network inference

introduction to network analysis (ina)

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inference overview

- inferring missing/spurious/hidden nodes/links
 - due to sampling, errors, noise or other [GSP09, MBN15]
 - from network structure, dynamics or other [GRLK12]
- popular predicting future links that are likely to occur
 - recommendation of friendship ties on Facebook [BL11]
 - prediction of product ratings on Amazon [GLGMSP16]
 - prediction for costly protein interaction networks etc.







real, observed & reconstructed air transportation network [GSP09]

link prediction

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prediction overview

which links are most likely to occur?

- link prediction by local structure/dynamics
 - structural equivalence [LW71] and topological overlap [RSM+02]
 - node similarity [LHN06] and local dynamics indices [ZLZ09]
- link prediction by global structure/dynamics
 - regular equivalence [WR83] and link analysis algorithms [JW02]
 - community detection [GN02] and blockmodeling [DBF05, Pei15]
- link prediction by *maximum likelihood* methods
 - hierarchical [CMN08] and stochastic block models [GSP09]
- link prediction by probabilistic inference methods
 - probabilistic relational models [FGKP99, SPH06]

prediction equivalence

links predicted by structural equivalence

— common neighbors index [LW71] for i and j is

$$s_{ij} = \sum_{\mathsf{x}} A_{i\mathsf{x}} A_{\mathsf{x}j} = |\Gamma_i \cap \Gamma_j|$$

— Jaccard neighbors index [Jac01] for i and j is

$$s_{ij} = \frac{\sum_{x} A_{ix} A_{xj}}{\sum_{x} A_{ix} + \sum_{x} A_{xj} - \sum_{x} A_{ix} A_{xj}} = \frac{|\Gamma_{i} \cap \Gamma_{j}|}{|\Gamma_{i} \cup \Gamma_{j}|}$$

— Salton cosine similarity [SM83] for i and j is

$$s_{ij} = \cos \theta_{ij} = \frac{\sum_{x} A_{ix} A_{xj}}{\sqrt{\sum_{x} A_{ix}^2} \sqrt{\sum_{x} A_{jx}^2}} = \frac{|\Gamma_i \cap \Gamma_j|}{\sqrt{k_i k_j}}$$

— Leicht similarity index [LHN06] for i and j is

$$s_{ij} = \frac{n \sum_{x} A_{ix} A_{xj}}{\sum_{x} A_{ix} \sum_{x} A_{jx}} = \frac{|\Gamma_i \cap \Gamma_j|}{k_i k_j / n} \approx \frac{|\Gamma_i \cap \Gamma_j|}{k_i k_j}$$

prediction overlap

links predicted by topological overlap

Sørensen neighbors index [Sør48] for i and j is

$$s_{ij} = rac{\sum_{\mathbf{x}} A_{i\mathbf{x}} A_{\mathbf{x}j}}{rac{1}{2} \left(\sum_{\mathbf{x}} A_{i\mathbf{x}} + \sum_{\mathbf{x}} A_{\mathbf{x}j}
ight)} = rac{|\Gamma_i \cap \Gamma_j|}{rac{1}{2} (k_i + k_j)} pprox rac{|\Gamma_i \cap \Gamma_j|}{k_i + k_j}$$

— hub promoted index [RSM $^+$ 02] for i and j is

$$s_{ij} = \frac{\sum_{x} A_{ix} A_{xj}}{\min(\sum_{x} A_{ix}, \sum_{x} A_{xj})} = \frac{|\Gamma_i \cap \Gamma_j|}{\min(k_i, k_j)}$$

— hub depressed index [LZ10] for i and j is

$$s_{ij} = \frac{\sum_{x} A_{ix} A_{xj}}{\max(\sum_{x} A_{ix}, \sum_{x} A_{xj})} = \frac{|\Gamma_i \cap \Gamma_j|}{\max(k_i, k_j)}$$

prediction models

links predicted by graph/network models

— configuration model index [LHN06] for i and j is

$$s_{ij} = \frac{n \sum_{x} A_{ix} A_{xj}}{\sum_{x} A_{ix} \sum_{x} A_{jx}} = \frac{|\Gamma_{i} \cap \Gamma_{j}|}{k_{i} k_{j} / n} \approx \frac{|\Gamma_{i} \cap \Gamma_{j}|}{k_{i} k_{j}}$$

