## Derivation of costate and investment in AK model

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• We can rewrite the dynamic optimization problem is as below

$$\max_{\{C,I,K\}} \mathbb{E}_t[V]$$

with two constraint:

$$K_{t+1} = K_t [1 + \theta_2(\frac{I_t}{K_t})]^{\theta_1} \exp(B_{t+1} - B_t) \equiv f(K_t, I_t) \quad \forall t$$
$$C_t + I_t \le \alpha K_t \quad \forall t$$

- Note that V is a function of Cs. Use the multiplier as  $MK_{t+1}$  and  $MC_t$ . <sup>1</sup>
- Write the lagrangian as below

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathbb{E}\left[V + \sum_{t} \left[MK_{t+1}(K_{t}[1 + \theta_{2}(\frac{I}{K})]^{\theta_{1}} \exp(B_{t+1} - B_{t}) - K_{t+1}) + MC_{t}(\alpha K_{t} - C_{t} - I_{t})\right] |\mathfrak{U}_{t}|\right]$$

• The F.O.C on  $K_t$  will lead to the capital co-state. Firstly, take derivative of term  $f(K_t, I_t)$  w.r.t  $K_t$ :

$$\begin{split} \frac{\partial f}{\partial k} &= \underbrace{[1 + \theta_2(\frac{I_t}{K_t})]^{\theta_1} \exp(B_{t+1} - B_t)}_{K_{t+1}/K_t} + \theta_1 \theta_2(-\frac{I_t}{K_t^2}) K_t [1 + \theta_2(\frac{I_t}{K_t})]^{\theta_1 - 1} \exp(B_{t+1} - B_t) \\ &= \underbrace{\frac{K_{t+1}}{K_t} - \theta_1 \theta_2 [1 + \theta_2(\frac{I_t}{K_t})]^{\theta_1 - 1}}_{K_t} \exp(B_{t+1} - B_t) \frac{I_t}{K_t} \end{split}$$

Now take derivative of  $\mathcal{L}$  w.r.t  $K_t$ :

$$0 = \mathbb{E}[MK_{t+1} \frac{\partial f(K_t, I_t)}{\partial K_t} - MK_t + \alpha MC_t | \mathfrak{U}_t]$$
$$= \mathbb{E}[MK_{t+1} \frac{\partial f(K_t, I_t)}{\partial K_t} | \mathfrak{U}_t] - MK_t + \alpha MC_t$$

thus we have

$$MU_{t}\mathbb{E}\left[\left(\frac{S_{t+1}}{S_{t}}\right)\left(\frac{MK_{t+1}}{MU_{t+1}}\right)\left(\frac{K_{t+1}}{K_{t}} - \theta_{1}\theta_{2}[1 + \theta_{2}(\frac{I_{t}}{K_{t}})]^{\theta_{1}-1}\exp(B_{t+1} - B_{t})\frac{I_{t}}{K_{t}}\right)|\mathfrak{U}_{t}] - MK_{t} + \alpha MC_{t} = 0$$

• The F.O.C on investment would be more straight forward: take derivative of  $f(K_t, I_t)$  w.r.t  $I_t$ 

$$\frac{\partial f(K_t, I_t)}{\partial I_t} = \theta_1 \theta_2 [1 + \theta_2 \left(\frac{I_t}{K_t}\right)]^{\theta_1 - 1} \exp(B_{t+1} - B_t)$$

 $<sup>{}^{1}</sup>MC_{t} = \frac{\partial V}{\partial C_{t}}$ , you can get it from the F.O.C.

thus the derivative for I would be

$$\begin{aligned} 0 = & \mathbb{E}[\lambda_t \theta_1 \theta_2 [1 + \theta_2 \left(\frac{I_t}{K_t}\right)]^{\theta_1 - 1} \exp(B_{t+1} - B_t) - \gamma_t | \mathfrak{U}_t] \\ = & \mathbb{E}[MK_{t+1} \theta_1 \theta_2 [1 + \theta_2 \left(\frac{I_t}{K_t}\right)]^{\theta_1 - 1} \exp(B_{t+1} - B_t) - MC_t | \mathfrak{U}_t] \end{aligned}$$

thus

$$MU_{t}\mathbb{E}\left[\left(\frac{S_{t+1}}{S_{t}}\right)\left(\frac{MK_{t+1}}{MU_{t+1}}\right)\left(\theta_{1}\theta_{2}\left[1+\theta_{2}\left(\frac{I_{t}}{K_{t}}\right)\right]^{\theta_{1}-1}\exp(B_{t+1}-B_{t})\right)|\mathfrak{U}_{t}]-MC_{t}=0$$