



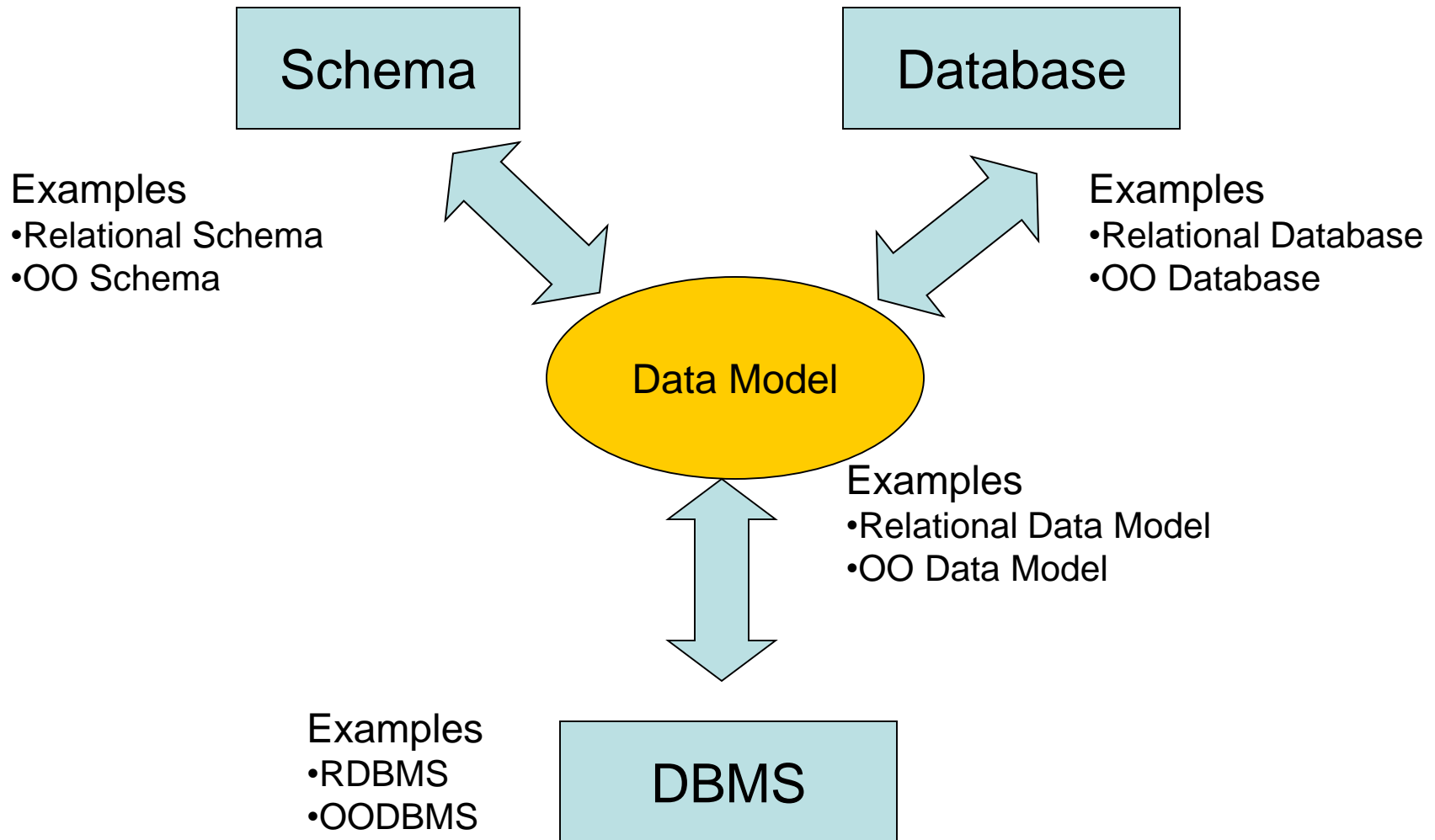
# Introduction to Database Design

*DS 501 Database Systems*

*Prof. Chandrashekar R*

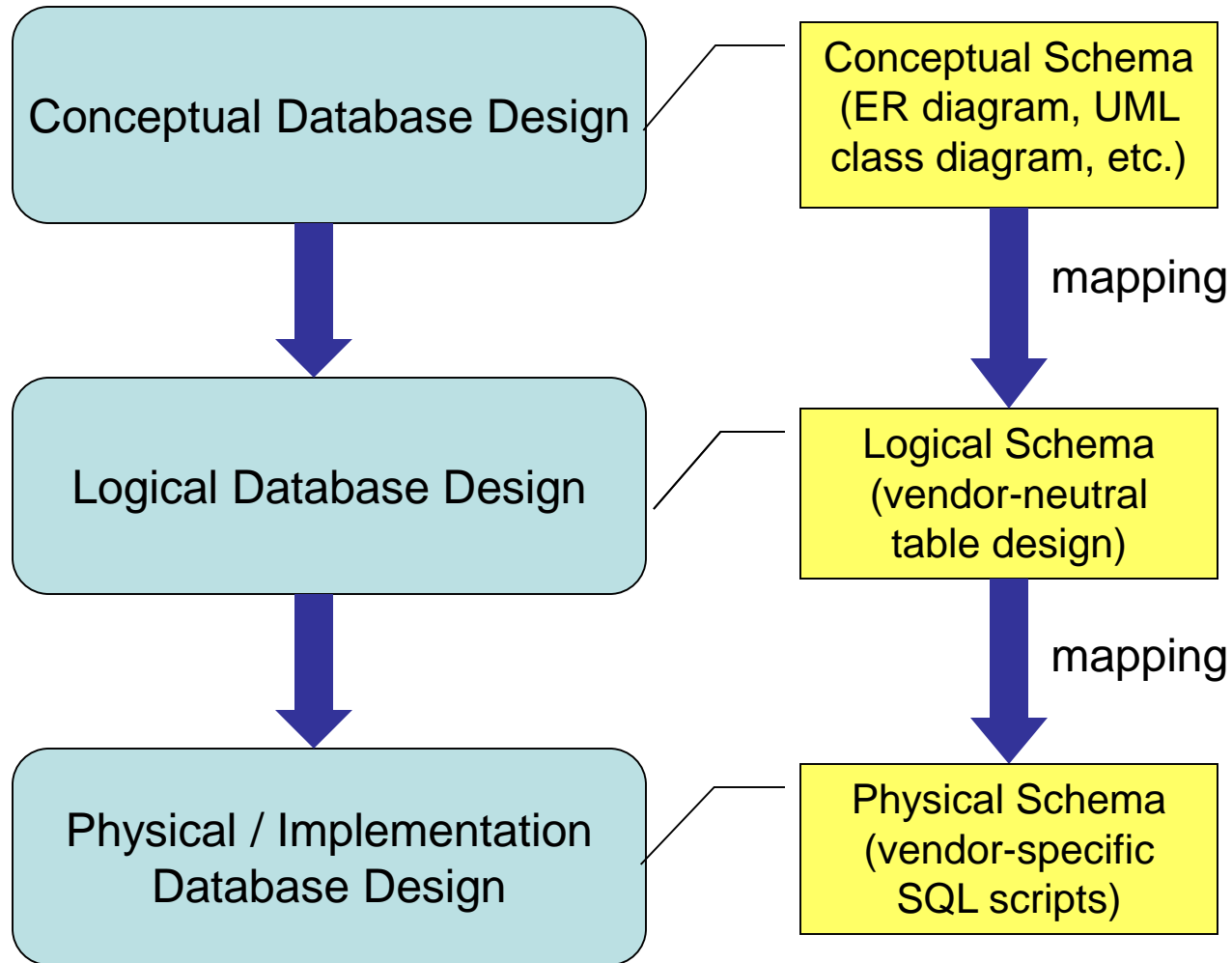
- The coupling between data model, schema, database and DBMS
- The database design process

# Data model binds them all



- Goal is to create a design that can be implemented using a RDBMS
- The design is basically comprised of a collection of tables
- There are two ways in which the set of tables for a database can be identified:
  1. Design through conceptual modeling
  2. Design through normalization







