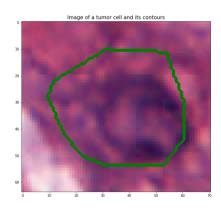
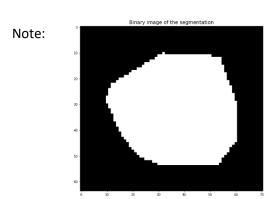
Lab 03: elements of corrections



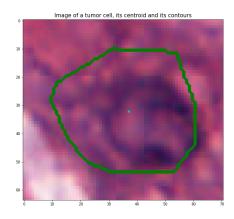




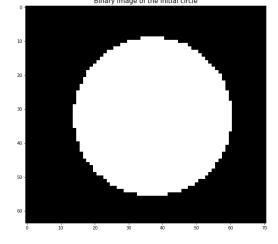
Q3 : read carefully the instructions

« For the radius, we assume that a good estimation is the centroid of the pixels belonging to the **full tumor cell (not only the perimeter)** »

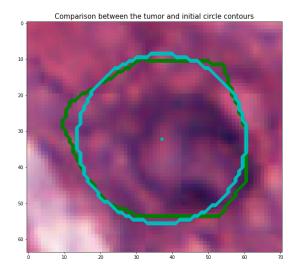
Q4:



Q6:



Q7:



Q8:

We start from the circle equation:

$$(x_i - x_c)^2 + (y_i - y_c)^2 = r^2$$

If we develop it, we obtain:

$$x_i^2 + y_i^2 = 2x_c x_i + 2y_c y_i + r^2 - x_c^2 - y_c^2$$

Thus, we have:

- $\alpha = 2x_c$
- $\begin{aligned}
 \bullet \ \beta &= 2y_c \\
 \bullet \ \gamma &= r^2 x_c^2 y_c^2
 \end{aligned}$

Q9: you have to implement $z_i = \alpha * x_i + \beta * y_i + \gamma$

Q10:

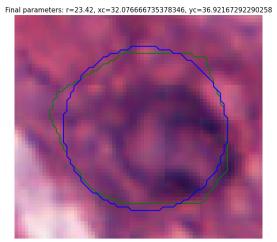
Initial variable values: alpha=64.257481648786, beta=74.15358554488989, gamma=-1861.5376090329207 Initial loss value: 3443.5058710670824

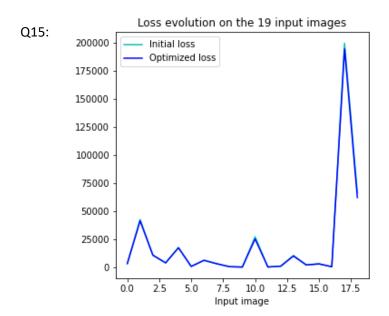
Optimized loss value: 3423.0462295713055

Q11:

 $\hbox{Initial parameter values: xc=$32.128740824393, yc=$37.076792772444946, r=$23.35394913540154 $} \\$ Optimized parameter values: xc=32.076666735378346, yc=36.92167292290258, r=23.421723077266268

Q12:





Q16: Optimized IoU: mean=0.7755717037098804, std=0.11460765488392512 Q17-Q18:

