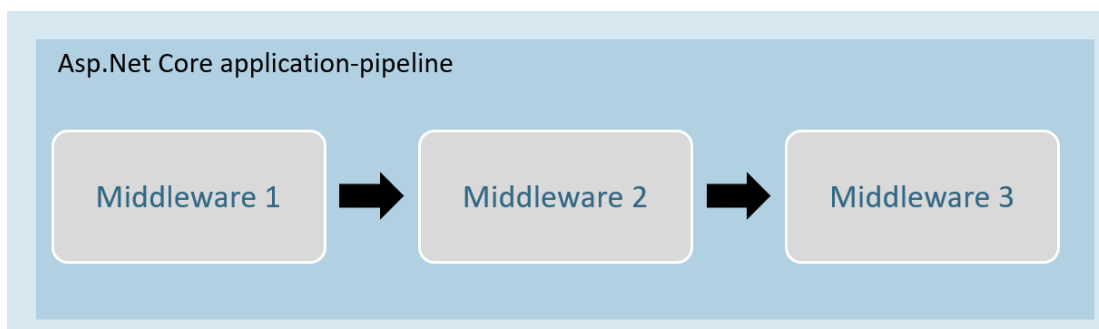


# Section Cheat Sheet (PPT)

## Introduction to Middleware

Middleware is a component that is assembled into the application pipeline to handle requests and responses. Middlewares are chained one-after-other and execute in the same sequence how they're added.



Middleware can be a request delegate (anonymous method or lambda expression) [or] a class.

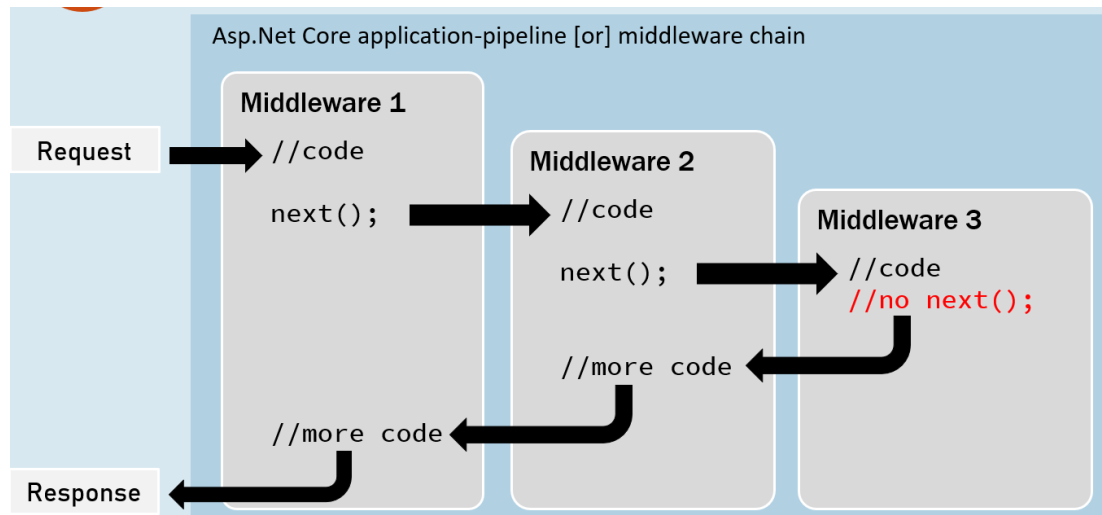
## Middleware - Run

### **app.Run( )**

```
1 | app.Run(async (HttpContext context) =>
2 | {
3 |     //code
4 | });
```

The extension method called "Run" is used to execute a terminating / short-circuiting middleware that doesn't forward the request to the next middleware.

# Middleware Chain



## app.Use( )

```
1 | app.Use(async (HttpContext context, RequestDelegate next) =>
2 | {
3 |     //before Logic
4 |     await next(context);
5 |     //after Logic
6 | });
```

The extension method called "Use" is used to execute a non-terminating / short-circuiting middleware that may / may not forward the request to the next middleware.

## Middleware Class

Middleware class is used to separate the middleware logic from a lambda expression to a separate / reusable class.

```
1 | class MiddlewareClassName : IMiddleware
2 | {
3 |     public async Task InvokeAsync(HttpContext context, RequestDelegate
next)
4 |     {
5 |         //before Logic
6 |         await next(context);
7 |         //after Logic
8 |     }
9 | }
```

```
app.UseMiddleware<MiddlewareClassName>();
```

## Middleware Extensions

```
1 | class MiddlewareClassName : IMiddleware
2 | {
3 |     public async Task InvokeAsync(HttpContext context, RequestDelegate next)
4 |     {
5 |         //before logic
6 |         await next(context);
7 |         //after logic
8 |     }
9 | };
```

Middleware extension method is used to invoke the middleware with a single method call.

```
1 | static class ClassName
2 | {
3 |     public static IApplicationBuilder ExtensionMethodName(this
4 |     IApplicationBuilder app)
5 |     {
6 |         return app.UseMiddleware<MiddlewareClassName>();
7 |     }
8 | }
```

```
app.ExtensionMethodName();
```