# Design through conceptual modeling



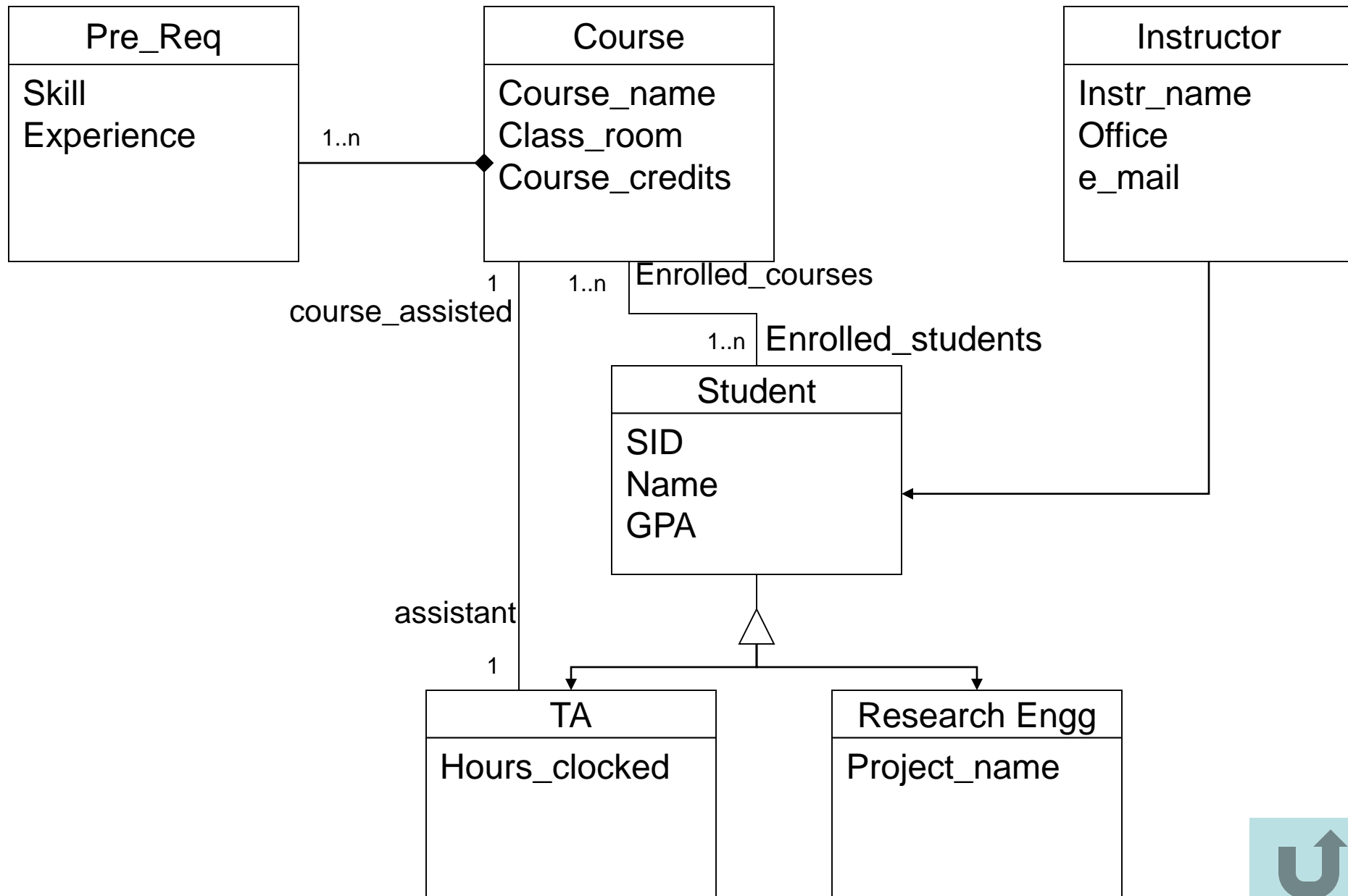
# Why Conceptual Design

- Relational database designs can be very hard to communicate
- Errors can be hard to detect
- Conceptual designs are usually expressed in pictures (and pictures are worth a hundred words here)

