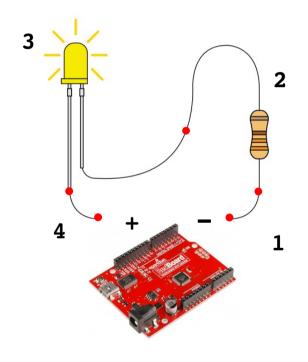
Short Leg

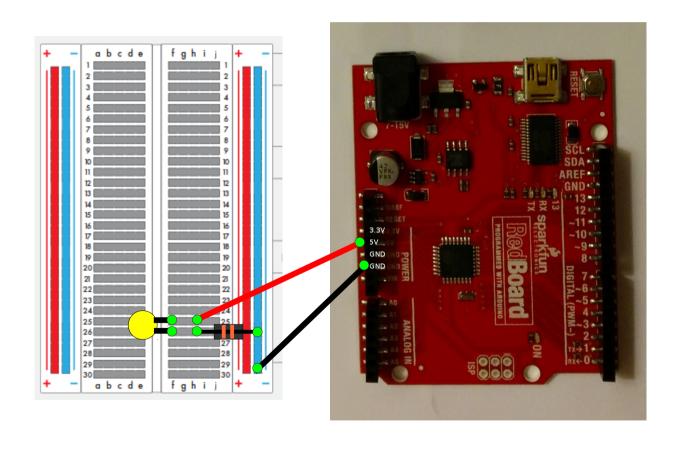




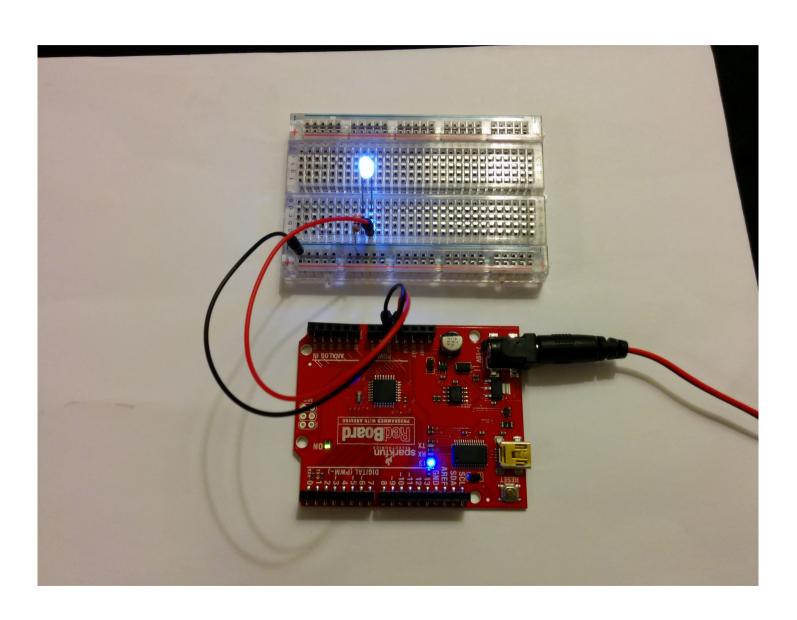






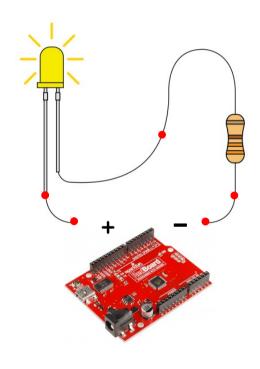


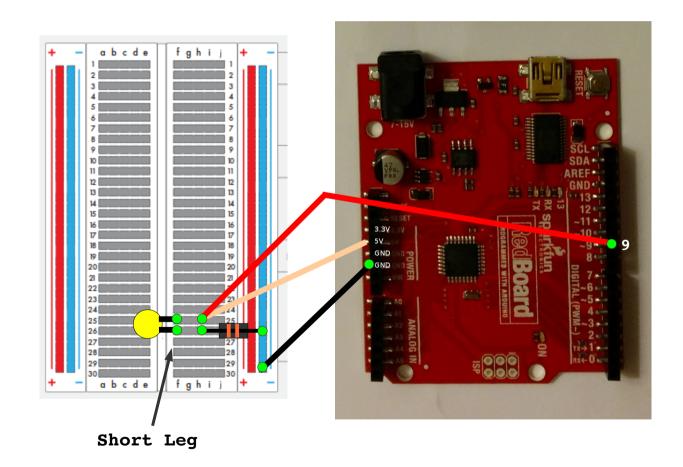