— preferential attachment index [BA99] for i and j is

$$s_{ij} = \sum_{x} A_{ix} \sum_{x} A_{xj} = k_i k_j$$

— random graph index [ER59] for i and j is

$$s_{ij}=rac{\langle k
angle}{n-1}pprox const.$$

prediction dynamics

links predicted by local dynamics

— resource allocation index [ZLZ09] for i and j is

$$s_{ij} = \sum_{x} rac{A_{ix}A_{xj}}{\sum_{y}A_{xy}} = \sum_{x \in \Gamma_i \cap \Gamma_j} rac{1}{k_x}$$

— Adamic-Adar similarity index [AA03] for i and j is

$$s_{ij} = \sum_{x} \frac{A_{ix}A_{xj}}{\log \sum_{y} A_{xy}} = \sum_{x \in \Gamma_i \cap \Gamma_j} \frac{1}{\log k_x}$$

— random walk similarity index [TFP06] for i and j is

$$p_i^t = \alpha \sum_{j \in \Gamma_i} p_j^t / k_j + (1 - \alpha) \delta_{it}$$
 $s_{ij} = p_i^j + p_j^i$

prediction *clusters*

links predicted by *node clusters*

- community structure index [YG11] for i and j is
 - {C} communities by Infomap [RB08] or Leiden [TWVE19]
 - $-n_i$ and m_{c_i} number of nodes and links within C_i

$$\mathbf{s}_{ij} = egin{cases} rac{m_{c_i}}{\binom{n_i}{2}} & ext{if } \mathbf{c}_i = \mathbf{c}_j \ -\infty & ext{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- block model index [HLL83, DBF05] for i and j is
 - {C} clusters by stochastic block models [Pei15]
 - $m_{c_ic_j}$ number of links between C_i and C_j

$$\mathbf{s}_{ij} = egin{cases} rac{m_{c_i}}{\binom{n_i}{2}} & ext{if } c_i = c_j \\ rac{m_{c_i c_j}}{n_i n_j} & ext{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

prediction framework

link prediction as ranking problem

- standard link prediction setting
 - 1. $L_N \leftarrow \text{randomly } sample \ m/10 \ unlinked \ nodes \ \{i,j\} \notin L$
 - 2. $L_P \leftarrow remove \text{ random } m/10 \text{ node links } \{i,j\} \in L$
 - 3. compute s_{ij} for $\{i,j\} \in L_N \cup L_P$ on resulting L
- temporal link prediction setting
 - 1. $L_N \leftarrow \text{randomly } sample |L_P| \text{ } unlinked \text{ } nodes \{i,j\} \notin L$
 - 2. $L_P \leftarrow$ remove node links $\{i, j\} \in L$ after time t
 - 3. compute s_{ij} for $\{i,j\} \in L_N \cup L_P$ on L at time t
- Pearson/Spearman correlation or AUC measure

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 [ \overbrace{0\ 0\ 0\ \dots\ 0\ 0\ 0}^{\text{ideal } \textit{\textit{s}}_{\textit{ij}} \text{ for } \textit{\textit{L}}_{\textit{\textit{P}}} } \underbrace{1\ 1\ 1\ 1\ 1\ 1\ 1}_{\text{ideal } \textit{\textit{s}}_{\textit{ij}} \text{ for } \textit{\textit{L}}_{\textit{\textit{P}}}
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prediction scale-free

— link prediction in synthetic scale-free graph [BA99]
 1st highest AUC by stochastic block models [Pei15]
 2nd highest AUC by preferential attachment [BA99]

class	index	Pearson	Spearman	AUC
models	preferential	0.128	0.347	0.701
	neighbors	0.105	0.135	0.530
eguivalence	Jaccard	0.019	0.131	0.529
equivalence	Salton	0.043	0.131	0.529
	Leicht	-0.008	0.131	0.529
dynamics	allocation	0.091	0.135	0.530
dynamics	Adamic-Adar	0.104	0.135	0.530
	modularity	0.002	0.005	0.502
clusters	map equation	0.009	0.034	0.503
	block model	0.168	0.370	0.711
baseline	random	-0.001	-0.001	0.499

prediction small-world

— link prediction in synthetic small-world graph [WS98]
 1st highest AUC by stochastic block models [Pei15]
 2nd highest AUC by common neighbors index [LW71]

class	index	Pearson	Spearman	AUC
models	preferential	-0.563	-0.547	0.187
-	neighbors	0.721	0.786	0.903
equivalence	Jaccard	0.686	0.785	0.903
equivalence	Salton	0.729	0.785	0.902
	Leicht	0.730	0.785	0.903
dynamics	allocation	0.719	0.785	0.902
	Adamic-Adar	0.720	0.785	0.902
	modularity	0.743	0.754	0.885
clusters	map equation	0.643	0.649	0.807
	block model	0.737	0.754	0.931
baseline	random	-0.003	-0.002	0.499

