link analysis

introduction to network science in Python (NetPy)

Lovro Šubelj University of Ljubljana 3rd October 2024

link analysis

which web pages are most important?

- node centrality measures for (un)directed networks
- link analysis algorithms primarily for directed web graphs
 - Google search ranking PageRank [BP98, PBMW99]
 - hyperlink-induced topic search HITS [Kle99]



Sergey Brin



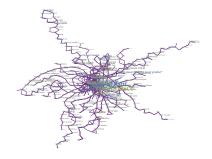
Lawrence Page



Jon Kleinberg

analysis LPP

- corrected LPP public bus transport network*
- n = 408 bus stops with $\langle k \rangle = 5.73$ connections
- giant component 95.3% nodes (6 components)
- "small-world" with $\langle C \rangle = 0.10$ and $\langle d \rangle = 14.43$
- "scale-free" with $\gamma = 2.60$ for cutoff $k_{min} = 5$



^{*}reduced to largest connected component

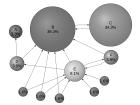
link PageRank

ranking algorithm for web page importance

— for directed G PageRank rank p [BP98] of i is – α is positive constant traditionally set $\alpha = 0.85$

$$p_i = \alpha \sum_j A_{ij} \frac{p_j}{k_j^{out}} + \frac{1 - \alpha}{n}$$

p_i probability random surfer with teleports lands on i



analysis PageRank

- PageRank ranks p in corrected LPP network
- highest p nodes are Razstavišče and Ajdovščina

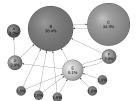
#	bus stop	k_i	p _i
1	Razstavišče	43	0.010601
2	Ajdovščina	36	0.007694
3	Bežigrad	23	0.007161
4	Bavarski dvor	30	0.007013
5	Konzorcij	30	0.006884
6	Gosposvetska	30	0.006527
7	Stara cerkev	26	0.005485
8	Sava	12	0.005165
9	Tobačna	22	0.005136
10	Kino Šiška	18	0.004907
11	Medvode	4	0.004853
12	Tivoli	26	0.004838

link random walk with restarts

ranking algorithm for web page similarity

— for directed G random walk rank w [TFP06] for t of i is $-\alpha$ is positive constant traditionally set $\alpha=0.85$ $w_i = \alpha \sum_i A_{ij} \frac{w_j}{k_j^{out}} + (1-\alpha)\delta_{it}$

— w_i probability random surfer with teleport t lands on i



analysis random walk with restarts

- random walk ranks w in corrected LPP network
- highest w nodes for Razstavišče and Hajdrihova

#	bus stop	k_i	Wi			
1	Razstavišče	43	0.236115			
2	Bavarski dvor	30	0.065124			
3	Bezigrad	rad 23 0.05726				
4	Astra	16 0.0477				
5	Ajdovščina	36	0.040099			
6	Kozolec	10	0.038384			
7	Gosposvetska	30	0.030981			
8	Konzorcij	30	0.020278			
9	Bavarski dvor	8	0.019262			
10	Polje	10	0.014254			
11	Stadion	8	0.013294			
12	Topniška	8	0.013235			

#	bus stop	k_i	Wi
1	Hajdrihova	14	0.201318
2	Tobačna	22	0.091186
3	Ilirija	12	0.051714
4	Stara cerkev	26	0.046825
5	Tabor	10	0.038395
6	Vič	16	0.034478
7	Avtomontaža	6	0.030372
8	Stan in dom	4	0.030296
9	Kino Šiška	18	0.028569
10	Tivoli	26	0.028180
11	Glince	8	0.027528
12	Na klancu	10	0.023836

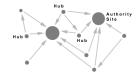
link HITS

ranking algorithm for web hubs & authorities

- for directed G hub & authority ranks h & a [Kle99] of i
 - h is eigenvector of A^TA with eigenvalue $(\alpha\beta)^{-1}$
 - a is eigenvector of AA^T with eigenvalue $(\alpha\beta)^{-1}$
 - α and β are appropriate positive constants

$$h_i = \alpha \sum_j A_{ji} a_j$$
 $a_i = \beta \sum_j A_{ij} h_j$

- a measures content and h measures table of content
- a = 0 for $k^{in} = 0$ nodes and h = 0 for $k^{out} = 0$ nodes



analysis *HITS*

- hub & authority ranks h & a in corrected LPP network
- highest h node is Ajdovščina and highest a node is Konzorcij

#	bus stop	k_i	h _i		#	bus stop	k_i	aį
1	Ajdovščina	36	0.715370	_	1	Konzorcij	30	0.656745
2	Razstavišče	43	0.455771		2	Bavarski dvor	30	0.512119
3	Tivoli	26	0.286178		3	Gosposvetska	30	0.235790
4	Drama	23	0.256027		4	Kozolec	10	0.224651
5	Gosposvetska	30	0.175142		5	Bežigrad	23	0.176839
6	Bavarski dvor	30	0.129155		6	Astra	16	0.172509
7	Pošta	9	0.111497		7	Stara cerkev	26	0.172482
8	Kolodvor	4	0.090644		8	Ajdovščina	36	0.161840
9	Konzorcij	30	0.083028		9	Razstavišče	43	0.110391
10	Tavčarjeva	7	0.069477		10	Tivoli	26	0.106024
11	Kozolec	10	0.068749		11	Bavarski dvor	8	0.096486
12	Stara cerkev	26	0.064760		12	Kolizej	4	0.088636

link references



S. Brin and L. Page.

The anatomy of a large-scale hypertextual Web search engine. *Comput. Networks ISDN*, 30(1-7):107–117, 1998.



David Easley and Jon Kleinberg.

Networks, Crowds, and Markets: Reasoning About a Highly Connected World.

Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 2010.



J. M. Kleinberg.

Authoritative sources in a hyperlinked environment. J. ACM, 46(5):604–632, 1999.



Mark E. J. Newman.

Networks: An Introduction.
Oxford University Press, Oxford, 2010.



Lawrence Page, Sergey Brin, Rajeev Motwani, and Terry Winograd.

The PageRank citation ranking: Bringing order to the Web. Technical report, Stanford University, 1999.



H. Tong, Christos Faloutsos, and Jia-Yu Pan.

Fast random walk with restart and its applications.

In Proceedings of the IEEE International Conference on Data Mining, pages 613–622, Washington, DC, USA, 2006.