Testing the Circuit



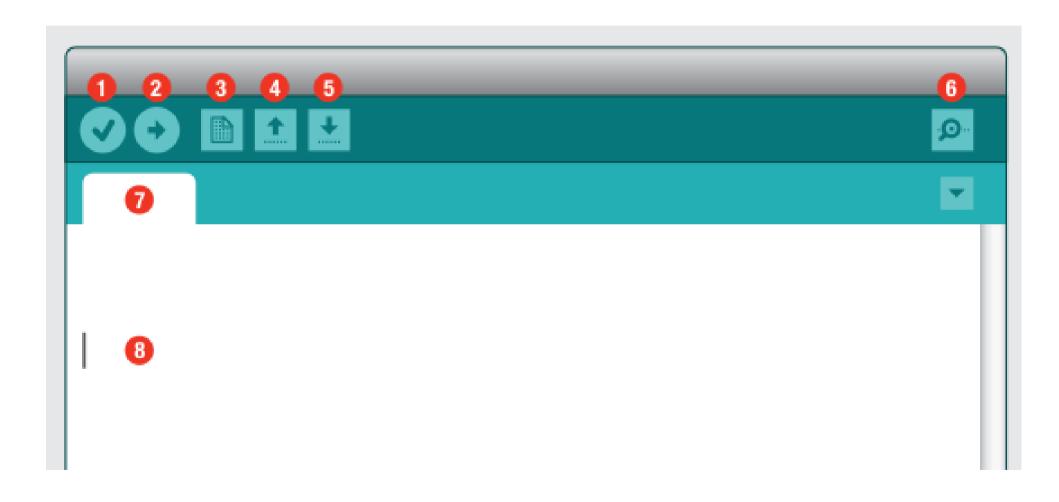
Getting ready to program the Circuit

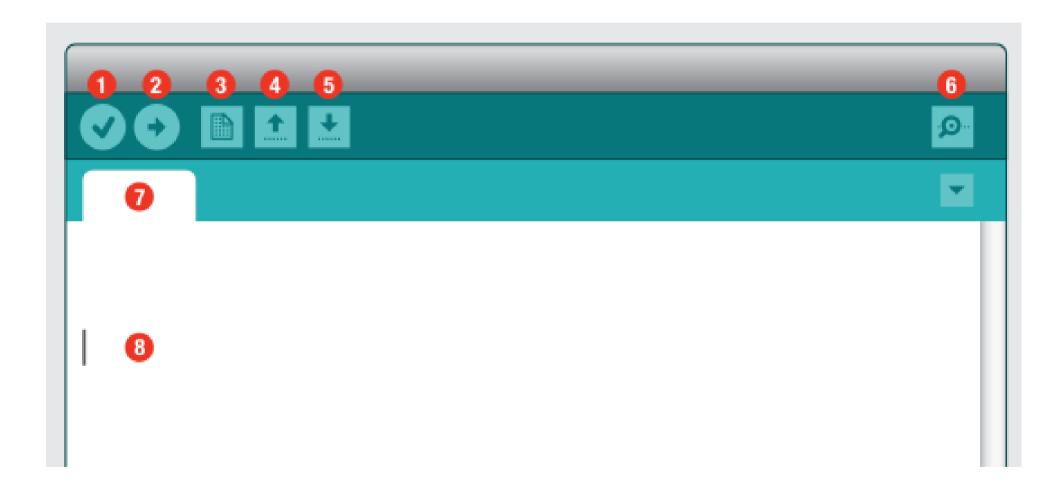
First, we need to connect to a pin we can control (instead of the 5V power pin)



