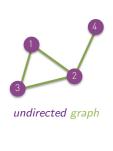
network representations

introduction to network science in Python (NetPy)

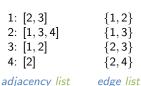
Lovro Šubelj University of Ljubljana 3rd October 2024

network representations



_			_
Го	1	1	0 1 0
1	1 0	1	1
1	1	0	0
0	1	0	0
-			_

adjacency matrix



$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(1,2)$$
 $(2,3)$ $(2,4)$

adjacency matrix

[1] :2: [3, 4] [2] :3: [1] [2]:4: []

edge list

directed graph

adjacency list

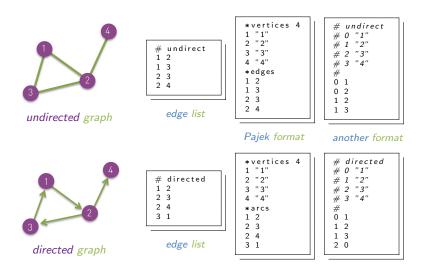
adjacency list can also be implemented with maps or trees & edge list cannot represent isolated nodes

network *representations*

- adjacency matrix for elegant analytical derivations most derivations based on matrix representation[†]
- adjacency list for efficient algorithms implementation ideal complexity since most algorithms require incidence[†]
- edge list for efficient network storing/manipulation
 easy editing since each edge stored only once

[†]some derivations are based on adjacency list & some algorithms require edge list

network formats



 $[\]S$ ad-hoc edge list and Pajek format most popular, whereas other formats include GML, GraphML, JSON

network data

- easily obtained from *online sources*
- already present in many standard datasets
- popular *network repositories/collections*
 - Network Catalogue and Repository [Netzschleuder]
 - Colorado Index of Complex Networks [ICON]
 - Stanford Network Analysis Project [SNAP]
 - Koblenz Network Collection [KONECT]
 - Open Graph Benchmark [OGB]
 - Network Repository [NetRepo]
 - Pajek datasets [Pajek]

network *software*

— most popular *Python libraries*

- igraph [https://igraph.org]
- NetworkX [https://networkx.org]
- graph-tool [https://graph-tool.skewed.de]
- Snap.py [https://snap.stanford.edu/snappy]
- Pajek [http://mrvar.fdv.uni-lj.si/pajek]

— most popular network software

- Gephi [https://gephi.org]
- visone [https://visone.ethz.ch]
- Pajek [http://mrvar.fdv.uni-lj.si/pajek]