

微分方程

参考《Quaternion kinematics for the error-state Kalman filter》公式234

$$\begin{aligned}\dot{p} &= v \\ \dot{v} &= R(a_m - b_a - n_a) + g \\ \dot{q} &= \frac{1}{2}q \otimes (w_m - b_g - n_g) \\ \dot{b}_a &= n_{b_a} \\ \dot{b}_g &= n_{b_g}\end{aligned}$$

状态向量

$$x = \begin{bmatrix} \dot{p} \\ \dot{v} \\ \dot{q} \\ \dot{b}_a \\ \dot{b}_g \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{16}$$

$$w = \begin{bmatrix} n_a \\ n_b \\ n_{b_a} \\ n_{b_g} \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{12}$$

状态转移矩阵

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\partial f(x_{k-1}, 0)}{x_{k-1}} \bigg|_{\hat{x}_{k-1}, 0} &= F_{k-1} \\ \frac{\partial f(x_{k-1}, w_k)}{x_{k-1}} \bigg|_{\hat{x}_{k-1}, 0} &= B_{k-1} \\ F_{k-1} &= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & I_3 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{\partial \dot{v}}{\partial q} & -R & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{\partial \dot{q}}{\partial q} & 0 & \frac{\partial \dot{q}}{\partial b_g} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{16 \times 16}\end{aligned}$$

其中参考《Quaternion kinematics for the error-state Kalman filter》公式174

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\partial \dot{v}}{\partial q} &= \frac{\partial R(a_m - b_a)}{\partial q} = \frac{\partial R\bar{a}}{\partial q} = 2 \left[w\bar{a} + v \times \bar{a} | v^\top \bar{a} I_3 + v\bar{a}^\top - \bar{a}v^\top - w[\bar{a}]_\times \right] \in \mathbb{R}^{3 \times 4} \\ \frac{\partial \dot{q}}{\partial q} &= \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial q \otimes [w_m - b_g]}{\partial q} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial q \otimes \bar{w}}{\partial q} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial [\bar{w}]_R q}{\partial q} = \frac{1}{2} [\bar{w}]_R \in \mathbb{R}^{4 \times 4}\end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{\partial \dot{q}}{\partial b_g} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial q \otimes [w_m - b_g]}{\partial q} = -\frac{1}{2} \frac{\partial [q]_L b_g}{\partial b_g} \in \mathbb{R}^{4 \times 3}$$

$$\frac{\partial [q]_L b_g}{\partial b_g} = \begin{bmatrix} -q_x & -q_y & -q_z \\ q_w & -q_z & q_y \\ q_z & q_w & -q_x \\ -q_y & q_x & q_w \end{bmatrix}$$

误差转移矩阵

$$B_{k-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ -R & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{\partial \dot{q}}{\partial n_g} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & I_3 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & I_3 \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{16 \times 12}$$

其中 $\frac{\partial \dot{q}}{\partial n_g} = \frac{\partial \dot{q}}{\partial b_g}$

观测方程

$$y = Gx + Cn$$

其中，C为7x7的单位阵

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} p_{wb} \\ q_{wb} \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{7 \times 1}$$

$$G = \begin{bmatrix} I_3 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & I_4 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{7 \times 17}$$

流程总结

$$\begin{aligned} \tilde{x}_k &= f(\hat{x}_{k-1}, 0) \\ \check{P}_k &= F_{k-1} \hat{P}_{k-1} F_{k-1}^\top + B_{k-1} Q_k B_{k-1}^\top \\ K_k &= \check{P}_k G_k^\top (G_k \check{P}_k G_k^\top + C_k R_k C_k^\top)^{-1} \\ \hat{P}_k &= (I - K_k G_k) \check{P}_k \\ \hat{x}_k &= \tilde{x}_k \oplus K_k (y_k \ominus g(\tilde{x}_k, 0)) \end{aligned}$$