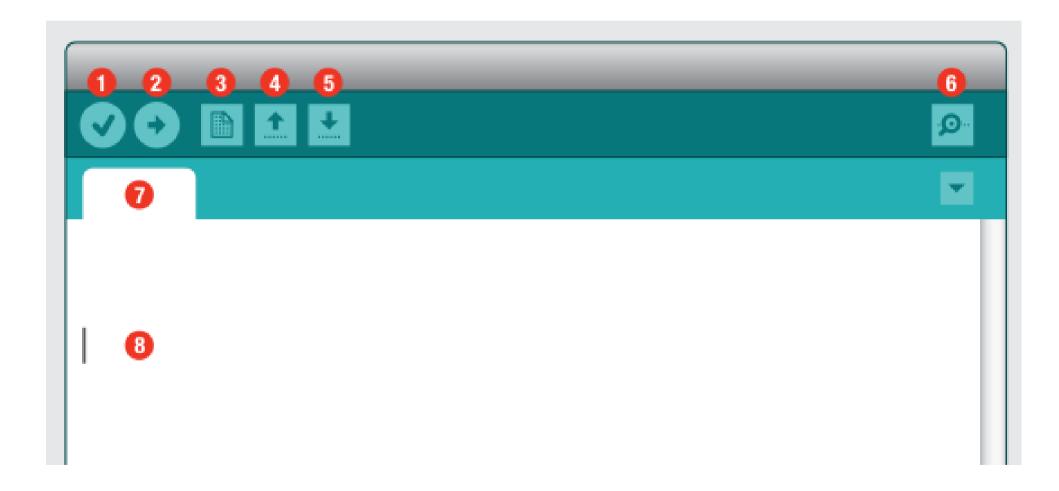


The Arduino IDE (Integrated Development Environment)

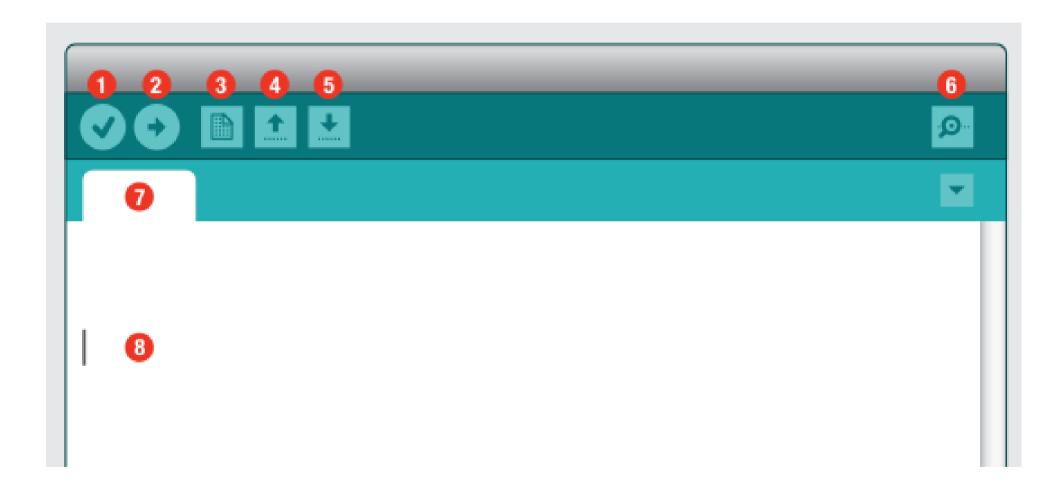




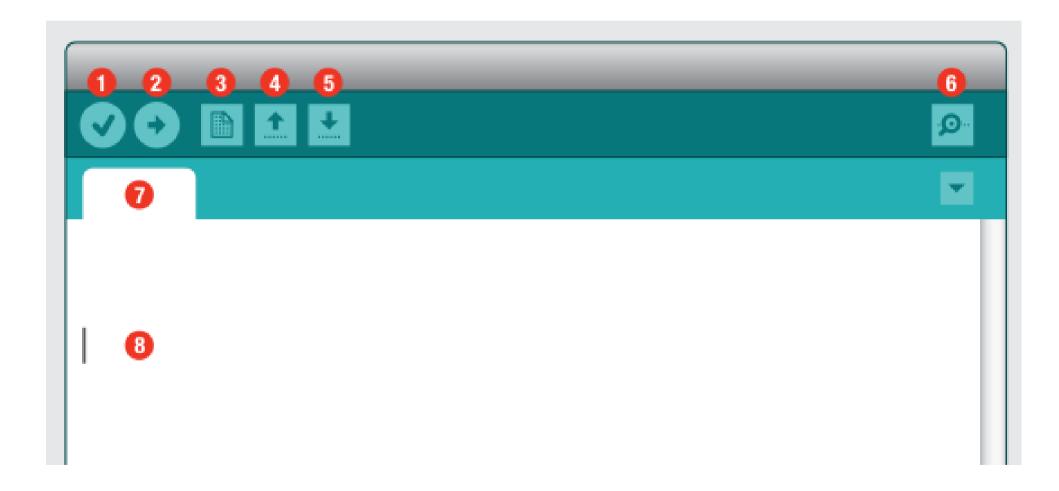
1. "verify" - check that your code is valid.



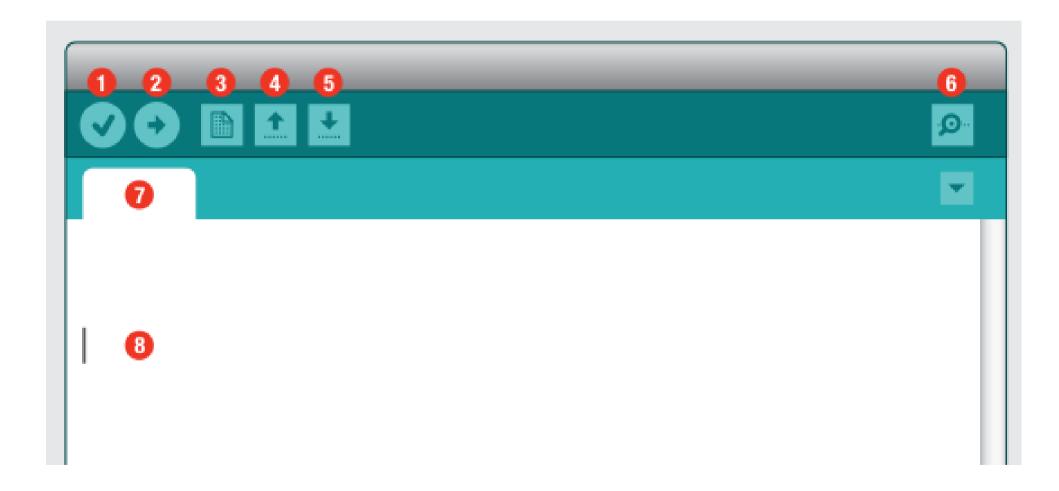
2. "upload" - loads program onto the Arduino



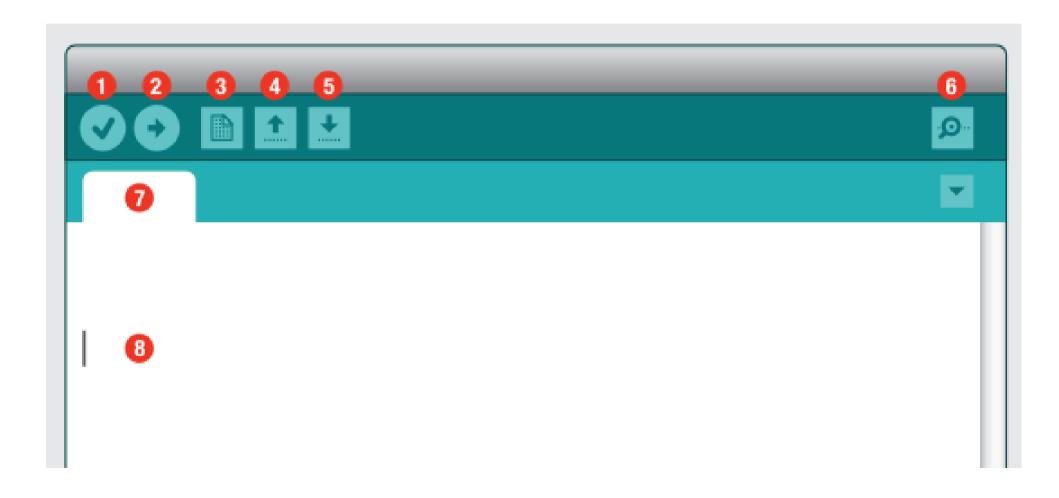
3. "New" - creates a new sketch



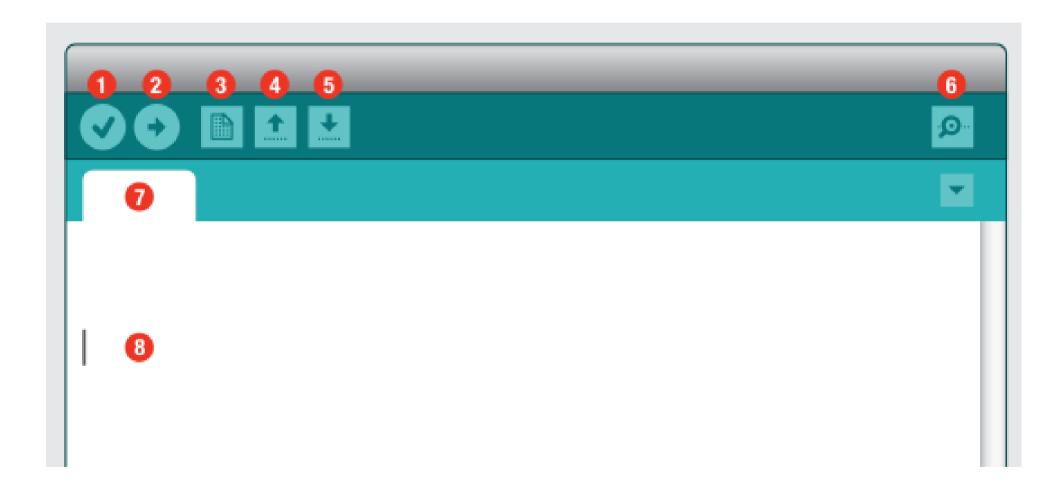
5. "Save" - save the current sketch



6. "Serial Monitor" - communicate with the Arduino



7- "Sketch Name" - Name of the current sketch



8. "Editing Window" - edit your program here.

Programming Primer

```
// single-line comments look like this.
/*
  Multi-line comments
  look like this
*/
// variable declarations look like this
int variable name;
boolean isOn;
// function declarations look like this
void func name(args...)
// function body
// statements looks like this
do something();
led state = readDigital(9);
```

Anatomy of an Arduino Sketch

```
// Global constants and state data
const int LED = 9;
// setup function that is called once at power on
void setup()
   pinMode(LED, OUTPUT);
// loop function gets called in a loop
void loop()
   // do exciting stuff!
   DigitalWrite(LED, HIGH);
   Delay(500);
   DigitalWrite(LED, LOW);
   Delay(500);
```

