network comparison

introduction to network analysis (ina)

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comparison overview

- network comparison by isomorphism is NP-complete
- exact comparison requires exponentially many properties
- comparison using selected graph edit distance
- comparison by network distances [SCDG⁺17, BB19]
- comparison by *network fragments* [MIK⁺04, Prž07, ARS15]
- direct comparison of *individual metrics* [WS98, BA99, New02]
- statistical comparison over *multiple metrics* [ŠFB14, ŠBB⁺15]

comparison *metrics*

CONSISTENCY OF CITATION AND COLLABORATION TOPOLOGY OF BIBLIOGRAPHIC DATABASES

Šubelj, L., Fiala, D. & Bajec, M. Network-based statistical comparison of citation topology of bibliographic databases. Scientific Reports 4, 6496 (2014). Šubeli, L., Baiec, M., Boshkoska, B., Kastrin, A. & Levnaiić, Z. Quantifying the consistency of scientific databases. PLoS ONE 10(5), e0127390 (2015). Corresponding author: lovro.subelj@fri.uni-lj.si

NETWORKS OF RIRLIOGRAPHIC DATABASES

Citation and collaboration networks extracted from hibliographic databases. These are: (WeS) the Computer Science category of Web of Science until 2014 (979k papers); (APS) the American Physical Society publications until 2010 (45tk papers); (PubMed) (DBLP) the DBLP Computer Science Bibliography until 2014 (2.7M papers): (arXiv) the High Energy Physics Theory category of arXiv between 1992 and 2005 (28k papers) (CiteSeer) web publications parsed by the CiteSeer service (721k papers) (Cara) Mc-Callum's Cora database collected from the web in 1995 (196k runers): and (IlletCite) Luderberg's bibliography produced by the Algorithmic Historiography (9k papers).

NETWORK COMPARISON METHODOLOGY

Methodolory of network-based statistical comparison of hibliographic databases. Networks representing bibliographic databases are compared through 21 graph statistics. We compute externally studentized statistics residuals that measure the consistency of each database with the rest. Statistically significant inconsistencies in individual statistics are revealed by independent Student r-tests. We select a subset of statistics whose pairwise independence is verified using Fisher 2-transformation. Friedman rank test confirms that databases display significant inconsistencies in the selected statistics, while the data bases with no significant differences are revealed by Nemeryi post-hoc test.



COMPARISON OF BIBLIOGRAPHIC NETWORKS Statistical comparison of hibliographic databases through statistics of networks. Panel (A) shows the critical difference diagram of Nemeryi test for paper citation networks P→P, morel (III) for author citation networks A++A and morel (C) for author collabcention notworks A-A (no additional author name disambiguation but been made). The critical discrems illustrate the overall ranking of the databases, where those connected by a thick line show no statistically significant inconsistencies at P-value = 0.1.



PROFILE OF PAPER CITATION NETWORKS

Distributions, diagrams, plots of paper citation networks extracted from bibliographic databases. Panels (A-F) show (from left to right): the field bow-tie decompositions, where the arrows illustrate the degree, non-zero degree and zero in-degree, respectively; the degree, in-degree and out-degree distriburected coefficients (Gil). (NE) and (Bil), respectively; and the hop plots for the directed and undirected











COMPARISON OF PAPER CITATION NETWORKS

Statistical comparison of bibliographic databases through statistics of paper citation networks. Panels (A-F) show studentized statistics residuals that are listed in decreasing order, while the shaded regions are 95% and 99% confidence intervals of independent Student r-tests (labelled with respective P-values). Panel (G) shows the residuals of merely independent statistics, where the shaded region is 95% confidence interval. Panel (III) shows pairwise Sneaman correlations of independent statistics listed in the same order as in panel (G) (left) and the P-values of the corresponding Fisher independence tosts (right). Panel (I) shows the critical difference diagram of Nemeryi post-hoc test for the indepen dent statistics. The diagram illustrates the overall ranking of the databases, where those connected by a thick line show no statistically significant inconsistencies at P-value = 0.05.











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- statistical comparison of N networks over K metrics
- 1. x_{ii} is value of jth metric for ith network and \tilde{x}_{ii} its residual

$$\widetilde{X}_{jj} = \frac{x_{ij} - \widetilde{\mu}_{jj}}{\widetilde{\sigma}_{ij} \sqrt{1 - \frac{1}{N}}} \qquad \widetilde{\mu}_{ij} = \frac{1}{N-1} \sum_{k \neq i} x_{kj} \qquad \widetilde{\sigma}_{ij} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{N-2} \sum_{k \neq i} (x_{kj} - \widetilde{\mu}_{ij})^2} \qquad \widetilde{x}_{ij} \sim t(N-2)$$

2. Rii is rank of ith network for jth independent metric

$$R_{ii} = rank \ of \ |\widetilde{x}_{ii}| \qquad R_{ii} \in \{1, \dots, N\}$$

R; is mean rank of ith network over K independent metrics

$$R_i = \frac{1}{K} \sum_j R_{ij}$$
 $\frac{12K}{N(N+1)} \left(\sum_i R_i^2 - \frac{N(N+1)^2}{4} \right) \sim \chi^2(N-1)$

3. $|R_i - R_j|$ statistically significant when above critical difference $q_1 \sqrt{\frac{N(N-1)}{6K}}$

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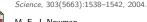
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