## Conventional Middleware

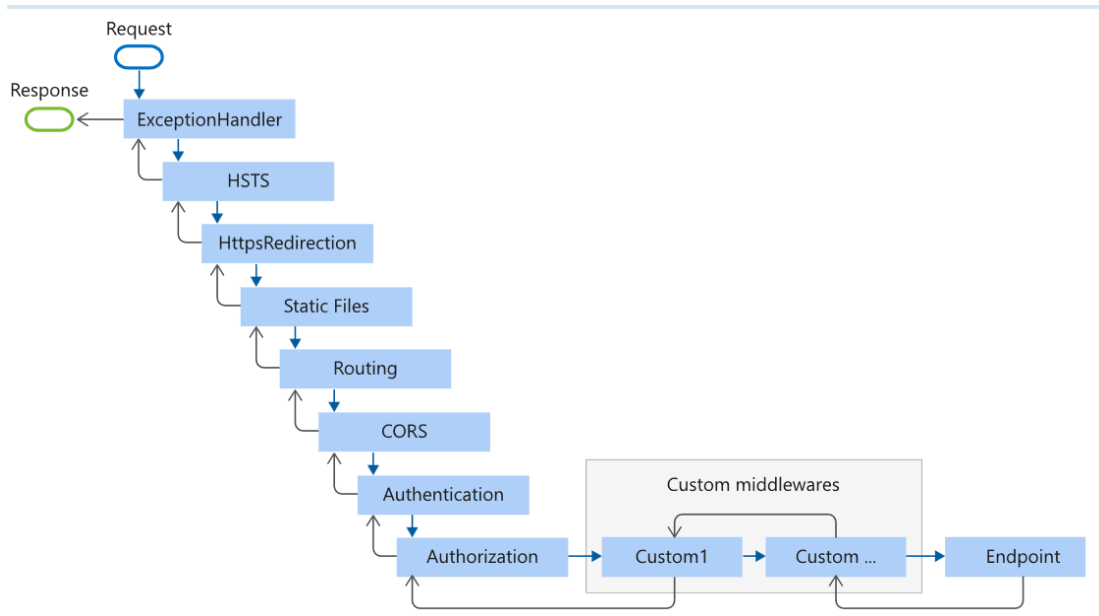
```
1 | class MiddlewareClassName
2 | {
3 |     private readonly RequestDelegate _next;
4 |
5 |     public MiddlewareClassName(RequestDelegate next)
6 |     {
7 |         _next = next;
8 |     }
9 |
10 | public async Task InvokeAsync(HttpContext context)
11 | {
12 |     //before logic
13 |     await _next(context);
14 |     //after logic
15 | }
```

```
16 | });
```

```
1 | static class ClassName
2 | {
3 |     public static IApplicationBuilder ExtensionMethodName(this
    IApplicationBuilder app)
4 |     {
5 |         return app.UseMiddleware<MiddlewareClassName>();
6 |     }
7 | }
```

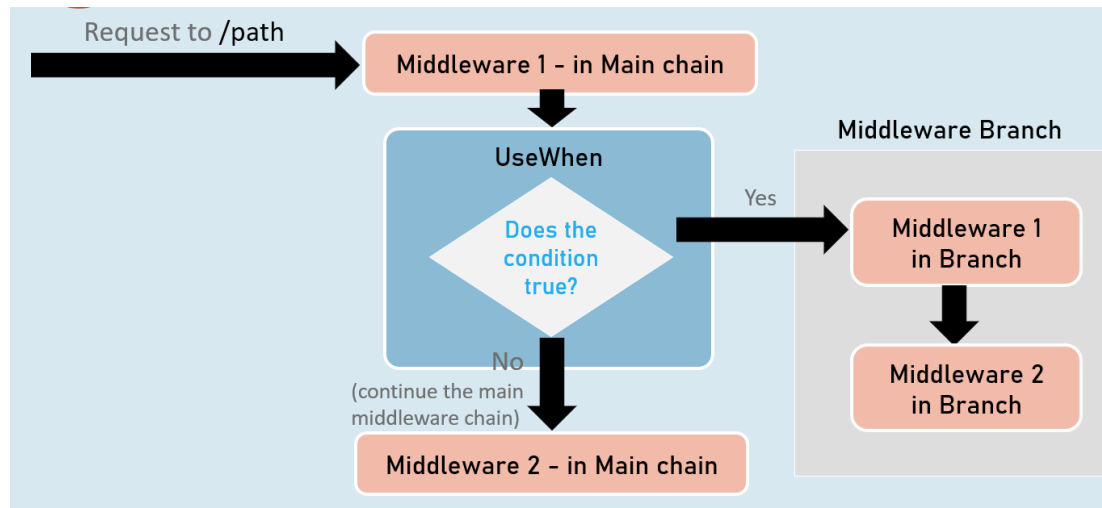
```
app.ExtensionMethodName();
```

## The Right Order of Middleware



```
1 | app.UseExceptionHandler("/Error");
2 | app.UseHsts();
3 | app.UseHttpsRedirection();
4 | app.UseStaticFiles();
5 | app.UseRouting();
6 | app.UseCors();
7 | app.UseAuthentication();
8 | app.UseAuthorization();
9 | app.UseSession();
10 | app.MapControllers();
11 | //add your custom middlewares
12 | app.Run();
```

# Middleware - UseWhen



## `app.UseWhen( )`

```
1 | app.UseWhen(  
2 |     context => { return boolean; },  
3 |     app =>  
4 |     {  
5 |         //add your middlewares  
6 |     }  
7 | );
```

The extension method called "UseWhen" is used to execute a branch of middleware only when the specified condition is true.