prediction human

— link prediction in human protein interaction map
 1st highest AUC by stochastic block models [Pei15]
 2nd highest AUC by preferential attachment [BA99]

class	index	Pearson	Spearman	AUC
models	preferential	0.231	0.719	0.915
	neighbors	0.342	0.676	0.845
equivalence	Jaccard	0.301	0.648	0.830
equivalence	Salton	0.391	0.646	0.830
	Leicht	-0.005	0.625	0.819
dynamics	allocation	0.291	0.681	0.847
dynamics	Adamic-Adar	0.343	0.680	0.847
	modularity	0.284	0.381	0.672
clusters	map equation	0.220	0.408	0.660
	block model	0.344	0.746	0.929
baseline	random	0.000	0.000	0.500

prediction P2P

— link prediction in P2P file transfer network [LKF07]
 1st highest AUC by stochastic block models [Pei15]
 2nd highest AUC by preferential attachment [BA99]

class	index	Pearson	Spearman	AUC
models	preferential	0.379	0.378	0.717
	neighbors	0.113	0.120	0.515
equivalence	Jaccard	0.093	0.120	0.515
equivalence	Salton	0.098	0.120	0.515
	Leicht	0.055	0.120	0.515
dynamics	allocation	0.087	0.120	0.515
	Adamic-Adar	0.102	0.120	0.515
	modularity	0.081	0.121	0.531
clusters	map equation	0.096	0.113	0.513
	block model	0.487	0.621	0.837
baseline	random	-0.002	-0.002	0.499

prediction IMDb

— link prediction in IMDb collaboration network [BA99]
 1st highest AUC by stochastic block models [Pei15]
 2nd highest AUC by resource allocation index [ZLZ09]

class	index	Pearson	Spearman	AUC
models	preferential	0.359	0.589	0.840
	neighbors	0.491	0.875	0.970
equivalence	Jaccard	0.609	0.876	0.970
equivalence	Salton	0.724	0.877	0.970
	Leicht	0.355	0.869	0.967
dynamics	allocation	0.627	0.878	0.971
	Adamic-Adar	0.520	0.876	0.970
	modularity	0.345	0.826	0.948
clusters	map equation	0.421	0.785	0.909
	block model	0.544	0.856	
baseline	random	-0.003	-0.003	0.498

prediction *nd.edu*

— link prediction in nd.edu web graph [BA99]
 1st highest AUC by modularity optimization [BGLL08]
 2nd highest AUC by resource allocation index [ZLZ09]

class	index	Pearson	Spearman	AUC
models	preferential	0.094	0.548	0.816
	neighbors	0.346	0.717	0.855
eguivalence	Jaccard	0.453	0.716	0.854
equivalence	Salton	0.526	0.716	0.854
	Leicht	0.257	0.715	0.854
dynamics	allocation	0.181	0.718	0.855
	Adamic-Adar	0.334	0.718	0.855
	modularity	0.197	0.767	0.893
clusters	map equation	0.391	0.703	0.844
	block model	-	-	-
baseline	random	-0.001	-0.001	0.499

prediction WoS

— link prediction in WoS citation network [ŠF17]
 1st highest AUC by modularity optimization [BGLL08]
 2nd highest AUC by common neighbors index [LW71]

class	index	Pearson	Spearman	AUC
models	preferential	0.082	0.509	0.794
	neighbors	0.434	0.754	0.880
equivalence	Jaccard	0.499	0.753	0.880
equivalence	Salton	0.574	0.753	0.880
	Leicht	0.258	0.753	0.880
dynamics	allocation	0.449	0.754	0.880
	Adamic-Adar	0.454	0.754	0.880
	modularity	0.082	0.779	0.908
clusters	map equation	0.392	0.546	0.734
	block model	-	-	-
baseline	random	0.000	0.000	0.500

prediction *Texas*

— link prediction in Texas road map [LLDM09]
 1st highest AUC by modularity optimization [BGLL08]
 2nd highest AUC by map equation method [RB08]

class	index	Pearson	Spearman	AUC
models	preferential	-0.353	-0.311	0.322
	neighbors	0.230	0.233	0.551
equivalence	Jaccard	0.217	0.232	0.551
equivalence	Salton	0.225	0.232	0.551
	Leicht	0.202	0.232	0.551
dynamics	allocation	0.225	0.232	0.551
dynamics	Adamic-Adar	0.225	0.232	0.551
	modularity	0.060	0.736	0.868
clusters	map equation	0.335	0.362	0.616
	block model	-	-	-
baseline	random	0.000	0.000	0.500



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