# Are there errors in this design?

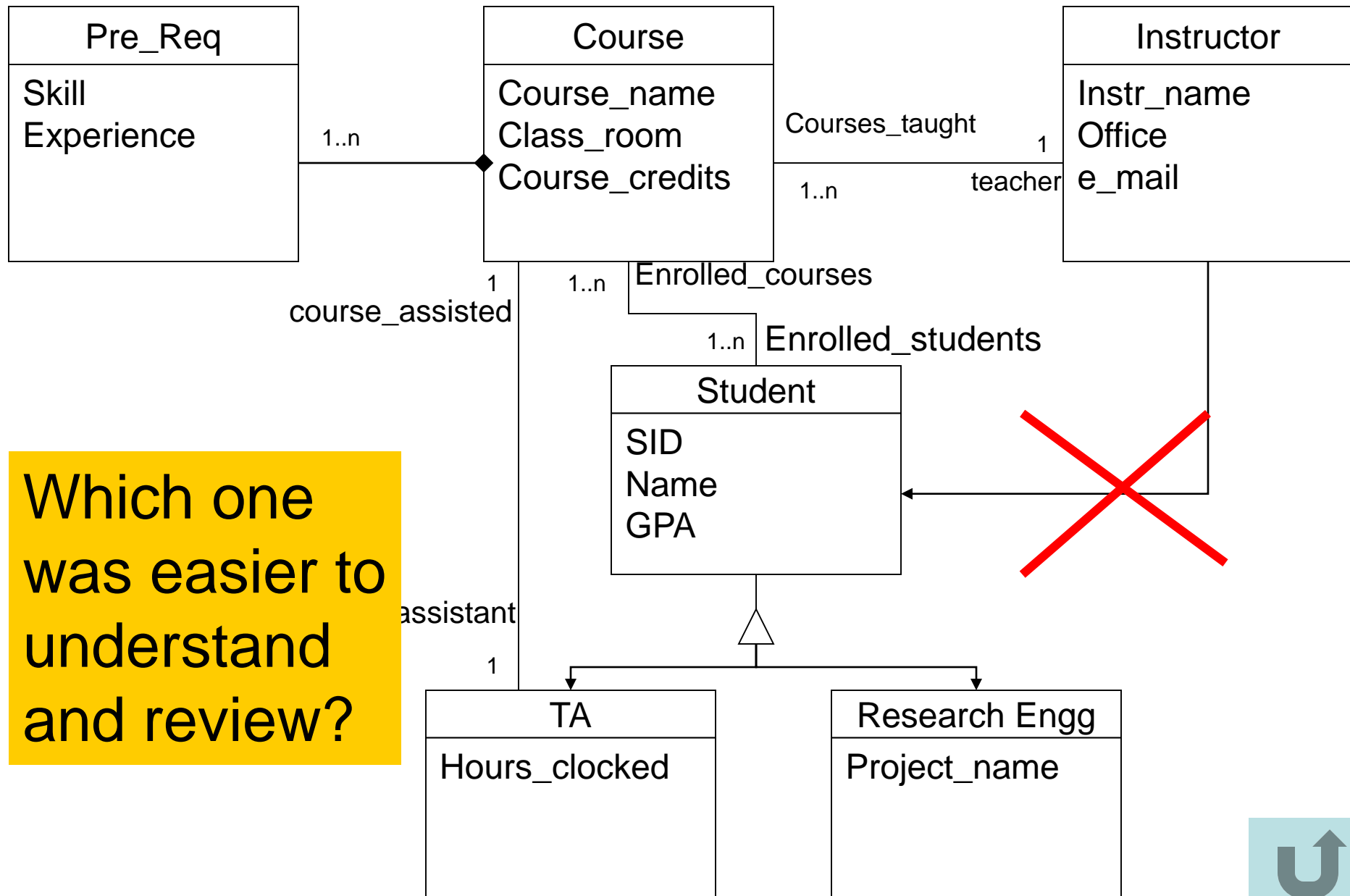
 Course.java	 Instructor.java	 PreRequisite.java
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# Are there errors in this design?





# Are there errors in this design?



Which one  
was easier to  
understand  
and review?



- Uses diagrams to communicate information about data and relationships
- Helps make “implicit” information “explicit”
- Recall that data models are vocabularies
- Conceptual data models help create conceptual database designs
- ER and UML are examples conceptual data models

So what?

# Design through normalization