Anatomy of an Arduino Sketch

```
Global
             // Global constants and state data
Data
             const int LED PIN = 9;
             // setup function that is called once at power on
             void setup()
One-time
                pinMode(LED PIN, OUTPUT);
Setup
             // loop function gets called in a loop
             void loop()
                 // do exciting stuff!
Loop
                 DigitalWrite(LED PIN, HIGH);
                 Delay(500);
                 DigitalWrite(LED PIN, LOW);
                 Delay(500);
```



File Edit Sketch Tools Help











Blink

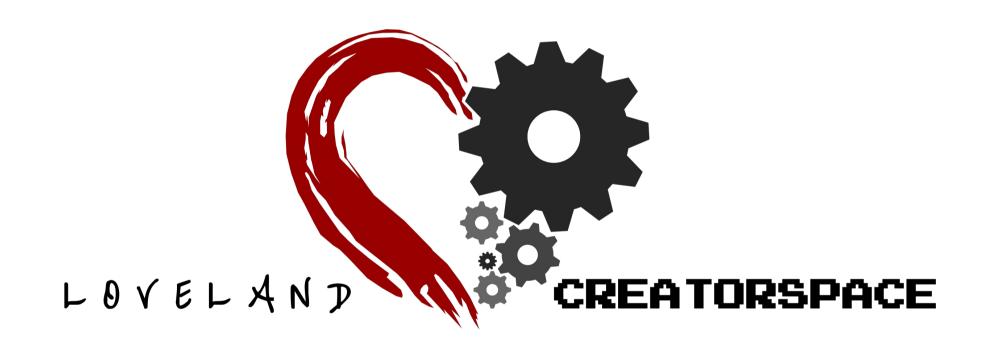
```
Blink
 Turns on an LED on for one second, then off for one second, repeat
 This example code is in the public domain.
 */
void setup() {
 // initialize the digital pin as an output
 // Pin 13 has an LED connected on most Ardus
  pinMode(13, OUTPUT);
void loop() {
  digitalWrite(13, HIGH);
 delay(1000);
 digitalWrite(13, LOW)
  delay(1000);
```

Where to go from here



Sparkfun Inventor's Kit (SIK ~ \$100)

Where to go from here



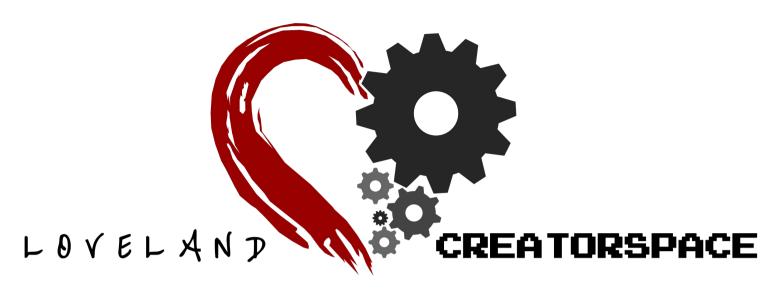
Arduino Classes

Where to go from here

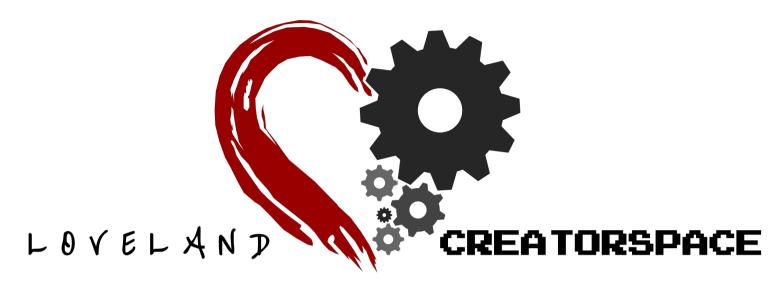
Arduino 102 - building interactive circuits

Arduino 201 - writing a serial protocol

Arduino 301 - build an Arduino shield



Thank you for coming!



Thank you for coming!

Did you enjoy today's class???

Help fund future LCS events!

"pay what you think it's worth"