Here's an overview of the next activity focusing on product analysis using seasonal decomposition for each sub-category in the Superstore Sales Dataset. This analysis will involve examining the trend, seasonality, and residual components for the sales data of each sub-category.

Objective: To understand the underlying patterns in sales data for each sub-category of products by applying seasonal decomposition techniques. This will help us identify trends, seasonal fluctuations, and any irregularities or residuals in the sales data.

Methodology:

1. Data Preparation:

- Load the dataset and ensure that the 'Order Date' column is converted to datetime format.
- Set 'Order Date' as the index for time series analysis.
- Filter data by sub-categories and resample sales data to monthly totals.

2. Seasonal Decomposition:

- Use the seasonal_decompose function to break down the monthly sales data into three main components:
 - **Trend**: The long-term progression of the time series, showing whether sales are increasing or decreasing over time.
 - Seasonality: The repeating short-term cycle in sales data, indicating regular fluctuations that occur at specific periods (e.g., monthly or quarterly).
 - Residuals: The remainder of the data after removing the trend and seasonality, capturing irregular or random variations.

3. Visualization:

 Plot the trend, seasonal, and residual components for each sub-category using Plotly for interactive visualizations. The following sub-categories will be analyzed:

1. Bookcases

2. Chairs
3. Labels
4. Tables
5. Storage
6. Furnishings
7. Art
8. Phones
9. Binders
10. Appliances
11. Paper
12. Accessories
13. Envelopes
14. Fasteners
15. Supplies
16. Machines
17. Copiers